

NAME

bison++ – generate a parser in c or c++.

SYNOPSIS

bison++ [**-dltvyVu**] [**-b** *file-prefix*] [**-p** *name-prefix*] [**-o** *outfile*] [**-h** *headerfile*] [**-S** *skeleton*] [**-H** *header-skeleton*] [**-debug**] [**-defines**] [**-fixed-output-files**] [**-no-lines**] [**-verbose**] [**-version**] [**-yacc**] [**-usage**] [**-help**] [**-file-prefix=prefix**] [**-name-prefix=prefix**] [**-skeleton=skeletonfile**] [**-headerskeleton=headerskeletonfile**] [**-output=outfile**] [**-header-name=header**] *grammar-file*

DESCRIPTION

Generate a parser. Based on **bison** version 1.19. See **bison(1)** for details of main functionality. Only changes are reported here.

You now generate a C++ class if you are compiling with a C++ compiler. The generated header is far more rich than before, and is made from a skeleton-header. The code skeleton is also richer, and the generated code is less important compared to the skeletons. It permit you to modify much things only by changing the two skeletons.

In plain C, the **bison++** is compatible with standard **bison**.

OPTIONS

-name-prefix=prefix

-p prefix

Set prefix of names of yylex,yyerror. kepted for compatibility, but you should prefer **%define LEX newname**, and similar.

-skeleton=skeleton

-S skeleton

Set filename of code skeleton. Default is **bison.cc**.

-headerskeleton=header-skeleton

-H header-skeleton

Set filename of header skeleton. Default is **bison.h**.

-header-name=header

-h header

Set filename of header skeleton. Default is **y.tab.h**, or *prefix.h* if option **-b** is used or *c_basename.h* if **-o** is used. **.c**, **.cc**, **.C**, **.cpp**, **.cxx** options for output files are replaced by **.h** for header name.

DECLARATIONS

These are new declarations to put in the declaration section :

%name *parser_name*

Declare the name of this parser. User for C++ class name, and to render many names unique. default is **parse**. Must be given before **%union** and **%define**, or never.

%define *define_name content...*

Declare a macro symbol in header and code. The name of the symbol is **YY_’parser_name’_’define_name’**. The content if given after, as with **#define**. Newline can be escaped as with **#define**. Many symbols are proposed for customisation.

%union

as with bison generate a union for semantic type. The difference is that the union is named **yy_’parser_name’_’stype**.

%pure_parser

As with bison in C. In C++ generate a parser where **yylval**, and **yylloc** (if needed) are passed as parameter to **yylex**, and where some instance variable are local to **yyparse** (like **yydebug...**). Not very useful, since you can create multiple instances for reentering another parser.

%header{

Like **%{**, but include this text both in the header, and in the code. End with **%}**. When put in declaration section, the text is added before the definitions. It can be put in the last section so that the text is added after all definition in the header, and in the last section at the current position in the code.

Note that the order of these declaration is important, since they are translated into preprocessor symbols, typedef or code depending on their type. For example use **%name** before any **%define**, since the name is needed to compose the name of the define symbols. Order of **%header** and **%union** is important, since type may be undefined.

DECLARATION DEFINE SYMBOLS

These are the symbols you can define with **%define** in declaration section, or that are already defined. Remind that they are replaced by a preprocessor **#define YY_ 'parser_name' 'name'**.

BISON defined to **1** in the code. used for conditional code. Don't redefine it.

h_included

defined in the code, and in the header. used for include anti-reload. Don't redefine it.

COMPATIBILITY

Indicate if obsoleted defines are to be used and produced. If defined to 0, indicate no compatibility needed, else if defined to non-0, generate it. If it is undefined, default is to be compatible if classes are not used.

PURE Indicate that **%pure_parser** is asked... Don't redefine it.

LSP_NEEDED

if defined indicate that **@** construct is used, so **LLOC** stack is needed. Can be defined to force use of location stack.

DEBUG

if defined to non-0 activate debugging code. See **YYDEBUG** in bison.

ERROR_VERBOSE

if defined activate dump parser stack when error append.

STYPE the type of the semantic value of token. defined by **%union**. default is **int**. See **YYSTYPE** in bison. Don't redefine it, if you use a **%union**.

LTYPE

The token location type. If needed default is **yytype**. See **YYLTYPE** in bison. default **yytype** is a typedef and struct defined as in old bison.

LLOC The token location variable name. If needed, default is **yyloc**. See **yyloc** in bison.

