



## Help for FTP/X

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### **How To Buy This Software**

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#### **Description**

Mabry's FTP/X ActiveX control provides easy, high-level access to the complete FTP client protocol (RFC 959). In addition to capturing server directory listings into a string array property, the new FTP/X also makes the results available as an ADO Recordset providing easy access to the various fields that a server returns. The FTP/X also has powerful built-in features to support debugging and non-standard servers using the Quote method.

The 32-bit FTP/X comes as both an ActiveX control (OCX) and a COM object (DLL), so you can use it in nearly any modern programming environment. As a light ActiveX control/COM Object, FTP/X doesn't require any bulky MFC DLLs to run. Your web-based applications (VBScript, ASP, etc.) will download faster, your installation package will be smaller, and you'll have no problems with different versions of DLLs on your users' systems. And, because it's both an ActiveX control and COM Object, FTP/X will run in Visual Basic, Visual FoxPro, Internet Explorer, Delphi and any other environment that supports either ActiveX controls or COM objects.

A common problem with FTP servers is that there is no official standard when it comes to the format of directory listings. The exact format of the data returned by the server may vary depending upon the system type. The FTP/X control solves this programmer's headache by automatically parsing the data and making it available to your application as a familiar ADO Recordset object. If the server's format is not suitable for the control's parser, a new DirltemPattern property can be used to specify how the fields are to be parsed. For those who would rather handle the data themselves, the data is also presented in its original format via a string array property.

Both the FTP/X ActiveX control and COM Object use the normal event-driven programming model or Fast Notifications. Fast Notifications allow your program to quickly receive events through simple functions, rather than going through the overhead to fire an event. This reduces the amount of time required to handle an event.

FTP/X supports non-blocking (asynchronous) mode as well as pseudo-blocking and true blocking modes, to meet most any programming requirement. FTP/X is firewall friendly complying with the Firewall-Friendly FTP Specification (RFC 1579). From behind most firewalls, your applications will be able to communicate with external FTP servers.

Mabry's FTP/X ActiveX control requires no user input to run. The FTP/X control can run completely in the background under program control. This allows your program to take care of file transfers while the user performs other tasks.

#### **File Name**

FTPX.OCX, FTPX.DLL

#### **ActiveX / OCX Object Name**

Mabry.FtpX.1

#### **ActiveX Compatibility**

VB 4.0 (32-bit), 5.0 and 6.0

#### **ActiveX Built With**

Microsoft Visual C++ v6

#### **ActiveX - Required DLLs**

None. This is a light ActiveX control that requires no extra DLLs to operate. This means that your installation packages will be smaller. And, your web pages will load faster, since there are no extra DLLs to download.

**Distribution Note** When you develop and distribute an application that uses this control, you should install the control file into the user's Windows SYSTEM directory. The control file has version information built into it. So, during installation, you should ensure that you are not overwriting a newer version.

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Close

## FTP/X Properties

Properties that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (\*).

- \*Account Property
- \*AllocBytes Property
- \*Blocking Property
- \*BlockingMode Property
- \*DebugMode Property
- \*Directory Property
- \*DirItem Property
- \*DirItemPattern Property
- \*DirItems Property
- \*DisablePasv Property
- \*DstFilename Property
- \*Host Property
- \*LastError Property
- \*LastErrorString Property
- \*LastMethod Property
- \*LibraryName Property
- \*LogonName Property
- \*LogonPassword Property
- \*NotificationObject Property
- \*Pattern Property
- \*Port Property
- \*QuoteCmd Property
- \*ReadData Property
- \*Recordset Property
- \*SrcFilename Property
- \*State Property
- \*StateString Property
- \*Timeout Property
- \*Type Property
- \*Version Property

Close

## FTP/X Events

Events that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (\*).

\***Connected** Event

\***Debug** Event

\***Dirltem** Event

\***Disconnected** Event

\***Done** Event

\***Progress** Event

\***StateChanged** Event

Close

## FTP/X Methods

Methods that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (\*).

- \*Abort Method
- \*About Method
- \*Allocate Method
- \*Append Method
- \*ChangeDir Method
- \*Connect Method
- \*CreateDir Method
- \*Delete Method
- \*DeleteDir Method
- \*Disconnect Method
- \*GetCurrentDir Method
- \*GetDirList Method
- \*GetFile Method
- \*GetFilenameList Method
- \*ParentDir Method
- \*PutFile Method
- \*PutUniqueFile Method
- \*Quote Method
- \*Reinitialize Method
- \*Rename Method
- \*SendType Method

Close

## FTP/X Interfaces

Interfaces that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (\*).

\*IFtpXCtlNotify Interface

\*IFtpXObjNotify Interface

Close

## FTP/X IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Events

Events that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (\*).

\***Connected** Event

\***Debug** Event

\***Dirltem** Event

\***Disconnected** Event

\***Done** Event

\***Progress** Event

\***StateChanged** Event

Close

## FTP/X IFtpXObjNotify Interface Events

Events that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (\*).

\***Connected** Event

\***Debug** Event

\***Dirltem** Event

\***Disconnected** Event

\***Done** Event

\***Progress** Event

\***StateChanged** Event

Close

## Frequently Asked Questions

### General Questions

[How do I delete a file using your FTP control?](#)

[I'm having troubles using the FTP control in Visual FoxPro. Any tips?](#)

## How do I delete a file using your FTP control?

### Frequently Asked Questions

Set the DstFilename property to the name of the file on the server and then invoke the Delete method (or Action):

```
mFTP1.DstFilename = "STAR.TMP"  
mFTP1.Delete
```

or

```
mFTP1.DstFilename = "STAR.TMP"  
mFTP1.Action = FtpActionDelete
```

## **I'm having troubles using the FTP control in Visual FoxPro. Any tips?**

### Frequently Asked Questions

Sure.

1. There is a sample VFP project available at the Mabry website under the Sample Code section.
2. Make sure you are using VFP 5.0 or later. The controls probably won't work in earlier versions.
3. For some reason, blocking mode doesn't work in VFP. The control must be used in non-blocking mode.
4. Objects that are created using the Create method do not receive events. Since non-blocking mode requires the Done event, you cannot instantiate the control using the Create method. You must place the control on a form by using the VFP OLEContainer control.
5. VFP can miss events when many are fired in succession (such as the FTP control's DirItem event). Make certain that AutoYield is false and your application doesn't do anything other than handle the events in a multi-event scenerio.
6. If using one app to launch other apps, we've seen VFP get "confused" as to which form "ThisForm" is referencing. In these cases, the main form must contain a copy of each object.
7. Some properties and events are named the same (Debug, in particular). Apparently, VFP can't deal with this, but according to the COM rules, we cannot change the name because then the control is not backwards compatible. This can inhibit debugging.

## How To Buy This Software

### CREDITS

FTP/X was written by Zane Thomas.

### CONTACT INFORMATION

Orders, inquiries, technical support, questions, comments, etc. can be sent to [mabry@mabry.com](mailto:mabry@mabry.com) on the Internet. Our mailing address/contact information is:

Mabry Software, Inc.  
503 316th Street Northwest  
Stanwood, WA 98292

Sales: 1-800-99-MABRY (U.S. Only)

Voice: 360-629-9278

Fax: 360-629-9278

Web: <http://www.mabry.com>

### COST

The price of FTP/X (control only) is US\$50 (US\$55 for International orders). The cost of FTP/X and the C/C++ source code (of the control itself) is US\$199 (US\$204 for International orders).

Prices are subject to change without notice.

Printed manuals are available at US\$12.50 per copy.

### PART NUMBERS

The product number for FTP/X (control only) is 15749.

The product number for and the C/C++ source code (of the control itself) is 15750.

### DELIVERY METHODS

We can ship this software to you via air mail and/or e-mail.

**Air Mail** - you will receive diskettes, a printed manual (if purchased), and printed receipt if you choose this delivery method. The costs are:

US\$10.00	US Priority Mail
US\$15.00	Airborne Express 2nd Day (US deliveries only)
US\$20.00	Airborne Express Overnight (US deliveries only)
US\$20.00	Global Priority Mail (Int'l deliveries only; Western Europe, Pacific Rim and Canada only)
US\$45.00	International Airborne Express (Int'l deliveries only)

**E-Mail** - We can ship this package to you via e-mail. You need to have an e-mail account that can accept large file attachments (which includes CompuServe, AOL, and most Internet providers). We will e-mail a receipt to you.

Be sure to include your full mailing address with your order. Sometimes (on the Internet) the package cannot be e-mailed, so we are forced to send it through the normal mails.

### ORDER / PAYMENT METHODS

You can order this software by phone, fax, e-mail, mail. For your convenience, an order form has been provided that you can print out directly from this help file.

Please note that orders must include all information that is requested on our order form. Your shipment WILL BE DELAYED if we have to contact you for additional information (such as phone number, street address, etc.).

You can pay by credit card (VISA, MasterCard, American Express, Discover, NOVUS), check (U.S. dollars drawn on a U.S. bank), cash, International Money Order, International Postal Order, Purchase Order (established business entities only - terms net 30), or wire transfer.

## **WIRE TRANSFER INFORMATION**

Here is the information you need regarding our account for a wire funds transfer:

Bank Name:	SeaFirst - Stone Way Branch
Bank Address:	3601 Stone Way North Seattle, WA 98103
Bank Phone:	206-585-4951
Account Name:	Mabry Software, Inc.
Routing Number:	12000024
Account Number:	16311706

If you are paying with a wire transfer of funds, please add US\$25.00 to your order. This is the fee that SeaFirst Bank charges Mabry Software. Also, please ADD ANY ADDITIONAL FEES THAT YOUR BANK MAY CHARGE for wire transfer service. If you are paying with a wire transfer, we must have full payment deposited to our account before we can ship your order.

