

NSAllocateObject(), NSDeallocateObject()

SUMMARY Create and destroy objects

DECLARED IN foundation/NSObject.h

SYNOPSIS id ***NSAllocateObject**(Class *class*, unsigned *extraBytes*, NXZone **zone*)
void **NSDeallocateObject**(id <NSObject> *anObject*)

DESCRIPTION **NSAllocateObject** allocates and returns a pointer to an instance of *class*, created in the specified zone (or in the default zone, if *zone* is NULL). The *extraBytes* argument (usually zero) states the number of extra bytes required for indexed instance variables. Returns **nil** on failure.

NSDeallocateObject deallocates *anObject*, which must have been allocated using **NSAllocateObject()**.

RETURN **NSAllocateObject** returns a pointer to an instance of *class*, or **nil** upon failure.

NSDeallocateObject returns **void**.

SEE ALSO **NSCopyObject()**

NSAssert, NSAssertn, NSCAssert, NSCAssertn, NSParameterAssert, NSCParameterAssert

SUMMARY Assertion macros

DECLARED IN foundation/NSExceptions.h

SYNOPSIS **NSAssert**(*condition*, NSString **description*)

NSAssert1(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*)

NSAssert2(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*)

NSAssert3(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*, *arg3*)

NSAssert4(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*, *arg3*, *arg4*)

NSAssert5(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*, *arg3*, *arg4*, *arg5*)

NSCAssert(*condition*, NSString **description*)

NSCAssert1(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*)

NSCAssert2(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*)

NSCAssert3(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*, *arg3*)

NSCAssert4(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*, *arg3*, *arg4*)

NSCAssert5(*condition*, NSString **description*, *arg1*, *arg2*, *arg3*, *arg4*, *arg5*)

NSParameterAssert(*condition*)

NSCParameterAssert(*condition*)

DESCRIPTION Assertions evaluate a condition and, if the condition evaluates to false, call the assertion handler for the current thread, passing it a format string and a variable number of arguments. Each thread has its own assertion handler, which is an object of class `NSAssertionHandler`. When invoked, an assertion handler prints an error message that includes method and class (or function name). It then raises an exception of type `NSInternalInconsistencyException`.

An assortment of macros evaluate the condition and serve as a front end to the assertion handler. These macros fall into two types: those for use within Objective-C methods (**NSAssert*n*()**), and those for use within C functions (**NSCAssert*n*()**). **NSAssert()** and **NSCAssert()** take no arguments other than the condition and the format string. The other macros take the number of format-string arguments as indicated by *n*.

condition must be an expression that evaluates to true or false. *description* is a **printf()**-style format string that describes the failure condition. Each *arg* is an argument to be inserted, in place, into the *description*.

NSParameterAssert() and **NSCParameterAssert()** are assertion macros that validate parameters, one within Objective-C methods and the other within C functions. Simply provide the parameter as the *condition* argument. The macro evaluates the parameter and, if it is false, it logs an error message which includes the parameter and raises an exception

Assertions are compiled into code only if the preprocessor macro **DEBUG** is defined.

RETURN All macros return **void**.

SEE ALSO **NSRaise()**, **NSRaisev()**, **NSLog()**, **NSLogv()**

NSClassFromString(), NSStringFromClass

SUMMARY Obtain a class by name, or the name of a class

DECLARED IN foundation/NSObjCRuntime.h

SYNOPSIS Class **NSClassFromString**(NSString **aClassName*)
NSString ***NSStringFromClass**(Class *aClass*)

DESCRIPTION **NSClassFromString** returns the class object named by *aClassName*, or **nil** if none by this name is currently loaded.

NSStringFromClass returns an NSString containing the name of *aClass*.

NSCopyObject()

SUMMARY Copy NSObjects

DECLARED IN foundation/NSObject.h

SYNOPSIS NSObject ***NSCopyObject**(NSObject **anObject*, unsigned *extraBytes*, NSZone **zone*)

DESCRIPTION Creates and returns a new object that's an exact copy of *anObject*, created in the specified zone (or in the default zone, if *zone* is NULL). The *extraBytes* argument (usually zero) states the number of extra bytes required for indexed instance variables. Returns **nil** on failure.

RETURN Returns a pointer to a new NSObject that is an exact copy of *anObject*.

SEE ALSO **NSAllocateObject()**, **NSDeallocateObject()**

NSCreateZone()

SUMMARY Creates a new zone

DECLARED IN foundation/NSZone.h

SYNOPSIS NSZone ***NSCreateZone**(unsigned *startSize*, unsigned *granularity*, BOOL *canFree*)

DESCRIPTION Creates and returns a pointer to a new zone of *startSize* bytes, which will grow and shrink by

granularity bytes. If *canFree* is zero, the allocator will never free memory, and **malloc()** will be fast.

RETURN Returns a pointer to a new NSZone.

SEE ALSO **NSDefaultMallocZone()**, **NSRecycleZone()**, **NSSetZoneName()**

NSDefaultMallocZone()

SUMMARY Returns the default zone

DECLARED IN foundation/NSZone.h

SYNOPSIS NSZone ***NSDefaultMallocZone**(void)

DESCRIPTION Returns the default zone, which is created automatically at startup. This is the zone used by the standard C function **malloc()**.

