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Teaching ethics – a case study approach

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Approaches

- Case studies/ scenarios
- Debate and role-play
- Newspapers
- TV programmes, inc. Structured activity based on news footage
 - Clips from other programmes
 - Knowing what's on and when



Case studies & scenarios

- Case studies allow real-world framing of otherwise abstract ideas
- As such, can have a key role in opening up complex issues for students
- May be genuine or fictional (though latter work best when as close to real as possible)



Case study (1) - Carl and Julie

Carl is a twenty-one year old builder. He is engaged to Julie, and she has recently discovered that she is expecting their first child. In 2001, Carl's maternal grandfather died from Huntington's disease (HD), a late-onset degenerative disease of the nervous system. HD is inherited in a dominant fashion; if you do have HD, you have a 50% chance of passing it on to your children. Carl's mum has decided not to take the test to find out if she got the faulty copy from her father, but now that he is expecting to be a father himself, Carl is keen to find out if there is any risk that he has passed on the condition.

What are some of the issues at stake for Carl and Julie? What are the consequences of taking the test, or deciding not to?

If you were Carl, what would you do?

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Genetic screening

Carl can know his status and prepare accordingly

But his mum has made a conscious decision not to know, hence potential harm to her

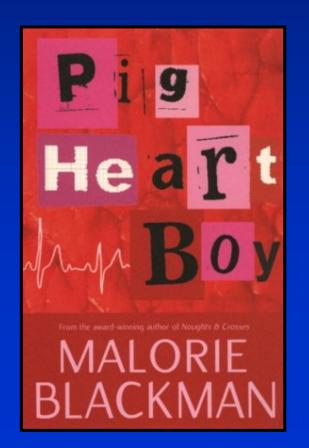
Other consequences:

- Carl's relationship with Julie?
- Carl's relationship with baby?
- Implications for Carl's work?
- Insurance implications, etc



Case Study (2) - Pig-Heart Boy

Get one of the students to read out a short section of "Pig-Heart Boy" by Malorie Blackman, e.g. First three pages of Chapter 3



Good starter for ethical issues, move on to discuss the science



Case study (3) - Wendy & Paul

Wendy and Paul Carter have been married for twelve years. They would love to have children. Unfortunately, Wendy had breast cancer when she was 28 and although the chemotherapy has brought total remission from the disease it also caused damage to her ovaries that has made her infertile.

Paul and Wendy have been on the waiting list at their local IVF clinic for a number of months awaiting donated eggs to try and have a baby. At present, however, there are 200 potential mothers seeking each donated egg and the couple know that realistically they may never receive a donated egg via the normal channels.

Researchers at the hospital attached to the IVF clinic have recently gained permission to carry out experimental procedures using eggs harvested from aborted foetuses. The technique is controversial, but for Paul and Wendy it may represent their only chance to receive a donated egg.



Case study (3) - Wendy & Paul

What are the issues involved in this case?

 Feel free to include aspects of the case that are likely to be issues for other people, your contributions need not be limited to your own opinions.



Case study (3) - Wendy & Paul

- This case
 - content is fictional but based on real ideas and statistics
 - used in Session 1 of 6 in bioethics series
 - used as vehicle to introduce more philosophical aspects



Case study (3) - example comments

Deontological (first principles)

- Does a foetus have any rights?
- Does the "mother" have any rights or say in the upbringing of their "grandchild"?
- Should people be allowed to manipulate nature for their own gain?

Consequentialist (outcomes)

- What would be the psychological effects on the child?
- If the child turns out to be "defective" then who is culpable?
- What is the likelihood of success?



Making ethical decisions

- Principles of Biomedical Ethics (Beauchamp & Childress) propose 4 principles:
- 1. Non-maleficence Don't do harm
- 2. Beneficience Do good, act in the best interests of others
- 3. Autonomy Maximise freedom for individual or community
- 4. Justice Treat equal cases equally and unequal cases differently

Genetic screening

Carl can know his status and prepare accordingly (Autonomy, Beneficience)

But his mum has made a conscious decision not to know, hence potential harm to her

Other consequences:

- Carl's relationship with Julie?
- Carl's relationship with baby?
- Implications for Carl's work?
- Insurance implications, etc



Use of the rainforest

- UN Conference on Environment and Development
- Roles, representatives of:
 - Government in country
 - A logging company
 - Indigenous forest-dwellers
 - Subsistence farmers in the area
 - Cattle ranchers
 - A multinational chemical company
 - UN commission on Sustainable Development



Other suitable role-play scenarios

- Pre-implantation Genetic Diagnosis "Saviour sibling"
- Roles, e.g.:
 - specialist doctor
 - sick child
 - parents
 - genetic counsellor
 - pro-life campaigner
- Task set, might be:

Write scientifically accurate sketch (as team), or Research role ready for improvised TV show



Role-play: limitations

- Unlikely to have roles for all members of the class
- Can partly be avoided by giving a non-playing 'role' to the majority, e.g. as ethics committee members or conference delegates who need to make decision
 - involved in debate
- Doesn't work well "off the cuff"
 - need script and/or time to prepare



TV footage - why?