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## FTP/X Order Form

Use the Print Topic... command from the File menu to print this order form.

**Mail this form to:** Mabry Software, Inc.  
503 316th Street Northwest  
Stanwood, WA 98292  
Phone: 360-629-9278  
Fax: 360-629-9278  
Internet: mabry@mabry.com  
Web: www.mabry.com

Where did you get this copy of FTP/X?

\_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Ship to: \_\_\_\_\_

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\_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Fax: \_\_\_\_\_

E-Mail: \_\_\_\_\_

Credit Card #: \_\_\_\_\_ exp. \_\_\_\_\_

P.O. # (if any): \_\_\_\_\_ Signature \_\_\_\_\_

qty ordered \_\_\_\_\_ REGISTRATION  
\$50.00 (\$55.00 international). Check or money order in U.S. currency drawn on a U.S. bank. Add \$10.00 per order for shipping and handling. Add \$12.50 per printed manual.

qty ordered \_\_\_\_\_ SOURCE CODE AND REGISTRATION  
\$199.00 (\$204.00 international). Check or money order in U.S. currency drawn on a U.S. bank. Add \$10.00 per order for shipping and handling. Add \$12.50 per printed manual.



## ChangeDir Example

This snippet of code shows how to change directories, once connected to a server. You can change the setting of the Directory property to change to the directory you need.

```
Ftp1.Directory = "directoryname"  
Ftp1.Action = FtpActionChangeDir
```

Note: We used the Action property in this example because it is compatible for both the VBX and OCX-32 versions of the Mabry FTP control. If you want to use the ChangeDir method (only available in the OCX-32 version of the control), you can use the following code:

```
Ftp1.Directory = "directoryname"  
Ftp1.ChangeDir
```



## Connect Example

This snippet of code shows how to connect to Mabry's FTP server. You can change the settings of the Host, LogonName and LogonPassword properties to connect to other servers.

```
Ftp1.Blocking = True
Ftp1.Host = "ftp.mabry.com"
Ftp1.LogonName = "anonymous"
Ftp1.LogonPassword = "you@yourdomain.com"
Ftp1.Action = FtpActionConnect
```

**Note:** We used the Action property in this example because it is compatible for both the VBX and OCX-32 versions of the Mabry FTP control. If you want to use the Connect method (only available in the OCX-32 version of the control), you can use the following code:

```
Ftp1.Blocking = True
Ftp1.Host = "ftp.mabry.com"
Ftp1.LogonName = "anonymous"
Ftp1.LogonPassword = "you@yourdomain.com"
Ftp1.Connect
```

## Error Codes

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	No error.
WSAEINTR	10004	System level interrupt interrupted socket operation.
WSAEBADF	10009	Generic error for invalid format, bad format.
WSAEACCES	10013	Generic error for access violation.
WSAEFAULT	10014	Generic error for fault.
WSAEINVAL	10022	Generic error for invalid format, entry, etc.
WSAEMFILE	10024	Generic error for file error.
	10025	The IP address provided is not valid or the host specified by the IP does not exist.
WSAEWOULDBLOCK	10035	The socket is marked as non-blocking and the operation would block. You will be notified when the operation completes. This is just a warning, your operation will complete successfully. It is safe to ignore this error code.
WSAEINPROGRESS	10036	This error is returned if any Windows Sockets function is called while a blocking function is in progress.
WSAEALREADY	10037	The asynchronous routine being canceled has already completed.
WSAENOTSOCK	10038	Invalid socket or not connected to remote.
WSAEDESTADDRREQ	10039	A destination address is required.
WSAEMSGSIZE	10040	The socket is of type ASocketDatagram, and the datagram is larger than the maximum supported by the Windows Sockets implementation.
WSAEPROTOTYPE	10041	The specified port is the wrong type for this socket.
WSAENOPROTOOPT	10042	The option is unknown or unsupported.
WSAEPROTONOSUPPORT	10043	The specified port is not supported.
WSAESOCKTNOSUPPORT	10044	The specified socket type is not supported in this address family.
WSAEOPNOTSUPP	10045	The referenced socket is not a type that supports connection-oriented service.
WSAEAFNOSUPPORT	10047	Addresses in the specified family cannot be used with this socket.
WSAEADDRINUSE	10048	The specified address is already in use.
WSAEADDRNOTAVAIL	10049	The specified address is not available.
WSAENETDOWN	10050	The connected network is not available.
WSAENETUNREACH	10051	The connected network is not reachable.
WSAENETRESET	10052	The connected network connection has been reset.
WSAECONNABORTED	10053	The current connection has been aborted by the network or intermediate services.

WSAECONNRESET	10054	The current socket connection has been reset.
WSAENOBUFS	10055	No buffer space is available. The socket cannot be connected.
WSAEISCONN	10056	The socket is already connected.
WSAENOTCONN	10057	The current socket has not been connected.
WSAESHUTDOWN	10058	The connection has been shutdown.
WSAETIMEDOUT	10060	The current connection has timed out.
WSAECONNREFUSED	10061	The requested connection has been refused by the remote host.
WSAENAMETOOLONG	10063	Specified host name is too long.
WSAEHOSTDOWN	10064	Remote host is currently unavailable.
WSAEHOSTUNREACH	10065	Remote host is currently unreachable.
WSASYSNOTREADY	10091	Remote system is not ready.
WSAVERNOTSUPPORTED	10092	Current socket version not supported by application.
WSANOTINITIALISED	10093	Socket API is not initialized.
WSAEDISCON	10101	Socket has been disconnected.
WSAHOST_NOT_FOUND	11001	Remote host could not be found.
WSATRY_AGAIN	11002	Remote host could not be found, try again.
WSANODATA	11004	Remote host could not be found.
	20200	Command okay.
	20202	Command not implemented, superfluous at this site.
	20211	System status, or system help reply.
	20212	Directory status.
	20213	File status.
	20214	Help message. On how to use the server or the meaning of a particular non-standard command. This reply is useful only to the human user.
	20215	NAME system type. Where NAME is an official system name from the list in the Assigned Numbers document.
	20220	Service ready for new user.
	20221	Service closing control connection. Logged out if appropriate.
	20225	Data connection open; no transfer in progress.
	20226	Closing data connection. Requested file action successful (for example, file transfer or file abort).
	20227	Entering Passive Mode (h1,h2,h3,h4,p1,p2).
	20230	User logged in, proceed.
	20250	Requested file action okay, completed.
	20257	"PATHNAME" created.
	20421	Service not available, closing control connection. This may be a reply to any

	command if the service knows it must shut down.
20425	Can't open data connection.
20426	Connection closed; transfer aborted.
20450	Requested file action not taken. File unavailable (e.g., file busy).
20451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing.
20452	Requested action not taken. Insufficient storage space in system.
20500-20599	Errors reported by the server.
20501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments.
20502	Command not implemented.
20503	Bad sequence of commands.
20504	Command not implemented for that parameter.
20530	Not logged in.
20532	Need account for storing files.
20550	Requested action not taken. File unavailable (e.g., file not found, no access).
20551	Requested action aborted: page type unknown.
20552	Requested file action aborted. Exceeded storage allocation (for current directory or dataset).
20553	Requested action not taken. File name not allowed.
20601	Unexpected server response.
20600	Internal control state error.
20602	Already connected to server.
20603	Busy executing asynchronous command.
20604	Can't change blocking mode, busy or connected to server.
20605	Operation timed out.
20606	Invalid user name.
20607	Invalid password.
20608	Could not open file.

## See Also

[Blocking](#) Property

[BlockingMode](#) Property

[Done](#) Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[LastMethod](#) Property

**See Also**

**Version Property**

**See Also**

**Connect Method**

**LogonName Property**

**LogonPassword Property**

**Reinitialize Method**

## See Also

[AllocBytes](#) Property

[Append](#) Method

[Done](#) Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[LastError](#) Property

[LastMethod](#) Property

[PutFile](#) Method

[PutUniqueFile](#) Method

**See Also**

**Allocate Method**

**PutFile Method**

## See Also

[Allocate Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[DstFilename Property](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Progress Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Progress Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[Progress Event](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[SrcFilename Property](#)

[Type Property](#)

**See Also**

**Abort** Method

**BlockingMode** Property

**Connect** Method

**Done** Event

**See Also**

**Abort Method**

**Blocking Property**

**Done Event**

## See Also

[CreateDir Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Directory Property](#)

[Done Event](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

## See Also

[Account Property](#)

[Blocking Property](#)

[Connected Event](#)

[DisablePASV Property](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[Host Property](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[LibraryName Property](#)

[LogonName Property](#)

[LogonPassword Property](#)

[Port Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[State Property](#)

## See Also

[Connect Method](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateChanged Event](#)

[StateString Property](#)

## See Also

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Directory Property](#)

[Done Event](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

**See Also**

**DebugMode** Property

**PutUniqueFile** Method

**See Also**

[Debug\\_Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) [Debug\\_Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) [Debug\\_Event](#)

## See Also

[DeleteDir](#) Method

[Done](#) Event

[DstFilename](#) Property

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[LastMethod](#) Property

[SrcFilename](#) Property

## See Also

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[Directory Property](#)

[Done Event](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

**See Also**

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

## See Also

[DirItem](#) Event

[DirItemPattern](#) Property

[DirItems](#) Property

[GetDirList](#) Method

[GetFilenameList](#) Method

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) DirItem Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) DirItem Event

## See Also

[DirItem](#) Property

[DirItemPattern](#) Property

[DirItems](#) Property

[GetDirList](#) Method

[GetFilenameList](#) Method

[Recordset](#) Property

**See Also**

[DirItem Event](#)

[DirItem Property](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify DirItem Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify DirItem Event](#)

[Recordset Property](#)

## See Also

[DirItem Event](#)

[DirItem Property](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[GetFilenameList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify DirItem Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify DirItem Event](#)

