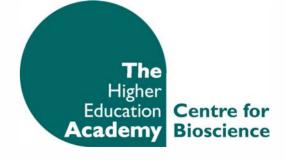
Why offer final-year projects?

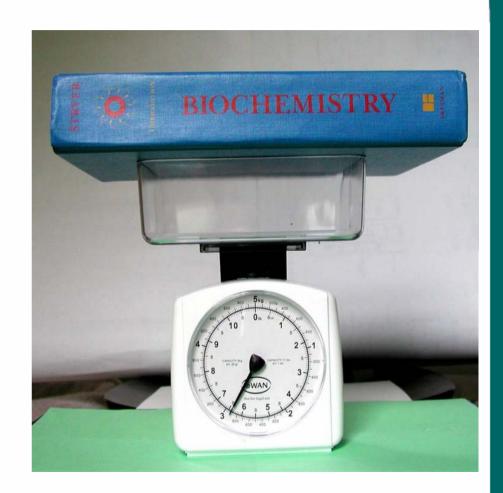
E J Wood

The Centre for Bioscience
The Higher Education Academy
University of Leeds, LS2 9JT
e.i.wood@leeds.ac.uk



Bioscience is a body of knowledge

The information that is in text books is there as a result of observation, experimentation, and analysis . . .



Bioscience is a body of knowledge

The information that is in text books is there as a result of observation, experimentation, and analysis . . .

... coupled with interpretation, generalisation, and engagement in controversy, by a multitude of scientists over many years.

Bioscience is a body of knowledge

The information that is in text books is there as a result of observation, experimentation, and analysis . . .

... coupled with interpretation, generalisation, and engagement in controversy, by a multitude of scientists over many years.

Not many students know that!

Training the future bioscientists

 We have a responsibility for training the next generation of scientists who will be our replacements – no one else can do it.

Training the future bioscientists

- We have a responsibility for training the next generation of scientists who will be our replacements – no one else can do it.
- But how many of our students will not go on to careers in science?

Training the future bioscientists

- We have a responsibility for training the next generation of scientists who will be our replacements – no one else can do it.
- But how many of our students will not go on to careers in science?
- Should they be required to do lab projects? And if not what are the alternatives?

Content – illustration of the lecture material

- Content illustration of the lecture material
- Application technical skills, use of instrumentation, safety

- Content illustration of the lecture material
- Application technical skills, use of instrumentation, safety
- Method planning, evaluation, presentation

- Content illustration of the lecture material
- Application technical skills, use of instrumentation, safety
- Method planning, evaluation, presentation
- Philosophy how scientific enquiry is conducted, critical appraisal

Years 1/2

 Illustrate the lecture course – biological phenomena, investigative techniques

Years 1/2

- Illustrate the lecture course biological phenomena, investigative techniques
- Learn simple manipulative skills, handle biological materials, work safely

Years 1/2

- Illustrate the lecture course biological phenomena, investigative techniques
- Learn simple manipulative skills, handle biological materials, work safely
- Observe, record, process data, present results

Years 3(/4)

 Plan experiments, write protocols, be critical of data (their own and those of others)

Years 3(/4)

- Plan experiments, write protocols, be critical of data (their own and those of others)
- Find information

Progression in laboratory training Years 3(/4)

- Plan experiments, write protocols, be critical of data (their own and those of others)
- Find information
- Pose worthwhile questions, hypotheses, reason logically, problem-solve

Progression in laboratory training Years 3(/4)

- Plan experiments, write protocols, be critical of data (their own and those of others)
- Find information
- Pose worthwhile questions, hypotheses, reason logically, problem-solve
- Communicate results (orally and in writing)

Progression in laboratory training Years 3(/4)

- Plan experiments, write protocols, be critical of data (their own and those of others)
- Find information
- Pose worthwhile questions, hypotheses, reason logically, problem-solve
- Communicate results (orally and in writing)
- Function as a member of a team

Final-year projects

Enable students to get a real feel for research

Final-year projects

- Enable students to get a real feel for research
- Enable the student to be both self-reliant and to work as a team member

Final-year projects

- Enable students to get a real feel for research
- Enable the student to be both self-reliant and to work as a team member
- Develop a number of skills in addition to labbased skills:

reading the literature criticising data presenting data

planning experiments writing protocols spreadsheets, statistics

• 12–20 weeks, number of lab-days or hours specified

- 12–20 weeks, number of lab-days or hours specified
- Initial discussion with supervisor to agree work, literature survey, initial aims

- 12–20 weeks, number of lab-days or hours specified
- Initial discussion with supervisor to agree work, literature survey, initial aims
- Supervision by/working with post-docs and postgrads

- 12–20 weeks, number of lab-days or hours specified
- Initial discussion with supervisor to agree work, literature survey, initial aims
- Supervision by/working with post-docs and postgrads
- Final report in the style of a scientific paper

- 12–20 weeks, number of lab-days or hours specified
- Initial discussion with supervisor to agree work, literature survey, initial aims
- Supervision by/working with post-docs and postgrads
- Final report in the style of a scientific paper
- Oral presentation, poster, viva

How long it takes to make up one solution

- How long it takes to make up one solution
- Experiments need repeating and how do you know you've got the right answer?

- How long it takes to make up one solution
- Experiments need repeating and how do you know you've got the right answer?
- Laboratory activity hard work, frustration, but also rewards and satisfaction

- How long it takes to make up one solution
- Experiments need repeating and how do you know you've got the right answer?
- Laboratory activity hard work, frustration, but also rewards and satisfaction
- Writing up hard task, data incomplete, learning how to write, satisfaction, rewards

- How long it takes to make up one solution
- Experiments need repeating and how do you know you've got the right answer?
- Laboratory activity hard work, frustration, but also rewards and satisfaction
- Writing up hard task, data incomplete, learning how to write, satisfaction, rewards
- Realistic decisions about career

QAA Benchmark statements

The QAA Benchmark statements for both Bioscience and Agriculture etc. emphasise the importance and desirability of offering final-year projects.

"All honours degree students are expected to have some personal experience of the approach, practice, and evaluation of scientific research (for example within a project or a research-based assignment)."

Projects are expensive in time and money

- Projects are expensive in time and money
- Few departments provide the full economic cost for reagents, etc

- Projects are expensive in time and money
- Few departments provide the full economic cost for reagents, etc
- Poor, or poorly-motivated students may just be throwing expensive chemicals down the sink

- Projects are expensive in time and money
- Few departments provide the full economic cost for reagents, etc
- Poor, or poorly-motivated students may just be throwing expensive chemicals down the sink
- And is what they learn useful in spheres other than science?

Offer taught courses instead?

- Offer taught courses instead?
- Offer 'literature review' projects?

- Offer taught courses instead?
- Offer 'literature review' projects?
- Offer "computer" projects

- Offer taught courses instead?
- Offer 'literature review' projects?
- Offer "computer" projects
- Offer "community" projects

- Offer taught courses instead?
- Offer 'literature review' projects?
- Offer "computer" projects
- Offer "community" projects
- Are there other "research-based" assignments that might be used?