RETURN Returns a pointer to the default zone.

SEE ALSO **NSCreateZone()**

NSGetUncaughtExceptionHandler(), NSSetUncaughtExceptionHandler()

SUMMARY Change the top level error handler.

DECLARED IN foundation/NSException.h

SYNOPSIS NSUncaughtExceptionHandler ***NSGetUncaughtExceptionHandler**(void)
void **NSSetUncaughtExceptionHandler**(NSUncaughtExceptionHandler **handler*)

DESCRIPTION **NSGetUncaughtExceptionHandler** returns a pointer to the function serving as the top-level error handler. This handler will process exceptions raised outside of any exception-handling domain.

NSSetUncaughtExceptionHandler sets the top-level error-handling function to *handler*. If *handler* is NULL or this function is never invoked, the default top-level handler is used.

RETURN **NSGetUncaughtExceptionHandler** returns a pointer to the top-level error handler.

NSSetUncaughtExceptionHandler returns **void**.

NSIncrementExtraRefCount(), **NSDecrementExtraRefCountWasZero()**

SUMMARY Modify object reference counts

DECLARED IN foundation/NSObject.h

SYNOPSIS void **NSIncrementExtraRefCount**(id *anObject*)
BOOL **NSDecrementExtraRefCountWasZero**(id *anObject*)

DESCRIPTION These functions modify the ^aextra reference^o count of an object. Newly created objects have only one actual reference, so that a single **release** message results in the object being deallocated. Extra references are those beyond the single original reference, and are usually created by sending the object a **retain** message. Your code should generally not use these functions unless it's overriding the **retain** or **release** methods.

RETURN **NSDecrementExtraRefCountWasZero()** returns NO if *anObject* had an extra reference count. If *anObject* didn't have an extra referent count, it returns YES, indicating that the object should be deallocated (with **dealloc**).

NSIntersectionRange(), NSUnionRange()

SUMMARY Combine ranges

DECLARED IN foundation/NSRange.h

SYNOPSIS NSRange **NSIntersectionRange**(NSRange *range1*, NSRange *range2*)
NSRange **NSUnionRange**(NSRange *range1*, NSRange *range2*)

DESCRIPTION **NSIntersectionRange()** returns a range describing the intersection of *range1* and *range2*—that is, a range containing the indices that exist in both ranges. If the returned range's **length** field is zero, then the two ranges don't intersect, and the value of the **location** field is undefined.

NSUnionRange() returns a range covering all indices in and between *range1* and *range2*. If one range is completely contained in the other, the returned range is equal to the larger range.

RETURN Each function returns the resulting combined range.

NSLocationInRange(), NSMaxRange()

SUMMARY Check positions in ranges

DECLARED IN foundation/NSRange.h

SYNOPSIS **BOOL NSLocationInRange**(unsigned *index*, NSRange *aRange*)
 unsigned **NSMaxRange**(NSRange *aRange*)

DESCRIPTION **NSLocationInRange()** returns YES if the given *index* lies within *aRange*—that is, if it's greater than or equal to *aRange.location* and less than *aRange.location* plus *aRange.length*.

NSMaxRange() returns the location plus the length of *aRange*. This is the index for the item just *past* the end of the range, not the last item in the range. Note that **NSMaxRange()** can easily overflow if *aRange.length* is a large value.

NSLog(), NSLogv()

SUMMARY Log an error message to **stderr**.

DECLARED IN foundation/NSUtilities.h

SYNOPSIS extern void **NSLog**(NSString **format*, ...)
 extern void **NSLogv**(NSString **format*, va_list *args*)

DESCRIPTION **NSLogv()** logs an error message to **stderr**. The message consists of a timestamp and the process ID prefixed to the string you pass in. You compose this string with a format string and a variable number of arguments. **NSLog()** simply passes along a variable number of arguments to **NSLogv()**.

format is a **printf()**-style format string. Following this, in **NSLog()**, are one or more arguments to be inserted into the string.

RETURN Both functions return **void**.

SEE ALSO **NSRaise()**, **NSRaisev()**

NSRaise(), NSRaisev()

SUMMARY Raise an exception.

DECLARED IN foundation/NSExceptions.h

SYNOPSIS extern void **NSRaise**(unsigned int *exceptionCode*, NSString **format*, ...)
extern void **NSRaisev**(unsigned int *exceptionCode*, NSString **format*, va_list *args*)

DESCRIPTION **NSRaisev()** logs an error message and then raises an exception (**NX_RAISE()**). **NSRaise()** simply passes along a variable number of arguments to **NSRaisev()**.

exceptionCode is a value of type **NSEException** that indicates the basis of the error. *format* is a **printf()**-style format string. Following this string, in **NSRaise()**, are one or more arguments to be inserted into the string. Use **NSRaise()** in place of **NX_RAISE()**.

RETURN Both functions return **void**.

