

SortedListAgent

Adopted By:	ClassAgent StringAgent Others, used to implement various inspectors in TTools.
Declared In:	SortedListAgent.h

Protocol Description

SortedListAgent is a protocol describing the methods that a SortedList's *agent* is expected to respond to. These methods encompass functionality that is specific to a particular set of objects that will be kept in a SortedList. This is why, for instance, the agent for a list of String objects is an instance of the StringAgent class.

The functionality that the protocol requires relates to two things: sorting and hierarchical display. Only one method in the protocol is necessary to implement sorting; that is the **compare:with:sender:** method. The other methods are all concerned with hierarchical display in browsers. Most of the methods carry a sender with them so that the agent may have some context in which to consider it's task; for instance, an object might be the agent for two different SortedLists, and might want to respond differently depending on what the sender was.

Method Types

Sorting	- compare:with:sender:
Hierarchical display	- displayStringFor:sender: - titleOfColumn: - isLeaf:sender: - subdirectoryFor:sender:

Instance Methods

compare:with:sender:

- (int)**compare:first with:second sender:sender**

Returns a negative number to indicate that *first* < *second*; returns 0 to indicate that *first*==*second*. Returns a positive number to indicate that *first*>*second*. For instance, StringAgent's implementation just returns strcmp([first stringValue], [second stringValue]). If you can bend your mind around it, consider that ClassAgent's implementation of this method returns strcmp([first name], [second name]). Note the use of class methods - *first* and *second* can be any object, even a class object.

displayStringFor:sender:

- (const char *)**displayStringFor:anObject sender:sender**

Returns the string to use while displaying *anObject* in a browser. For instance, StringAgent just returns [anObject stringValue]. ClassAgent returns [anObject name].

isLeaf:sender:

- (BOOL)**isLeaf:anObject sender:sender**

Returns YES to indicate that *anObject* has no sub-nodes in the file browser. Returns NO to indicate that it does.

StringAgent returns YES always. ClassAgent uses the ClassAdditions category of object to determine if the class *anObject* has no subclasses. (The ClassAdditions category uses run-time functions and structures to glean this information).

subdirectoryFor:sender:

- (id)**subdirectoryFor:anObject sender:sender**

Returns a SortedList (or subclass thereof) containing the sub-nodes of *anObject*. In StringAgent, this is never called, so it just returns nil. In ClassAgent, the ClassAdditions category of Object is used to populate a privately-held list with the subclasses of the class *anObject*.

titleOfColumn:

- (const char *)**titleOfColumn:(int)col**

Returns a read-only string indicating the title of the next browser column. Note that this works only if the browser is set up to ask for titles.