Technote 1101

Using The GXGraphics Extension

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Starting with Mac OS 8.0, the QuickDraw GX environment will no longer support the GX Printing Manager API. Although this decision will require significant changes to existing system software and applications, it will allow us to transition to a unified printing architecture that will improve the compatibility of QuickDraw GX software in the classic QuickDraw environment. Mac OS 8.0 will include the GXGraphics 1.1.6 extension, which provides the advanced Graphics and Typography capabilities of QuickDraw GX, a QuickDraw GX codec in the QuickTime 2.5 extension, and a fully integrated version of the Collection Manager. This Technote includes:

- The changes needed for an application (GX aware, GX savvy, and GX dependent) to support GX Printing on Mac OS 8.0.

- Where to get the current version of the GXGraphics extension (1.1.3) and a description of any differences with GXGraphics 1.1.6 included with Mac OS 8.0.

- Any known incompatibilities or limitations of the GXGraphics extension, as well as known solutions to these problems. This Technote is intended to help developers who wish to transition their GX products to support QuickDraw GX on Mac OS 8.0.

Note:
Throughout this Technote, the term, "classic printing architecture," refers to the Macintosh Printing Manager described in Chapter 9 of *Inside Macintosh: Imaging With QuickDraw* . "QuickDraw GX" refers to the full GX environment (i.e., Graphics, Typography, and Printing) and "GXGraphics" refers to the partial GX implementation provided by the GXGraphics extension (i.e., Graphics and Typography).

Features Not Supported in Mac OS 8.0

Following is a list of key features that are currently available in QuickDraw GX 1.1.3/1.1.5 that will no longer be available to developers under the GXGraphics 1.1.6 strategy:

- GX Printer Driver APIs: GX Printer drivers will no longer be supported. All developers need to have a classic printer driver for their device.

- GX Printing Extensions: GX Extensions will no longer be supported. Some developers may be able to roll their GX extension functionality into their application or driver.

- Custom page formatting (the ability to arbitrarily specify page formatting within a single document): This feature will no longer be available. This feature could be implemented using the extended print record architecture added with LaserWriter version 8.4.

  See *develop* Journal Issue 27: 'The All-New LaserWriter Driver Version 8.4' for more information on the extended print record.

- Portable Digital Document authoring: Developers will no longer be able to author PDDs via the GX Printing APIs. Also, SimpleText will not display PDDs under QuickDraw GX 1.1.6. You should convert PDD files to a different format, such as Adobe Acrobat PDF files, before attempting to use them with Mac OS 8 or QuickDraw GX 1.1.6

- Vector Print Driver API: Under the new GX model, there will no longer be a custom API for vector printer driver developers. Vector printer drivers will have to be written with the classic printing architecture.

Overview of the GXGraphics Extension

The GXGraphics extension is a system extension that adds powerful graphics and typographic capabilities to your user's Macintosh without requiring the full QuickDraw GX package to be installed on your user's machine. The extension that we are currently licensing and distributing, GXGraphics 1.1.3, covers all QuickDraw GX graphics and typography functionality up to and including QuickDraw GX version 1.1.3.

GXGraphics 1.1.3

The GXGraphics 1.1.3 extension contains GX graphics and typography, but does not contain GX Printing. There are stubs for the GX Printing calls in `QuickDrawGXLib/GXGraphics` 1.1.3 but they do not work. This extension has been released and tested on 7.5.1 through 7.6. See Table 1 for more specific details.

GXGraphics 1.1.6

The GXGraphics 1.1.6 release contains GX graphics and typography, but will no longer have the printing stubs available. This extension is being tested and released for Mac OS 8.0. See Table 1 for more specific details.

Table 1: Differences in the QuickDraw GX Releases

Name	Version	Component	Gestalt Selector
QuickDraw GX	1.1.3, 1.1.5	QuickDraw GX	* qdgx (obsolete)
		GX Printing	* pmgr
		GX Graphics	* grfx
		Collections Mgr	* cltn
GXGraphics	1.1.3	GX Printing	**
		GXGraphics	* grfx
		Collections Mgr	**
GXGraphics	1.1.6	GXGraphics	* grfx

* APIs are exported and available

** APIs are exported but not available; you should use the gestalt selector on application launch to verify whether or not the functions are implemented.

Note:
With Mac OS 8.0, the Collections Manager APIs have been rolled out of QuickDraw GX and into the system. Please see the Mac OS 8.0 Technote for more information on this transition.

Application Changes

Since the GX printing architecture will no longer be supported for Mac OS, any software that does not already have a solution using classic QuickDraw printing will need to be updated. For the majority of applications, the recommended solution for Mac OS 8.0 is to use the QuickTime compression/decompression mechanism for imaging QuickDraw GX data. The basic technique is to encapsulate the QuickDraw GX image in a compressed data format using the object flattening functions from QuickDraw GX. Once the compressed image data is created, it may be passed to the QuickDraw GX codec and drawn using the QuickTime image compression functions or embedded within a QuickDraw picture and drawn using the DrawPicture function. In either case, the compressed data is passed to the the low-level QuickDraw drawing routines through the StdPix bottleneck routine. StdPix decompresses the data using the QuickDraw GX codec and passes the decompressed data to the bitsProc bottleneck routine when rendering the image.