SEE ALSO **NSAssert()**, **NSLog()**, **NSLogv()**

NSRecycleZone()

SUMMARY Frees memory in a zone

DECLARED IN foundation/NSZone.h

SYNOPSIS void **NSRecycleZone**(NSZone *zone)
void **NSZoneFree**(NSZone *zone, void *pointer)

DESCRIPTION **NSRecycleZone** frees *zone* after adding any of its pointers still in use to the default zone. (This strategy prevents retained objects from being inadvertently destroyed.)

NSZoneFree returns the memory indicated by *pointer* to *zone*. The standard C function **free()** does the same, but spends time finding which zone the memory belongs to.

RETURN Both functions return **void**.

SEE ALSO **NSCreateZone()**, **NSZoneMalloc()**

NSSelectorFromString(), NSStringFromSelector()

SUMMARY Obtain a selector by name, or the name of a selector

DECLARED IN foundation/NSObjCRuntime.h

SYNOPSIS SEL **NSSelectorFromString**(NSString *aSelectorName)
NSString ***NSStringFromSelector**(SEL aSelector)

DESCRIPTION **NSSelectorFromString** returns the selector named by *aSelectorName*, or zero if none by this name

exists.

NSStringFromSelector returns an NSString containing the name of *aSelector*.

NSSetZoneName(), NSZoneName()

SUMMARY Work with zone names

DECLARED IN foundation/NSZone.h

SYNOPSIS void **NSSetZoneName**(NSZone *zone, NSString *name)
NSString ***NSZoneName**(NSZone *zone)

DESCRIPTION **NSSetZoneName** sets the specified *zone*'s name to *name*, which can aid in debugging.

NSZoneName returns the name of the specified *zone* as an NSString.

NSShouldRetainWithZone()

SUMMARY Decide whether to retain an object

DECLARED IN foundation/NSObject.h

SYNOPSIS BOOL **NSShouldRetainWithZone**(NSObject *anObject, NSZone *requestedZone)

DESCRIPTION Returns YES if *requestedZone* is NULL, the default zone, or the zone in which *anObject* was

allocated. This function is typically called from inside an NSObject's **copyWithZone:** method, when deciding whether to retain *anObject* as opposed to making a copy of it.

RETURN Returns YES if *anObject* should be retained with *requestedZone*.

NSStringFromRange()

SUMMARY Get a string representation of a range

DECLARED IN foundation/NSRange.h

SYNOPSIS NSString ***NSStringFromRange**(NSRange *range*)

DESCRIPTION Returns a string representation of the specified *range*.

RETURN Returns a string of the form: $\{location = a; length = b\}^o$, where *a* and *b* are non-negative integers.

NSUserName(), NSHomeDirectory(), NSHomeDirectoryForUser()

SUMMARY Get information about a user

DECLARED IN foundation/NSPathUtilities.h

SYNOPSIS NSString ***NSUserName**(void)

NSString ***NSHomeDirectory**(void)

NSString ***NSHomeDirectoryForUser**(NSString * *userName*)

DESCRIPTION **NSUserName** returns the name of the current user.

NSHomeDirectory returns a path to the current user's home directory.

NSHomeDirectoryForUser returns a path to the home directory for the user specified by *userName*.

NSZoneCalloc(), NSZoneMalloc(), NSZoneRealloc()

SUMMARY Allocate memory in a zone

DECLARED IN foundation/NSZone.h

SYNOPSIS void ***NSZoneCalloc**(NSZone *zone, unsigned *numElems*, unsigned *byteSize*)

void ***NSZoneMalloc**(NSZone *zone, unsigned *size*)

void ***NSZoneRealloc**(NSZone *zone, void *ptr, unsigned *size*)

DESCRIPTION **NSZoneCalloc** allocates enough memory from *zone* for *numElems* elements, each with a size *numBytes* bytes, and returns a pointer to the allocated memory. The memory is initialized with zeros.

NSZoneMalloc allocates *size* bytes in *zone*, and returns a pointer to the allocated memory.

NSZoneRealloc changes the size of the block of memory pointed to by *ptr* to *size* bytes. It may allocate new memory to replace the old, in which case it moves the contents of the old memory block to the new block, up to a maximum of *size* bytes. *ptr* may be NULL.

RETURN All three functions return a pointer to the newly-allocated block of memory, or **nil** if the operation was unable to allocate the requested memory.

SEE ALSO **NSDefaultMallocZone()**, **NSRecycleZone()**, **NSZoneFree()**

NSZoneFromPtr

SUMMARY Get the zone for a given block of memory

DECLARED IN foundation/NSZone.h

SYNOPSIS NSZone ***NSZoneFromPtr**(void **pointer*)

DESCRIPTION Returns the zone for the block of memory indicated by *pointer*, or NULL if the block was not allocated from a zone. The pointer must be one that was returned by a prior call to an allocation function.

RETURN Returns the zone for the indicated block of memory, or NULL if the block was not allocated from a zone.

SEE ALSO **NSZoneCalloc()**, **NSZoneMalloc()**, **NSZoneRealloc()**