

DirectX components for Delphi 3, 4

# DelphiX

1998.10.05 version

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## What is DelphiX?

DelphiX is a component collection to use DirectX with Borland Delphi3 easily.

These were required to be developed with C and C++ though new API named DirectX joined Windows95 . In it, it was pitiless, and I made the component collection for Delphi . Then, please enjoy the Delphi and DelphiX lives.

## Contents

- Installation
- Reference of unit of DelphiX
- Programming Tips & FAQ
- When you distribute the DelphiX use application program
- Address of thanks
- Copyright
- Histroys

## Installation

The DirectX5 run time is installed. And, Install\_for?.exe in the Bin folder of DelphiX is executed.

## Offered file

Readme.txt      Manual in English  
Readmej.txt     Manual in Japanese

Bin\  
  Install\_for3.exe            installer for Delphi 3  
  Install\_for4.exe            installer for Delphi 4

FFEffects\  
Help\  
Samples\  
                         Effect collections of force feedback  
                         Help file  
                         Sample program

Source\  
  DAnim.pas                  DirectAnimation headers  
  DelphiX\_for3.dcr           Resource of component for Delphi3  
  DelphiX\_for3.dpk           Source of DelphiX package for Delphi3  
  DelphiX\_for3.res           Resource of DelphiX package for Delphi3  
  DelphiX\_for4.dcr           Resource of component for Delphi4  
  DelphiX\_for4.dpk           Source of DelphiX package for Delphi4  
  DelphiX\_for4.res           Resource of DelphiX package for Delphi4  
  DelphiXinc.inc             Include file which sets compiler  
  DIB.pas                    DIB relation  
  DirectX.pas                DirectX headers  
  DShow.pas                  DirectShow headers  
  DXClass.pas                Component, class, and routine used with DelphiX  
  DXConsts.pas               Character-string constant  
  DXDIBEdit.pas              TDIB property editor  
  DXDraws.pas                DirectDraw relation  
  DXETable.pas               Error character string  
  DXFFBEdit.pas              TForceFeedbackEffects property editor  
  DXGUIDEdit.pas             GUID property editor  
  DXInput.pas                Input relation  
  DXInptEdit.pas              TDXInput component editor  
  DXPlay.pas                 DirectPlay relation  
  DXPlayFm.pas               DirectPlay connection window  
  DXRender.pas               Software polygon renderer  
  DXReg.pas                  Component registration unit  
  DXSounds.pas               DirectSound relation  
  DXSprite.pas               Sprite relation  
  DXWaveEdit.pas              TForceFeedbackEffects property editor  
  Wave.pas                   Wave relation

## **When you distribute the DelphiX use application program**

When software which uses DelphiX is distributed, it is glad when the following copyright displays can be had to be put on the manual.

Title	DelphiX
Copyright	Copyright (C) 1996-1998 Hiroyuki Hori
Address	<a href="http://www.ingjapan.ne.jp/hori/">http://www.ingjapan.ne.jp/hori/</a>

## Address of thanks

Thank you to the following people when DelphiX is made.

I was going to refer to the source and the sample of Mr. Ryo Shi-3z's Direct3Z when I mounted 3D function.

The picture of the Shoot sample was gotten from Mr. Masak Urazaki.

The 3d\_shadow and 3d\_sprite sample was gotten from AndyGFX.

We wish to express our gratitude to you of FDelphi which draws the voice of the advice and the encouragement.

## Copyright

As for each file of DelphiX, the copyright belongs to the author, and is treated as free software excluding the DXHeader folder, the FFEffects folder, and the Samples folder.

DelphiX is used and the copyright of the made software is a thing of the author of the software. The author of DelphiX assumes the one without right and the obligation of it.

Please go without changing the content of the archive concerning the re-distribution .  
Care neither addition nor to distribute another file again .  
Please inform the undermentioned mail address because it is good after the thing if it is possible to do.

Moreover, please use the result by having used this software without permission etc.  
in user's responsibility because the author cannot assume the responsibility.

## History

1998/10/05 ver 1998.10.05

- DelphiX was made DirectX6 exclusive use.
- Delphi4 was made main in the platform.
- When DelphiX is used with Delphi3, a part of a new function cannot be used.
- When DelphiX was used with Delphi4, the default argument and the over loading were used.
- The clipboard operation can have been done in the TDIB property editor.
- The icon file etc. can have been read in the TDIB property editor.
- doDrawPrimitive and doTexture of the TDXDraw.Options property were deleted. As a result, when the project of old DelphiX is read, the Options property is initialized.
- When the form to which TDXDraw was given a ride to by Windows 98 was moved, it was corrected that garbage remained.
- The TDXDraw.UpdatePalette method was always synchronized with refreshing the display.
- It was possible to right and left and upper and lower reverse by the Draw method of TDirectDrawSurface.
- It was corrected to cut the edge by the DrawAdd method of TDirectDrawSurface etc.
- The subtraction synthesis versions of the DrawAdd method and the DrawRotate method of TDirectDrawSurface etc. were added.
- The FillRectAdd method of doing the fade-in fade-out to TDirectDrawSurface more than 16 bit color, the FillRectSub method, and the FillRectAlpha method were added.
- The GammaControl property which adjusted the gamma to TDirectDrawSurface was added.
- When a new image was set in TDXImageList when designing, the color of the pixel on the left was automatically set in a transparent color.
- The mouse was supported with TDXInput. The BindInputStates property was added to the TCustomInput object as the mouse had been supported.
- The BindInputStates property was added to the TCustomInput object as the mouse had been supported.

1998/06/03 ver 1998.06.03

- The ALink key word and the tutorial were added to the help file.
- The sample (Samples\Graphic\DynImageList folder) which dynamically added the content of TDXImageList was added.
- Because PictEdit.pas might compete with other components, the name was changed into DXPictEdit.pas.
- The method of the version where DrawRotateXXX was not rotated was added.
- The DrawWaveXxxx method of transforming X direction crimp was added.
- The bug that 24 bits TBitmap were not able to do in Assign was corrected to TDIB.
- The bug of the DirectX header was corrected.

1998/05/28 ver 1998.05.28

- When you tried to access the pixel data compressed with TDIB, it was corrected the generation of the EAccessViolation exception.
- It was corrected that the TBitmapFileHeader.bfSize field of preservation in the bit map file with TDIB was an illegal value.
- The Mirror method the under's reversing right and left and reversing to TDIB was added.
- The function equal with the ConvertBitCount method was absorbed to the BitCount property of TDIB, and the ConvertBitCount method was deleted.
- The amount of the use of having GDI and the resource where HPalette was shared with TDIB was suppressed.
- The algorithm of the pfGetxxx function of the DIB unit was changed.
- Optimization of software polygon renderer
- The surface which was not the size of the involution of two can have been displayed by the DrawRotateXXX method.

- The connection to which the diamond log was not displayed with TDXPlay was enabled.
- The bug of the operation when the DXG file was read when the application was executed with TDXImageList was corrected.
- It was corrected that there was a bug in how to calculate the value of X property when TDXInput.Joystick was controlled by the JoyGetPosEx function, Y property, and Z property.
- The connection to which the diamond log was not displayed with TDXPlay was enabled.

1998/05/12 ver 1998.05.18

- The clipping was done by the TDirectDrawSurface.StretchDraw method and the TPictureCollectionItem.StretchDraw method.
- The collision judgment of TImageSprite can have been judged in each pixel. ->PixelCheck property addition
- Some memory leak was corrected.
- Optimization of software polygon renderer
- RLE was supported with TDIB. Moreover, the pixel data can have been secured for the memory.-> Compress, Decompress, Dormant, and FreeImage method addition
- The method such as shading off to TDIB of a special effect was added.
- The pixel format was checked with TDIB at 24 bit color.
- It was stopped to have converted TBitmap into TDIB automatically when TPicture with TBitmap in TPictureCollectionItem.Picture was substituted by making a special property editor.
- The AutoUpdate property which specified whether to call the Update method in TAudioStream by the automatic operation was added.
- The IsHost property by which it was returned to TDXPlay whether a present computer was a host was added.
- When the TDXPlay connection diamond log of DelphiX English version was displayed in a Japanese environment, it was corrected to misconvert.

1998/05/02 ver 1998.05.02

1998/04/29 ver 1998.04.29

1998/04/24 ver 1998.04.24

1998/04/18 ver 1998.04.18

1998/04/02 ver 1998.04.02

1998/03/25 ver 1998.03.25

1998/03/10 ver 1.05a

1998/02/28 ver 1.05

1998/02/06 ver 1.04a

1998/01/31 ver 1.04

1998/01/22 ver 1.03a

1998/01/02 ver 1.03

1997/12/27 ver 1.02

1997/12/14 ver 1.01

1997/12/02 ver 1.00e

1997/11/25 ver 1.00d

1997/11/20 ver 1.00c

1997/11/17 ver 1.00b

1997/11/11 ver 1.00a

1997/11/06 ver 1.00

1997/08/02 ver 1.00 b3b

1997/07/14 ver 1.00 b3a

1997/06/07 ver 1.00 b3

1997/03/03 ver 1.00 b2

1997/02/22 ver 1.00 b1

1997/02/06 Ver 1.00 b

- DirectX was parodied and the name was changed to DelphiX.



1996/08/22 ver 0.00

- The first prototype completion
- DirectDraw Component and naming

## Unit of DelphiX

The unit included in DelphiX is shown below.

DIB unit

DXClass unit

DXDraws unit

DXInput unit

DXPlay unit

DXSounds unit

DXSprite unit

Wave unit

## DIB unit

The class concerning DIB is described in the DIB unit .

The following item is declared to the DIB unit.

### Components

TDXDIB

TDXPaintBox

### Objects

TDIB

### Types

TDIBPixelFormat

TPaletteEntries

TRGBQuads

### Routines

GreyscaleColorTable

MakeDIBPixelFormat

MakeDIBPixelFormatMask

pfGetBValue

pfGetGValue

pfGetRGB

pfGetRValue

pfRGB





## **TDXDIB**

Hierarchy

Properties

**Unit**

DIB

### **Description**

The TDXDIB component maintains DIB. DIB property is used to access DIB.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXDIB

## TDXDIB properties

TDXDIB

Legend

In TDXDIB



DIB

## **TDXDIB.DIB**

TDXDIB

**property** DIB: TDIB;

### **Description**

It is TDIB object.





