

# Class `java.util.Vector`

```
java.lang.Object
|
+----java.util.Vector
```

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public class **Vector**  
extends [Object](#)

Vector class (a growable array).

Each vector tries to optimize storage management by maintaining a capacity and a `capacityIncrement`. The capacity is always at least as large as the vector size; it is usually larger because as elements are added to the vector, the vector's storage increases in chunks the size of `capacityIncrement`. Setting the capacity to what you want before inserting a large number of objects will reduce the amount of incremental reallocation. You can safely ignore the capacity and the vector will still work correctly.

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## Variable Index

o **capacityIncrement**

The size of the increment.

o **elementCount**

The number of elements in the buffer.

o **elementData**

The buffer where elements are stored.

## Constructor Index

o **Vector**(int, int)

Constructs an empty vector with the specified storage capacity and the specified `capacityIncrement`.

- o **Vector**(int)  
Constructs an empty vector with the specified storage capacity.
- o **Vector**()  
Constructs an empty vector.

## Method Index

- o **addElement**(Object)  
Adds the specified object as the last element of the vector.
- o **capacity**()  
Returns the current capacity of the vector.
- o **clone**()  
Clones this vector.
- o **contains**(Object)  
Returns true if the specified object is a value of the collection.
- o **copyInto**(Object[])  
Copies the elements of this vector into the specified array.
- o **elementAt**(int)  
Returns the element at the specified index.
- o **elements**()  
Returns an enumeration of the elements.
- o **ensureCapacity**(int)  
Ensures that the vector has at least the specified capacity.
- o **firstElement**()  
Returns the first element of the sequence.
- o **indexOf**(Object)  
Searches for the specified object, starting from the first position and returns an index to it.
- o **indexOf**(Object, int)  
Searches for the specified object, starting at the specified position and returns an index to it.
- o **insertElementAt**(Object, int)  
Inserts the specified object as an element at the specified index.
- o **isEmpty**()  
Returns true if the collection contains no values.
- o **lastElement**()  
Returns the last element of the sequence.
- o **lastIndexOf**(Object)  
Searches backwards for the specified object, starting from the last position and returns an index to it.
- o **lastIndexOf**(Object, int)  
Searches backwards for the specified object, starting from the specified position and returns an index to it.
- o **removeAllElements**()  
Removes all elements of the vector.
- o **removeElement**(Object)  
Removes the element from the vector.
- o **removeElementAt**(int)

Deletes the element at the specified index.

o **setElementAt**(Object, int)

Sets the element at the specified index to be the specified object.

o **setSize**(int)

Sets the size of the vector.

o **size**()

Returns the number of elements in the vector.

o **toString**()

Converts the vector to a string.

o **trimToSize**()

Trims the vector's capacity down to size.

## Variables

o **elementData**

```
protected Object elementData[]
```

The buffer where elements are stored.

o **elementCount**

```
protected int elementCount
```

The number of elements in the buffer.

o **capacityIncrement**

```
protected int capacityIncrement
```

The size of the increment. If it is 0 the size of the the buffer is doubled everytime it needs to grow.

## Constructors

o **Vector**

```
public Vector(int initialCapacity,  
              int capacityIncrement)
```

Constructs an empty vector with the specified storage capacity and the specified capacityIncrement.

**Parameters:**

initialCapacity – the initial storage capacity of the vector

capacityIncrement – how much to increase the element's size by.

o **Vector**

```
public Vector(int initialCapacity)
```

Constructs an empty vector with the specified storage capacity.

**Parameters:**

initialCapacity – the initial storage capacity of the vector

o **Vector**

```
public Vector()
```

Constructs an empty vector.

## Methods

o **copyInto**

```
public final synchronized void copyInto(Object anArray[])
```

Copies the elements of this vector into the specified array.

**Parameters:**

anArray – the array where elements get copied into

o **trimToSize**

```
public final synchronized void trimToSize()
```

Trims the vector's capacity down to size. Use this operation to minimize the storage of a vector. Subsequent insertions will cause reallocation.

o **ensureCapacity**

```
public final synchronized void ensureCapacity(int minCapacity)
```

Ensures that the vector has at least the specified capacity.