LaserWriter drivers starting with version 8.3 recognize compressed data that may be drawn using QuickTime, like QuickDraw GX flattened objects. For Mac OS 8.0, the LaserWriter driver has been modified to render the QuickDraw GX data at the device resolution of the printer. When despooling, the printer driver changes the resolution of the offscreen drawing port and uses the QuicDraw GX codec to rasterize the compressed data. The QuickDraw printer drivers from Apple render the compressed data during spooling and use the resolution of the active graphics port. Application developers may wish to use the device resolution commands of the `PrGeneral` routine to improve the quality of their printed images as described in "Meet PrGeneral, the Trap That Makes the Most of the Printing Manager," in *develop* 3.

General Changes For All Applications

The sample code for this Technote includes updated versions of three QuickDraw GX user libraries, `CodecLibrary`, `PrintingLibrary`, and `StorageLibrary`, that may be used to simplify the conversion of your software. The TwoFace sample application supports the basic job, format, dialog, and spooling functions of the QuickDraw GX Printing Manager. It uses an abstraction layer provided by the `PrintingLibrary` to handle printing through the QuickDraw GX and classic QuickDraw printing architectures, depending on which environment is available when the application is launched. All the

changes described in this section are handled automatically by the user libraries if you simply convert any references to the QuickDraw GX Printing Manager, including the gxJob and gxFormat data types, to the equivalent functions and data types of the `PrintingLibrary`.

1. Check the correct gestalt selector. Use the individual grfx and pmgr gestalt selectors rather than the obsolete qdgx gestalt selector.

```
Boolean          gPrintingArchitecture = false;

long             theFeature;

if ( Gestalt(gestaltGraphicsVersion, &theFeature) != noErr )

        return;

if ( Gestalt(gestaltGXPrintingMgrVersion, &theFeature) != noErr )

        gPrintingArchitecture = kQDPrArch;

else

        gPrintingArchitecture = kGXPrArch;
```

2. For 68000 applications that use A-trap addresses to determine which parts of the GX environment are installed, use the individual gestalt selectors instead. This technique is not recommended but has been used by some applications in the past. If this is the case for your application, verify that you are checking the correct A-trap addresses:

Trap Address	Technology
ABFE	GX Printing
A832	GX Graphics
ABF6	Collections Manager

3. During initialization of a PowerPC application, check if the QuickDraw GX Printing library is installed. If the application is "weak" linked to the library, the Process Manager will launch it even if the library is missing, although the Code Fragment Manager will not resolve the addresses of the functions in the library. If the application calls any of these functions, it will crash. Your application should check if any of the Printing Manager functions cannot be resolved and exit gracefully if the library is missing. Note that the check could be performed against any function you call in the library. `GXInitPrinting` is often the first function that is called from the Printing Manager, so it is convenient.

```
if ( (UInt32)GXInitPrinting == kUnresolvedCFragSymbolAddress )

        gPrintingArchitecture = kQDPrArch;
```

4. During printing, create a single picture shape for the contents of each page in the document. The `PrintingLibrary` includes a sample viewport filter function that handles this task from within the printing loop.

5. Use `GXFlattenShape` to create the compressed data for the QuickDraw GX codec. `GXFlattenShape` is described in detail in *Inside Macintosh: QuickDraw GX Objects* 2-88 to 2-89.

6. Use `DecompressImage` as described in Printing Images Faster With Data Compression, in *develop* 24 (December 1995) to create the QuickDraw picture with the embedded QuickDraw GX data. When the application calls the standard `DrawPicture` function to display the image containing the compressed QuickDraw GX data, the `StdPix` function decompresses the image by invoking the Image Compression Manager. This may be performed from within a classic printing loop as outlined in "A Printing Loop That Cares";, in Technote 1092. The `CodecLibrary` implements a function, `GXCdShapeToPicture`, that encodes the QuickDraw GX data as QuickTime compressed data and creates a `PicHandle`; an application may use this routine to create a QuickDraw picture prior to entering the printing loop or to convert a QuickDraw GX document to the QuickDraw PICT file format. DecompressImage is described in detail in *Inside Macintosh: QuickTime* , pages 3-78 to 3-79.

7. An alternative to Step 6 is to pass the flattened QuickDraw GX data directly to the custom `StdPix` bottleneck installed by the printer driver during printing. The `CodecLibrary` implements a function, `GXCdDrawShape`, that converts the QuickDraw GX data to a QuickTime encoded PixMap data structure, which it passes to the QuickDraw GX codec from within the printing loop. `StdPix` is described in detail in *Inside Macintosh: QuickTime* , pages 3-138 to 3-139.

Specific Changes Required Based on Level of Support

Here is an outline of the changes GX applications will need to make. They are outlined according to the level of GX support.