LVAL The token semantic value variable name. Default **yyval**. See **yyval** in bison.

CHAR The lookahead token value variable name. Default **yychar**. See **yychar** in bison.

LEX The scanner function name. Default **yylex**. See **yylex** in bison.

PARSE The parser function name. Default **yyparse**. See **yyparse** in bison.

PARSE_PARAM

The parser function parameters declaration. Default **void** in C++ or ANSIC, nothing if old C. In ANSIC and C++ contain the prototype. In old-C contain just the list of parameters name. Don't allows default value.

PARSE_PARAM_DEF

The parser function parameters definition, for old style C. Default nothing. For example to use an **int** parameter called **x**, **PARSE_PARAM** is **x**, and **PARSE_PARAM_DEF** is **int x;**. In ANSIC or C++ it is unuseful and ignored.

ERROR

The error function name. Default **yyerror**. See **yyerror** in bison.

NERRS

The error count name. Default **ynerrs**. See **ynerrs** in bison.

DEBUG_FLAG

The runtime debug flag. Default **yydebug**. See **yydebug** in bison.

These are only used if class is generated.

CLASS The class name. default is the parser name.

INHERIT

The inheritance list. Don't forget the **:** before, if not empty list.

MEMBERS

List of members to add to the class definition, before ending it.

LEX_BODY

The scanner member function body. May be defined to **=0** for pure function, or to an inline body.

ERROR_BODY

The error member function body. May be defined to **=0** for pure function, or to an inline body.

CONSTRUCTOR_PARAM

List of parameters of the constructor. Dont allows default value.

CONSTRUCTOR_INIT

List of initialisation before constructor call. If not empty don't forget the **:** before list of initialisation.

CONSTRUCTOR_CODE

Code added after internal initialisation in constructor.

OBSOLETE PREPROCESSOR SYMBOLS

if you use new features, the following symbols should not be used, though they are proposed. The symbol **COMPATIBILITY** control their dispoibility. Incoherence may arise if they are defined simultaneously with the new symbol.

YYLTYPE

prefer **%define LTYPE**.

YYSTYPE

prefer **%define STYPE**.

YYDEBUG

prefer **%define DEBUG**.

YYERROR_VERBOSE

prefer **%define ERROR_VERBOSE**.

YYLSP_NEEDED

prefer **%define LSP_NEEDED**.

yystype Now a preprocessor symbol instead of a typedef. prefer **yy_'parser_name'_stype**.

CONSERVED PREPROCESSOR SYMBOLS

These symbols are kept, and cannot be defined elsewhere, since they control private parameters of the generated parser, or are actually unused. You can **#define** them to the value you need, or indirectly to the name of a **%define** generated symbol if you want to be clean.

YYINITDEPTH

initial stack depth.

YYMAXDEPTH

stack overflow limit depth.

yyoverflow

instead of expand with `alloca`, `realloc` manually or raise error.

OTHER ADDED PREPROCESSOR SYMBOLS**YY_USE_CLASS**

indicate that class will be produced. Default if C++.

C++ CLASS GENERATED

To simplify the notation, we note **%SYMBOLNAME** the preprocessor symbol generated with a **%define** of this name. In fact see the use of **%define** for it's real name.

Note that there is sometime symbols that differ from only an underscore `_`, like **yywrap** and **yy_wrap**. They are much different. In this case **yy_wrap()** is a virtual member function, and **yywrap()** is a macro.

General Class declaration

```
class %CLASS %INHERIT
{
public: /* static const int token ... */
// here come the const declaration for tokens
// for example :
static const TOKEN_FIRST;
static const TOKEN_NEXT;
static const AND_SO_ON;
// ...
public:
int %PARSE (%PARSE_PARAM);
virtual void %ERROR(char *msg) %ERROR_BODY;
#ifdef %PURE
    // if %PURE , we must pass the value and (eventually) the location explicitly
    #ifdef %LSP_NEEDED
        // if and only if %LSP_NEEDED , we must pass the location explicitly
        virtual int %LEX (%STYPE %LVAL,%LTYPE %LLOC) %LEX_BODY;
    #else
        virtual int %LEX (%STYPE %LVAL) %LEX_BODY;
    #endif
#else
    // if not %PURE , we must declare member to store the value and (eventually) the location
    // explicitly
    // if not %PURE ,%NERRS and %CHAR are not local variable to %PARSE, so must be
    // member
    virtual int %LEX() %LEX_BODY;
    %STYPE %LVAL;
    #ifdef %LSP_NEEDED
        %LTYPE %LLOC;
    #endif
#endif
}
```

```

        int %NERRS;
        int %CHAR;
    #endif
    #if %DEBUG != 0
    int %DEBUG_FLAG; /* nonzero means print parse trace */
    #endif
    public:
    %CLASS(%CONSTRUCTOR_PARAM);
    public:
    %MEMBERS
    };
    // here are defined the token constants
    // for example:
    const %CLASS::TOKEN_FIRST=1;
    // here is the constructor
    %CLASS::%CLASS(%CONSTRUCTOR_PARAM) %CONSTRUCTOR_INIT
    {
    #if %DEBUG != 0
    %DEBUG_FLAG=0;
    #endif
    %CONSTRUCTOR_CODE;
    };

