

Mobility Support in IPv6

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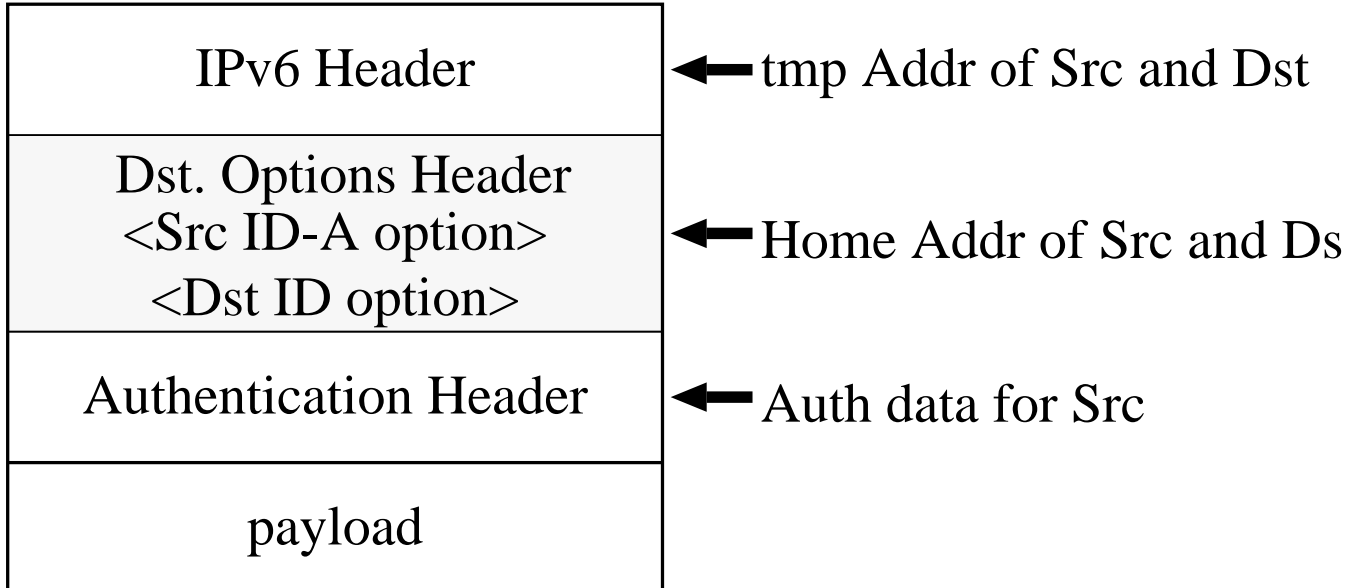
Problems of draft-ietf-mobileip-ipv6-01

- IPv6 base header contains home addr as src addr.
 - MN cannot directly send multicast packets.
 - Firewall discards packets from MN.
 - ICMP packet is not directly forwarded to MN.
- Abuse of Routing Header
 - cannot distinguish src routing packet and packet to MN.
 - New mechanism should be introduced.
- Src/Dst ID options should be introduced in Dst Opt Header.
 - IPv6 base header contains actual addresses (care-of addr) for routing. (unicast & multicast)
 - Src/Dst ID options contain home addr for identifying src/dst nodes.

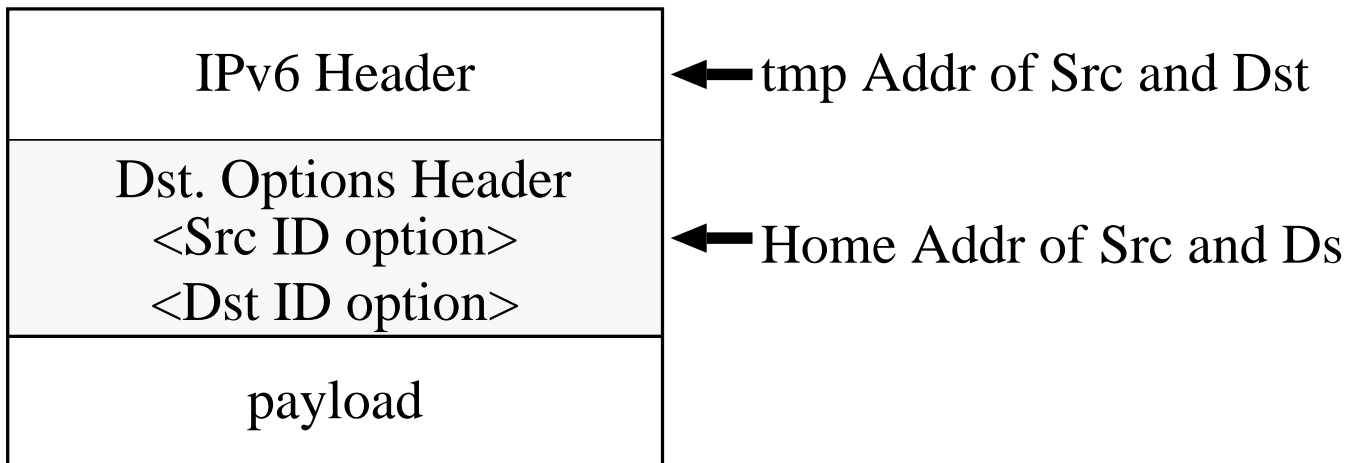
Basic Design

- home address (or ID) and tmp address
 - home address never changes.
 - MN obtains a tmp addr when moved.
- node may have a cache for route optim.
- IPv6 header contains src/dst tmp addresses.
 - used for routing
(unicast and multicast)
- src/dst home addr options in Dst Opt Hdr
 - used for identification of src/dst
 - src node authentication
- advantages
 - routing optimization
 - authentic firewall traverse
 - multicast based on DVMRP