**See Also**

**Connect Method**

**Disconnect Method**

## See Also

[Connect Method](#)

[Connected Event](#)

[DisablePasv Property](#)

[Disconnected Event](#)

[Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

## See Also

[Disconnect Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateChanged Event](#)

[StateString Property](#)

## See Also

[Abort Method](#)

[Allocate Method](#)

[Append Method](#)

[Blocking Property](#)

[BlockingMode Property](#)

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[Connected Event](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[Disconnected Event](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[GetFilenameList Method](#)

[LastError Property](#)

[LastErrorString Property](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Quote Method](#)

[QuoteCmd Property](#)

[ReadData Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[SendType Method](#)

[Timeout Property](#)

**See Also**

[Append Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[SrcFilename Property](#)

## See Also

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Directory Property](#)

[Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

## See Also

[ChangeDir](#) Method

[DirItem](#) Event

[DirItem](#) Property

[DirItemPattern](#) Property

[DirItems](#) Property

[Done](#) Event

[GetFilenameList](#) Method

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) DirItem Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) DirItem Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[LastMethod](#) Property

[ParentDir](#) Method

[Pattern](#) Property

[Recordset](#) Property

## See Also

[Append](#) Method

[Done](#) Event

[DstFilename](#) Property

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Progress Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Progress Event

[LastMethod](#) Property

[Progress](#) Event

[PutFile](#) Method

[SendType](#) Method

[SrcFilename](#) Property

[Type](#) Property

## See Also

[DirItem Event](#)

[DirItem Property](#)

[DirItems Property](#)

[Done Event](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify DirItem Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify DirItem Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[Pattern Property](#)

**See Also**

**Connect Method**

**Port Property**

**Reinitialize Method**

## See Also

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Debug Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify DirItem Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Progress Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[NotificationObject Property](#)

## See Also

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Debug Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify DirItem Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Progress Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[NotificationObject Property](#)

## See Also

[Allocate](#) Method

[Done](#) Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[LastErrorString](#) Property

## See Also

[Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastError Property](#)

## See Also

[Abort Method](#)

[Allocate Method](#)

[Append Method](#)

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[GetFilenameList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Quote Method](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[SendType Method](#)

**See Also**

**Connect Method**

**See Also**

[Account Property](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[LogonPassword Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

**See Also**

[Account Property](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[LogonName Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

## See Also

[\*\*IFtpXCtlNotify\*\* Connected Event](#)

[\*\*IFtpXCtlNotify\*\* Debug Event](#)

[\*\*IFtpXCtlNotify\*\* Interface](#)

[\*\*IFtpXObjNotify\*\* Connected Event](#)

[\*\*IFtpXObjNotify\*\* Debug Event](#)

[\*\*IFtpXObjNotify\*\* Interface](#)

## See Also

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

**See Also**

[GetDirList Method](#)

[GetFilenameList Method](#)

**See Also**

**Connect Method**

**Host Property**

**See Also**

**Append** Method

**GetFile** Method

**PutFile** Method

**PutUniqueFile** Method

## See Also

[Allocate](#) Method

[AllocBytes](#) Property

[Append](#) Method

[Done](#) Event

[DstFilename](#) Property

[GetFile](#) Method

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Progress Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Progress Event

[LastMethod](#) Property

[Progress](#) Event

[PutUniqueFile](#) Method

[Rename](#) Method

[SendType](#) Method

[SrcFilename](#) Property

[Type](#) Property

## See Also

[Allocate Method](#)

[Append Method](#)

[Debug Event](#)

[Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Progress Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Progress Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[Progress Event](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[SendType Method](#)

[SrcFilename Property](#)

[Type Property](#)

## See Also

[Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[QuoteCmd Property](#)

[ReadData Property](#)

**See Also**

[Done Event](#)

[Quote Method](#)

[ReadData Property](#)

**See Also**

[Done Event](#)

[Quote Method](#)

[QuoteCmd Property](#)

## See Also

[DirItem](#) Event

[DirItemPattern](#) Property

[GetDirList](#) Method

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) DirItem Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) DirItem Event

## See Also

[Account Property](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[Connected Event](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[Done Event](#)

[Host Property](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[LogonName Property](#)

[LogonPassword Property](#)

## See Also

[Append](#) Method

[Done](#) Event

[DstFilename](#) Property

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Done Event

[LastMethod](#) Property

[PutFile](#) Method

[SendType](#) Method

[SrcFilename](#) Property

## See Also

[Done Event](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[Type Property](#)

## See Also

[Append Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[DstFilename Property](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

## See Also

[Connect Method](#)

[Connected Event](#)

[Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[StateChanged Event](#)

[StateString Property](#)

**See Also**

**Connected Event**

**Disconnected Event**

**State Property**

**StateString Property**

## See Also

[Connected Event](#)

[Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateChanged Event](#)

**See Also**

**Done Event**

**See Also**

**Append** Method

**GetFile** Method

**PutFile** Method

**PutUniqueFile** Method

**SendType** Method

**See Also**

**About Method**

## See Also

[Connect Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Interface](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[NotificationObject Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateString Property](#)

**See Also**

[DebugMode](#) Property

[IFtpXctlNotify](#) Interface

[NotificationObject](#) Property

## See Also

[DirItem](#) Property

[DirItemPattern](#) Property

[DirItems](#) Property

[GetDirList](#) Method

[GetFilenameList](#) Method

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Interface

[Recordset](#) Property

## See Also

[Disconnect](#) Method

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Done Event

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) Interface

[IFtpXCtlNotify](#) StateChanged Event

[State](#) Property

[StateString](#) Property

## See Also

[Abort Method](#)

[Allocate Method](#)

[Append Method](#)

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[GetFilenameList Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Interface](#)

[LastError Property](#)

[LastErrorString Property](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Quote Method](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[SendType Method](#)

**See Also**

[Append Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Interface](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

## See Also

[IFtpXCtlNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXCtlNotify Interface](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateString Property](#)

## See Also

[Connect Method](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Done Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Interface](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify StateChanged Event](#)

[NotificationObject Property](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateString Property](#)

**See Also**

[DebugMode](#) Property

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Interface

[NotificationObject](#) Property

## See Also

[DirItem](#) Property

[DirItemPattern](#) Property

[DirItems](#) Property

[GetDirList](#) Method

[GetFilenameList](#) Method

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Interface

[Recordset](#) Property

## See Also

[Disconnect](#) Method

[IFtpXObjNotify Done](#) Event

[IFtpXObjNotify](#) Interface

[IFtpXObjNotify StateChanged](#) Event

[State](#) Property

[StateString](#) Property

## See Also

[Abort Method](#)

[Allocate Method](#)

[Append Method](#)

[ChangeDir Method](#)

[Connect Method](#)

[CreateDir Method](#)

[Delete Method](#)

[DeleteDir Method](#)

[Disconnect Method](#)

[GetCurrentDir Method](#)

[GetDirList Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[GetFilenameList Method](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Interface](#)

[LastError Property](#)

[LastErrorString Property](#)

[LastMethod Property](#)

[ParentDir Method](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

[Quote Method](#)

[Reinitialize Method](#)

[Rename Method](#)

[SendType Method](#)

**See Also**

[Append Method](#)

[GetFile Method](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Interface](#)

[PutFile Method](#)

[PutUniqueFile Method](#)

**See Also**

[IFtpXObjNotify Connected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Disconnected Event](#)

[IFtpXObjNotify Interface](#)

[State Property](#)

[StateString Property](#)

## Abort Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Abort current data transfer.

### Syntax

*object*.**Abort**

The syntax of the **Abort** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.

### Remarks

Used to cancel commands when the [Blocking property](#) is False. File transfer commands may be canceled using the Abort method regardless of the state of the [Blocking property](#). However, it is recommended, if your user-interface requires that the user be able to cancel transfers, that the [Blocking property](#) be set to False so that user actions can be rapidly serviced.

RFC equivalent - ABOR

## About Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Displays About Box.

### Syntax

*object*.**About**

The syntax of the **About** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.

### Remarks

This method displays the About Box for the control.

## Account Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Account name, required by some servers.

### Syntax

*object*.**Account** [= *Account* ]

The syntax of the **Account** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Account</i>	A string expression containing the Account setting.

### Remarks

Some servers may require that an account name be supplied in addition to the [LogonName](#) and [LogonPassword](#). For servers which require an account, this property must be set before invoking the [Connect method](#).

### Data Type

String

## Allocate Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Pre-allocates space on server for file transfer.

### Syntax

*object*.**Allocate***NumberOfBytes*

The syntax of the **Allocate** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>NumberOfBytes</i>	Required. Optional argument containing the number of bytes to allocate.

### Remarks

Some FTP servers require you to allocate storage for a file before sending it. The Allocate method is used to perform this allocation, requesting the server to allocate the number of bytes of storage specified by the [AllocBytes property](#).

Many servers do not actually require that this command be used. The FTP specification requires servers to ignore this command if they do not require/support it.

To be safe under all circumstances, you should always use Allocate before sending any file and then ignore any 205xx errors (see the [LastError property](#)) which may be returned. Do not, however, ignore 204xx errors since the server may be indicating that it cannot fulfill the request at this time.

RFC equivalent - ALLO

## AllocBytes Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Bytes to allocate when using the [Allocate method](#) .

### Syntax

*object*.**AllocBytes** [= *AllocBytes* ]

The syntax of the **AllocBytes** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>AllocBytes</i>	A long integer containing the number of bytes to allocate.

### Remarks

Some servers require that you allocate storage for a file before sending it with the [PutFile method](#). Set the AllocBytes property to the source file size before invoking the [Allocate method](#).

### Data Type

Long

## Append Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Appends the source (local) file to the destination (server) file.

### Syntax

*object*.**Append***SrcFilename,DstFilename*

The syntax of the **Append** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>SrcFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the source (local) filename to send.
<i>DstFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the destination (server) file to be appended.