GX Unaware (no knowledge of GX)

- No changes are needed

GX Aware (implements core GX Printing features)

- Classic Printing code should be added using the new printing user library. (Step 1-7)

GX Savvy (implements support for Graphics, Typography and Printing)

- Classic Printing code should be added using the new printing user library. (Step 1-7)

GX Dependent (requires GX to be installed to function)

- Classic Printing code should be added using the new printing user library. (Step 1-7)

Additional Changes

Custom Page formatting:

- Currently, applications that wish to implement custom page formatting will have to spool multiple jobs per document. One job for each change in the page formatting.

It is important to note, that even today - on System 7.5.x - it is possible for an application using GXGraphics 1.1.x to print using the classic printing mechanism described above.

GX Printing Extension Changes

Printing extensions have been used for a wide variety of things in the history of GXPrinting. However, despite their potential for optimizing printing from certain kinds of applications, they have never been developed or used to their full potential by many developers. Unfortunately, under the new GX model , GX extensions are no longer available. Some of the functionality that developers have used GX extensions for can be rolled into classic applications or drivers, but that will have to be determined by the developer on a case-by-case basis.

GX Printer Driver Changes

Under the new GX model, GX printer drivers will no longer be supported. There is no transition plan for these drivers.

Classic Printer Driver Changes

In the world of GXGraphics 1.1.6 it will be desirable to print GX objects to classic printer drivers.

Raster:
For raster printer drivers, the output from an updated GX application should match the high quality output today from GX drivers.

PostScript:
For PostScript printer drivers however, there will be some changes required to add support for printing high-quality GX objects. We are currently working on determining what the best delivery mechanism for these changes will be (a library, an new API, atc.). As soon as we have a better idea of how to do this, we will update this Technote to reflect the necessary changes.

PDD Changes

Under the new GX architecture, there is no way to author PDD documents. Also, SimpleText will not display PDD's under QuickDraw GX 1.1.6. You should convert PDD files to a different format, such as Adobe Acrobat PDF files, before attempting to use them with Mac OS 8 or QuickDraw GX 1.1.6.

Incompatibilities and Limitations

This section describes the known incompatibilities and limitations, and their solutions for the GXGraphics 1.1.6 extension:

- Current versions of printer drivers may generate large spool files and take a long time to print when printing documents containing QuickDraw GX data. In addition, QuickDraw GX data printed to the Apple Color LaserWriter may be printed at less than full printer resolution. These problems will be addressed in future versions of printer drivers from Apple and other vendors.
- With ATM 4.0.2, some PDF documents that use ATM substitution fonts may not print correctly using the LaserWriter 8 driver. This problem will be fixed in a future version of LaserWriter 8 which will be available in late summer 1997.
- ATM 3.8.3 and 4.0 do not currently recognize that QuickDraw GX is installed when the GXGraphics extension is in your user's system. This causes problems with Type-1 enabled fonts. This problem has been fixed with the 4.0.2 release of ATM by Adobe Systems. Check with Adobe for a newer version of ATM Deluxe.
- Some older QuickDraw pictures with embedded QuickDraw GX data may print with random noise in the background of the picture. This problem will be fixed in a future version of QuickTime.
- Some QuickDraw GX data may print incorrectly in low memory conditions. You may notice that parts of the image repeat rather than the entire image printing correctly. This problem is in the QuickDraw GX QuickTime Codec and will be fixed in a future version of QuickTime.

Where to Get GXGraphics 1.1.6 and How to License it

The GXGraphics 1.1.6 extension:

- GXGraphics 1.1.6 is only available as part of the MacOS 8.0 package. It is equivalent to the GXGraphics 1.1.3 release with a new installer and PPC library changes.

Software Licensing:

- For developers who wish to ship the GXGraphics extension with their product, you must contact Software Licensing at sw.license@apple.com or call them at 512-919-2645. Reference the QuickDraw GX software license to make sure you get the appropriate licensing agreement.

Summary

By simply following the above steps, you should easily be able to convert your GX applications into a viewable applications that your users will be able to use without having the complete GX extension installed.

Further References

- *Inside Macintosh: Imaging With QuickDraw*
- *Inside Macintosh: QuickDraw GX Graphics*
- *Inside Macintosh: QuickDraw GX Objects*
- *Inside Macintosh: QuickTime*
- "The All-New LaserWriter Driver Version 8.4", in *develop*   27 by Dave Polaschek.
- "Printing Images Faster With Data Compression", in *develop*   24 by David Gelphman.
- "Meet PrGeneral, the Trap That Makes the Most of the Printing Manager", in *develop*   3 by Pete Alexander.
- A Print Loop That Cares-- The Sequel, technote 1092 by Ingrid Kelly.
- Adding Items to the Printing Manager's Dialogs, Technote 1080 by Ingrid Kelly and Dave Polaschek.
- GXGraphics extension, available for download by clicking here.
- New GX PPC Libraries, available for download by clicking here.
- Sample Code, available for download by clicking here.

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