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Integrating TRIADS CBA into a Biology curriculum

Some lessons learned so far and a look to the future

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The situation



- adults (aged >20 y), full-time employed
- variety of educational backgrounds
- reflect the cultural diversity typical of London
- classes: evening, once per week

Goal: Improve Learning Support

- CBA can play a key role...
 - forces author to carefully consider key learning objectives
 - formative and summative modes
 - web-delivered
 - sophisticated question styles permit tests of higher-order learning
- CBA<u>F</u> is even better
 - $-\underline{F} = feedback$

TRIADS CBA

- TRIADS = <u>TRI</u>partite <u>A</u>ssessment and <u>D</u>elivery <u>System</u>
 - "...a toolkit for users of Authorware Professional designed to facilitate rapid and easy production of computer aided assessments. The sign-on, question sequencing, results calculation and filing are handled automatically."

- http://www.derby.ac.uk/assess/webdemo/

TRIADS Authoring & Delivery (1)

- Code templates for around thirty generic question styles
 - Multiple-choice/response types
 - Move object types (label diagram, classification, sequence)
 - Text/Numeric entry
 - Graph plotting
 - Draw Object
 - Combinations

TRIADS Authoring & Delivery (2)

- Authorware packages assessments for either:
 - Web/Intranet delivery
 - Requires Authorware Web Player Plug-in
 - LAN/Local delivery (as an .exe)
- Results are filed either locally or back to FTP server

OLAAF: Rationale

- OLAAF = OnLine Assessment and Feedback
 - HEFCE FDTL4
- The gaps:
 - few tools available to guide the author in <u>composing</u> appropriate questions and feedback
 - few resources to guide the author in <u>combining questions</u> in assessments in a way that enhances student learning

Objectives of the OLAAF Project

- Develop and disseminate generic guidelines for the construction of CBAF
 - through collaborative efforts of the project consortium and other OLAAF participants
- Major output of this collaboration:
 - a "CBAF Author's Toolkit"
 - resources available via the web, on CD, and in print
 - will support authors in the design, delivery and evaluation of CBAF
 - guidance will, where possible, be evidence-based

OLAAF will focus on...

- Test "higher order learning" – i.e. cognitive levels *above* recall
- ReCAP*
 - <u>Re</u>call (= Bloom's "knowledge")
 - <u>Comprehension</u>
 - Application
 - <u>Problem solving (= analysis + synthesis + evaluation)</u>
 - * Imrie (1995) Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education 20 (2): 175-189.

OLAAF will focus on...

Assessment Construction

- not "question banks", rather...
- how to most effectively combine question styles to promote and test higher learning

• High Quality Feedback

in formative and summative assessment

OLAAF Consortium

- Birkbeck College, University of London (Lead Site)
 - Biological & Chemical Sciences, Earth Sciences
- University of Plymouth
 - Biological Sciences, Environmental Sciences
- London Metropolitan University
 - Biological & Applied Sciences
- University of Brighton
 - Institute of Nursing & Midwifery
- University of Wales College of Medicine
 - Dental School
- University of Birmingham
 - Civil Engineering

Preparing students for TRIADS

- Test the subject matter, not "TRIADS skills"
 - 1. Provide opportunities for supervised practice
 - 2. Provide support materials
 - 3. Author questions carefully and consistently

1. Practice opportunities

- Year 1, Autumn Term
 - a "practice" test and a "low stakes" test
 - paper-based "tutorial" given
- Year 1, Spring Term

- frequent TRIADS testing a key feature of Molecular Cell Biology unit

2. Support: print & web

- logging in to TRIADS tests
- examples of question styles
- test-taking strategies
- explanation of results output
- obtaining Authorware plug-in

Logging in...

• Demo shows this

Examples of question styles...

word document handout

Test-taking strategies...

- Clearing incorrect responses – emphasise click "done", click "no"
- How to use swap areas
- Cues: colour-coded answer slots and labels
- Paging behaviour
 - one-by-one; skip and go back
- Revisiting questions
 - Why are they blank!?

Results output...

1	DETAILS
2	Question name QDept. Q% secs QWt Acc%
3	Q1 birkbeck biology 40 87 1 4
4	Question
5	In the illustration of an amino acids shown below, the key atoms/groups are depicted in different
	colours.
	Identify each highlighted group by moving the correct label to the appropriate answer slot.
6	Correct answer(s)
7	'side chain'
8	'amino group'
9	'carboxyl group'
10	'alpha carbon'
11	
12	Answer(s) given
13	You labelled:
14	'side chain' as 'carboxyl group'
15	'amino group' as 'amino group'
16	'carboxyl group' as 'carbohydrate'
17	'alpha carbon' as 'alpha carbon'

3. Consistent authoring

- Careful commands with consistent
 usage between questions
 - refer to *labels* and *answer slots*
 - Sequence: "...place labels in order to describe the sequence of events in..."
 - Label diagram: "...use the labels to identify..."
- Logical coding

-e.g. layout, colour/texture coding

Place in curriculum? (present)

• Year 1:

- -2 of 3 course units
 - Foundations of Biology
 - Molecular Cell Biology
- Year 2:
 - Summer vacation unit
 - Field Biology
 - -1 of 4 units
 - Cellular Metabolism

Place in curriculum? (future)

- Year 3/4:
 - Statistics for Biologists
 - Animal Physiology & the Environment
 - Other?
- MSc Physiology
 - Physiology of Respiratory and Circulatory Systems

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