

# Technote 1170

## The Printing Plug-ins Manager

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New to PrintingLib 8.6 is functionality built into the SettingsLib library contained in the PrintingLib file. This functionality allows straightforward use of plug-in modules contained in either the PrintingLib file or in a special folder called “Printing Plug-ins” in the Extensions folder in the user’s System folder. Plug-in modules are shared libraries whose behavior is unspecified.

The “Printing Plug-ins Manager” is intended to make it straightforward for software clients to create, load, and use shared libraries which can be treated as printing plug-ins. The Download Manager has been implemented using the Printing Plug-ins Manager to manage its plug-ins. Future printing software will use the Printing Plug-ins Manager to manage other plug-ins.

This Technote is directed at application developers who wish to write plug-in modules.

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## About This Technote

This document is divided into two main sections: [Information for Plug-in Creators](#) and [Plug-ins Manager APIs](#).

The section [Information for Plug-in Creators](#) describes the requirements the Printing Plug-ins Manager imposes on the files it manages. These requirements are minimal and are probably similar to requirements a client would otherwise impose. This section applies to developers of Download Manager plug-in low level converters, Desktop Printer Utility plug-ins, and Custom Hoses since these plug-ins are managed by the Printing Plug-ins Manager.

The section [Printing Plug-ins Manager APIs](#) describes the APIs used by clients of the Printing Plug-ins Manager. This section consists of a “simple” call to obtain a list of plug-ins of given type, a more complex version of this call for specialized clients, and a set of utility routines. This section applies only to developers who wish to put plug-ins into the Printing Plug-ins Folder and use the [Printing Plug-ins Manager APIs](#) to manage them. For example, an installer program for a plug-in module might use the `psGetPrintingPlugInsFolder` routine to install printing plug-ins into the proper folder for use with the Download Manager.

Please see [Technote 1169: The Download Manager](#) for information about one client of the Printing Plug-ins Manager.

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## Information for Plug-in Creators

Plug-ins managed by the Printing Plug-ins Manager are required to have a resource of type 'PLGN' with ID - 8192 that contains information about the library. If they do not, they cannot be used and are ignored by the Printing Plug-ins Manager. They are also required to have a standard 'cfrg' resource describing the code fragments in the data fork of the file.

The 'PLGN' resource contains information about how many plug-in shared libraries are contained in this file and for each shared library the type of plug-in that it is, the subtype that library handles and the library name. A subtype of '????' means that particular plug-in can handle multiple subtypes (as is the case for the Download Manager Plug-ins).

The 'PLGN' resource is defined as follows (using Rez syntax):

```
type 'PLGN' {
  integer = $$Countof(Plugi nLi bI nfo);
  array Plugi nLi bI nfo {
    literal longint; /* Type */
    literal longint; /* subtype */
    pstring; /* library name */
    align word;
  };
};
```

A ResEdit template resource ('TMPL') for the 'PLGN' resource is contained within PrintingLib versions 8.6 and later.

The PluginLibInfo structure in C syntax is:

```
typedef OSType SettingsDataType;
typedef OSType SettingsDataSubType;

short num; // the number of shared libraries this 'PLGN' describes
PluginLibInfo libInfo[num];

typedef struct PluginLibInfo{
  SettingsDataType type;
  SettingsDataSubType subtype;
  unsigned char libraryName[ ]; // pascal string
  // word aligned
}PluginLibInfo;
```

type is the type of plug-in that is described by this PluginLibInfo.

subtype is the subtype of data that can be handled by the plug-in described by this PluginLibInfo.

libraryName is the library name of the code fragment in the plug-in file described by this PluginLibInfo.

### Note:

A single file can contain multiple plug-in libraries.

**Note:**

The subtype 'zsys' is reserved for use by the Printing Plug-ins Manager and cannot be used by a client.

A file containing plug-ins for use with the Printing Plug-ins Manager is not required to have any specific Finder Type or Creator. However, the Finder Type 'bird' is a type that is auto-routed by the Finder into the Printing Plug-ins Folder when Mac OS 8.5 and PrintingLib 8.6.1 (or later) are used. For this reason, it is recommended that developers of Printing Plug-ins use 'bird' as the Finder Type for the file. Note that the Finder Type has no connection to the SettingsDataType referred to by the PluginLibInfo contained in the 'PLGN' resource.