### Remarks

Appends data from the local file named by the *srcfilename* parameter to the FTP server's file, named by the *dstfilename* parameter. If *dstfilename* does not exist on the server, it will be created.

If *srcfilename* and *dstfilename* are not specified, the [SrcFilename Property](#) and [DstFilename Property](#) values will be used.

Some servers may require you to use the [Allocate method](#) prior to starting a file transfer.

RFC equivalent - APPE

## BlockingMode Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Determines message processing when [Blocking](#) is True.

### Syntax

*object*.**BlockingMode** [= *BlockingMode* ]

The syntax of the **BlockingMode** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>BlockingMode</i>	Integer that indicates the type of blocking mode to use.

### Remarks

There are two different block modes to choose from, FtpTrueBlocking (0) and FtpPseudoBlocking (1). If you have Blocking enabled and FtpTrueBlocking mode selected, then blocking calls will process only WM\_PAINT messages for your program. All other messages will be ignored.

If you choose FtpPseudoBlocking mode then all of your program's messages will be processed, including mouse, keyboard, and so on. PseudoBlocking allows full UI interactivity while blocking operations are in progress, but also requires that you exercise considerable care to ensure that you do not call any other blocking functions while one is in progress. If you fail to handle this correctly, errors will result (which you may choose to handle with On Error Goto or similar statements).

This property supports the following values:

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
FtpTrueBlocking	0	True blocking
FtpPseudoBlocking	1	Pseudo blocking

### Data Type

BlockingModesEnum

## Blocking Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Determines if methods are blocking (synchronous) or non-blocking (asynchronous).

### Syntax

*object*.**Blocking** [= *Blocking* ]

The syntax of the **Blocking** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Blocking</i>	A boolean expression that determines if the control waits for completion of an operation (True), or returns control to the program immediately (False).

### Remarks

If this property is set to True, any commands using any of the methods will not return to your code until the command completes. In other words, the command will be handled synchronously.

If this property is false, any commands are handled asynchronously. They return to you immediately. You are notified of completion with the [Done event](#). When the user-interface requires that the user be able to cancel file transfers, it is recommended that Blocking be set to False so that your program can respond quickly to user actions.

**Important Note:** The Blocking property must not be changed while a connection is established. You should only change the Blocking property when the control is not connected to a server. Changing the Blocking property while connected could cause some strange behavior in the control.

### Data Type

Boolean

## ChangeDir Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Changes the server's working directory.

### Syntax

*object*.**ChangeDir***directory*

The syntax of the **ChangeDir** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>directory</i>	Optional. A string expression holding the desired new directory. If not specified, the <u>Directory property</u> is used.

### Remarks

Changes the server's current directory to that specified by the *directory* parameter.

(p> If the *directory* parameter is not specified, the Directory Property is used. RFC equivalent - CWD

## Connect Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Connects to a FTP server.

### Syntax

*object*.**Connect***username,password,account*

The syntax of the **Connect** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>username</i>	Optional. A string expression holding the user's name. If not specified, the <a href="#">LogonName property</a> is used.
<i>password</i>	Optional. A string expression specifying the user's password. If not specified, the <a href="#">LogonPassword property</a> is used.
<i>account</i>	Optional. A string expression specifying the user's account name. If not specified, the <a href="#">Account property</a> is used.

### Remarks

Establishes the TCP/IP connection with the server specified by the [Host Property](#). Before executing the Connect method you must first set the Host property. If the *logonname*, *logonpassword*, and *account* parameters are not specified, the [LogonName Property](#) and the [LogonPassword Property](#) must also be set. Some servers may require an Account name and the [Account Property](#) needs to be set for those servers.

**Important Note #1:** The [Blocking property](#) must not be changed while a connection is established. You should only change the [Blocking property](#) when the control is not connected to a server. Changing the [Blocking property](#) while connected could cause some strange behavior in the control.

**Important Note #2:** The [DisablePASV property](#) must not be changed while a connection is established. You must set the DisablePASV property as desired prior to establishing the connection.

RFC equivalentents - USER, PASS, ACCT

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Connected Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires after a successful Connection.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Connected*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXControl As ByRef IFtpXCtl*)

The syntax of the **Connected** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control.

### **Remarks**

Fires when the State property changes to *StateConnected* (1). Note -- use caution when invoking methods from the Connected event because the IFtpXCtlNotify Done event also fires *after* the Connected event. Invoking a method from within the Connected event will cause two Done events to fire -- one for the method called from within the Connected event and one for the original Connect method.

## **IFtpXObjectNotify Interface Connected Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires after a successful Connection.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Connected*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXObject As IFtpXObject*)

The syntax of the **Connected** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjectNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.

### **Remarks**

Fires when the State property changes to *StateConnected* (1). Note -- use caution when invoking methods from the Connected event because the IFtpXObjectNotify Done event also fires *after* the Connected event. Invoking a method from within the Connected event will cause two Done events to fire -- one for the method called from within the Connected event and one for the original Connect method.

## Connected Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fires after a successful Connection.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_Connected*(*[index As Integer]*)

The syntax of the **Connected** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.

### Remarks

Fires when the [State property](#) changes to *StateConnected* (1). Note -- use caution when invoking methods from the Connected event because the [Done event](#) also fires *after* the Connected event. Invoking a method from within the Connected event will cause two Done events to fire -- one for the method called from within the Connected event and one for the original Connect method.

## CreateDir Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Creates a directory on the remote system (FTP server).

### Syntax

*object*.**CreateDir***directory*

The syntax of the **CreateDir** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>directory</i>	Optional. A string expression holding the desired new directory. If not specified, the <u>Directory property</u> is used.

### Remarks

Creates a remote directory named by the *directory* parameter. If the *directory* parameter is not specified, the Directory property is used.

RFC equivalent - MKD

## DebugMode Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Enables and disables the [Debug event](#).

### Syntax

*object*.**DebugMode** [= *DebugMode* ]

The syntax of the **DebugMode** property has these parts:

<b><u>Part</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>DebugMode</i>	An integer that determines if <a href="#">Debug events</a> are fired.

### Remarks

Setting Debug to one (1) enables the [Debug event](#). Setting it to zero (0) disables the [Debug event](#). All other values are invalid at this time.

### Data Type

Integer

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Debug Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fired when the control has debugging information for the program.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Debug* (*[index As Integer,* *FtpXControl As ByRef IFtpXCtl,* *DebugMsg As String]*)

The syntax of the **Debug** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control.
<i>DebugMsg</i>	A string expression that holds a debugging message from the control.

### **Remarks**

The Debug event is enabled by setting the [DebugMode property](#) to a non-zero value (1 is the only permitted non-zero value at this time). When the [DebugMode property](#) is non-zero, the [IFtpXCtlNotify Debug event](#) will fire as messages are sent to and received from the server. Printing the DebugMsg argument string to Visual Basic's debug window will help you understand what is happening as you debug your application.

## Debug Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fired when the control has debugging information for the program.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_Debug*([*index As Integer*,] *DebugMsg As String*)

The syntax of the **Debug** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.
<i>DebugMsg</i>	A string expression that holds a debugging message from the control.

### Remarks

The Debug event is enabled by setting the [DebugMode property](#) to a non-zero value (1 is the only permitted non-zero value at this time). When the DebugMode property is non-zero, the Debug event will fire as messages are sent to and received from the server. Printing the Message argument string to Visual Basic's debug window will help you understand what is happening as you debug your application.

## **IFtpXObjectNotify Interface Debug Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fired when the control has debugging information for the program.

### **Syntax**

**Sub *object\_Debug*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXObject As IFtpXObject*, *DebugMsg As String*)**

The syntax of the **Debug** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjectNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.
<i>DebugMsg</i>	A string expression that holds a debugging message from the control.

### **Remarks**

The Debug event is enabled by setting the [DebugMode property](#) to a non-zero value (1 is the only permitted non-zero value at this time). When the [DebugMode property](#) is non-zero, the [IFtpXObjectNotify Debug event](#) will fire as messages are sent to and received from the server. Printing the DebugMsg argument string to Visual Basic's debug window will help you understand what is happening as you debug your application.

## Delete Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Deletes a file from the remote system.

### Syntax

*object.DeleteDstFilename*

The syntax of the **Delete** method has these parts:

<b><u>Part</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>DstFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the name of the file to delete from the server.

### Remarks

This method deletes the file specified by *dstfilename* from the FTP server. If the *dstfilename* parameter is not specified then the [DstFilename property](#) is used.

RFC equivalent - DELE

## DeleteDir Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Deletes a directory from the remote system.

### Syntax

*object.DeleteDir**directory*

The syntax of the **DeleteDir** method has these parts:

<b><u>Part</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>directory</i>	Optional. A string expression holding the desired new directory. If not specified, the <u>Directory property</u> is used.

### Remarks

This method deletes a directory, specified by the *directory* parameter, from the FTP server. If the *directory* parameter is not specified then the Directory property is used.

RFC equivalent - RMD

## Directory Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Argument for directory-oriented methods.

### Syntax

*object*.**Directory** [= *Directory* ]

The syntax of the **Directory** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Directory</i>	A string expression containing a directory name for the FTP server.

### Remarks

You can set this property to a directory name for the FTP server before using the [ChangeDir method](#), [CreateDir method](#), or [DeleteDir method](#).

This property is set to the server's current directory upon completion of the [GetCurrentDir method](#).

### Data Type

String

## Dirltem Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fires as the server returns data during the [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) methods.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_Dirltem*([*index* **As Integer**,] *Item* **As String**)

The syntax of the **Dirltem** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.
<i>Item</i>	A string expression containing the item returned by the server.

### Remarks

Fired for each line returned from the server for either the [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) methods.

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Dirltem Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires as the server returns data during the [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) methods.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Dirltem*([*index* **As Integer**,] *FtpXControl* **As ByRef IFtpXCtl**, *Item* **As String**)

The syntax of the **Dirltem** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control.
<i>Item</i>	A string expression containing the item returned by the server.