## **TDXPaintBox**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Example](#)

### **Unit**

DIB

### **Description**

The TDXPaintBox component is DIB version of TImage.

DIB property is used to describe. To display DIB on the screen, the Paint method is called.

## Hierarchy

TGraphicControl

TCustomDXPaint

## TDXPaintBox properties

TDXPaintBox

Legend

### In TDXPaintBox

- AutoStretch
- Center
- DIB
- Stretch

## **TDXPaintBox.AutoStretch**

TDXPaintBox

**property** AutoStretch: Boolean;

### **Description**

The image whether is reduced and displayed automatically when the image cannot finish being installed in the control are specified.

## **TDXPaintBox.Center**

TDXPaintBox

**property** Center: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to display the image at the center of the control.

## **TDXPaintBox.DIB**

TDXPaintBox

Example

**property** DIB: TDIB;

### **Description**

It is TDIB object . When the image is changed, the change in the image is reflected in the screen by the Paint method.

## **TDXPaintBox.Stretch**

TDXPaintBox

**property** Stretch: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to match the image to the size of the screen and to do the expansion reduction display.

## **TDXPaintBox methods**

TDXPaintBox

Legend

**In TDXPaintBox**

Paint



## **TDXPaintBox.Paint**

TDXPaintBox

Example

**procedure** Paint;

### **Description**

DIB is displayed on the screen.

## Example of TDXPaintBox

The screen changed into an invalid channel with the television is displayed.

```
procedure TForm1.FormCreate(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    DXPaintBox1.Stretch:= True;  
  
    DXPaintBox1.DIB.ColorTable := GreyscaleColorTable;  
    DXPaintBox1.DIB.SetSize(DXPaintBox1.Width div 4, DXPaintBox1.Height div 4,  
8);  
end;  
  
procedure TForm1.Timer1Timer(Sender: TObject);  
var  
    x, y: Integer;  
    P: ^TByteArray;  
begin  
    for y:=0 to DXPaintBox1.DIB.Height-1 do  
        begin  
            P := DXPaintBox1.DIB.ScanLine[y];  
            for x:=0 to DXPaintBox1.DIB.Width-1 do  
                P[x] := Random(200);  
            end;  
  
        DXPaintBox1.Paint;  
end;
```



## TDIB

Hierarchy

Properties

Methods

Example

**Unit**

DIB

### **Description**

The TDIB object maintains DIB(Device independent bitmap). The ScanLine property and the PBits property are used to access the pixel data of DIB directly.

The palette can be set with the ColorTable property. To reflect the change of the palette in the screen, the UpdatePalette method is called.

## Hierarchy

TGraphic

## TDIB properties

TDIB   Legend

### In TDIB

BitCount

▶ BitmapInfo

▶ BitmapInfoSize

▶ Canvas

ColorTable

▶ Handle

Height

▶ NextLine

▶ NowPixelFormat

Palette

▶ PaletteCount

▶ PBits

PixelFormat

Pixels

▶ ScanLine

▶ Size

▶ TopPBits

Width

WidthBytes

## TDIB.BitCount

### TDIB

**property** BitCount: Integer;

#### **Description**

It is a number of DIB of bits for each pixel. Width Height The SetSize method is used to set BitCount at the same time.

When this property is set, the number of colors of images is converted.

## TDIB.BitmapInfo

### TDIB

**property** BitmapInfo: PBitmapInfo;

#### **Description**

It is a pointer to TBitmapInfo structural body . It is nil that the Size property is 0.

Never change this contents . The adverse effect goes out when other TDIB objects and the pixel data are shared.



## TDIB.BitmapInfoSize

TDIB

**property** BitmapInfoSize: Integer;

### Description

It is a size of the BitmapInfo property.

## TDIB.Canvas

TDIB

**property** Canvas: TCanvas;

### Description

It is a canvas.

## TDIB.ColorTable

### TDIB

**property** ColorTable: TRGBQuads;

#### **Description**

The palette can be set by using the ColorTable property . To reflect the change, the UpdatePalette method is called.

## TDIB.Handle

### TDIB

**property** Handle: HBitmap;

### **Description**

It is Bitmap handle. This is a thing which the CreateDIBSection function returned.

## TDIB.Height

TDIB

**property** Height: Integer;

### Description

It is height of DIB. The SetSize method is used to set Width, Height, and BitCount at the same time.

## TDIB.NextLine

TDIB      Example

**property** NextLine: Integer;

### Description

It is an offset value to the scanning line of one below . It is in case of negative.

## Example of TDIB.NextLine and TopPBits

The palette number specified for coordinates specified by X and Y in eight bits DIB by C is set.

```
PByte(Integer(DIB.TopBits)+Y*NextLine+X)^ := C;
```

## TDIB.NowPixelFormat

TDIB

**property** NowPixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat;

### Description

It is a present pixel format.



## TDIB.Palette

TDIB

**property** Palette: HPalette;

### Description

It is Handle of the palette.

## TDIB.PaletteCount

TDIB

**property** PaletteCount: Integer;

### Description

It is a number of entries of palettes.

## TDIB.PBits

### TDIB

**property** PBits: Pointer;

#### **Description**

It is a pointer to the pixel data.

## TDIB.PixelFormat

### TDIB

**property** PixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat;

### **Description**

It is a pixel format when DIB is made. It is effective at 16 bits, 24 bits, and 32 bits.

## TDIB.Pixels

### TDIB

**property** Pixels[X, Y: Integer]: Longint;

#### **Description**

The pixel of DIB can be acquired, and be set.

## TDIB.ScanLine

### TDIB

**property** ScanLine[Y: Integer]: Pointer;

### **Description**

It is a pointer to the pixel data of the scanning line specified by Y of DIB.

## TDIB.Size

TDIB

**property** Size: Integer;

### Description

It is a size of the pixel data of DIB.

## TDIB.TopPBits

### TDIB

**property** TopPBits: Pointer;

#### **Description**

It is a pointer to the pixel data on the left of DIB. This is used together with the NextLine property. This is the same as ScanLine[0].



## TDIB.Width

### TDIB

**property** Width: Integer;

### **Description**

It is Width of DIB . The SetSize method is used to set Width, Height, and BitCount at the same time.

## TDIB.WidthBytes

### TDIB

**property** WidthBytes: Integer;

#### **Description**

The number of bytes used by one line of DIB is returned . This is always a multiple of four .

The NextLine property is used to know the offset value to the scanning line of one below.

## TDIB methods

TDIB   Legend

### In TDIB

Assign

Blur

Clear

Compress

Create

Decompress

Destroy

Dormant

FreeImage

Greyscale

LoadFromClipboardFormat

LoadFromFile

LoadFromStream

Mirror

Negative

SaveToClipboardFormat

SaveToFile

SaveToStream

SetSize

UpdatePalette

## TDIB.Assign

### TDIB

**procedure** Assign(Source: TPersistent);

#### **Description**

The Assign method copies the object compatible with TDIB. The object at present compatible is TDIB, TGraphic, and TPicture object.

When the TDIB object is specified for the copy origin, the resource is shared.

## TDIB.Blur

### TDIB

**procedure** Blur(ABitCount: Integer; Radius: Integer);

#### **Description**

The image is shadeed off . The OnProgress event is generated because it takes time to this method for processing.

If eight or less is specified for the ABitCount argument, the result becomes a grayscale image.

Argument	Explanation
ABitCount	Number of bits of results
Radius	A square radius by which the average is calculated . The image is shadeed off the specification of a large value strongly.

## TDIB.Clear

TDIB

**procedure** Clear;

### Description

DIB is abandoned.

## TDIB.Compress

### TDIB

**procedure** Compress;

#### **Description**

DIB being maintained now is compressed in RLE . To restore the compressed data, the Decompress method is called.

When the access of DIB to the pixel data is needed, the Decompress method is automatically called . However, the Draw method is an exception.

## TDIB.Create

### TDIB

**constructor** Create;

### **Description**

The TDIB object is made.



## TDIB.Decompress

TDIB

**procedure** Decompress;

### Description

If DIB being maintained now is compressed, it is restored.

## TDIB.Destroy

TDIB

**destructor** Destroy;

### Description

The TDIB object is abandoned . DIB maintained at this time is abandoned.

## TDIB.Dormant

### TDIB

**procedure** Dormant;

#### **Description**

DIB is secured for not the GDI resource but the memory . To secure DIB for the GDI resource oppositely, the FreeImage method is called.

The GDI resource can be saved by calling this method.

## TDIB.FreeImage

### TDIB

**procedure** FreeImage;

#### **Description**

DIB is secured for not the memory but the GDI resource. To secure the memory DIB oppositely, the Dormant method is called.

If DIB is compressed, it is automatically restored.

## TDIB.Greyscale

### TDIB

**procedure** Greyscale(ABitCount: Integer);

#### **Description**

DIB is converted into the grayscale image.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
ABitCount	Number of bits of results

## **TDIB.LoadFromClipboardFormat**

### TDIB

**procedure** LoadFromClipboardFormat (AFormat: Word; AData: THandle; APalette: HPALETTE);

### **Description**

DIB is read from the clipboard.

## TDIB.LoadFromFile

### TDIB

```
procedure LoadFromFile(const FileName: string);
```

#### **Description**

DIB is read and the file is read . The corresponding type is RGB and OS/2.

## TDIB.LoadFromStream

### TDIB

**procedure** LoadFromStream(Stream: TStream);

#### **Description**

DIB is read from the stream . The corresponding type is RGB and OS/2.



## TDIB.Mirror

### TDIB

**procedure** Mirror(MirrorX, MirrorY: Boolean);

#### **Description**

The direction of the image is reversed.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
MirrorX	It is specified whether to reverse the direction of the image according to horizontal direction.
MirrorY	It is specified whether to reverse the direction of the image according to the vertical direction.