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## Printing Plug-ins Manager APIs

### Definitions

A LibraryLocator is a structure which can be used by a client to open a particular shared library using GetDiskFragment. It contains information about the FSSpec, the library name, and for the currently executing architecture, the offset of the shared library in the file and the library's length.

```
typedef struct LibraryLocator{
    FSSpec  librarySpec;
    Str63  libraryName;
    UInt32  libraryOffset; // for the currently executing
        // architecture
    UInt32  libraryLength; // for the currently executing
        // architecture
}LibraryLocator;
```

For many operations, the Printing Plug-ins Manager maintains a cache of information about the installed Printing Plug-ins. The cache is updated as new plug-ins are installed or existing ones are removed or updated. This cache allows the Printing Plug-ins Manager to respond quickly in its search for a plug-in of a requested type and subtype.

### Simple Case

```
OSStatus psGetSubtypeLocators(SettingsDataType type,
    SettingsDataSubType subtype, long *numLocatorsP,
    LocatorListH *locatorListHP);
```

A client calls this routine to get a handle containing a list of LibraryLocators. The LibraryLocators are the plug-ins available with the type and subtype requested by the caller. The caller is required to dispose of the handle when it is done. The returned handle is NULL if there is an error or if there are no LibraryLocators of the type and subtype.

Calling psGetSubtypeLocators causes the Printing Plug-ins Manager to determine if its cache of plug-ins for the type and subtype specified by the call is current. If it is not, the cache is updated. Once

the cache is up to date, the Printing Plug-ins Manager returns the number of locators matching the specified type and subtype in `*numLocatorsP`. If the number of `LibraryLocators` matching the type, subtype is greater than zero, a handle that points to the list of matching `LibraryLocators` is returned in `*locatorListHP`. It is up to the caller of `psGetSubtypeLocators` to dispose of this handle.

If the list contains more than one `LibraryLocator` the caller must determine which of the `LibraryLocators` in the list is of interest. Note that `LibraryLocators` that correspond to libraries in the Printing Plug-ins Folder are returned first (external plug-ins have precedence in this list). If a client needs more information to determine which library is the one to use, it should probably use the more complex call `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` described below.

#### Note:

The subtype 'zsys' is reserved for use by the Printing Plug-ins Manager and cannot be used by a client. If a client calls `psGetSubtypeLocators` with a subtype of 'zsys', an `errInvalidPluginSubType` is returned.

## More Complex Case

```
OSStatus psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators(SettingsDataType type,
    SettingsDataSubType subtype, SI nt32 clientDataVersion,
    ClientBuildCacheDataCallBackUPP buildcallback,
    ClientProcessCacheDataCallBackUPP processcallback,
    void *clientrefcon, long *numLocatorsP,
    LibraryLocatorListH *locatorListHP);
```

```
typedef pascal OSStatus (*ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack)
    (const LibraryLocator *thisLocator,
    void *clientrefcon, CacheData cache);
```

```
typedef pascal OSStatus (*ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack)
    (const LibraryLocator *thisLocator,
    void *clientrefcon, SI nt32 size, const void *dataPtr,
    Boolean *addThisLocator);
```

```
OSStatus psAddSettingsSubTypeData(CacheData cache,
    SettingsDataSubType subtype, SI nt32 size,
    const void *dataPtr);
```

The `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` routine is available when a client has more complex needs. This is the case if a plug-in of a given type can handle multiple subtypes. In this situation, there is some additional work that a client must do to categorize the subtypes that such a plug-in can handle. A second situation where the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call is useful is if there is data associated with the plug-in type and subtype that is used to further refine which plug-in is the needed one. This might be the case if there are multiple plug-ins of a given type and subtype.

For example, each Download Manager plug-in can potentially handle multiple subtypes. Further, the Download Manager may have multiple plug-ins that can handle a given subtype of data, and there is data about each plug-in that the Download Manager uses to narrow the list of plug-ins which are available for a given download. This data can be stored in the Printing Plug-ins Manager's cache and used to process the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call.

A client calls `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` with `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` and `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` procedures. If the plug-in manager cache for this type needs to be

rebuilt (which it does the first time a given type is seen and later when the cache becomes invalid), the `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` procedure is called for each library of that type. Once the cache and cached data are up to date, the Printing Plug-ins Manager calls the supplied `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` to examine the results.

The `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` procedure is responsible for gathering its data from each library (e.g., the Download Manager calls into the library to obtain the data it needs) and it should call the `psAddSettingsSubTypeData` routine for each subtype for which it has data to add to the cache. For each `psAddSettingsSubTypeData` call made, the Printing Plug-ins Manager *replaces* any data which may have already been added to its cache for this library and subtype. Note that the plug-in subtype for a library passed to the `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` procedure may not correspond to the subtype passed in to the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call since the process of rebuilding the cache processes each library of a given type.