### **Remarks**

Fired for each line returned from the server for either the [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) methods.

## Dirltem Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

This property contains the data retrieved from a [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) method. It is a string array where each element in the array contains one item returned by the server. The index ranges from zero (0) to ([DirItems](#) - 1).

The exact format of the data returned by the server may vary depending upon the system type.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Syntax

*object*.**Dirltem** [= *Index*, *Dirltem* ]

The syntax of the **Dirltem** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Index</i>	A long integer that identifies an element in the array.
<i>Dirltem</i>	A string expression that contains the actual item as returned by the server.

### Remarks

This property contains the data retrieved from a [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) method. It is a string array where each element in the array contains one item returned by the server. The index ranges from zero (0) to ([DirItems](#) - 1).

The exact format of the data returned by the server may vary depending upon the system type. Use the [DirltemPattern property](#) to customize the pattern if necessary.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Data Type

String

## **IFtpXObjNotify Interface Dirltem Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires as the server returns data during the [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) methods.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Dirltem* (*[index As Integer,]* *FtpXObject* **As IFtpXObj**, *Item* **As String**)

The syntax of the **Dirltem** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.
<i>Item</i>	A string expression containing the item returned by the server.

### **Remarks**

Fired for each line returned from the server for either the [GetDirList](#) or [GetFilenameList](#) methods.

## DirltemPattern Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Allows customization of the format for directory listings.

### Syntax

*object*.**DirltemPattern** [= *DirltemPattern* ]

The syntax of the **DirltemPattern** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>DirltemPattern</i>	A string expression that specifies a custom parsing string for items returned during a GetDirList.

### Remarks

The [GetDirList method](#) causes the server to return a string which is the source of the [Recordset property](#). The exact format of the data returned by the server may vary depending upon the system type. The DirltemPattern property can be used to specify how the fields are parsed. For each directory item returned by the server the line is parsed by taking the characters from DirltemPattern one at a time, left to right, and applying the following rules:

1. If the letter in the DirltemPattern is upper-case, then copy characters from the directory item to the appropriate [recordset](#) field until either a whitespace char or end of line character is found.
2. The exception to rule 1 is when the DirltemPattern is the upper case "D" character. "D" parses the three parts of a Date (month, day, and year, such as Mar 3 1996) and concatenates them into the recordset's Date field.
3. If the DirltemPattern character is a lower-case letter, only a single character is copied into the appropriate field. Characters in the pattern which do not match a field are skipped, as is the character from the directory item.

The characters have the following meanings:

T: Filetype  
P: Permissions  
N: Filename  
L: Link count  
O: Owner  
G: Group  
D: Date  
S: Size

A blank DirltemPattern value is the equivalent to using "tPLOGSDN". This default pattern should work for every unix or NT-based system running a standard configuration.

### Data Type

String

## DirItems Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Indicates the number of elements in the [DirItem](#) array.

### Syntax

*object*.DirItems [= *DirItems* ]

The syntax of the **DirItems** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>DirItems</i>	A long integer that holds the number of items in the DirItem array.

### Remarks

DirItems holds the number of items received from the last [GetDirList method](#) or [GetFilenameList method](#). This property tells you how many items are in the [DirItem property](#) array. This property is only valid after a GetDirList or GetFilenameList method.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Data Type

Long

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Disconnected Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires after disconnecting from the FTP server.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Disconnected*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXControl As ByRef IFtpXCtl*)

The syntax of the **Disconnected** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control.

### **Remarks**

Fires when the [State property](#) changes to *StateNotConnected* (0). Note -- the [IFtpXCtlNotify Done event](#) also fires *after* the IFtpXCtlNotify Disconnected event.

## Disconnected Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fires after disconnecting from the FTP server.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_Disconnected*([*index As Integer*])

The syntax of the **Disconnected** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.

### Remarks

Fires when the [State property](#) changes to *StateNotConnected* (0). Note -- the [Done event](#) also fires *after* the Disconnected event.

## **IFtpXObjectNotify Interface Disconnected Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires after disconnecting from the FTP server.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Disconnected*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXObject As IFtpXObject*)

The syntax of the **Disconnected** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjectNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.

### **Remarks**

Fires when the State property changes to *StateNotConnected* (0). Note -- the IFtpXObjectNotify Done event also fires *after* the IFtpXObjectNotify Disconnected event.

## Disconnect Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Disconnects (logs off) from the server.

### Syntax

*object*.Disconnect

The syntax of the **Disconnect** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.

### Remarks

When connected to a server, the Disconnect method simply terminates the logical TCP/IP connection with the server. Upon disconnection, the control fires the [Disconnected event](#).

RFC equivalent - QUIT

## DisablePasv Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Used to enable or disable passive connections.

### Syntax

*object*.**DisablePasv** [= *boolean* ]

The syntax of the **DisablePasv** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>boolean</i>	A boolean expression that determines if the control uses the PASV command.

### Remarks

The FTP protocol uses two sockets when performing transfers -- one for sending commands (called the control socket) and one for transferring the data (communication socket). When the control socket issues a command that requires a communication socket, the FTP client and server need to negotiate a port to use.

The PORT command specifies that the *client* will determine which port to use for the communication socket. This is called an *active* connection.

The PASV command specifies that the *server* will determine which port to use for the communication. This is called a *passive* connection.

The DisablePASV property determines whether to use passive or active connections. When DisablePASV = False (default), passive connections are attempted. When DisablePASV = True, active connections are attempted. The DisablePASV property should be set to the desired value before invoking the [Connect method](#) and should not be changed while connected to the server.

Although the FTP RFC allows both modes, some servers or firewalls may only allow passive connections while others only allow active connections. Since there is no way to know ahead of time, you should first try one method and if it fails or times out then you will need to [Disconnect](#) and re-connect using the alternate mode.

### Data Type

Boolean

## Done Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

This event procedure is fired when the control completes an action or method.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_Done*([*index* **As Integer**,] *LastMethod* **As MethodsEnum**, *ErrorCode* **As Integer**, *ErrorString* **As String**)

The syntax of the **Done** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.
<i>LastMethod</i>	An integer indicating the method which caused the event to fire.
<i>ErrorCode</i>	An integer that indicates whether the method completed successfully or not.
<i>ErrorString</i>	A string expression that gives a description of the error (if any) for the method that just completed.

### Remarks

This event fires after each method completes. The *LastMethod* parameter indicates which method caused the event to fire. If the *ErrorNumber* parameter is zero, the operation completed correctly. If *ErrorNumber* is not zero, then *Error* specifies an error code.

The *LastMethod* parameter may be one of the following values:

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
FtpActionAbort	1	<a href="#">Abort</a> Method.
FtpActionAllocate	2	<a href="#">Allocate</a> Method.
FtpActionAppend	3	<a href="#">Append</a> Method.
FtpActionChangeDir	4	<a href="#">ChangeDir</a> Method.
FtpActionConnect	5	<a href="#">Connect</a> Method.
FtpActionCreateDir	6	<a href="#">CreateDir</a> Method.
FtpActionDelete	7	<a href="#">Delete</a> Method.
FtpActionDeleteDir	8	<a href="#">DeleteDir</a> Method.
FtpActionDisconnect	9	<a href="#">Disconnect</a> Method.
FtpActionGetCurrentDir	10	<a href="#">GetCurrentDir</a> Method.
FtpActionGetDirList	11	<a href="#">GetDirList</a> Method.
FtpActionGetFile	12	<a href="#">GetFile</a> Method.
FtpActionGetFilenameList	13	<a href="#">GetFilenameList</a> Method.
FtpActionNone	0	No action.
FtpActionParentDir	14	<a href="#">ParentDir</a> Method.
FtpActionPutFile	15	<a href="#">PutFile</a> Method.
FtpActionPutUniqueFile	16	<a href="#">PutUniqueFile</a> Method.
FtpActionQuote	22	<a href="#">Quote</a> Method.
FtpActionReinitialize	20	<a href="#">Reinitialize</a> Method.
FtpActionRename	19	<a href="#">Rename</a> Method.
FtpActionSendType	17	<a href="#">SendType</a> Method.

### Remarks

Fired when a method has finished executing without error. If an error occurs during execution of any

method and Blocking is True, then an error is thrown by the control and must be handled by **On Error**. When Blocking is False, an error may be thrown during execution of a method as it is when Blocking is True.

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Done Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

This event procedure is fired when the control completes an action or method.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Done*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXControl As ByRef IFtpXCtl*, *LastMethod As MethodsEnum*, *ErrorCode As Integer*, *ErrorString As String*)

The syntax of the **Done** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control
<i>LastMethod</i>	An integer indicating the method which caused the event to fire.
<i>ErrorCode</i>	An integer that indicates whether the method completed successfully or not.
<i>ErrorString</i>	A string expression that gives a user-friendly version of the error (if any) for the method that just completed.

### **Remarks**

This event fires after each method completes. The *LastMethod* parameter indicates which method caused the event to fire. If the *ErrorCode* parameter is zero, the operation completed correctly. If *ErrorCode* is not zero, then *ErrorString* specifies an error code.

