

Editeur's help index

Introduction

What is Editeur ?

Features

Required computer

Procedures

Opening and Saving files

Creating a text

Opening existing text files

Deleting files

Saving texts

Closing texts

Exiting Editeur

Modifying a text

Modifying a text

Moving in a text

Selecting text

Unselecting text

Handling updates

Repeating the last update

Cut, copy, paste, clear

Copy to, paste from

Uppercase, lowercase

Inserting date and time

Searching and replacing

Searching for a string

Replacing a string by another

Special moves

Printing

Printing texts

Changing the page layout

Changing the printing options

Options

Options

Changing the font

Converting the tabulations width

Sorting

Commands

The File menu commands

The Edit menu commands
The Search menu commands
The Macro menu commands
The Options menu commands
The Window menu commands
The Help menu commands

Keyboard

Modifying a text
Moving in a text
Selecting text
Unselecting text

Toolbar

Using the toolbar

What is Editeur ?

Editeur is a text editor, and thus affords creation and modification of text files.

Good examples of text files are : Dos® and Windows™ initialization files, programs, data base scripts, Dos and Unix® shells, mail messages, dictionnaires ... You should use Editeur for all these files. Editeur handles Windows, Dos, and Unix text files.

Good examples of non-text files are Word Processing files, Spreadsheet Applications files, Graphics files, ... You should not use Editeur for all these files, but their native editor instead. However, viewing these files with Editeur won't cause any kind of trouble, except that they won't be displayed the way they were intended for...

Features

Editeur supports Windows™, Dos®, and Unix® text files.

Basic features

- Multitext
- Toolbar and Status bar
- Screen and printer fonts choice
- Edition with visible insert or overwrite modes
- Moving in a text with the control and direction keys, the mouse, the scroll bars
- Moving between texts with the menus, the keyboard shortcuts, the mouse
- Utilization of the drag and drop feature to open a file from the File Manager
- Utilization of the configuration colors
- Choice of the printer
- Printer setup
- Page setup
- Macros
- ...

Advanced features

A number of features are particularly useful and/or powerful :

- Opening of several files in one single dialog
- Possible deletion of files in "Open" and "Save as" dialogs (del key)
- Undo and redo updates with no limitation on the number of updates undone or redone
- Possible edition of texts while driving a replacement dialog
- Quick "special" moves in the texts
- Conversion of tabulations width
- Sorting
- ...

Multitext features

- Printing of several texts in one single command
- Searches and replacements in several texts in one single command
- Conversion of tabulation width in several texts in one single command
- Sorting of several texts in one single command
- ...

Required computer and system

Editeur runs with Windows™ version 3.1 and higher. If your computer can run this operating system, it can run Editeur too. However, the best results will be achieved by using a VGA color monitor with a 640 x 480 resolution or higher.

Editeur's memory requirements depend on the size of the files you are editing, but are not very important :

Besides the size of the executable (around 300K bytes), Editeur dynamically allocates memory in 64K units to contains texts and updates. If you are using too much memory at a given time, you should save (to free updates) or close (to free texts) files. But the limit is somewhat remote...

The maximum size of a line is around 64K bytes.

The size used is limited by the amount of available memory.

Creating a text

To create a text

- 1 Choose **N**ew from the **F**ile menu.
- 2 Type in your text.

See also

[Opening existing text files](#)

[Modifying a text](#)

Opening existing text files

Using Editeur makes sense only with text files.

To open existing text files

- 1 Choose **O**pen... from the **F**ile menu.
- 2 Choose the drive and the directory.
- 3 Select one or more files.
- 4 Choose the format.
- 5 Choose «**O**K».

Editeur creates a text window for every file opened. The file opened last becomes active.

See also

[Creating a text](#)
[Modifying a text](#)

Deleting files

Files can be deleted from within the **Open...** or **Save as...** dialogs.

To delete files from within the Open... dialog

- 1 Choose **O**pen... from the **F**ile menu
- 2 Choose the drive and the directory.
- 3 Select the files to be deleted.
- 4 Press the Del key.

Editeur requests a confirmation for every file to be deleted.

To delete files from within the Save as... dialog

- 1 Choose **S**ave as... from the **F**ile menu
- 2 Choose the drive and the directory.
- 3 Select the file to be deleted (only one single file can be selected).
- 4 Press the Del key.

Editeur requests a confirmation before deletion.

See also

[Opening existing text files](#)

[Saving texts](#)

Saving texts

To save a text with a new name

- 1 Choose **Save as...** from the **F**ile menu.
- 2 Choose the drive and the directory.
- 3 Type in or select the file name.
- 4 Choose the format.
- 5 Choose «**OK**».