Once the cache has been updated, the Printing Plug-ins Manager calls the `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` procedure for each `LibraryLocator` which supports the subtype requested by the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call. This gives the client an opportunity to use the data the `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` has cached for each `LibraryLocator` to pick the appropriate `LibraryLocator`. The `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` can make further calls to the shared library corresponding to that `LibraryLocator` in order to aid in its processing. Once a given `LibraryLocator` has been processed, the `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` routine returns a Boolean indicating whether to keep this `LibraryLocator` in its list of `LibraryLocators` to return from `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` in the `locatorListHP` variable.

For example, the Download Manager uses the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call. Download Manager plug-ins all have the subtype '????' because they potentially each handle multiple subtypes of data. In its `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` routine, the Download Manager obtains information about what type of data a given Download Manager converter library can handle and it supplies that data as its data to cache for that library. This data is cached by the Printing Plug-ins Manager so that further calls to `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` do not call the `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` routine unless the set of Printing Plug-ins has changed. Once the cache is up to date, the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` calls the supplied `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` routine.

In its `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` routine, the Download Manager uses the cached information about what type of data a given converter library can handle to determine if it needs to call the library itself for more information. For each library which can handle a given type of data, the Download Manager loads and calls that library to refine the search further.

The parameter `clientDataVersion` passed to the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call is a number supplied by the caller and is used to put a version tag on the data the client puts in the cache. Since the client may change over a period of time, it is important to ensure that a new client doesn't receive cached data that was created by an older version of the client. A client only needs to change its version data when the client's custom cached data type changes.

**Warning:**

It is not anticipated that a large number of developers will use the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call to manage plug-ins of the same type. It is important that each client of this call with a given type ensure that the values of `clientDataVersion` it uses are unique. Failing to do so could potentially generate collisions in any cached data between clients and possibly return incorrect data to a given client. Following a simple guideline of choosing a large random number for your `clientDataVersion` will satisfy the need to avoid collisions between clients. Small integers are greatly discouraged.

**Note:**

Negative version numbers are reserved by the implementation and must not be used by clients. In later versions of SettingsLib, attempting this will generate the error `errInvalidPluginClientDataVersion`.

The parameter `clientrefcon` passed to the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call is a pointer to client-supplied data. The `clientrefcon` supplied to this routine is typically a pointer to data that the client is gathering. The `clientrefcon` supplied to the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` will be the `clientrefcon` passed to the `ClientBuildCacheDataCallBack` and `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBacks`.

Upon return from the `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` call, `*numLocatorsP` contains the number of `LibraryLocators` for which the `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` returns true in the `*addThisLocator` variable. Additionally, the `*locatorListHP` variable contains a handle which is a list of the `LibraryLocators` for which the `ClientProcessCacheDataCallBack` returned true in the `*addThisLocator` variable. If the returned value of `*numLocatorsP` is zero, the value of `*locatorListHP` will be NULL. If the returned value of `*numLocatorsP` is non-zero, it is up to the caller of `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` to dispose of the handle returned in `locatorListHP`.

**Note:**

The subtype 'zsys' is reserved for use by the Printing Plug-ins Manager and cannot be used by a client. If a client calls `psGetSubtypeLocators` with a subtype of 'zsys', the error `errInvalidPluginSubType` is returned.

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## Utility Routines

There are several utility routines that may be helpful to clients of the Printing Plug-ins Manager.

### psValidateLibraryLocator

```
OSStatus psValidateLibraryLocator(
    const LibraryLocator *libLocatorP, Boolean *isValid);
```

The `psValidateLibraryLocator` allows a client to have the Printing Plug-ins Manager validate any `LibraryLocator`. If the data in the `LibraryLocator` pointed to by `libLocatorP` is valid, then `*isValid` is set to true; otherwise `*isValid` is set to false. `LibraryLocators` returned by the `psGetSubtypeLocators` and `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` calls are always valid at the time they are returned, but they can become invalid because of user actions. If `LibraryLocators` are stored or provided to other pieces of software, it is important to validate them with the `psValidateLibraryLocator` routine before using them. For example, if the user updates a library and that library is referenced by a stored `LibraryLocator`, the `LibraryLocator` may no longer contain correct information about the stored shared library, and use of it with `GetDiskFragment` may cause a crash.

### psGetPrintingPluginsFolder

```
OSStatus psGetPrintingPluginsFolder(short *vref, long *folderID);
```

The `psGetPrintingPluginsFolder` call allows a client to obtain the volume reference number and `folderID` information for the folder that is being used as the Printing Plug-ins Folder. This is useful to clients such as installers who don't want to use the other Printing Plug-ins Manager calls to manage plug-in information but do want to know where the Printing Plug-ins Folder is.