## TDIB.Negative

TDIB

**procedure** Negative;

### Description

The color of DIB is reversed . The palette is reversed below 256 colors, and the pixel data is reversed besides.

## TDIB.SaveToClipboardFormat

### TDIB

**procedure** SaveToClipboardFormat(**var** AFormat: Word; **var** AData: THandle; **var** APalette: HPALETTE);

### **Description**

DIB is saved to the clipboard.

## TDIB.SaveToFile

### TDIB

```
procedure SaveToFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

DIB is saved to the file.

## **TDIB.SaveToStream**

TDIB

**procedure** SaveToStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

DIB is saved to the stream.

## TDIB.SetSize

### TDIB

**procedure** SetSize(AWidth, AHeight, ABitCount: Integer);

#### **Description**

Width, height, and the number of bits of DIB are set . DIB before is lost.

Please set the PixelFormat property correctly at 16 bits, 24 bits, and 32 bits.

## **TDIB.UpdatePalette**

TDIB

**procedure** UpdatePalette;

### **Description**

The change of the palette is reflected in the screen.

### **See also**

ColorTable





## TDIBPixelFormat type

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

```
TDIBPixelFormat = record
  RBitMask, GBitMask, BBitMask: Integer;
  RBitCount, GBitCount, BBitCount: Integer;
  RShift, GShift, BShift: Integer;
end;
```

### Description

The TDIBPixelFormat type defines the pixel format of DIB . The MakeDIBPixelFormat function or the MakeDIBPixelFormatMask function is used to generate this type.

Identifier	Meaning
RBitMask, GBitMask, BBitMask	Bit mask of element each RGB
RBitCount, GBitCount, BBitCount	Number of bits a pixel of elements each RGB
RShift, GShift	Number of right shifts to correct color to eight bits
BShift	Number of left shifts to correct color to eight bits

## TPaletteEntries type

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

```
TPaletteEntries = array[0..255] of TPaletteEntry;
```

### Description

The TPaletteEntries type is an array with 256 elements of TPaletteEntry.

## TRGBQuads type

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

```
TRGBQuads = array[0..255] of TRGBQuad;
```

### Description

The TRGBQuads type is a color table of TDIB.

This type is used as a color table of the DelphiX standard.



## GreyscaleColorTable function

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

**function** GreyscaleColorTable: TRGBQuads;

### Description

The color table of the grayscale is made.

## MakeDIBPixelFormat function

**Unit**

DIB

### Declaration

```
function MakeDIBPixelFormat(RBitCount, GBitCount, BBitCount: Integer):  
    TDIBPixelFormat;
```

### Description

The pixel format for which DIB is specified is made .

For instance, when the RGB:565 format is made, it is assumed *MakeDIBPixelFormat*(5, 6, 5).

Identifier	Meaning
RBitCount, GBitCount, BBitCount	Number of bits a pixel of elements each RGB

## MakeDIBPixelFormatMask function

**Unit**

DIB

### Declaration

```
function MakeDIBPixelFormat(RBitMask, GBitMask, BBitMask: Integer):  
    TDIBPixelFormat;
```

### Description

The pixel format for which DIB is specified is made from the mask.

For instance, when the RGB:565 format is made, it is assumed *MakeDIBPixelFormatMask*(\$FF0000, \$00FF00, \$0000FF).

Argument	Explanation
RBitMask, GBitMask, BBitMask	Bit mask of element each RGB1

## pfGetBValue function

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

```
function pfGetBValue(const PixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat; Color: Integer):  
    Byte;
```

### Description

B element of the color of the specified pixel format is pulled out.



## pfGetGValue function

**Unit**

DIB

**Declaration**

```
function pfGetGValue(const PixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat; Color: Integer):  
    Byte;
```

**Description**

G element of the color of the specified pixel format is pulled out.

## pfGetRGB function

**Unit**

DIB

**Declaration**

```
procedure pfGetRGB(const PixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat; Color: Integer; var R,  
    G, B: Byte);
```

**Description**

The color of the specified pixel format is decomposed into RGB.

## pfGetRValue function

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

```
function pfGetRValue(const PixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat; Color: Integer):  
    Byte;
```

### Description

R element of the color of the specified pixel format is pulled out.

## pfRGB function

### Unit

DIB

### Declaration

```
function pfRGB(const PixelFormat: TDIBPixelFormat; R, G, B: Byte): Integer;
```

### Description

The color of the specified pixel format is made.

## **DXClass unit**

The routine etc. used with DelphiX are declared to the DXClass unit.

The following item is declared to the DXClass unit.

### **Components**

TDXForm

TDXTimer

### **Objects**

TDirectX

TDirectXDriver

TDirectXDrivers

### **Routines**

Cos256

Max

Min

OverlapRect

PointInRect

RectInRect

Sin256



## **TDXForm**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[DXClass](#)

### **Description**

The TDXForm component is a thing to optimize TForm for DelphiX.

### **See also**

[Form is transformed to TDXForm.](#)

## Hierarchy

TForm



## **TDXForm methods**

TDXForm

Legend

### **In TDXForm**

RestoreWindow

StoreWindow

## **TDXForm.RestoreWindow**

TDXForm

**procedure** RestoreWindow;

### **Description**

The state of the window preserved by the StoreWindow method is restored.

## **TDXForm.StoreWindow**

### TDXForm

**procedure** StoreWindow;

#### **Description**

The state of the window is preserved.



## **TDXTimer**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Events](#)

**Unit**

[DXClass](#)

### **Description**

The TDXTimer component is more high-speed timer than the TTimer component.

Because this component uses the Application.OnIdle event, only one can be used at the same time.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXTimer

## TDXTimer properties

TDXTimer

Legend

### In TDXTimer

ActiveOnly

Enabled

FrameRate

Interval

MaxLag

## **TDXTimer.ActiveOnly**

TDXTimer

**property** ActiveOnly: Boolean;

### **Description**

This property specifies whether the application is generated of the OnTimer event only at the time of active.

## **TDXTimer.Enabled**

TDXTimer

**property** Enabled: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether the timer is effective.



## TDXTimer.FrameRate

TDXTimer

**property** FrameRate: Integer;

### Description

The frequency which generated the OnTimer event in one second in the past is returned.

## **TDXTimer.Interval**

TDXTimer

**property** Interval: Integer;

### **Description**

The frequency by which TDXTimer generates the OnTimer event in one second is specified . If 0 is specified, the OnTimer event is generated at as fast a cycle as possible.

## **TDXTimer.MaxLag**

TDXTimer

**property** MaxLag: Integer;

### **Description**

The maximum value of the LagCount argument of the OnTimer event is specified.

## **TDXTimer events**

TDXTimer

Legend

### **In TDXTimer**

OnActivate

OnDeactivate

OnTimer

## **TDXTimer.OnActivate**

TDXTimer

**property** OnActivate: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the application becomes active.

## **TDXTimer.OnDeactivate**

TDXTimer

**property** OnDeactivate: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the application becomes not active.

## **TDXTimer.OnTimer**

### TDXTimer

```
TDXTimerEvent = procedure (Sender: TObject; LagCount: Integer) of object;  
property OnTimer: TDXTimerEvent;
```

### **Description**

It is a timer event.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Sender	Object in generation origin of event.
LagCount	Late frequency + 1





## **TDirectX**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

**Unit**

[DXClass](#)

### **Description**

The TDirectX object is an abstraction class of the DirectX object of DelphiX .

The [DXResult](#) property is used for knowing the return value of the function of DirectX called at the end.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## TDirectX properties

TDirectX

Legend

In TDirectX

DXResult

## **TDirectX.DXResult**

TDirectX

**property** DXResult: HRESULT;

### **Description**

The return value of the function of DirectX called at the end is maintained .

When the return value is substituted for the DXResult property, error processing according to the value is done.

## TDirectXDriver

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

**Unit**

[DXClass](#)

### Description

It is information on the driver of DirectX.

The [GUID](#) property is used for obtaining GUID of the driver.

## Hierarchy

TCollectionItem

**TDirectXDriver properties**

TDirectXDriver      Legend

In **TDirectXDriver**

Description

DriverName

GUID

## **TDirectXDriver.Description**

TDirectXDriver

**property** Description: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a description of the driver.



## **TDirectXDriver.DriverName**

TDirectXDriver

**property** DriverName: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a name of the driver.

## **TDirectXDriver.GUID**

TDirectXDriver

**property** GUID: PGUID;

### **Description**

It is a pointer to GUID of the driver . It is at nil.

## TDirectXDrivers

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

**Unit**

[DXClass](#)

### Description

TDirectXDrivers is a list of the driver of DirectX.

## Hierarchy

TCollection

**TDirectXDrivers properties**

TDirectXDrivers   Legend

**In TDirectXDrivers**

Count

Drivers

## **TDirectXDrivers.Count**

TDirectXDrivers

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of drivers.

## **TDirectXDrivers.Drivers**

TDirectXDrivers

**property** Drivers[Index: Integer]: TDirectXDriver; **default;**

### **Description**

It is a list of the driver.





## Cos256 function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function Cos256(i: Integer): Double;
```

### Description

The cosine at 256 cycles is calculated at high speed.

## Max function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function Max(B1, B2: Integer): Integer;
```

### Description

Large one of two given numbers is returned.

## Min function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function Min(B1, B2: Integer): Integer;
```

### Description

Small one of two given numbers is returned.

## OverlapRect function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function OverlapRect(const Rect1, Rect2: TRect): Boolean;
```

### Description

It is returned whether the Rect1 rectangle and the Rect2 rectangle come in succession.

## PointInRect function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function PointInRect(const Point: TPoint; const Rect: TRect): Boolean;
```

### Description

It is returned whether in the rectangle which the point which had been specified by the Point argument specified by the Rect argument.