```

Default Class declaration

```

// Here is the default declaration made in the header when you %define nothing
// typical yytype
typedef struct yytype
{
    int timestamp;
    int first_line;
    int first_column;
    int last_line;
    int last_column;
    char *text;
} yytype;
// class definition
class parser
{
    public: /* static const int token ... */

```

```

// here come the const declaration for tokens
// for example :
static const TOKEN_FIRST;
static const TOKEN_NEXT;
static const AND_SO_ON;
// ...
public:
int yyparse (yyvsparse_PARAM);
virtual void yyerror(char *msg) ;
#ifdef YY_parser_PURE
    #ifdef YY_parser_LSP_NEEDED
        virtual int yylex (int *yylval,yylytype *yylloc) ;
    #else
        virtual int yylex (int *yylval) ;
    #endif
#else
    virtual int yylex() %LEX_BODY;
    int yylyval;
    #ifdef YY_parser_LSP_NEEDED
        yylytype yylyloc;
    #endif
    int yynerrs;
    int yychar;
#endif
#if YY_parser_DEBUG != 0
int yydebug;
#endif
public:
parser();
public:
};
// here are defined the token constants
// for example:
const parser::TOKEN_FIRST=1;
// here is the constructor code
parser::parser()
{
#if YY_parser_DEBUG != 0

```

```
yydebug=0;
#endif
};
```

USAGE

Should replace **bison**, because it generate a far more customisable parser, still beeing compatible.

You should always use the header facility.

Use it with **flex++** (same author).

EXAMPLES

This man page has been produced through a parser made in C++ with this version of **bison** and our version of **flex++** (same author).

FILES**bison.cc**

main skeleton.

bison.h header skeleton.

bison.hairy

old main skeleton for semantic parser. Not adapted to this version. Kept for future works.

ENVIRONNEMENT**DIAGNOSTICS****SEE ALSO**

bison(1), **bison.info** (use texinfo), **flex++**(1).

DOCUMENTATION**BUGS**

Tell us more !

The **%semantic_parser** is no more supported. If you want to use it, adapt the skeletons, and maybe **bison++** generator itself. The reason is that it seems unused, unuseful, not documented, and too complex for us to support. tell us if you use, need, or understand it.

Header is not included in the parser code. Change made in the generated header are not used in the parser code, even if you include it voluntarily, since it is protected against include. So don't modify it.

For the same reasons, if you modify the header skeleton, or the code skeleton, report the changes in the other skeleton if applicable. If not done, incoherent declarations may lead to unpredictable result.

Use of defines for **YYLTYPE**, **YYSTYPE**, **YYDEBUG** is supported for backward compatibility in C, but should not be used with new features, as **%defines** or C++ classes. You can define them, and use them as with old **bison** in C only.

Parameters are richer than before, and nothing is removed. POSIX compliance can be enforced by not using extensions. If you want to forbide them, there is a good job !

FUTUR WORKS

tell us !

Support semantic parser. Is it really used ?

POSIX compliance. is'nt it good now ?

Use lex and yacc (flex/bison) to generate the scanner/parser. It would be comfortable for futur works, though very complicated. Who feel it good ?

INSTALLATION

With this install the executable is named **bison++**. rename it **bison** if you want, because it could replace **bison**.

TESTS**AUTHORS**

Alain Coëtmeur (coetmeur@icdc.fr), R&D department (RDT) , Informatique-CDC, France.

RESTRICTIONS

The words 'author', and 'us' mean the author and colleagues, not GNU. We don't have contacted GNU about this, nowadays. If you're in GNU, we are ready to propose it to you, and you may tell us what you think about.

Based on GNU version 1.19 of bison. Modified by the author.