## psGetPrintingPluginsFolderName

```
StringPtr psGetPrintingPluginsFolderName(void);
```

The `psGetPrintingPluginsFolderName` call allows a client to obtain the name of the folder that is being used as the Printing Plug-ins Folder. This is useful to clients such as installers who don't want to use the other Printing Plug-ins Manager calls to manage plug-in information but do want to know the name of the folder. The `StringPtr` returned by this call is only valid while the `SettingsLib` library is open.

## psGetPluginPrefsFileName

```
StringPtr psGetPluginPrefsFileName();
```

The `psGetPluginPrefsFileName` call allows a client to obtain the name for the file that is being used as the preferences file by the Printing Plug-ins Manager. This call is currently used only by the Printing Plug-ins Manager. There should be no need for third parties to access data in the preferences file and all data in that file is considered private.

## psGetTypeLibraryData

```
OSStatus psGetTypeLibraryData(SettingsDataType type,
    long *numLibrariesP, LibraryDataListH *librariesListHP);
```

`psGetTypeLibraryData` returns a list of `LibraryData` structures for all the plug-ins of the specified type. The `LibraryData` structure is defined as:

```
typedef struct LibraryData{
    SettingsDataSubType subtype;
    LibraryLocator libraryLocator;
}LibraryData, *LibraryDataListP, **LibraryDataListH;
```

The `subtype` field of the `LibraryData` structure is the subtype of the plug-in library represented by the `libraryLocator` field of the `LibraryData` structure.

A client calls this routine to enumerate all plug-ins of a given type. This call returns a handle containing a list of `LibraryData` structures. The `LibraryLocators` are all those plug-ins available with the type specified by the caller. The caller is required to dispose of the returned handle when it is done with it. The returned handle is `NULL` if there is an error or if there are no plug-ins of the type specified.

Note that `LibraryLocators` which correspond to libraries in the Printing Plug-ins Folder are returned first; i.e., external plug-ins have precedence in this list.

Use `psGetSubtypeLocators` instead of `psGetTypeLibraryData` when the subtype of the desired plug-in is known. The `psGetSubtypeLocators` call caches data to improve performance whereas `psGetTypeLibraryData` always looks at all the libraries in `PrintingLib` and the `Printing Plug-ins Folder` to obtain its list of libraries.

**Note:**

The `psGetTypeLibraryData` call is only available in `PrintingLib` version 8.6.5 and later. Clients should weak-link to `PrintingLib` and test that the symbol is available before calling `psGetTypeLibraryData`. For example:

```
if (psGetTypeLibraryData != (void *) kUnresolvedCFragSymbolAddress) {  
    psGetTypeLibraryData(...)  
} else {  
    // alternative approach ...  
}
```

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## Errors

### **errInvalidPluginSubType**

Returned by the Printing Plug-ins Manager if the requested subtype is an invalid subtype. The only invalid subtype is the reserved subtype 'zsys'.

### **errInvalidPluginsCache**

Even though the Printing Plug-ins Manager validated its cache before using it, the cache was not valid. This should never happen, but there is explicit checking to return this error if it does.

### **errInvalidPluginsClientDataVersion**

This error is returned if a caller of `psGetPreferredSubtypeLocators` passes in an invalid value for the argument `clientDataVersion`. Negative versions are reserved by the implementation and cannot be used by clients.

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## Summary

The Printing Plug-ins Manager is used by the Download Manager supplied with LaserWriter 8 Version 8.6 to manage Printing Plug-ins, such as low-level converters, custom hoses and Desktop Printer Utility plug-ins. Developers may wish to use it for writing plug-ins for LaserWriter 8, such as low-level converters, which will be described in a future Technote. The APIs presented in this Technote are also needed to install a printing plug-in correctly.

## Further References

- [Technote 1169: The Download Manager](#)
- [Technote 1165: Introducing the LaserWriter 8 Driver Version 8.6.5](#)
- [Technote 1144: Writing Custom Hoses for LaserWriter 8.6](#)
- [Technote 1143: Introducing the LaserWriter 8 Driver Version 8.6](#)
- [Technote 1113: Customizing Desktop Printer Utility](#)

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## Change History

- Originally written in April 1998 by David Gelphman.
- Revised in January 1999 by David Gelphman.
- Revised in May 1999 by Dave Polaschek

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## Downloadables



[Acrobat version of this Note \(how many K?\)](#)

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