- Familiar visual medium
- Can be used to:
 - convey information
 - as discussion starters
- Clips save time over full programme



What sort of programmes?

- Horizon, e.g.
 - Who's afraid of designer babies? (2005)
 - The world's first face transplant (2006)
- Drama documentaries, e.g.
 - Born with two mothers (Channel 4, 2005)
- Other drama, e.g.
 - The Simpsons (e.g. Trash of the Titans)
 - The family man (BBC1, 2006)
- News clips
 - topical
 - pithy summary



Holby City (BBC1, 6th Sept 2006)

- Pete has kidney failure and is being offered the last opportunity of a transplant, using a kidney from a pig
- What ethical objections might some people have about this operation?
- What scientific difficulties might there concerning an operation of this sort?
- If you were Pete's friend would you suggest that he accepts the doctor's offer? Why/why not?



Xenotransplantation

Example comments include:

- "He's going to die anyway, so why not give it a try"
- "Yuk!"
- "What about animal rights?"

These comments are brought into discussion at relevant point in subsequent discussion



What is xenotransplantation?

- Transplantation of animal cells, tissues or organs into another species
- Also called xenografting
- Source animals considered for transplants to humans
 - Baboons
 - Pigs
- Xenotransplantation of organs is NOT possible at present



Arguments for xenotransplantation

- There is a persistent and increasing shortage of human donor organs for transplantation
- People are dying on the waiting lists
- Organs currently become available unexpectedly (e.g. RTA) – xenotransplantation would allow proper planning of operations
- Animal cells, hormones, heart valves etc are already used – what's the difference?
- The patient is going to die anyway
 - why not give it a try?



Ethical arguments against

- "Yuk factor"
- Animal welfare
- Economic arguments
- Psychological factors
- Genetic modification



Scientific arguments against

- Three significant scientific problems
 - Immunological
 - Physiological
 - Risk of infection



Immunological problems

- The body's immune system is designed to fight "foreign" material
- At least three processes can contribute to rejection of a xenograft
 - Hyperacute rejection (HAR)
 - Acute vascular rejection (AVR)
 - Chronic rejection



Physiological problems

- Hard to study due to rejection issues
- Although similar in size, pig and human hearts work in different sites, at different blood pressures and temperatures
- The heart is a relatively simple organ, other organs are much more complex, esp. liver
- "The physiology of transplanted cells is likely to present a significant obstacle to the successful implementation of xenotransplantation"
 Dobson & Dark (2002)
 report on behalf of UKXIRA

Infection risks

- Risk of interspecies infection via xenograft
- Would be risk not only to patient, but also to family and wider community
 - Risk assessment is therefore more complex than "He'll die without it, so we may as well try"
- Particular concern over PERVs
 Porcine endogenous retroviruses



Knowing what's on and when

For scheduled programmes:

- Radio Times, etc.
- www.trilt.ac.uk

Television and Radio Index for Learning and Teaching



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Terms of Access

Knowing what's on and when

For scheduled programmes:

- Radio Times, etc
- <u>www.trilt.ac.uk</u> *Television and Radio Index for Learning and Teaching*
- www.tvgenius.co.uk

But, news is not known in advance

- Today programme (Radio 4)
- BBC website, esp. Health and Science/Nature sub-sections



Getting hold of programmes & clips

- Off-Air Recordings
 - recorded at time of transmission
 - requires Educational Recording Agency licence
- Back-up <u>www.bufvc.ac.uk/services/offair.html</u>
 British Universities Film & Video Council



Using News stories in Bioscience

- Think of as many ways as possible that you might link one or more of the following news stories to your teaching of:
 - (a) basic bioscience and/or
 - (b) bioethics?



Research by South Korea's top human cloning scientist - hailed as a breakthrough earlier this year - was fabricated, colleagues have concluded.

A Seoul National University panel said the research by world-renowned Hwang Woosuk was "intentionally in South Fabricated", and he would be disciplined.



Dr Hwang has been hailed as a hero in South Korea licciplinad

Dr Hwang said he would resign, but he did not admit his research was faked.

Last Updated: Wednesday, 15 March 2006, 09:52 GMT

Six taken ill after drug trials

Six men remain in intensive care after being taken ill during a clinical drugs trial in north-west London.

The healthy volunteers were testing an anti-inflammatory drug at a research unit based at Northwick Park Hospital when they suffered a reaction.



The six are being treated a Northwick Park hospital

Relatives are with the patients, who suffered multiple organ failure. Two men are said to be critically ill.

Last Updated: Wednesday, 30 November 2005, 17:46 GMT

Woman has first face transplant

Surgeons in France have carried out the first face transplant, it has been reported.

The woman had lost her nose, lips and chin after being savaged by a dog.

savaged by a dog.