To save a text with the same name

- > Choose **S**ave from the **F**ile menu.

To save all texts

- > Choose **Save all texts** from the **F**ile menu.

Remark

If the Create backup files option is on and the file already exists, a backup copy is created before saving.

See also

Closing Texts
Exiting Editeur

Closing texts

To close the active text

> Choose **C**lose from the **F**ile menu.

Editeur offers to save the text if it has been modified.

To close and automatically save the active text

> Choose **S**ave and **c**lose from the **F**ile menu.

Editeur automatically saves the text if it has been modified.

Remark

If the Create backup files option is on and the file already exists, a security copy is created before saving.

See also

[Saving Texts](#)
[Exiting Editeur](#)

Exiting Editeur

To exit Editeur

- > Choose **Exit** from the **F**ile menu *or*
- > Choose **C**lose from the Editeur system menu.

Editeur offers to save every text modified.

To exit Editeur and automatically save the texts modified

- > Choose **Save and exit** from the **F**ile menu.

Every text modified is automatically saved.

See also

[Closing Texts](#)

[Saving texts](#)

Modifying a text

The location where updates take place is called the insertion point. This point is highlighted with a blinking shape.

To insert characters

Make sure you are in insert mode, or switch to insert mode by pressing the Ins key (in insert mode, the second square of the status bar includes the word "Insert", and the blinking shape is a vertical bar).

Then type in your text.

To replace characters

Make sure you are in overwrite mode, or switch to overwrite mode by pressing the Ins key (in overwrite mode, the second square of the status bar includes the word "Overwrite", and the blinking shape is a full rectangle).

Then type in your text.

See also

[Moving in a text](#)

Moving in a text

To move the insertion point in a text

Use the direction and control keys as follows :

Key(s)	Function
DOWN	Move one line down.
UP	Move one line up.
RIGHT	Move one character right.
LEFT	Move one character left.
END	Move to the end of the line.
HOME	Move to the beginning of the line.
PAGE DOWN	Move one window down.
PAGE UP	Move one window up.
CONTROL + DOWN	Move to the window bottom.
CONTROL + UP	Move to the window top.
CONTROL + RIGHT	Move one word right.
CONTROL + LEFT	Move one word left.
CONTROL + END	Move to the end of the text.
CONTROL + HOME	Move to the beginning of the text.
CONTROL + PAGE DOWN	Move one window right.
CONTROL + PAGE UP	Move one window left.

See also

[Modifying a text](#)

Selecting text

To select text with the keyboard

Press the Shift key while moving the insertion point with the direction and control keys as follows :

Key(s)	Function
SHIFT + DOWN	Selects one line down.
SHIFT + UP	Selects one line up.
SHIFT + RIGHT	Selects one character right.
SHIFT + LEFT	Selects one character left.
SHIFT + END	Selects to the end of the line.
SHIFT + HOME	Selects to the beginning of the line.
SHIFT + PAGE DOWN	Selects one page down.
SHIFT + PAGE UP	Selects one page up.
SHIFT + CONTROL + DOWN	Selects to the window bottom.
SHIFT + CONTROL + UP	Selects to the window top.
SHIFT + CONTROL + RIGHT	Selects one word right.
SHIFT + CONTROL + LEFT	Selects one word left.
SHIFT + CONTROL + END	Selects to end of text.
SHIFT + CONTROL + HOME	Selects to beginning of text.

To select text with the mouse

Press the left button of the mouse, then move the mouse while keeping the left button pressed down. To select a word, double-click on it.

Causing the mouse to approach the window border makes the text scroll, allowing extension of the selection beyond what was initially visible in the window.

To select the whole text

> Choose **Select all** from the **Edit** menu.

See also

Unselecting text

Cut, copy, paste, clear

Copy to, paste from

Uppercase, lowercase

Unselecting text

To unselect all

Move the insertion point with the direction and control keys, or click the left button of the mouse (see Moving in a text).

To reduce the selection with the keyboard

Press the Shift key while moving the insertion point with the direction and control keys.

To reduce the selection with the mouse

Press the Shift key, then press the left button of the mouse, and then, move the mouse.

Causing the mouse to approach the window border makes the text scroll, allowing for reduction of the selection beyond what was initially visible in the window.

See also

Selecting text

Cut, copy, paste, clear

These commands from the **E**dit menu allow the text to interact with an intermediate system memory called the Clipboard.

