RCSFILE(5)

NAME

rcsfile - format of RCS file

DESCRIPTION

An RCS file's contents are described by the grammar below.

The text is free format: space, backspace, tab, newline, vertical tab, form feed, and carriage return (collectively, *white space*) have no significance except in strings. However, white space cannot appear within an id, num, or sym, and an RCS file must end with a newline.

Strings are enclosed by @. If a string contains a @, it must be doubled; otherwise, strings can contain arbitrary binary data.

The meta syntax uses the following conventions: '|' (bar) separates alternatives; '{' and '}' enclose optional phrases; '{' and '}*' enclose phrases that can be repeated zero or more times; '{' and '}+' enclose phrases that must appear at least once and can be repeated; Terminal symbols are in **boldface**; nonterminal symbols are in *italics*.

```
::= admin {delta}* desc {deltatext}*
rcstext
            ::= head
admin
                             {num};
                { branch
                             {num}; }
                access
                             {id}*;
                symbols
                             \{sym:num\}*;
                locks
                             {id : num}*; {strict ;}
                { comment { string }; }
                { expand
                             {string}; }
                { newphrase }*
delta
            ::= num
                date
                             num;
                author
                             id;
                state
                             {id};
                branches
                             \{num\}^*;
                next
                             {num};
                { newphrase }*
desc
            ::= desc
                             string
deltatext
            ::= num
                log
                             string
                { newphrase }*
                text
                             string
num
            := \{digit \mid .\}+
            ::= 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9
digit
id
            ::= \{num\} idchar \{idchar \mid num\}^*
            ::= {digit}^* idchar {idchar | digit}^*
sym
            ::= any visible graphic character except special
idchar
            ::= $|,|.|:|;|@
special
            ::= @{any character, with @ doubled}*@
string
newphrase ::= id word*;
word
            := id \mid num \mid string \mid :
```

Identifiers are case sensitive. Keywords are in lower case only. The sets of keywords and identifiers can overlap. In most environments RCS uses the ISO 8859/1 encoding: visible graphic characters are codes 041–176 and 240–377, and white space characters are codes 010–015 and 040.

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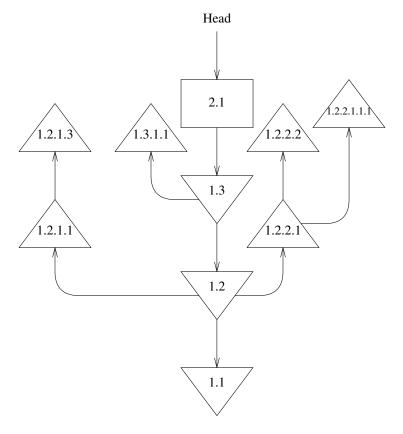
Dates, which appear after the **date** keyword, are of the form Y.mm.dd.hh.mm.ss, where Y is the year, mm the month (01–12), dd the day (01–31), hh the hour (00–23), mm the minute (00–59), and ss the second (00–60). Y contains just the last two digits of the year for years from 1900 through 1999, and all the digits of years thereafter. Dates use the Gregorian calendar; times use UTC.

The *newphrase* productions in the grammar are reserved for future extensions to the format of RCS files. No *newphrase* will begin with any keyword already in use.

The *delta* nodes form a tree. All nodes whose numbers consist of a single pair (e.g., 2.3, 2.1, 1.3, etc.) are on the trunk, and are linked through the **next** field in order of decreasing numbers. The **head** field in the *admin* node points to the head of that sequence (i.e., contains the highest pair). The **branch** node in the admin node indicates the default branch (or revision) for most RCS operations. If empty, the default branch is the highest branch on the trunk.

All *delta* nodes whose numbers consist of 2n fields ($n \ge 2$) (e.g., 3.1.1.1, 2.1.2.2, etc.) are linked as follows. All nodes whose first 2n-1 number fields are identical are linked through the **next** field in order of increasing numbers. For each such sequence, the *delta* node whose number is identical to the first 2n-2 number fields of the deltas on that sequence is called the branchpoint. The **branches** field of a node contains a list of the numbers of the first nodes of all sequences for which it is a branchpoint. This list is ordered in increasing numbers.

The following diagram shows an example of an RCS file's organization.



IDENTIFICATION

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SEE ALSO

rcsintro(1), ci(1), co(1), ident(1), rcs(1), rcsclean(1), rcsdiff(1), rcsmerge(1), rlog(1)
Walter F. Tichy, RCS—A System for Version Control, *Software—Practice & Experience* **15**, 7 (July 1985), 637-654