## RectInRect function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function RectInRect(const Rect1, Rect2: TRect): Boolean;
```

### Description

It is returned whether the rectangle specified by the Rect1 argument and the rectangle specified by the Rect2 argument come in succession.

## Sin256 function

### Unit

DXClass

### Declaration

```
function Sin256(i: Integer): Single;
```

### Description

The sign at 256 cycles is calculated at high speed.

## DXDraws unit

The class concerning the DirectDraw is declared to the DXInput unit.  
The following item is declared to the DXDraws unit.

### Components

TDX3D

TDXDraw

TDXImageList

### Objects

TDirect3DRMUserVisual

TDirect3DTexture

TDirectDraw

TDirectDrawClipper

TDirectDrawDisplay

TDirectDrawDisplayMode

TDirectDrawPalette

TDirectDrawSurface

TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas

TPictureCollection

TPictureCollectionItem







## TDX3D

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

The TDX3D component is a component to use Direct3D easily . This is left only because of interchangeability with the version before . Please use the [TDXDraw](#) component because this extra uses the video memory .

Please specify the [DXDraw](#) property because this operates while cooperating with the [TDXDraw](#) component.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDX3D

## TDX3D properties

TDX3D

Legend

### In TDX3D

AutoSize

Camera

CanDraw

D3D

D3D2

D3D3

D3DDevice

D3DDevice2

D3DDevice3

D3DRM

D3DRM2

D3DRMDevice

D3DRMDevice2

DXDraw

Initialized

NowOptions

Options

Scene

Surface

SurfaceHeight

SurfaceWidth

Viewport

ZBuffer

## **TDX3D.AutoSize**

TDX3D

**property** AutoSize: Boolean;

### **Description**

Whether the size of Surface also changes when the size of the Surface of the TDXDraw component specified with the DXDraw property is changed is specified.

## TDX3D.Camera

TDX3D

**property** Camera: IDirect3DRMFrame;

### Description

It is a camera frame of Direct3DRM.

## **TDX3D.CanDraw**

TDX3D

**property** CanDraw: Boolean;

### **Description**

The CanDraw property can be described now or is returned . Please check this property when describing.

## **TDX3D.D3D**

### IDX3D

**property** D3D: IDirect3D;

#### **Description**

It is IDirect3D interface.



## **TDX3D.D3D2**

### TDX3D

**property** D3D2: IDirect3D2;

#### **Description**

It is IDirect3D2 interface.

## **TDX3D.D3D3**

### TDX3D

**property** D3D3: IDirect3D3;

#### **Description**

It is IDirect3D3 interface.

## TDX3D.D3DDevice

TDX3D

**property** D3DDevice: IDirect3DDevice;

### Description

It is IDirect3DDevice interface.

## **TDX3D.D3DDevice2**

TDX3D

**property** D3DDevice2: IDirect3DDevice2;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DDevice2 interface.

## **TDX3D.D3DDevice3**

TDX3D

**property** D3DDevice3: IDirect3DDevice3;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DDevice3 interface.

## TDX3D.D3DRM

### TDX3D

**property** D3DRM: IDirect3DRM;

#### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRM interface.

## **TDX3D.D3DRM2**

TDX3D

**property** D3DRM2: IDirect3DRM2;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRM2 interface.

## **TDX3D.D3DRMDevice**

TDX3D

**property** D3DRMDevice: IDirect3DRMDevice;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRMDevice interface.



## TDX3D.D3DRMDevice2

TDX3D

**property** D3DRMDevice2: IDirect3DRMDevice2;

### Description

It is IDirect3DRMDevice2 interface.

## **TDX3D.DXDraw**

TDX3D

**property** DXDraw: TDXDraw;

### **Description**

It is TDXDraw component cooperation ahead . Please specify this property.

## **TDX3D.Initialized**

TDX3D

**property** Initialized: Boolean;

### **Description**

The TDX3D component is being initialized now or the Initialized property is returned.

## TDX3D.NowOptions

TDX3D

**property** NowOptions: TDX3DOptions;

### Description

It is setting of present of the TDX3D component . To change setting, the Options property is set.

## TDX3D.Options

### TDX3D

```
type TDX3DOptions = set of (toSystemMemory, toHardware, toRetainedMode,  
    toSelectDriver, toZBuffer, toRGB, toMono, toDither);
```

```
property Options: TDX3DOptions;
```

### Description

How of the operation of the TDX3D component can be set by using the *Options* property . The content set in the NowOptions property according to the set content is reflected.

The following value can be specified for Options.

Identifier	Meaning
toSystemMemory	The Surface is secured for the system memory . The speed drops very much when this is specified.
toHardware	The hardware acceleration is received with Direct3D.
toRetainedMode	Direct3D Retained Mode is used.
toSelectDriver	The DirectDraw driver is selected at a full screen . To use Voodoo and PowerVR, etc. , toSelectDriver is made True.
toZBuffer	Z buffer is used.
toRGB	RGB model is used for the color model of Direct3D.
toMono	The black and white model (Or, lamp model) is used for the color model of Direct3D . If hardware can be used, the color model automatically becomes RGB model.
toDither	The dithering is enabled.

## TDX3D.Scene

TDX3D

**property** Scene: IDirect3DFrame;

### Description

It is a scene frame of Direct3DRM.

## TDX3D.Surface

TDX3D

**property** Surface: TDirectDrawSurface;

### Description

It is a Surface.

## TDX3D.SurfaceHeight

TDX3D

**property** SurfaceHeight: Integer;

### Description

It is height of the Surface.



## TDX3D.SurfaceWidth

TDX3D

**property** SurfaceWidth: Integer;

### Description

It is width of the Surface.

## **TDX3D.Viewport**

TDX3D

**property** Viewport: IDirect3DRMViewport;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRMViewport interface.

## TDX3D.ZBuffer

TDX3D

**property** ZBufer: TDirectDrawSurface;

### Description

It is Z buffer.

## TDX3D methods

TDX3D

Legend

In TDX3D

Render

SetSize

## **TDX3D.Render**

TDX3D

Example

**procedure** Render;

### **Description**

Rendering is done to Surface.

## Example of TDX3D.Render

The image by which rendering is done is forwarded to the surface of the TDXDraw component.

```
procedure TForm1.Timer1Timer(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    if not DXDraw1.CanDraw then Exit;  
    if not DX3D1.CanDraw then Exit;  
  
    DX3D1.Render;  
    DXDraw1.Surface.Draw(0, 0, DX3D1.Surface.ClientRect, DX3D1.Surface, False);  
  
    DXDraw1.Flip;  
end;
```

## **TDX3D.SetSize**

TDX3D

**procedure** SetSize (ASurfaceWidth, ASurfaceHeight: Integer);

### **Description**

The size of the Surface is set. The event is generated in order of OnFinalize and OnInitialize at this time.

## TDX3D events

TDX3D

Legend

### In TDX3D

OnFinalize

OnInitialize



## **TDX3D.OnFinalize**

TDX3D

**property** OnFinalize: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the termination is done . The thing made here is put back in order.

## **TDX3D.OnInitialize**

TDX3D

**property** OnInitialize: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when initialized . The frame is made here.



## TDXDraw

Hierarchy

Properties

Methods

Events

### Unit

DXDraws

### Description

The TDXDraw component is a component to treat DirectDraw and Direct3D easily.

A standard color table is specified with the DefColorTable property . Moreover, a present color table is specified with the ColorTable property . The color table is changed The content changed by the UpdatePalette method is reflected in the screen.

The Surface property is used to describe . To reflect the changed content in the screen, the Flip method is called.

To use Direct3D, do3D of the Options property is set in True . In addition, to use Retained Mode, doRetainedMode is set in True.

When the size of the Surface is changed to initialization by 3D, the OnFinalize3D event and the OnInitialize3D event are generated.

To use 3D device which cannot use the texture, doTexture is set in True.

To use Z buffer, doZBuffer is set in True.

To use the chip etc. only for 3D such as Voodoo, doSelectDriver is set in True . If two chips etc. only for 3D exist at the same time, one with a lot of functions is chosen.

## Hierarchy

TCustomControl

TCustomDXDraw

## **TDXDraw properties**

TDXDraw

Lengend

### **In TDXDraw**

AutoInitialize

AutoSize

Camera

CanDraw

CanPaletteAnimation

Clipper

ColorTable

D3D

D3D2

D3D3

D3DDevice

D3DDevice2

D3DDevice3

D3DRM

D3DRM2

D3DRMDevice

D3DRMDevice2

DDraw

DefColorTable

Display

Driver

Initialized

NowOptions

Options

Palette

Primary

Scene

Surface

SurfaceHeight

SurfaceWidth

Viewport

ZBuffer

## **TDXDraw.AutoInitialize**

TDXDraw

**property** AutoInitialize: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to call the Initialize method automatically when the application is started.

## **TDXDraw.AutoSize**

TDXDraw

**property** AutoSize: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether the size of the surface also changes when the size of the control is changed.



## **TDXDraw.Camera**

TDXDraw

**property** Camera: IDirect3DRMFrame;

### **Description**

It is a camera frame of Direct3DRM.

## **TDXDraw.CanDraw**

TDXDraw

**property** CanDraw: Boolean;

### **Description**

Whether it is possible to describe now is returned . Please check this property when describing.

## **TDXDraw.CanPaletteAnimation**

[TDXDraw](#)

[Example](#)

**property** CanPaletteAnimation: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is returned whether to be able to do the palette animation now . Please check this property before doing the palette animation.

## TDXDraw.Clipper

TDXDraw

**property** Clipper: TDirectDrawClipper;

### Description

It is a clipper.

## **TDXDraw.ColorTable**

TDXDraw

**property** ColorTable: TRGBQuads;

### **Description**

It is a present color table (palette). To reflect the change in the screen, the UpdatePalette method is called.

### **See also**

DefColorTable

## **TDXDraw.D3D**

TDXDraw

**property** D3D: IDirect3D;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3D interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3D2**

TDXDraw

**property** D3D2: IDirect3D2;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3D2 interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3D3**

TDXDraw

**property** D3D3: IDirect3D3;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3D3 interface.



## **TDXDraw.D3DDevice**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DDevice: IDirect3DDevice;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DDevice interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3DDevice2**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DDevice2: IDirect3DDevice2;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DDevice2 interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3DDevice3**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DDevice3: IDirect3DDevice3;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DDevice3 interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3DRM**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DRM: IDirect3DRM;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRM interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3DRM2**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DRM2: IDirect3DRM2;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRM2 interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3DRMDevice**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DRMDevice: IDirect3DRMDevice;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRMDevice interface.

## **TDXDraw.D3DRMDevice2**

TDXDraw

**property** D3DRMDevice2: IDirect3DRMDevice2;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRMDevice2 interface.

## **TDXDraw.DDraw**

TDXDraw

**property** DDraw: TDirectDraw;

### **Description**

It is TDirectDraw object.



## **TDXDraw.DefColorTable**

TDXDraw

**property** DefColorTable: TRGBQuads;

### **Description**

It is a color table of default (palette). When the surface is restored, this color table is used.

### **See also**

ColorTable, UpdatePalette

## **TDXDraw.Display**

TDXDraw

**property** Display: TDirectDrawDisplay;

### **Description**

The display mode at the full screen mode is specified.

## **TDXDraw.Driver**

TDXDraw

**property** Driver: PGUID;

### **Description**

It is a driver of DirectDraw . When nil is specified, the driver of default is used.

### **See also**

Drivers

## **TDXDraw.Initialized**

TDXDraw

**property** Initialized: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is returned whether to be being initialized now.

### **See also**

Initialize

## TDXDraw.NowOptions

TDXDraw

**property** NowOptions: TDXDrawOptions;

### Description

It is setting of present of the TDX3D component . The Options property is used to change setting.

## TDXDraw.Options

### TDXDraw