Packet Type (1/2)



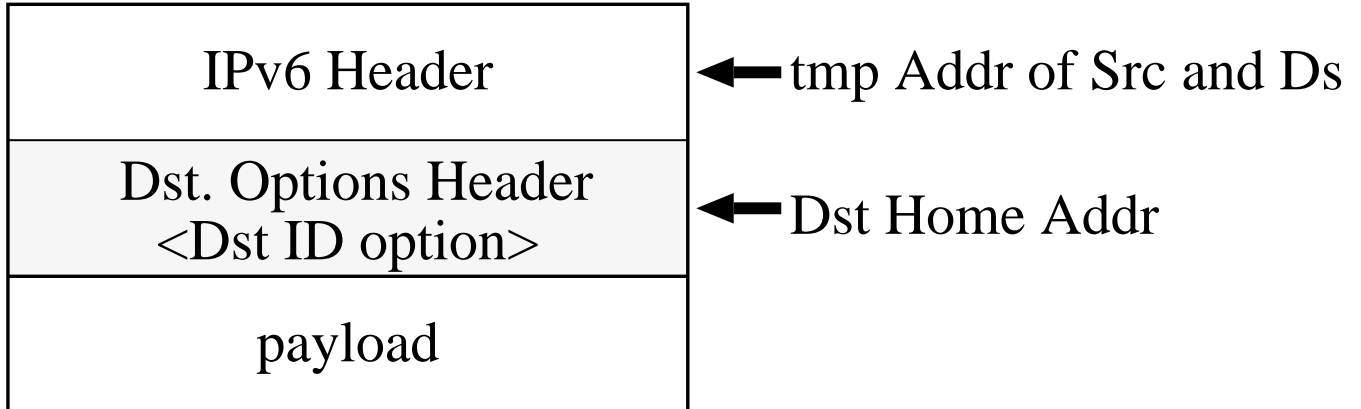
(a) src auth required



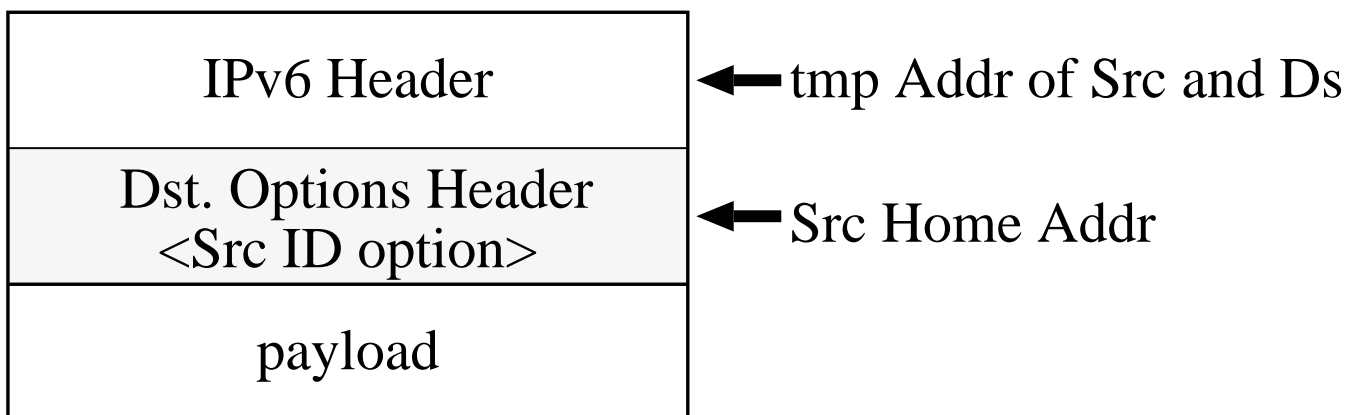
(b) src auth not required

- **type-a** is used when src auth is required.
 - registration and firewall traverse
- **type-b** is used when src auth isn't required.

Packet Type (2/2)



(c) SN to MN



(d) MN to SN

- type-c is used from SN to MN.
 - src home addr = src tmp addr
- type-d is used from MN to SN.
 - dst home addr = dst tmp addr

Options

Opt Type	Opt Len
Dst Home Address	

Dst ID Option (in Dst Opt Hdr)

Opt Type	Opt Len
Src Home Address	

Src ID Option (in Dst Opt Hdr)

Opt Type	Opt Len
Src Address Version	
Timestamp	
Holding Time	
Src Home Address	

Src ID for auth Option (in Dst Opt Hdr)