In the controversial operation, The operation lasted several hours

tissues, muscles, arteries and veins were taken from a brain-dead donor ar

veins were taken from a brain-dead donor and attached to the patient's lower face.

Hwang cloning scandal

TGN1412 drug trial

Face transplant

Face transplants

Technical

Availability of donor face? Functionality of transplant? Plan B if rejected?

Psychological

For patient?
For potential patients?
For wider society?
Face and identity?



Ethical

Risks v Benefits Motivation?

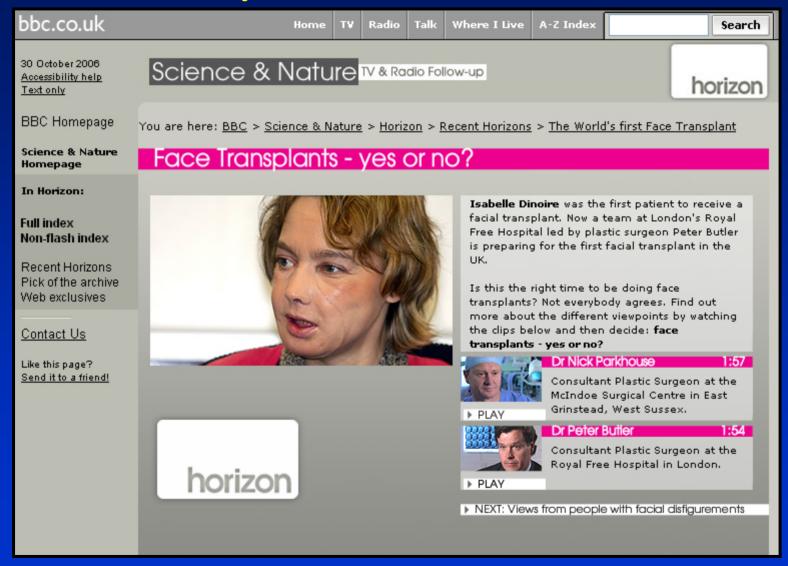
Lifestyle issues

Media intervention?
Cancer risk?

Immunological

Rejection rates? (30-50% over first 2-5 yrs) Harmful effects of immunosuppressive drugs?

Face transplants



TGN1412 Drug trial

Design of clinical trials

Phases of a trial



Regulation of clinical trials

Role of the MHRA?
Role of ethics committees?
Recruitment of volunteers?
Location of trial?
Liability?

Science of this trial

What are monoclonal antibodies?
What are T lymphocytes?
What are CD28 markers?

Use of animals in research

Is this an example of the weakness or animal models?
Would there be lots more disasters without animal expts?

Hwang cloning scandal

Science of stem cells



Fraud

Ethics of stem cells research

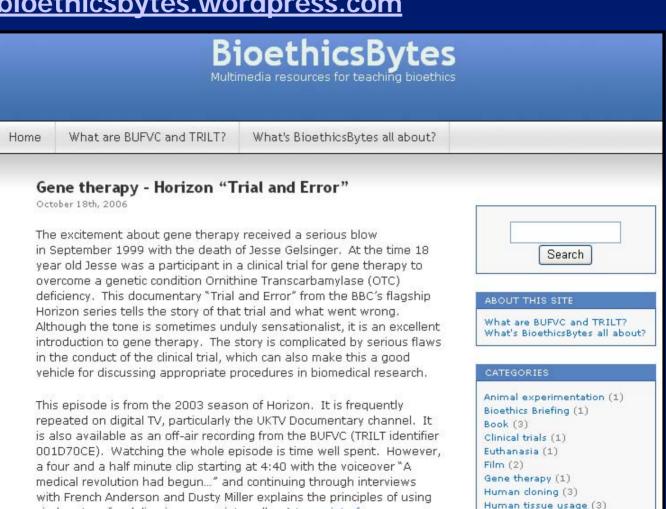
Research ethics

Peer review and publication

Therapeutic cloning

Helpful websites

e.g. www.bioethicsbytes.wordpress.com



Play (1)

Podcast (3) Research Ethics (1)

Stem Cells (7)

Streamed video (1)

Permalink

viral vectors for delivering genes into cells. A transcipt of

No Comments » | D Gene therapy, Clinical trials, TV (documentary) | D

the programme is available on the BBC website.

Helpful websites

e.g. www.beep.ac.uk



Alzheimer's vaccine

Helpful websites

e.g. www.at-bristol.org.uk/cz/Default.htm



References

- Blackman M. (1997) Pig-Heart Boy, Corgi Books
- Southgate C. (2002) The use of the rainforest as a test case in environmental ethics, in *Bioethics for Scientists* (Ed: Bryant, Baggott la Velle and Searle)
- Willmott C. (2004) Ethics and Bioethics *Bioethics Briefing No. 1* (LTSN/ Higher Education Academy Centre for Bioscience), available online at http://www.bioscience.heacademy.ac.uk/resources/ethicsbrief.htm