Cut

Copies the selection into the Clipboard and clears the original ; the copied text replaces the previous content of the Clipboard.

Copy

Copies the selection into the Clipboard, but does not delete the original ; the copied text replaces the previous content of the Clipboard.

Paste

Inserts a copy of the Clipboard at the insertion point.

Clear

Clears the selection.

See also

Selecting text

Copy to, paste from

Uppercase, lowercase

Inserting date and time

Copy to, paste from

These commands from the **E**dit menu allow the selection to be copied to a file or characters to be inserted from a file.

To copy the selection to a file

- 1 Choose **Copy to...** from the **E**dit menu.
- 2 Choose the drive and the directory.
- 3 Type in or select the file name.
- 4 Choose the format.
- 5 Choose «**OK**».

To insert characters from a file

- 1 Choose **Paste from...** from the **E**dit menu.
- 2 Choose the drive and the directory.
- 3 Select one file.
- 4 Choose the format.
- 5 Choose «**OK**».

See also

Selecting text

Cut, copy, paste, clear

Uppercase, lowercase

Inserting date and time

Uppercase, lowercase

These commands from the **E**dit menu allow the selection to be set to uppercase or lowercase characters.

To set the selection to uppercase characters

> Choose **U**pper from the **E**dit menu.

To set the selection to lowercase characters

> Choose **L**ower from the **E**dit menu.

See also

Selecting text

Cut, copy, paste, clear

Copy to, paste from

Inserting date and time

Inserting date and time

To insert the date and time at the insertion point

> Choose **D**ate/t**i**me from the **E**dit menu.

See also

Cut, copy, paste, clear

Copy to, paste from

Uppercase, lowercase

Handling updates

Editeur records your updates. You can then undo and redo these updates. The number of updates undone or redone is not limited.

To undo updates

> Choose **Undo** from the **Edit** menu as many times as necessary.

To redo updates

> Choose **Redo** from the **Edit** menu as many times as necessary.

To repeat the last update in another location

> Choose **Repeat** from the **Edit** menu.

Updates memory resetting

Any update after having undone modifications without having redone them provokes a resetting of the update memory : undoing or redoing previous modifications is then impossible.

The update memory is also reset when the text is saved.

See also

[Repeating the last update](#)

Repeating the last update

Editeur records your last update in every text. You can then repeat this update in another location.

To repeat the last update in another location

> Choose **R**epeat from the **E**dit menu.

See also

[Handling updates](#)

Searching for a string

To search for a string

- 1 Choose **Search...** from the **Search** menu.
- 2 Type in the string being searched for.
- 3 Choose the options.
- 4 Choose «**OK**».

To search again for the same string

> Choose **Search again** from the **Search** menu *or*

- 1 Choose **Search...** from the **Search** menu.
- 2 Choose «**Search again**».

See also

[Replacing a string by another](#)
[Special moves](#)

Replacing a string by another

To replace a string by another

- 1 Choose **Replace...** from the **Search** menu.
- 2 Type in the string being searched for.
- 3 Type in the replacement string.
- 4 Choose the options.
- 5 Choose «**OK**» to confirm individual replacements *or*
- > Choose «**Replace all**» for replacement without any confirmation.

String replacement dialog

Editeur sets up a dialog to drive the replacements. You can move from this dialog to the text and vice versa with a mouse click in the appropriate window : this affords a direct update of the text while driving the replacement dialog.

See also

[Searching for a string](#)
[Special moves](#)

Special moves

To go to a line identified by its number

- 1 Choose **Go to line number...** from the **Search** menu.
- 2 Type in the line number.
- 3 Choose **«OK»**.

To go to the last update

- > Choose **Go to last update** from the **Search** menu.

To set or unset a mark on the current line

- > Choose **Toggle mark** from the **Search** menu.

To go to the next mark

- > Choose **Next mark** from the **Search** menu.

To clear the marks

- > Choose **Clear all marks** from the **Search** menu.

See also

[Searching for a string](#)

[Replacing a string](#)

Printing texts

To print

- 1 Choose **P**rint... from the **F**ile menu.
- 2 Choose the options.
- 3 Choose «**OK**».

See also

[Changing the page layout](#)

[Changing the printing options](#)

Changing the page layout

To change the page layout

- 1 Choose **Page layout...** from the **F**ile menu.
- 2 Modify the header and footer.
- 3 Modify the margins.
- 4 Choose «**OK**».

Remark

The header and footer and margins are used only for printing and not for displaying the text.