The *LastMethod* parameter may be one of the following values:

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
FtpActionAbort	1	<u>Abort</u> Method.
FtpActionAllocate	2	<u>Allocate</u> Method.
FtpActionAppend	3	<u>Append</u> Method.
FtpActionChangeDir	4	<u>ChangeDir</u> Method.
FtpActionConnect	5	<u>Connect</u> Method.
FtpActionCreateDir	6	<u>CreateDir</u> Method.
FtpActionDelete	7	<u>Delete</u> Method.
FtpActionDeleteDir	8	<u>DeleteDir</u> Method.
FtpActionDisconnect	9	<u>Disconnect</u> Method.
FtpActionGetCurrentDir	10	<u>GetCurrentDir</u> Method.
FtpActionGetDirList	11	<u>GetDirList</u> Method.
FtpActionGetFile	12	<u>GetFile</u> Method.
FtpActionGetFilenameList	13	<u>GetFilenameList</u> Method.
FtpActionNone	0	No action.
FtpActionParentDir	14	<u>ParentDir</u> Method.
FtpActionPutFile	15	<u>PutFile</u> Method.
FtpActionPutUniqueFile	16	<u>PutUniqueFile</u> Method.
FtpActionQuote	22	<u>Quote</u> Method.
FtpActionReinitialize	20	<u>Reinitialize</u> Method.
FtpActionRename	19	<u>Rename</u> Method.
FtpActionSendType	17	<u>SendType</u> Method.

## **IFtpXObjNotify Interface Done Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

This event procedure is fired when the control completes an action or method.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Done*([*index As Integer*,] *FtpXObject As IFtpXObj*, *LastMethod As MethodsEnum*, *ErrorCode As Integer*, *ErrorString As String*)

The syntax of the **Done** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.
<i>LastMethod</i>	An integer indicating the method which caused the event to fire.
<i>ErrorCode</i>	An integer that indicates whether the method completed successfully or not.
<i>ErrorString</i>	A string expression that gives a user-friendly version of the error (if any) for the method that just completed.

### **Remarks**

This event fires after each method completes. The *LastMethod* parameter indicates which method caused the event to fire. If the *ErrorCode* parameter is zero, the operation completed correctly. If *ErrorCode* is not zero, then *ErrorString* specifies an error code.

The *LastMethod* parameter may be one of the following values:

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
FtpActionAbort	1	<u>Abort</u> Method.
FtpActionAllocate	2	<u>Allocate</u> Method.
FtpActionAppend	3	<u>Append</u> Method.
FtpActionChangeDir	4	<u>ChangeDir</u> Method.
FtpActionConnect	5	<u>Connect</u> Method.
FtpActionCreateDir	6	<u>CreateDir</u> Method.
FtpActionDelete	7	<u>Delete</u> Method.
FtpActionDeleteDir	8	<u>DeleteDir</u> Method.
FtpActionDisconnect	9	<u>Disconnect</u> Method.
FtpActionGetCurrentDir	10	<u>GetCurrentDir</u> Method.
FtpActionGetDirList	11	<u>GetDirList</u> Method.
FtpActionGetFile	12	<u>GetFile</u> Method.
FtpActionGetFilenameList	13	<u>GetFilenameList</u> Method.
FtpActionNone	0	No action.
FtpActionParentDir	14	<u>ParentDir</u> Method.
FtpActionPutFile	15	<u>PutFile</u> Method.
FtpActionPutUniqueFile	16	<u>PutUniqueFile</u> Method.
FtpActionQuote	22	<u>Quote</u> Method.
FtpActionReinitialize	20	<u>Reinitialize</u> Method.
FtpActionRename	19	<u>Rename</u> Method.
FtpActionSendType	17	<u>SendType</u> Method.

## DstFilename Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Filename for destination of transfers.

### Syntax

*object*.DstFilename [= *DstFilename* ]

The syntax of the **DstFilename** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>DstFilename</i>	A string expression containing the filename and path for file related methods.

### Remarks

The [GetFile](#), [PutFile](#), [Append](#), [Rename](#) and [Delete](#) methods all require a destination filename. The DstFilename property may contain both the filename and a path.

When performing a GetFile, the DstFilename is the name of the file on the local machine. For example:

```
FtpX.DstFilename = "C:\temp\somefile.txt" 'the local file
FtpX.SrcFilename = "somefile.txt" 'the server file
FtpX.GetFile
```

When performing a PutFile or Append, the DstFilename is the name of the file on the remote machine (the FTP server). For example:

```
FtpX.SrcFilename = "C:\temp\somefile.txt" 'the local file
FtpX.DstFilename = "somefile.txt" 'the server file
FtpX.PutFile 'or FtpX.Append
```

When performing a Rename, the DstFilename is the name that the file will become on the remote machine (the new name on the FTP server). For example:

```
FtpX.SrcFilename = "oldfile.txt" 'the original server filename
FtpX.DstFilename = "newfile.txt" 'the new server filename
FtpX.Rename
```

### Data Type

String

## GetCurrentDir Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Retrieves the ftp server's current working directory.

### Syntax

*object*.GetCurrentDir

The syntax of the **GetCurrentDir** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.

### Remarks

Retrieves the FTP server's current directory. When the command completes, the [Directory property](#) will contain the server's response.

RFC equivalent - PWD

## GetDirList Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Gets a directory listing from the server.

### Syntax

*object*.GetDirList(*pattern*)

The syntax of the **GetDirList** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>pattern</i>	Optional. A string expression holding the search pattern (including wildcards) for the directory listing. If not specified, the <a href="#">Pattern property</a> is used.

### Remarks

Requests a verbose listing of the files in the FTP server's current directory. The exact format of the data returned may vary depending upon the system type. For each line of the directory listing, the [DirItem event](#) is fired. Use the *pattern* parameter to limit the number of responses. If the *pattern* parameter is not specified, then the [Pattern property](#) is used. If both the *pattern* parameter and the [Pattern property](#) are empty, all directory items will be returned.

RFC equivalent - LIST

## GetFile Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Get a file from the FTP server.

### Syntax

*object*.**GetFile***srcfilename,dstfilename*

The syntax of the **GetFile** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>srcfilename</i>	Optional. A string expression holding the source filename. If not specified, the <a href="#">SrcFilename</a> property is used.
<i>dstfilename</i>	Optional. A string expression specifying the destination filename. If not specified, the <a href="#">DstFilename</a> property is used.

### Remarks

Copies data from the remote file named by the *srcfilename* parameter to the local file named by the *dstfilename* parameter. If the destination file already exists, its contents are replaced; otherwise it is created.

Both the *srcfilename* and *dstfilename* parameters can include paths. If the *srcfilename* and *dstfilename* parameters are not specified, the [SrcFilename property](#) and [DstFilename property](#) values are used.

RFC equivalent - RETR

## GetFilenameList Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Gets a filename list from the server.

### Syntax

*object*.GetFilenameList(*Pattern*)

The syntax of the **GetFilenameList** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>Pattern</i>	Optional. A string expression containing a pattern to use when retrieving the list of filenames.

### Remarks

Requests a name-only listing of the files in the FTP server's current directory. For each line of the directory listing, the [DirItem event](#) is fired. Use the *pattern* parameter to limit the number of responses. If the *pattern* parameter is not specified, then the [Pattern property](#) is used. If both the *pattern* parameter and the Pattern property are empty, all filenames will be returned.

RFC equivalent - NLST

## Host Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Name or IP address of the FTP server.

### Syntax

*object*.**Host** [= *Host* ]

The syntax of the **Host** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Host</i>	A string expression that specifies the name or IP address of a server.

### Remarks

Used to specify the name (or IP address directly) of the server to use during execution of the next [Connect method](#). If using a name, the fully qualified domain name (such as "ftp.mabry.com") is recommended.

### Remarks

Used to specify the name (or IP address directly) of the FTP host to use during execution of the next [Connect method](#).

### Data Type

String

## IFtpXctlNotify Interface

[See Also](#)

[Events](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fast Notification interface for the OCX control.

### Remarks

The FTP/X OCX implements a Fast Notification (early-bound callback) interface as an alternative to using events. You can implement the early-bound callback functions which are identical to the events except that an instance of the OCX calling the function is passed as the first parameter. This extra parameter substitutes for the Index parameter you would have had in a control array implementation.

To implement the IFtpXctlNotify interface, add the following in the declarations section of a form or class:

```
Implements IFtpXctlNotify
```

Then, use the [NotificationObject property](#) to specify the object which will receive the notifications, such as:

```
Private Sub Form_Load ()  
    FtpXctl1.NotificationObject = Me  
End Sub
```

Finally, use the various events such as [IFtpXctlNotify Done event](#), the [IFtpXctlNotify StateChanged event](#), etc. to capture the events.

## IFtpXObjNotify Interface

[See Also](#)

[Events](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fast Notification interface for the Ftp/X COM Object (DLL).

### Remarks

The FTP/X COM Object implements a Fast Notification (early-bound callback) interface as an alternative to using events. You can implement the early-bound callback functions which are identical to the events except that an instance of the object calling the function is passed as the first parameter. This extra parameter substitutes for the Index parameter you would have had in an array implementation.

To implement the IFtpXObjNotify interface, add the following in the declarations section of a form or class:

```
Dim WithEvents FtpX As FtpXObj
Implements IFtpXObjNotify
```

Then, use the [NotificationObject property](#) to specify the object which will receive the notifications, such as:

```
Private Sub Form_Load ()
    Set FtpX = New FtpXObj
    FtpX.NotificationObject = Me
End Sub
```

Finally, use the various events such as [IFtpXObjNotify Done event](#), the [IFtpXObjNotify StateChanged event](#), etc. to capture the events.

## LastError Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Holds the last error number reported.

### Syntax

*object*.LastError [= *LastError* ]

The syntax of the **LastError** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>LastError</i>	An integer containing the error code from the last method executed.

### Remarks

This property contains the result of the last method executed. It is zero if the last method completed without error. Otherwise, it contains an error code.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Data Type

Integer

## LastErrorString Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Holds a description of the last error number reported.

### Syntax

*object.LastErrorString* [= *LastErrorString* ]

The syntax of the **LastErrorString** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>LastErrorString</i>	A string expression that gives a description of the error (if any) for the method that just completed.

### Remarks

This property contains a user-friendly version of the result of the last method executed. It is empty if the last method completed without error. Otherwise, it contains a description of the error code in the [LastError](#) property.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

## LastMethod Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Returns the last method executed.

### Syntax

*object*.LastMethod [= *LastMethod* ]

The syntax of the **LastMethod** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>LastMethod</i>	An integer which represents the last method executed.