```
type TDXDrawOptions = set of (doFullScreen, doNoWindowChange, doAllowReboot,  
    doWaitVBlank, doAllowPalette256, doSystemMemory, doStretch, doCenter,  
    doFlip, do3D, doHardware, doRetainedMode, doSelectDriver, doZBuffer, doRGB,  
    doMono, doDither);
```

```
property Options: TDXDrawOptions;
```

### Description

How of the operation of the TDXDraw component can be set by using the Options property . The content set in the NowOptions property according to the set content is reflected.

The following value can be specified for Options property.

Identifier	Meaning
doFullScreen	The screen mode is made a full screen mode.
doNoWindowChange	The thing that DirectDraw changes the form (maximize, minimize, and restore) at the full screen mode is not permitted.
doAllowReboot	The [Ctrl+Alt+Del] key is made effective at a full screen.
doWaitVBlank	Vertical scanning lines are waited for when the <u>Flip</u> method is called so that the screen should not flicker.
doAllowPalette256	The palette can be used by all of the 256 colors at a full screen.
doSystemMemory	The Surface is secured for the system memory . The speed drops very much when this is specified.
doStretch	The Surface is displayed on the screen according to the size of the control.
doCenter	The Surface is displayed at the center of the control.
doFlip	It is an effective flag only in a full screen . The double buffer ring is displayed and the content of doing <u>Surface</u> is displayed on the screen fast . Moreover, the size of Surface always becomes equal with the size of Primary.
do3D	Direct3D is used.
doHardware	The hardware acceleration of Direct3D is made effective.
doRetainedMode	Direct3D Retained Mode is used.
doSelectDriver	The DirectDraw driver is selected at a full screen . To use Voodoo etc. , doSelectDriver is set in True.
doZBuffer	Z buffer is used. priority levels of the number of bits of Z buffers are the order from 24 bits to 16 to 32 bits.

doRGB	RGB model is used for the color model of Direct3D.
-------	--

doRGB	RGB model is used for the color model of Direct3D.
-------	--

The black and white model (Or, lamp model) is used for the color model of Direct3D . Being able to use hardware is a color automatically model of the hardware (It is usually RGB model).

The black and white model (Or, lamp model) is used for the color model of Direct3D . Being able to use hardware is a color automatically model of the hardware (It is usually RGB model).

The dithering is done . The number of colors which can be pseudoexpressed to make the dithering effective even by few numbers of colors is increased.

The dithering is done . The number of colors which can be pseudoexpressed to make the dithering effective even by few numbers of colors is increased.

## TDXDraw.Palette

TDXDraw

**property** Palette: TDirectDrawPalette;

### Description

It is a palette .

Please do not change the palette frequently at the window mode . Because, the resource of Windows decreases fast.



## **TDXDraw.Primary**

TDXDraw

**property** Primary: TDirectDrawSurface;

### **Description**

It is a primary surface.

The operation into which the value of the Primary.IDDSurface property changes like the Primary.Assign method and the Primary.SetSize method, etc. is a strict prohibition.

## TDXDraw.Scene

TDXDraw

**property** Scene: IDirect3DRMFrame;

### Description

It is a scene frame of Direct3DRM.

## **TDXDraw.Surface**

TDXDraw

**property** Surface: TDirectDrawSurface;

### **Description**

It is a Surface . To reflect the changed content in the screen, the Flip method is called.

The operation into which the value of the Surface.IDDSurface property changes like the Surface.Assign method and the Surface.SetSize method, etc. is a strict prohibition.

## **TDXDraw.SurfaceHeight**

TDXDraw

**property** SurfaceHeight: Integer;

### **Description**

It is height of the Surface.

## **TDXDraw.SurfaceWidth**

TDXDraw

**property** SurfaceWidth: Integer;

### **Description**

It is width of the Surface.

## **TDXDraw.Viewport**

TDXDraw

**property** Viewport: IDirect3DRMViewport;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRMViewport interface.

## **TDXDraw.ZBuffer**

TDXDraw

**property** ZBufer: TDirectDrawSurface;

### **Description**

It is Z buffer.

The operation into which the value of the ZBuffer.IDDSurface property changes like the ZBuffer.Assign method and the ZBuffer.SetSize method, etc. is a strict prohibition.

## **TDXDraw methods**

TDXDraw

Legend

### **In TDXDraw**

Drivers

Finalize

Flip

Initialize

Render

Restore

SetSize

UpdatePalette



## **TDXDraw.Drivers**

TDXDraw

```
class function Drivers: TDirectXDrivers;
```

### **Description**

The list of the DirectDraw driver can be acquired.

### **See also**

Driver

## **TDXDraw.Finalize**

TDXDraw

**procedure** Finalize;

### **Description**

The termination is done . At this time, the event is generated in order of OnFinalizeSurface-OnFinalize.

## **TDXDraw.Flip**

TDXDraw

**procedure** Flip;

### **Description**

The content of Surface is forwarded to the screen.

### **See also**

Surface

## **TDXDraw.Initialize**

TDXDraw

**procedure** Initialize;

### **Description**

The TDXDraw component is initialized . At this time, the event is generated in order of OnInitializing-OnInitialize-OnInitializeSurface-OnRestoreSurface.

## **TDXDraw.Render**

TDXDraw

**procedure** Render;

### **Description**

Rendering does 3D. At this time, when doRetainedMode of the NowOptions property is False, nothing is done.

## **TDXDraw.Restore**

TDXDraw

**procedure** Restore;

### **Description**

The Surface etc. are restored . At this time, the OnRestoreSurface event is generated.

## **TDXDraw.SetSize**

TDXDraw

**procedure** SetSize (ASurfaceWidth, ASurfaceHeight: Integer);

### **Description**

The size of the surface is set . However, when goFlip is included in the NowOptions property, nothing is done . If the size of the surface is changed, the event is generated in order of OnFinalizeSurface-OnInitializeSurface.

## **TDXDraw.UpdatePalette**

TDXDraw

Example

**procedure** UpdatePalette;

### **Description**

The ColorTable property is reflected and the change is reflected in the screen .

Please check the CanPaletteAnimation property when you do the palette animation.



## **TDXDraw events**

TDXDraw

Legend

### **In TDXDraw**

OnFinalize

OnFinalizeSurface

OnInitialize

OnInitializeSurface

OnInitializing

OnRestoreSurface

## **TDXDraw.OnFinalize**

TDXDraw

**property** OnFinalize: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the termination is done . This event has paired with the OnInitialize event.

## **TDXDraw.OnFinalizeSurface**

TDXDraw

**property** OnFinalizeSurface: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when Surface is abandoned . This event has paired with the OnInitializeSurface event . Please abandon the texture here.

## **TDXDraw.OnInitialize**

TDXDraw

**property** OnInitialize: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the TDXDraw component is initialized . This event has paired with the OnFinalize event.

## **TDXDraw.OnInitializeSurface**

TDXDraw

**property** OnInitializeSurface: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the size of Surface is changed . This event has paired with the OnFinalizeSurface event .

Please make setting 3D device and the texture here.

## **TDXDraw.OnInitializing**

TDXDraw

**property** OnInitializing: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the TDXDraw component tried to be initialized.

## **TDXDraw.OnRestoreSurface**

TDXDraw

**property** OnRestoreSurface: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the surface is restored . Please load the image into the surface made for myself here . The TDXDraw component sets DefColorTable in a present palette before generating this event.



## **TDXImageList**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

### **Unit**

[DXDraws](#)

### **Description**

The TDXImageList component maintains the list of the image . The Surface is controlled by specifying the [DXDraw](#) property.

### **See also**

[Image is displayed with TDXImageList.](#)



## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXImageList

## **TDXImageList properties**

TDXImageList

Legend

### **In TDXImageList**

DXDraw

Items

## **[TDXImageList.DXDraw](#)**

[TDXImageList](#)

**property** DXDraw: [TDXDraw](#);

### **Description**

The TDXDraw component is specified . When this property is specified, the Surface is controlled.

### **See also**

[TDXDraw](#)

## **TDXImageList.Items**

TDXImageList

**property** Items: TPictureCollection;

### **Description**

It is a list of the image.



## TDirect3DRMUserVisual

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

The wrapping does the IDirect3DRMUserVisual interface to the TDirect3DRMUserVisual object .

It is necessary to override the [DoRender](#) method to use this object.

## Hierarchy

TObject

## **TDirect3DRMUserVisual properties**

TDirect3DRMUserVisual

Legend

**In TDirect3DRMUserVisual**

UserVisual



## **TDirect3DRMUserVisual.UserVisual**

TDirect3DRMUserVisual

**property** UserVisual: IDirect3DRMUserVisual;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DRMUserVisual interface.

## TDirect3DRMUserVisual methods

TDirect3DRMUserVisual

Legend

In TDirect3DRMUserVisual

Create

Destroy



DoRender

## **TDirect3DRMUserVisual.Create**

TDirect3DRMUserVisual

**constructor** Create(D3DRM: IDirect3DRM);

### **Description**

The TDirect3DRMUserVisual object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
D3DRM	The IDirect3DRM interface . The <u>TDXDraw.D3DRM</u> property and the <u>TDX3D.D3DRM</u> property are specified.

## **TDirect3DRMUserVisual.Destroy**

TDirect3DRMUserVisual

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirect3DRMUserVisual object is abandoned.

## TDirect3DRMUserVisual.DoRender

### TDirect3DRMUserVisual