See also

[Printing texts](#)

[Changing the printing options](#)

Changing the printing options

To change the printing options

- 1 Choose **Print setup...** from the **F**ile menu.
- 2 Choose the printer to use.
- 3 Choose «**S**etup...».
- 4 Change the options.
- 5 Choose «**O**K».

See also

[Printing texts](#)

[Changing the page layout](#)

Options

To change the options

- 1 Choose **Options...** from the **Options** menu.
- 2 Choose the options.
- 3 Choose «**OK**».

The following options are available :

Tabulations width

This option defines the number of spaces separating two tabulation positions. This value is used both for displaying and printing text.

Expand tabulations to spaces

When this option is activated, tabulations are converted to spaces when typed in a text. However, tabulations are not expanded when opening or saving a file. If you wish to suppress all tabulations in a text, select convert in the options menu and choose 1 as target tab stop size.

Typing replaces selected text

When this option is activated and a selection exists, typing text provokes the deletion of the selection before the first character is taken into account. When this option is not activated, the selection is simply canceled before the first character is taken into account.

Automatic indentation

When this option is not activated, typing the return key moves the insertion point to the beginning of the next line. When this option is activated, typing the return key still moves the insertion point to the next line, but shifts the beginning of the text to the level of the first preceding non-empty line.

Reopen files at startup

When this option is activated, the files that were opened at Editeur quit time are automatically reopened at Editeur next startup (9 files max are reopened).

Open dialog at startup

When this option is activated, a file open dialog is displayed at Editeur startup.

Synchronize texts

When this option is activated, the PAGE DOWN, PAGE UP, HOME and END messages (keyboard or scroll bars) are passed on from the active text window to the inactive text windows

3D Controls

When this option is activated, the controls are displayed using 3D effects and the dialog background color is the same than the color selected for the top of buttons (usually grey). Else, 3D effects are used only for buttons and the dialog background color is the same than the color selected for the windows backgrounds (usually white).

Files in the history (20 maximum)

The list of the last opened files appears at the bottom of the File menu. By default, this list contains 4 entries, but this number may be modified to vary between 0 and 20.

File names including directories

This option specifies if text window titles include full pathnames or only file names.

Create backup files

When this option is activated, files are renamed with a new suffix before saving. This backup copy is not created if the file is new. The file suffix used for saving may be freely chosen.

Horizontal scroll bar

When this option is activated, an horizontal scroll bar is displayed at the bottom of every text window.

Vertical scroll bar

When this option is activated, a vertical scroll bar is displayed on the right side of every text window.

Toolbar

When this option is activated, a toolbar is displayed on top of the application window, under the menu bar.

Status bar

When this option is activated, a status bar is displayed at the bottom of the application window.

Left margin

This option allows the size of the margin used for text displaying to be specified. This size is specified in pixels.

See also

[Changing the font](#)

[Converting the tabulations width](#)

[Sorting](#)

Changing the font

To change the screen font

- 1 Choose **S**creen font... from the **O**ptions menu.
- 2 Select the name of the font.
- 3 Select the style of the font.
- 4 Type in or select the size of the font.
- 5 Choose «**OK**».

To change the printer font

- 1 Choose **P**rinter font... from the **O**ptions menu.
- 2 Select the name of the font.
- 3 Select the style of the font.
- 4 Type in or select the size of the font.
- 5 Choose «**OK**».

Remarks

Font choice applies to the whole text, and not to parts of the text (the text file format does not include any typographic adornment).

The font selected last becomes the default font.

See also

Options

Converting the tabulations width

Sorting

Converting the tabulations width

This command allows the tabulations width to be updated without modifying the text appearance. Editeur ensures the same appearance by inserting the right number of tabulations and spaces.

To convert

- 1 Choose **Convert...** from the **Options** menu.
- 2 Type in the tabulations width "from".
- 3 Type in the tabulations width "to".
- 4 If applicable, choose **Convert all texts**.
- 5 Choose «**OK**».

Editeur effects the conversion, modifies the tabulations width, and displays again the active text or all the texts, depending on the case.

See also

[Options](#)

[Changing the font](#)

[Sorting](#)

Sorting

This command affords an ascending or descending sorting, comparing the whole lines or a part of the lines. The empty lines or part of lines may be considered as always inferior to the non empty lines or part of lines (normal case), or as always superior, which allows their placement in the sorted text to be inverted.

To sort

- 1 Choose **S**ort... from the **O**ptions menu.
- 2 Choose the options.
- 3 If applicable, choose **S**ort all texts.
- 4 Choose «**O**K».