### Remarks

This property returns an integer which represents the last method executed.

The LastMethod property may be one of the following values:

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
FtpActionAbort	1	<a href="#">Abort</a> Method.
FtpActionAllocate	2	<a href="#">Allocate</a> Method.
FtpActionAppend	3	<a href="#">Append</a> Method.
FtpActionChangeDir	4	<a href="#">ChangeDir</a> Method.
FtpActionConnect	5	<a href="#">Connect</a> Method.
FtpActionCreateDir	6	<a href="#">CreateDir</a> Method.
FtpActionDelete	7	<a href="#">Delete</a> Method.
FtpActionDeleteDir	8	<a href="#">DeleteDir</a> Method.
FtpActionDisconnect	9	<a href="#">Disconnect</a> Method.
FtpActionGetCurrentDir	10	<a href="#">GetCurrentDir</a> Method.
FtpActionGetDirList	11	<a href="#">GetDirList</a> Method.
FtpActionGetFile	12	<a href="#">GetFile</a> Method.
FtpActionGetFilenameList	13	<a href="#">GetFilenameList</a> Method.
FtpActionNone	0	No action.
FtpActionParentDir	14	<a href="#">ParentDir</a> Method.
FtpActionPutFile	15	<a href="#">PutFile</a> Method.
FtpActionPutUniqueFile	16	<a href="#">PutUniqueFile</a> Method.
FtpActionQuote	22	<a href="#">Quote</a> Method.
FtpActionReinitialize	20	<a href="#">Reinitialize</a> Method.
FtpActionRename	19	<a href="#">Rename</a> Method.
FtpActionSendType	17	<a href="#">SendType</a> Method.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Data Type

Integer

## LibraryName Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Specifies the name of the socket stack (winsock) DLL.

### Syntax

*object*.LibraryName [= *LibraryName* ]

The syntax of the **LibraryName** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>LibraryName</i>	A string expression containing the winsock library to use.

### Remarks

The default value for this property is "wsock32.dll", which is the socket stack that Microsoft ships with 32-bit systems. If you have a different socket stack provider, you can use the provider's socket stack by specifying the provider's DLL name.

### Data Type

String

## LogonName Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Username for logon process.

### Syntax

*object*.LogonName [= LogonName ]

The syntax of the **LogonName** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>LogonName</i>	A string expression containing the user's logon name.

### Remarks

FTP servers require that you supply a user name and password in order to connect to them.

Many FTP servers support logons by anonymous users, in which case the LogonName property should be set to "anonymous" and the [LogonPassword property](#) to the user's e-mail address, prior to invoking the [Connect method](#).

### Data Type

String

## LogonPassword Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Password for server logon process.

### Syntax

*object*.**LogonPassword** [= *LogonPassword* ]

The syntax of the **LogonPassword** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>LogonPassword</i>	A string expression containing the user's password.

### Remarks

FTP servers require a username and password. This property is sent to the FTP server when it asks for a password.

Many FTP servers support anonymous user logons in which case the [LogonName property](#) should be set to "anonymous" and the LogonPassword property should be set to the user's e-mail address.

### Data Type

String

## NotificationObject Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Specifies the object that has implemented an interface to receive the Fast Notifications.

### Syntax

*object*.**NotificationObject** [= *NotificationObject* ]

The syntax of the **NotificationObject** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>NotificationObject</i>	Object that will receive the Fast Notifications.

### Remarks

Both the FTP/X OCX and COM object support fast-notification callback interfaces. If you implement [IFtpXCtrlNotify](#) or [IFtpXObjNotify](#) in a form or class, you can assign an instance of that form or class to the FTP/X object or control's NotificationObject. This will allow the form or class to receive event notifications directly.

For example, to implement Fast Notifications for the FTP/X control for a form, implement the interface in the Declarations section with:

```
Implements IFtpXCtrlNotify
```

Then, to have the form receive the notifications, do:

```
Private Sub Form_Load ()  
    FtpXCtl1.NotificationObject = Me  
End Sub
```

### Data Type

IFtpXCtrlNotify

## ParentDir Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Changes the server's working directory from the current directory to its parent directory.

### Syntax

*object*.ParentDir

The syntax of the **ParentDir** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.

### Remarks

Changes the FTP server's current directory to its parent directory..

RFC equivalent - CDUP

## Pattern Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Pattern for directory and filename listings.

### Syntax

*object*.**Pattern** [= *Pattern* ]

The syntax of the **Pattern** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Pattern</i>	A string expression containing a pattern for limiting directory of file listings.

### Remarks

[GetDirList](#) and [GetFilenameList](#) permit the use of a wildcard pattern for selecting which files to list.

Setting the Pattern property appropriately (i.e., "S\*.\*" to list all files beginning with an upper-case S) prior to invoking either of those methods will restrict the list of files returned.

### Data Type

String

## Port Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Determines to which port the control connects.

### Syntax

*object*.**Port** [= *Port* ]

The syntax of the **Port** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Port</i>	An integer that specifies the port number to use to connect to the server.

### Remarks

This property specifies the port number to use when connecting (see the [Connect method](#)). This property defaults to 21, and should normally be left at the default.

This property is used when a proxy server, firewall, etc. requires that the user connect to the FTP server using a different port.

### Data Type

Integer

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface Progress Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires as lengthy operations progress.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Progress* (*[index As Integer,* *FtpXControl As ByRef IFtpXCtl,* *BytesTransferred As Long]*)

The syntax of the **Progress** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control
<i>BytesTransferred</i>	A long integer indicating the number of bytes transferred thus far.

### **Remarks**

During file transfers the Progress event is periodically fired. The *BytesTransferred* argument lets you know how many bytes have been transferred as of the time the Progress event was fired.

## **IFtpXObjNotify Interface Progress Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

Fires as lengthy operations progress.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_Progress* (*[index As Integer,] FtpXObject As IFtpXObj, BytesTransferred As Long*)

The syntax of the **Progress** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.
<i>BytesTransferred</i>	A long integer indicating the number of bytes transferred thus far.

### **Remarks**

During file transfers the Progress event is periodically fired. The *BytesTransferred* argument lets you know how many bytes have been transferred as of the time the Progress event was fired.

## Progress Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Fires as lengthy operations progress.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_Progress*([*index As Integer*,] *BytesTransferred As Long*)

The syntax of the **Progress** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.
<i>BytesTransferred</i>	A long integer indicating the number of bytes transferred thus far.

### Remarks

During file transfers the Progress event is periodically fired. The *BytesTransferred* argument lets you know how many bytes have been transferred as of the time the Progress event was fired.

## PutFile Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Copies a file to the FTP server.

### Syntax

*object*.**PutFile***SrcFilename, DstFilename*

The syntax of the **PutFile** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>SrcFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the name and path of the file on the local machine.
<i>DstFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the name of the file on the server.

### Remarks

Copies data from a local file named by the *srcfilename* parameter to a server file named by the *dstfilename* parameter. If the destination file already exists, its contents are replaced; otherwise it is created.

Both the *srcfilename* and *dstfilename* parameters can include paths. If the *srcfilename* and *dstfilename* parameters are not specified, the [SrcFilename property](#) and [DstFilename property](#) values are used.

Some servers may require you to use the [Allocate method](#) prior to starting a file transfer.

RFC equivalent - STOR

## PutUniqueFile Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Copies a file to the FTP server and the server creates unique filename.

### Syntax

*object*.PutUniqueFileSrcFilename

The syntax of the **PutUniqueFile** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>SrcFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the name and path of the file on the local machine.

### Remarks

Copies data from the local file named by the *srcfilename* parameter to a uniquely named file on the FTP server. The FTP server chooses the name of the destination file such that it is unique in the current directory. The server will return the name of the file to be created as part of its response to the PutUniqueMethod. Use the [Debug event](#) to capture the response if desired.

If the *srcfilename* parameter is not specified, the [SrcFilename property](#) is used.

Some servers may require you to use the [Allocate method](#) prior to starting a file transfer.

RFC equivalent - STOU

## Quote Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Sends a command string to the server.

### Syntax

*object*.Quote*command*

The syntax of the **Quote** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>command</i>	Optional. A string expression containing data to send to the FTP server. If this is omitted, the FTP control uses the data in the <a href="#">QuoteCmd</a> property.

### Remarks

Used to write a raw command string to the server. This method is useful for sending extra or non-standard commands, such as:

```
FtpX.Quote "HELP" & vbCrLf
```

Or,

```
FtpX.QuoteCmd = "SITE chmod 666 /somedir/filename.txt" & vbCrLf
```

```
FtpX.Quote
```

If the *Command* parameter is omitted, the control uses the data in the [QuoteCmd property](#). After the server finishes responding, the [Done event](#) is fired. Upon completion of the Quote command, the ASCII response returned by the server can be read from the [ReadData property](#).

## QuoteCmd Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Command sent to the server with the [Quote method](#).

### Syntax

*object*.QuoteCmd [= *QuoteCmd*, *command* ]

The syntax of the **QuoteCmd** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>QuoteCmd</i>	A string expression that specifies the command to send to the server.
<i>command</i>	A string expression that specifies the command to send to the FTP server.

### Remarks

You can use this control's [Quote method](#) to send arbitrary commands to the server. This is often used to invoke additional or non-standard commands, such as:

```
FtpX.QuoteCmd = "HELP" & vbCrLf  
FtpX.Quote
```

Or,

```
FtpX.QuoteCmd = "SITE chmod 666 /somedir/filename.txt" & vbCrLf  
FtpX.Quote
```

### Data Type

String

## ReadData Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Server response from the [Quote method](#).

### Syntax

*object*.ReadData

The syntax of the **ReadData** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.