```
function DoRender(Reason: D3DRMUSERVISUALREASON; D3DRMDev: IDirect3DRMDevice;  
    D3DRMView: IDirect3DRMViewport): HRESULT; virtual;
```

#### Description

When it is necessary to do rendering, this method is called from Direct3DRM. The user overrides this method, and does rendering.

Argument	Explanation
Reason	Reason to call DoRender method.  D3DRMUSERVISUAL_CANSEE The callback function should return TRUE if the user-visual object is visible in the viewport.  D3DRMUSERVISUAL_RENDER The callback function should render the user-visual object.
D3DRMDev	IDirect3DRMDevice interface
D3DRMView	IDirect3DRMView interface

## **TDirect3DTexture**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[DXDraws](#)

### **Description**

The wrapping does texture of Direct3D to the TDirect3DTexture object.

## Hierarchy

TObject

## TDirect3DTexture properties

TDirect3DTexture

Legend

In TDirect3DTexture

Handle

Surface

Texture



## **TDirect3DTexture.Handle**

TDirect3DTexture

**property** Handle: D3DTEXTUREHANDLE;

### **Description**

It is a handle of the texture.

## **TDirect3DTexture.Surface**

TDirect3DTexture

**property** Surface: TDirectDrawSurface;

### **Description**

It is a surface of the texture.

## **TDirect3DTexture.Texture**

TDirect3DTexture

**property** Texture: IDirect3DTexture;

### **Description**

It is IDirect3DTexture interface.

## **TDirect3DTexture methods**

TDirect3DTexture

Legend

**In TDirect3DTexture**

Create

Destroy

Restore

## TDirect3DTexture.Create

### TDirect3DTexture

**constructor** Create(Graphic: TGraphic; DXDraw: TComponent);

#### Description

The TDirect3DTexture object is made . The texture is made only after the Restore method is called.

Argument	Explanation
Graphic	Image which becomes origin of texture.
DXDraw	The TDXDraw component or the TDX3D component is specified.

## **TDirect3DTexture.Destroy**

TDirect3DTexture

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirect3DTexture object is abandoned.

## **TDirect3DTexture.Restore**

TDirect3DTexture

**procedure** Restore;

### **Description**

The texture is made . Because making is done by the automatic operation, the user need not call the Restore method usually.

## **TDirectDraw**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### **Unit**

[DXDraws](#)

### **Description**

The wrapping does the IDirectDraw interface to the TDirectDraw object . The user can directly access the IDirectDraw interface by using the [IDraw](#) property.

### **See also**

[TDirectDrawClipper](#), [TDirectDrawPalette](#), [TDirectDrawSurface](#)



## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TDirectX

## **TDirectDraw properties**

TDirectDraw

Legend

### **In TDirectDraw**

IDDraw

IDDraw4

IDraw

IDraw4

### **Derived from TDirectX**

DXResult

## **TDirectDraw.IDDraw**

TDirectDraw

**property** IDDraw: IDirectDraw;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDraw interface directly . Even if a point different from the IDraw property is nil, the exception is not generated.

## **TDirectDraw.IDDraw4**

TDirectDraw

**property** IDDraw4: IDirectDraw4;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDraw interface directly . Even if a point different from the IDraw4 property is nil, the exception is not generated.

## **TDirectDraw.IDraw**

TDirectDraw

**property** IDraw: IDirectDraw;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDraw interface directly.

## **TDirectDraw.IDraw4**

TDirectDraw

**property** IDraw4: IDirectDraw4;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDraw4 interface directly.

## **TDirectDraw methods**

TDirectDraw

Legend

### **In TDirectDraw**

Create

Destroy

Drivers

## **TDirectDraw.Create**

### TDirectDraw

**constructor** Create (GUID: PGUID) ;

### **Description**

The TDirectDraw object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
-----------------	--------------------

---

GUID	The pointer to GUID of the DirectDraw driver . When nil is specified, the driver of default is used.
------	--

### **See also**

#### Drivers



## **TDirectDraw.Destroy**

TDirectDraw

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirectDraw object is abandoned.

## **TDirectDraw.Drivers**

TDirectDraw

```
class function Drivers: TDirectXDrivers;
```

### **Description**

The list of the DirectDraw driver is returned.

## **TDirectDrawClipper**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Example](#)

**Unit**

[DXDraws](#)

### **Description**

The wrapping does the IDirectDrawClipper interface to the TDirectDrawClipper object . The user can directly access the IDirectDrawClipper interface by using the [IClipper](#) property.

When the Surface is forwarded, the clipping can be done by using this object . To do the clipping, this object is substituted for the [Clipper](#) property of the [TDirectDrawSurface](#) object.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TDirectX

## **TDirectDrawClipper properties**

TDirectDrawClipper

Legend

### **In TDirectDrawClipper**

DDraw

IClipper

IDDClipper

### **Derived from TDirectX**

DXResult

## **TDirectDrawClipper.DDraw**

TDirectDrawClipper

**property** DDraw: TDirectDraw;

### **Description**

It is TDirectDraw object.

## **TDirectDrawClipper.IClipper**

TDirectDrawClipper

**property** IClipper: IDirectDrawClipper;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDraw interface directly.

## **TDirectDrawClipper.IDDClipper**

TDirectDrawClipper

**property** IDDClipper: IDirectDrawClipper;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawClipper interface directly . Even if a point different from the IClipper property is nil, the exception is not generated.



## **TDirectDrawClipper methods**

TDirectDrawClipper

Legend

**In TDirectDrawClipper**

Create

Destroy

SetClipRects

## **TDirectDrawClipper.Create**

TDirectDrawClipper

**constructor** Create (ADirectDraw: TDirectDraw);

### **Description**

The TDirectDrawClipper object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
-----------------	--------------------

---

ADirectDraw	TDirectDraw object
-------------	--------------------

## **TDirectDrawClipper.Destroy**

TDirectDrawClipper

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirectDrawClipper object is abandoned.

## **TDirectDrawClipper.SetClipRects**

TDirectDrawClipper

```
procedure SetClipRects(const Rects: array of TRect);
```

### **Description**

The rectangle by which the clipping is done is set.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
-----------------	--------------------

Rects	The rectangle is arranged by doing the clipping.
-------	--

## Example of TDirectDrawClipper

The image is forwarded only to on the left and the lower right of the surface.

```
var
  Clipper: TDirectDrawClipper;
  Rects: array[0..1] of TRect;
begin
  DXImageList1.Items.Find('img1').Draw(DXDraw1.Surface, 0, 0, 0);

  Clipper := TDirectDrawClipper.Create(DXDraw1.DDraw);
  try
    Rects[0] := Bounds(0, 0, DXDraw1.Surface.Width div 2,
DXDraw1.Surface.Height div 2);
    Rects[1] := Bounds(DXDraw1.Surface.Width div 2, DXDraw1.Surface.Height
div 2,
    DXDraw1.Surface.Width div 2, DXDraw1.Surface.Height div 2);

    Clipper.SetClipRects(Rects);

    DXDraw1.Surface.Clipper := Clipper;
    try
      DXImageList1.Items.Find('img2').Draw(DXDraw1.Surface, 0, 0, 0);
    finally
      DXDraw1.Surface.Clipper := nil;
    end;
  finally
    Clipper.Free;
  end;

  DXDraw1.Flip;
end;
```

## TDirectDrawDisplay

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

It is a list of the display mode of DirectDraw.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## TDirectDrawDisplay properties

TDirectDrawDisplay

Legend

### In TDirectDrawDisplay

BitCount

Count

FixedBitCount

FixedRatio

FixedSize

Height

Mode

Modes

Width



## **TDirectDrawDisplay.BitCount**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** BitCount: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of bits of displays . Please use the Mode property to obtain the number of bits of present displays.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.Count**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of display modes which can be used.

### **See also**

Modes

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.FixedBitCount**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** FixedBitCount: Boolean;

### **Description**

This property specifies whether to fix the number of bits when the display mode is changed . When False is specified, the display mode is optimized.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.FixedRatio**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** FixedRatio: Boolean;

### **Description**

This property specifies whether to give priority to the screen ratio when the display mode is changed.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.FixedSize**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** FixedSize: Boolean;

### **Description**

This property specifies whether to fix the size when the display mode is changed.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.Height**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** Height: Integer;

### **Description**

It is height of the display . Please use the Mode property to obtain the height of a present display.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.Mode**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** Mode: TDirectDrawDisplayMode;

### **Description**

It is a present display mode.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.Modes**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** Modes[Index: Integer]: TDirectDrawDisplayMode; **default**;

### **Description**

It is a list of the display mode which can be used.

### **See also**

Count



## **TDirectDrawDisplay.Width**

TDirectDrawDisplay

**property** Width: Integer;

### **Description**

It is width of the display . Please use the Mode property to obtain the width of a present display.

## **TDirectDrawDisplay methods**

TDirectDrawDisplay

Legend

**In TDirectDrawDisplay**

IndexOf

## **TDirectDrawDisplay.IndexOf**

TDirectDrawDisplay