Editeur effects the sorting and displays again the active text or all the texts, depending on the case.

Warning

The sorting cannot be undone. If applicable, make sure that a backup copy has been produced before proceeding.

See also

Options

Changing the font

Converting the tabulations width

The File menu commands

New

This command creates a new empty text. The new text becomes active and can be directly edited.

Open...

This command opens one or more existing files. The file opened last becomes active and can be directly edited. File deletion is possible in the "Open" dialog by selecting files to delete and pressing the Del key.

Save

This command saves the active text in a file. If the Create backup files option is on and the file already exists, a backup copy is created before saving.

Save all texts

This command saves all open texts under their corresponding file names. If the Create backup files option is on, backup copies are created before saving files already existing.

Save as...

This command saves the active text under a new name. File deletion is possible in the "Save as" dialog by selecting a file to be deleted and pressing the Del key.

Close

This command closes the active text. Editeur offers to save the text if it has been modified.

Save and close

This command saves and closes the active text in one single operation.

Page layout...

This command sets up the header and the footer and the margins used for printing.

Print setup...

This command allows a printer to be chosen and its options to be set up.

Print...

This command prints the active text or all texts on the selected printer.

Exit

This command is used to exit Editeur. All open texts are first closed. Editeur offers to save every text modified.

Save and exit

This command saves all texts and exits in one single operation.

1, 2, 3, 4,

These commands are created as files are opened and make up a files history including from 0 to 9 files. Selecting one of these commands reopens the corresponding file.

The Edit menu commands

Undo

This command undoes one update. The update unit consists of a set of characters belonging to a single line and typed in one single time (with no insertion point move or menu command call). There is no limitation on the number of updates that can be undone or redone, except when the update memory is reset : when the text is saved or when the text is modified after having undone updates without having redone them.

Redo

This command redoes one previously undone update.

Repeat

This command repeats the last update in another location.

Cut

This command copies the selection into the clipboard and clears the original ; the copied text replaces the previous content of the clipboard.

Copy

This command copies the selection into the clipboard without clearing the original ; the copied text replaces the previous content of the clipboard.

Paste

This command inserts the clipboard content at the insertion point.

Clear

This command clears the selection.

Select all

This command selects the whole text.

Copy to...

This command copies the selection to a file.

Paste from...

This command inserts characters from a file.

Upper

This command sets the selection to uppercase characters.

Lower

This command sets the selection to lowercase characters.

Date/time

This command inserts the current date and time at the insertion point.

The Search menu commands

Search...

This command searches for a string. Different options are available : match upper/lower case, whole word, whole text/selected text/ from cursor, forwards/backwards, all texts.

Search again

The previous commands are used for finding the first occurrence of a string, and this command is used for finding the following occurrences.

Replace...

This command replaces a string by another. Different options are available : match upper/lowercase, whole word, whole text/selected text/ from cursor, forwards/backwards, all texts. The replacements are driven with a specific dialog. You can move from this dialog to the text and vice-versa with a mouse click in the appropriate window : this affords a direct update of the text while driving the replacement dialog.

Go to line number...

This command ensures positioning on a line identified by its number in the active text.

Go to last update

This command ensures positioning on the last update in the active text.

Toggle mark, Next mark, Clear all marks

These commands handle locations in the active text between which quick moves are possible.

The Macro menu commands

Load...

This command loads a previously stored macro. Unlike the open command, the load macro command does not open a window to display the macro. Anyway, doing this would not bring information about what the macro is supposed to do, as macros coding is not text, but binary that can be (almost) directly used by Windows.

Store...

This command stores the current macro in a file so as to be able to replay it in a later Editeur session.

Record

This command begins the recording of your actions. Beware, only a part of these is recorded : mouse and keyboard actions, as well as menu command calls. Actions on system boxes and window menu files are not recorded. Moreover, except in the search menu case, the recording stops "at the dialogs gates" : what you do inside the dialogs is not recorded and you will have to handle these dialogs by yourself during each replay.

Stop recording

This command stops the recording.

Replay once

This command replays the current macro once.

Replay n times...

This command replays the current macro for a specified number of times. The replay may be interrupted by pressing the escape key.

Replay indefinitely

This command replays the current macro until the end of the times or until an error occurs (e.g., a text searched is not found). The replay may be interrupted by pressing the escape key.

The Options menu commands

Options...

This command allows various Editeur parameters to be defined.

Screen font...

This command allows the font used for displaying to be chosen. The font selected becomes the default font.

Printer font...