**Parameters:**

minCapacity – the desired minimum capacity

o **setSize**

```
public final synchronized void setSize(int newSize)
```

Sets the size of the vector. If the size shrinks, the extra elements (at the end of the vector) are lost; if the size increases, the new elements are set to null.

**Parameters:**

newSize – the new size of the vector

o **capacity**

```
public final int capacity()
```

Returns the current capacity of the vector.

#### **o size**

```
public final int size()
```

Returns the number of elements in the vector. Note that this is not the same as the vector's capacity.

#### **o isEmpty**

```
public final boolean isEmpty()
```

Returns true if the collection contains no values.

#### **o elements**

```
public final synchronized Enumeration elements()
```

Returns an enumeration of the elements. Use the Enumeration methods on the returned object to fetch the elements sequentially.

#### **o contains**

```
public final boolean contains(Object elem)
```

Returns true if the specified object is a value of the collection.

**Parameters:**

elem – the desired element

#### **o indexOf**

```
public final int indexOf(Object elem)
```

Searches for the specified object, starting from the first position and returns an index to it.

**Parameters:**

elem – the desired element

**Returns:**

the index of the element, or -1 if it was not found.

#### **o indexOf**

```
public final synchronized int indexOf(Object elem,  
                                       int index)
```

Searches for the specified object, starting at the specified position and returns an

index to it.

**Parameters:**

elem – the desired element

index – the index where to start searching

**Returns:**

the index of the element, or –1 if it was not found.

o **lastIndexOf**

```
public final int lastIndexOf(Object elem)
```

Searches backwards for the specified object, starting from the last position and returns an index to it.

**Parameters:**

elem – the desired element

**Returns:**

the index of the element, or –1 if it was not found.

o **lastIndexOf**

```
public final synchronized int lastIndexOf(Object elem,  
                                           int index)
```

Searches backwards for the specified object, starting from the specified position and returns an index to it.

**Parameters:**

elem – the desired element

index – the index where to start searching

**Returns:**

the index of the element, or –1 if it was not found.

o **elementAt**

```
public final synchronized Object elementAt(int index)
```

Returns the element at the specified index.

**Parameters:**

index – the index of the desired element

**Throws:** ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

If an invalid index was given.

o **firstElement**

```
public final synchronized Object firstElement()
```

Returns the first element of the sequence.

**Throws:** NoSuchElementException

If the sequence is empty.

## o lastElement

```
public final synchronized Object lastElement()
```

Returns the last element of the sequence.

**Throws:** NoSuchElementException

If the sequence is empty.

## o setElementAt

```
public final synchronized void setElementAt(Object obj,  
                                             int index)
```

Sets the element at the specified index to be the specified object. The previous element at that position is discarded.

**Parameters:**

obj – what the element is to be set to

index – the specified index

**Throws:** ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

If the index was invalid.

## o removeElementAt

```
public final synchronized void removeElementAt(int index)
```

Deletes the element at the specified index. Elements with an index greater than the current index are moved down.

**Parameters:**

index – the element to remove

**Throws:** ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

If the index was invalid.

## o insertElementAt

```
public final synchronized void insertElementAt(Object obj,  
                                                int index)
```

Inserts the specified object as an element at the specified index. Elements with an index greater or equal to the current index are shifted up.

**Parameters:**

obj – the element to insert

index – where to insert the new element

**Throws:** ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

If the index was invalid.

## o addElement

```
public final synchronized void addElement(Object obj)
```

Adds the specified object as the last element of the vector.

**Parameters:**

obj – the element to be added

**o removeElement**

```
public final synchronized boolean removeElement(Object obj)
```

Removes the element from the vector. If the object occurs more than once, only the first is removed. If the object is not an element, returns false.

**Parameters:**

obj – the element to be removed

**Returns:**

true if the element was actually removed; false otherwise.

**o removeAllElements**

```
public final synchronized void removeAllElements()
```

Removes all elements of the vector. The vector becomes empty.

**o clone**

```
public synchronized Object clone()
```

Clones this vector. The elements are **not** cloned.

**Overrides:**

clone in class Object

**o toString**

```
public final synchronized String toString()
```

Converts the vector to a string. Useful for debugging.

**Overrides:**

toString in class Object