```
function IndexOf (Width, Height, BitCount: Integer): Integer;
```

### **Description**

The index of the specified display mode is returned . When not found, -1 is returned.

## **TDirectDrawDisplayMode**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

### **Unit**

[DXDraws](#)

### **Description**

It is a display mode of DirectDraw.

### **See also**

[TDirectDrawDisplay](#)

## Hierarchy

TCollectionItem

## TDirectDrawDisplayMode properties

TDirectDrawDisplayMode

Legend

### In TDirectDrawDisplayMode

BitCount

Height

SurfaceDesc

Width

## **TDirectDrawDisplayMode.BitCount**

TDirectDrawDisplayMode

**property** BitCount: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of bits of display modes.

## **TDirectDrawDisplayMode.Height**

TDirectDrawDisplayMode

**property** Height: Integer;

### **Description**

It is height of the display mode.



## **TDirectDrawDisplayMode.SurfaceDesc**

TDirectDrawDisplayMode

**property** SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC;

### **Description**

It is information on the display mode.

## **TDirectDrawDisplayMode.Width**

TDirectDrawDisplayMode

**property** Width: Integer;

### **Description**

It is width of the display mode.

## TDirectDrawPalette

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

The wrapping does the IDirectDrawPalette interface to the TDirectDrawPalette object . The user can directly access the IDirectDrawPalette interface by using the [IPalette](#) property.

To make the palette, the CreatePalette method is called.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TDirectX

## **TDirectDrawPalette properties**

TDirectDrawPalette

Legend

### **In TDirectDrawPalette**

DDraw

Entries

IDDPalette

IPalette

### **Derived from TDirectX**

DXResult

## **TDirectDrawPalette.DDraw**

### TDirectDrawPalette

**property** DDraw: TDirectDraw;

#### **Description**

It is TDirectDraw object.

## **TDirectDrawPalette.Entries**

TDirectDrawPalette

**property** Entries[Index: Integer]: TPaletteEntry;

### **Description**

It is a palette entry . Please use the GetEntries method and the SetEntries method to access at a time one or more palette entry.

## **TDirectDrawPalette.IDDPalette**

### TDirectDrawPalette

**property** IDDPalette: IDirectDrawPalette;

#### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawPalette interface directly . Even if a point different from the IPalette property is nil, the exception is not generated.



## **TDirectDrawPalette.IPalette**

TDirectDrawPalette

**property** IPalette: IDirectDrawPalette;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawPalette interface directly.

## **TDirectDrawPalette methods**

TDirectDrawPalette

Legend

### **In TDirectDrawPalette**

Create

CreatePalette

Destroy

GetEntries

SetEntries

## **TDirectDrawPalette.Create**

TDirectDrawPalette

**constructor** Create (ADirectDraw: TDirectDraw);

### **Description**

The TDirectDrawPalette object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
ADirectDraw	TDirectDraw object

## TDirectDrawPalette.CreatePalette

### TDirectDrawPalette

**function** CreatePalette(Caps: Integer; **const** Entries): Boolean;

#### Description

The palette is made . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
Caps	<p>The flag of the made palette . The following one or the one to have harmonized in logic is specified.</p> <p>DDPCAPS_1BIT Indicates that the index is 1 bit. There are two entries in the color table.</p> <p>DDPCAPS_2BIT Indicates that the index is 2 bits. There are four entries in the color table.</p> <p>DDPCAPS_4BIT Indicates that the index is 4 bits. There are 16 entries in the color table.</p> <p>DDPCAPS_8BITENTRIES Indicates that the index refers to an 8-bit color index. This flag is valid only when used with the DDPCAPS_1BIT, DDPCAPS_2BIT, or DDPCAPS_4BIT flag, and when the target surface is in 8 bpp. Each color entry is 1 byte long and is an index to a destination surface's 8-bpp palette.</p> <p>DDPCAPS_8BIT Indicates that the index is 8 bits. There are 256 entries in the color table.</p> <p>DDPCAPS_ALLOW256 Indicates that this palette can have all 256 entries defined.</p>
Entries	<p>The table of the palette entry . The Byte array is specified when the DDPCAPS_8BITENTRIES flag is specified, and, besides, the TPaletteEntry array is specified.</p>

## **TDirectDrawPalette.Destroy**

TDirectDrawPalette

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirectDrawPalette object is abandoned.

## TDirectDrawPalette.GetEntries

### TDirectDrawPalette

```
function GetEntries(StartIndex, NumEntries: Integer; var Entries): Boolean;
```

#### Description

The palette is collectively acquired . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
StartIndex	Index of start of acquired palette entry.
NumEntries	Acquired number of palette entries.
Entries	The table of the palette entry by which the result is received . The Byte array is specified when the DDPCAPS_8BITENTRIES flag is specified for the argument of the <u>CreatePalette</u> method, and, besides, the TPaletteEntry array is specified.

## **TDirectDrawPalette.SetEntries**

### TDirectDrawPalette

```
function SetEntries(StartIndex, NumEntries: Integer; const Entries): Boolean;
```

#### **Description**

The palette is collectively set . True is returned when succeeding.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
StartIndex	Index of start of set palette entry.
NumEntries	Set number of palette entries
Entries	The table of the set palette entry . The Byte array is specified when the DDPCAPS_8BITENTRIES flag is specified for the argument of the <u>CreatePalette</u> method, and, besides, the TPaletteEntry array is specified.

## TDirectDrawSurface

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

The wrapping does the IDirectDrawSurface interface to the TDirectDrawSurface object . The user can directly access the IDirectDrawSurface interface by using the [ISurface](#) property.

To set the size of the surface, the [SetSize](#) method is called .

After True is set in the [SystemMemory](#) property to secure the surface for the system memory, the [SetSize](#) method is called.



## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TDirectX

## TDirectDrawSurface properties

TDirectDrawSurface

Legend

### In TDirectDrawSurface

BitCount

Canvas

ClientRect

▶ Clipper

▶ ColorKey

DDraw

GammaControl

Height

IDDSurface

IDDSurface4

ISurface

ISurface4

▶ Palette

Pixels

SurfaceDesc

SystemMemory

▶ TransparentColor

Width

### Derived from TDirectX

DXResult

## **TDirectDrawSurface.BitCount**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** BitCount: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of surfaces of bits a pixel.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Canvas**

TDirectDrawSurface

Example

**property** Canvas: TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas;

### **Description**

It is a canvas of the surface . Please call the Release method of Canvas when you finished using the canvas.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.ClientRect**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** ClientRect: TRect;

### **Description**

It is a rectangle of the surface . It is same as the thing returned by Rect(0, 0, Width, Height).

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Clipper**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** Clipper: TDirectDrawClipper;

### **Description**

It is a clipper of the surface.

## TDirectDrawSurface.ColorKey

### TDirectDrawSurface

**property** ColorKey[Flags: Integer]: DDCOLORKEY;

#### Description

It is a color key to the surface.

Argument	Explanation
Flags	Color key flag
DDCKEY_COLORSPACE	Set if the structure contains a color space. Not set if the structure contains a single color key.
DDCKEY_DESTBLT	Set if the structure specifies a color key or color space to be used as a destination color key for blit operations.
DDCKEY_DESTOVERLAY	Set if the structure specifies a color key or color space to be used as a destination color key for overlay operations.
DDCKEY_SRCBLT	Set if the structure specifies a color key or color space to be used as a source color key for blit operations.
DDCKEY_SRCOVERLAY	Set if the structure specifies a color key or color space to be used as a source color key for overlay operations.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.DDraw**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** DDraw: TDirectDraw;

### **Description**

It is TDirectDraw object.



## **TDirectDrawSurface.GammaControl**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**property** GammaControl: IDirectDrawGammaControl;

#### **Description**

It is a gamma control related to the surface. When the gamma control is not supported, nil is returned.

If the gamma control is used, red, green, and the output value corresponding to an input value respectively blue can be set. Doing the fade-in and the fade-out, etc. by using this more than 16 bit color becomes possible.

Attention!! The gamma control is supported only at full-screen.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Height**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** Height: Integer;

### **Description**

It is height of the surface.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.IDDSurface**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** IDDSurface: IDirectDrawSurface;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawSurface interface directly . Even if a point different from the ISurface property is nil, the exception is not generated.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.IDDSurface4**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** IDDSurface4: IDirectDrawSurface4;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawSurface4 interface directly . Even if a point different from the ISurface4 property is nil, the exception is not generated.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.ISurface**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** ISurface: IDirectDrawSurface;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawSurface interface directly.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.ISurface4**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** ISurface4: IDirectDrawSurface4;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectDrawSurface4 interface directly.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Palette**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** Palette: TDirectDrawPalette;

### **Description**

It is a palette of the surface.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Pixels**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** Pixels[X, Y: Integer]: Longint;

### **Description**

The pixel of the surface is acquired, and set.



## **TDirectDrawSurface.SurfaceDesc**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC;

### **Description**

It is information on the surface . Please refer to the document of DirectX for details.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.SystemMemory**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** SystemMemory: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to secure the surface for the system memory.

## TDirectDrawSurface.TransparentColor

TDirectDrawSurface

Example

**property** TransparentColor: Longint;

### Description

It is a transparent color of the surface . Please specify the color expressed by the pixel format of the surface .

The color converted by the value acquired in the Pixels property or the ColorMatch method can be set in this property.

## Example of TDirectDrawSurface.TransparentColor

When you set the color on the left of the surface in a transparent color

```
Surface.TransparentColor := Surface.Pixels[0, 0];
```

When you set clRed in a transparent color