This command allows the font used for printing to be chosen. The font selected becomes the default font.

Convert...

This command changes the tabulations width in the active text without modifying its appearance. Editeur ensures the same appearance by inserting the right number of tabulations and spaces.

Sort...

This command affords an ascending or descending sorting, comparing the whole lines or a part of the lines. The empty lines or part of lines may be considered as always inferior to the non empty lines or part of lines (normal case), or as always superior, which allows their placement in the sorted text to be inverted.

The Window menu commands

Cascade

This command rearranges the text windows in a cascade pattern.

Tile

This command rearranges the text windows in a mosaic pattern.

Close all texts

This command closes all open texts. Editeur offers to save every modified text.

Save and close all texts

This command saves and closes all texts in one single operation.

1, 2, 3, 4

These commands are created as text windows are opened and make up a list of open text windows. Selecting one of these commands activates the corresponding text window.

The Help menu commands

Help

This command runs Editeur's help system, provided to answer the questions which could raise while using Editeur. This help describes in greater detail the procedures for using the commands.

Help on help

This command describes how the help system may be used.

About Editeur...

This command specifies the current version identifier and the name of the licence owner.

Register...

This command records the name of the licence owner.

Using the Toolbar

The toolbar is displayed on top of the application window, under the menu bar. It affords a quick access to the main menu commands with a single mouse click. To show or hide the toolbar, validate or invalidate the toolbar checkbox in the Options dialog (ALT, O).

Click on To

Create a new empty text. The new text becomes active and can be directly edited.

Open one or more existing files. The file opened last becomes active and can be directly edited. File deletion is possible in the "Open" dialog by selecting files to be deleted and pressing the Del key.

Save the active text in a file. If the Create backup files option is on and the file already exists, a backup copy is created before saving.

Close the active text. Editeur offers to save the text if it has been modified.

Change the font used for displaying. The font selected becomes the default font.

Print the active text or all texts on the selected printer.

Exit Editeur. All open texts are first closed. Editeur offers to save every text modified.

Undo one update. The update unit consists of a set of characters belonging to a single line and typed in one single time (without any insertion point move or menu command call). There is no limitation on the number of updates that can be undone or redone, except when the update memory is reset : when the text is saved or when the text is modified after having undone updates without having redone them.

This command redoes one previously undone update.

This command repeats the last update in another location.

Copy the selection to the clipboard and clear the original ; the copied text replaces the previous content of the clipboard.

Copy the selection to the clipboard without clearing the original ; the copied text replaces the previous content of the clipboard.

Insert the clipboard content at the insertion point.

Clear the selection.

Set the selection to uppercase characters.

Set the selection to lowercase characters.

Insert current date and time at the insertion point.

Search for a string. Different options are available : match upper/lower case, whole word,

whole text/selected text/ from cursor, forwards/backwards, all texts.

Search for the next occurrence of a string.

Replace a string by another. Different options are available : match upper/lower case, whole word, whole text/selected text/ from cursor, forwards/backwards, all texts. The replacements are driven with a specific dialog. You can move from this dialog to the text and vice versa with a mouse click in the appropriate window : this allows for a direct update of the text while driving the replacement dialog.

Text file

A text file is a set of characters recorded in a raw state. The only characters used to control the presentation are the Tabulation and Line feed characters, and all other characters are displayed with their graphic ANSI representation.

Insertion point

The insertion point is the location where the next update is to take place. It is highlighted with a blinking shape.

Selection

The selection is the part of a text where the colors of the characters and the background have been inverted. The selection allows the scope of operations you ask to be specified and allows a part of the text to be highlighted by Editeur.

Format

Editeur handles the following file formats :

Windows :	character code = ANSI, end of line = cr + lf
Dos :	character code = OEM, end of line = cr + lf
Unix :	character code = ANSI, end of line = lf

If you are not sure about the file format, choose "**Auto-detect**". Editeur will find it out for you as follows : Editeur considers that the file format is Windows, but changes its mind under the following conditions : 1 - if it encounters a character between 0x80 and 0x9F, it considers that the file format is Dos. 2 - If it encounters a lf not preceded by a cr, it considers that the file format is Unix.

Remark

Editeur can handle binary file if you use the Windows or Unix formats. The Dos format must not be employed, because the OEM <-> ANSI transcoding is not entirely reciprocal.

Format

Editeur handles the following file formats :

Windows :	character code = ANSI, end of line = cr + lf
Dos :	character code = OEM, end of line = cr + lf
Unix :	character code = ANSI, end of line = lf