### Remarks

There may be circumstances where you need to interact directly with the server. This can happen if a particular server has non-standard extensions you choose to use. The [Quote method](#) lets you directly send a command to the server and retrieve its response. Upon successful completion of the [Quote method](#) the ReadData property will contain the server's response.

### Data Type

String

## Recordset Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

An ADO recordset of the items returned by the [GetDirList method](#).

### Syntax

*object*.**Recordset** [= *Recordset* ]

The syntax of the **Recordset** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Recordset</i>	A Recordset of the items returned by a GetDirList or GetFilenameList.

### Remarks

The Recordset property is an ADO recordset of the items returned by the [GetDirList method](#). After executing the method you can assign the Recordset property like any other recordset.

The [DirItemPattern property](#) is used to specify how the server's response is parsed into the recordset's fields. The default value of DirItemPattern should be sufficient for most Unix and NT-based servers.

### Data Type

Recordset

## Reinitialize Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Terminate and re-establish ftp session.

### Syntax

*object*.**Reinitialize***LogonName,LogonPassword,Account*

The syntax of the **Reinitialize** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>LogonName</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the logon name to use.
<i>LogonPassword</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the password to use.
<i>Account</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the account name to use.

### Remarks

Terminates the current user's FTP session and starts a new session. If the *logonname*, *logonpassword*, and *account* parameters are not specified the [LogonName](#), [LogonPassword](#), and [Account](#) properties are used. See the [Connect](#).

RFC equivalent - REIN

## Rename Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Renames a file on remote system.

### Syntax

*object*.**Rename***SrcFilename,DstFilename*

The syntax of the **Rename** method has these parts:

<b><u>Part</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>SrcFilename</i>	Optional. A string expression containing the original server filename.
<i>DstFilename</i>	Required. A string expression containing the new server filename.

### Remarks

Renames the remote (server) file named by the *srcfilename* parameter to the name contained in the *dstfilename* parameter. If *srcfilename* and *dstfilename* are not specified, the SrcFilename and DstFilename properties are used.

RFC equivalent - RNFR and RNT0

## SendType Method

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Sends transfer type setting to server.

### Syntax

*object*.SendType*Type*

The syntax of the **SendType** method has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An FTP/X control.
<i>Type</i>	Required. Integer specifying 0 (ASCII) or 1 (Binary)

### Remarks

Sets the server's transfer mode to either ASCII or Binary. If the *Type* parameter is set to 0 or FtpTypeAscii, the server is set to transfer in ASCII mode. If *Type* is set to 1 or FtpTypeBinary, the server is set to transfer in Binary mode. If *Type* is omitted, the value of the [Type property](#) is used.

RFC equivalent - TYPE

## SrcFilename Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Source for transfer oriented methods.

### Syntax

*object*.SrcFilename [= *SrcFilename* ]

The syntax of the **SrcFilename** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>SrcFilename</i>	A string expression containing a filename and path for file related methods.

### Remarks

The [GetFile](#), [PutFile](#), [PutUniqueFile](#), [Append](#), and [Rename](#) methods all require a source filename. The SrcFilename property may contain both the filename and a path.

When performing a PutFile (or Append or PutUniqueFile), the SrcFilename is the name of the file on the local machine. For example:

```
FtpX.SrcFilename = "C:\temp\somefile.txt" 'the local file
FtpX.DstFilename = "somefile.txt" 'the server file
FtpX.PutFile
```

When performing a GetFile, the SrcFilename is the name of the file on the remote machine (the FTP server). For example:

```
FtpX.DstFilename = "C:\temp\somefile.txt" 'the local file
FtpX.SrcFilename = "somefile.txt" 'the server file
FtpX.GetFile
```

When performing a Rename, the SrcFilename is the server's original filename that will change (the old name on the FTP server). For example:

```
FtpX.SrcFilename = "oldfile.txt" 'the original server filename
FtpX.DstFilename = "newfile.txt" 'the new server filename
FtpX.Rename
```

### Data Type

String

## State Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Returns the current state of the control.

### Syntax

*object.State* [= *State* ]

The syntax of the **State** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>State</i>	Integer that represents the current state of the control.

### Remarks

This property may take on many values while executing commands. The only values of use in your program are 0 (Disconnected) and 1 (Connected). You must not rely on the meaning of any other values which this property may contain. When State is 0 then the only valid method is [Connect](#). No other method may be executed while State is not equal to 1 (Connected).

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Remarks

This property may take on many values while executing commands.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

The following constants represent the set of values that can be assigned to the State property:

<b>Constant</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
StateNoConnected	0	Not currently connected to the server.
StateConnected	1	Connected to the server.
StateConnecting	2	Connecting to the server.
StateSentUser	3	Logging on -- username sent.
StateSentPassword	4	Logging on -- password sent.
StateSentAccount	5	Logging on -- account sent.
StateDisconnecting	6	Disconnecting from the server.
StateReading	7	Reading data from the server.
StateSendData	8	Sending data to the server.
StateAllocating	9	Allocating space on the server.
StateCreatingDir	10	Creating a directory on the server.
StateChangingDir	11	Changing the server's working directory.
StateDeleting	12	Deleting a file from the server.
StateDeletingDir	13	Deleting a directory from the server.
StateGettingCurrentDir	14	Retrieving the current directory name.
StateGettingDataSocket	15	Negotiating the data socket with server.
StateGotDataSocket	16	Have negotiated the data socket with server.
StateGettingDirList	17	Getting listing.
StateGettingFile	18	Getting a file.
StatePuttingFile	19	Putting a file.
StateRenameFromSent	20	Renaming file -- specifying file to rename.
StateRenameToSent	21	Renaming file -- specifying file's new name.
StateAborting	22	Aborting a transfer.

StateSentType	23	Setting the server's transfer mode.
StateExecQuote	24	Sending a raw command.

**Data Type**

Integer

## StateChanged Event

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

This event procedure is fired as the control executes its various methods.

### Syntax

**Sub** *object\_StateChanged*([*index As Integer*,] *NewState As StatesEnum*, *OldState As StatesEnum*)

The syntax of the **StateChanged** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>index</i>	An integer that identifies a control if it's in a control array.
<i>NewState</i>	Integer representing the current state of the control.
<i>OldState</i>	Integer representing the previous state of the control.

### Remarks

As various methods execute, the StateChanged event fires to indicate the current state of the control.

The *OldState* and *NewState* parameters contain the previous and current states. See the [State property](#) for a list of the possible values.

## **IFtpXObjNotify Interface StateChanged Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

This event procedure is fired as the control executes its various methods.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_StateChanged* (*[index As Integer,] FtpXObject As IFtpXObj, NewState As StatesEnum, OldState As StatesEnum*)

The syntax of the **StateChanged** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXObjNotify interface.
<i>FtpXObject</i>	A Ftp/X COM Object.
<i>NewState</i>	Integer representing the current state of the control.
<i>OldState</i>	Integer representing the previous state of the control.

### **Remarks**

As various methods execute, the StateChanged event fires to indicate the current state of the control.

The *OldState* and *NewState* parameters contain the previous and current states. See the [State property](#) for a list of the possible values.

## **IFtpXCtlNotify Interface StateChanged Event**

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### **Description**

This event procedure is fired as the control executes its various methods.

### **Syntax**

**Sub** *object\_StateChanged* (*[index As Integer,* *FtpXControl As ByRef IFtpXCtl,* *NewState As StatesEnum,* *OldState As StatesEnum)*

The syntax of the **StateChanged** event has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	Required. An instance of an IFtpXCtlNotify interface.
<i>FtpXControl</i>	A Ftp/X control.
<i>NewState</i>	Integer representing the current state of the control.
<i>OldState</i>	Integer representing the previous state of the control.

### **Remarks**

As various methods execute, the StateChanged event fires to indicate the current state of the control.

The *OldState* and *NewState* parameters contain the previous and current states. See the [State property](#) for a list of the possible values.

## StateString Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

A user-friendly version of the current state of the control.

### Syntax

*object*.**StateString** [= *StateString* ]

The syntax of the **StateString** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>StateString</i>	A string expression containing a descriptive state of the control.

### Remarks

This property returns a string expression that tells the current state of the control. See the [State property](#) for a list of the State values.

This property is read-only and only available at run-time.

### Data Type

String

## Timeout Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

The amount of time (in seconds) the control will wait for an operation..

### Syntax

*object.Timeout* [= *Timeout* ]

The syntax of the **Timeout** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Timeout</i>	A long integer that specifies the amount of time to wait, in seconds.

### Remarks

This property determines how long the control will wait for various methods to finish (before declaring an error). This property is set in seconds.

### Data Type

Long

## Type Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Specifies the transfer type - binary or ascii.

### Syntax

*object.Type* [= *enumtype* ]

The syntax of the **Type** property has these parts:

<b>Part</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>enumtype</i>	Integer representing the transfer type.

### Remarks

FTP servers require that you specify the type of data you expect to be in the files you're transferring back and forth. The Type property has two possible values:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	ASCII
1	Binary (default)

FTP servers default to ASCII transfers. Unless you're sure that you will be transferring ASCII-only files, it is best to switch Type to 1 (Binary) prior to any file transfers.

This property defaults to binary transfers (1).

### Data Type

enumType

## Version Property

[See Also](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

### Description

Returns the version of the control.

### Syntax

*object*.**Version** [= *Version* ]

The syntax of the **Version** property has these parts:

<b><u>Part</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
<i>object</i>	An FTP/X control.
<i>Version</i>	TODO

### Remarks

This property holds the current version of the control. It is read-only and available at both design-time and run-time.

### Data Type

String

## **Getting Custom Controls Written**

If you or your organization would like to have custom controls written, you can contact us at the following:

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You can also contact Zane Thomas. He can be reached at:

Zane Thomas  
Post Office Box 121  
Indianola, WA 98342  
Internet: [zane@mabry.com](mailto:zane@mabry.com)

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