```
Surface.TransparentColor := Surface.ColorMatch(clRed);
```

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Width**

TDirectDrawSurface

**property** Width: Integer;

### **Description**

It is width of the surface.

## **TDirectDrawSurface methods**

TDirectDrawSurface

Lengend

### **In TDirectDrawSurface**

Assign

AssignTo

Blt

BltFast

ColorMatch

Create

CreateSurface

Destroy

Draw

DrawAdd

DrawAlpha

DrawRotate

DrawRotateAdd

DrawRotateAlpha

DrawRotateSub

DrawSub

DrawWaveX

DrawWaveXAdd

DrawWaveXAlpha

DrawWaveXSub

Fill

FillRect

FillRectAdd

FillRectAlpha

FillRectSub

LoadFromFile

LoadFromGraphic

LoadFromGraphicRect

LoadFromStream

Lock

Restore

SetSize

StretchDraw

UnLock

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Assign**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** Assign(Source: TPersistent);

### **Description**

The Assign method allocates the object compatible with TDirectDrawSurface .

The object at present compatible is TDIB, TGraphic, TPicture, and TDirectDrawSurface .

When the TDirectDrawSurface object is allocated, the pixel data is shared.

### **See also**

TDIB, TGraphic, TPicture



## **TDirectDrawSurface.AssignTo**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** AssignTo(Source: TPersistent);

### **Description**

The AssignTo method is allocated to the object compatible with TDirectDrawSurface . The object at present compatible is TDIB.

### **See also**

TDIB

## TDirectDrawSurface.Blit

TDirectDrawSurface

Example

```
function Blit(const DestRect, SrcRect: TRect; Flags: Integer; const DF:
  DDBLTFX; Source: TDirectDrawSurface): Boolean;
```

### Description

The surface is described . If it is necessary, the expansion reduction is done.

Argument	Explanation
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of description origin
Flags	The description flag . The following one or the one to have harmonized in logic is specified.  DDBLT_ALPHADEST Uses either the alpha information in pixel format or the alpha channel surface attached to the destination surface as the alpha channel for this blit.  DDBLT_ALPHADESTCONSTOVERRIDE Uses the dwAlphaDestConst member of the DDBLTFX structure as the alpha channel for the destination surface for this blit.  DDBLT_ALPHADESTNEG Indicates that the destination surface becomes more transparent as the alpha value increases (0 is opaque).  DDBLT_ALPHADESTSURFACEOVERRIDE Uses the lpDDSAphaDest member of the DDBLTFX structure as the alpha channel for the destination for this blit.  DDBLT_ALPHAEDGEBLEND Uses the dwAlphaEdgeBlend member of the DDBLTFX structure as the alpha channel for the edges of the image that border the color key colors.  DDBLT_ALPHASRC Uses either the alpha information in pixel format or the alpha channel surface attached to the source surface as the alpha channel for this blit.  DDBLT_ALPHASRCCONSTOVERRIDE Uses the dwAlphaSrcConst member of the DDBLTFX structure as the alpha channel for the source for this blit.  DDBLT_ALPHASRCNEG Indicates that the source surface becomes more transparent as the alpha value increases (0 is opaque).  DDBLT_ALPHASRCSURFACEOVERRIDE Uses the lpDDSAphaSrc member of the DDBLTFX structure as the

alpha channel for the source for this blit.

#### **DDBLT\_ASYNC**

Performs this blit asynchronously through the FIFO in the order received. If no room is available in the FIFO hardware, the call fails.

#### **DDBLT\_COLORFILL**

Uses the dwFillColor member of the DDBLTFX structure as the RGB color that fills the destination rectangle on the destination surface.

#### **DDBLT\_DDFX**

Uses the dwDDFX member of the DDBLTFX structure to specify the effects to use for this blit.

#### **DDBLT\_DDROPS**

Uses the dwDDROPS member of the DDBLTFX structure to specify the raster operations (ROPS) that are not part of the Win32 API.

#### **DDBLT\_DEPTHFILL**

Uses the dwFillDepth member of the DDBLTFX structure as the depth value with which to fill the destination rectangle on the destination z-buffer surface.

#### **DDBLT\_KEYDEST**

Uses the color key associated with the destination surface.

#### **DDBLT\_KEYDESTOVERRIDE**

Uses the dckDestColorkey member of the DDBLTFX structure as the color key for the destination surface.

#### **DDBLT\_KEYSRC**

Uses the color key associated with the source surface.

#### **DDBLT\_KEYSRCOVERRIDE**

Uses the dckSrcColorkey member of the DDBLTFX structure as the color key for the source surface.

#### **DDBLT\_ROP**

Uses the dwROP member of the DDBLTFX structure for the ROP for this blit. These ROPs are the same as those defined in the Win32 API.

#### **DDBLT\_ROTATIONANGLE**

Uses the dwRotationAngle member of the DDBLTFX structure as the rotation angle (specified in 1/100th of a degree) for the surface.

#### **DDBLT\_WAIT**

Postpones the DDERR\_WASSTILLDRAWING return value if the blitter is busy, and returns as soon as the blit can be set up or another error occurs.

#### **DDBLT\_ZBUFFER**

Performs a z-buffered blit using the z-buffers attached to the source and destination surfaces and the dwZBufferOpCode member of the DDBLTFX structure as the z-buffer opcode.

#### DDBLT\_ZBUFFERDESTCONSTOVERRIDE

Performs a z-buffered blit using the dwZDestConst and dwZBufferOpCode members of the DDBLTFX structure as the z-buffer and z-buffer opcode, respectively, for the destination.

#### DDBLT\_ZBUFFERDESTOVERRIDE

Performs a z-buffered blit using the lpDDSZBufferDest and dwZBufferOpCode members of the DDBLTFX structure as the z-buffer and z-buffer opcode, respectively, for the destination.

#### DDBLT\_ZBUFFERSRCCONSTOVERRIDE

Performs a z-buffered blit using the dwZSrcConst and dwZBufferOpCode members of the DDBLTFX structure as the z-buffer and z-buffer opcode, respectively, for the source.

#### DDBLT\_ZBUFFERSRCOVERRIDE

Performs a z-buffered blit using the lpDDSZBufferSrc and dwZBufferOpCode members of the DDBLTFX structure as the z-buffer and z-buffer opcode, respectively, for the source.

Source

Described surface

## Example of TDirectDrawSurface.Blt

A transparent color is pulled out, the expansion reduction is done to DXDraw1.Surface, and Source is described.

```
var
    DF: DDBLTFX;
begin
    DF.dwsiz := SizeOf(DF);
    DF.dwDDFX := 0;
    DXDraw1.Surface.Blt(DXDraw1.Surface.ClientRect, Source.ClientRect,
DDBLT_KEYSRC or DDBLT_WAIT, DF, Source);
end;
```

## TDirectDrawSurface.BlitFast

### TDirectDrawSurface

```
function BltFast(X, Y: Integer; const SrcRect: TRect; Flags: Integer; Source:  
    TDirectDrawSurface): Boolean;
```

#### Description

The surface is described.

Argument	Explanation
X, Y	Coordinates description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of description origin
Flags	The description flag . The following one or the one to have harmonized in logic is specified.  DDBLTFAST_DESTCOLORKEY Specifies a transparent blit that uses the destination's color key.  DDBLTFAST_NOCOLORKEY Specifies a normal copy blit with no transparency.  DDBLTFAST_SRCCOLORKEY Specifies a transparent blit that uses the source's color key.  DDBLTFAST_WAIT Postpones the DDERR_WASSTILLDRAWING message if the blitter is busy, and returns as soon as the blit can be set up or another error occurs.
Source	Described surface

## **TDirectDrawSurface.ColorMatch**

TDirectDrawSurface

Example

```
function ColorMatch(Col: TColor): Integer;
```

### **Description**

This method is converted from the color specified with RGB:888 to the color expressed by the pixel format of the surface.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Create**

TDirectDrawSurface

**constructor** Create (ADirectDraw: TDirectDraw);

### **Description**

The TDirectDrawSurface object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
-----------------	--------------------

---

ADirectDraw	TDirectDraw object
-------------	--------------------



## TDirectDrawSurface.CreateSurface

### TDirectDrawSurface

```
function CreateSurface(const SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC): Boolean; overload;  
function CreateSurface(const SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC2): Boolean; overload;
```

#### Description

The surface is made . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
SurfaceDesc	DDSURFACEDESC structural body which described information on made surface

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Destroy**

TDirectDrawSurface

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirectDrawSurface object is abandoned.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Draw**

### TDirectDrawSurface

```
procedure Draw(X, Y: Integer; const SrcRect: TRect; Source:  
    TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean); overload;
```

```
procedure Draw(X, Y: Integer; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent:  
    Boolean); overload;
```

### **Description**

The surface is described . The clipping is done when beginning to see from the screen.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
X, Y	Coordinates description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of description origin. The forwarding origin is reversed right and left by exchanging Left of SrcRect for Right. Moreover, the forwarding origin is reversed up and down by exchanging Top of SrcRect for Bottom. It is considered that Source.ClientRect is passed to the SrcRect argument when the SrcRect argument is omitted.
Source	Described surface
Transparent	Whether a transparent color is pulled out when describing or not . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.

## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawAdd

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawAdd(**const** DestRect, SrcRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface;  
Transparent: Boolean; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The surface is synthesized in addition . However, the addition synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

Argument	Explanation
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the addition synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the addition synthesis is done.

## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawAlpha

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawAlpha(**const** DestRect, SrcRect: TRect; Source:  
TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean; Alpha: Integer);

#### Description

The alpha-blending does the surface . However, blend is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

Argument	Explanation
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).

## **TDirectDrawSurface.DrawRotate**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawRotate(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect; CenterX, CenterY: Double; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean; Angle: Integer);

#### **Description**

The surface is rotating described.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.DrawRotateAdd**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawRotateAdd(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect;  
CenterX, CenterY: Double; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean;  
Angle: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

### **Description**

After the surface is rotated, the addition synthesis is done . However, the addition synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the addition synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the addition synthesis is done.

## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawRotateAlpha

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawRotateAlpha(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect;  
CenterX, CenterY: Double; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean;  
Angle, Alpha: Integer);

#### Description

After the surface is rotated, the alpha-blending is done . However, the addition synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

Argument	Explanation
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).



## **TDirectDrawSurface.DrawRotateSub**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawRotateAdd(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect;  
CenterX, CenterY: Double; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean;  
Angle: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### **Description**

After the surface is rotated, the subtraction synthesis is done . However, the subtraction synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the subtraction synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the subtraction synthesis is done.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.DrawSub**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawSub(**const** DestRect, SrcRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface;  
Transparent: Boolean; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### **Description**

The surface is synthesized in subtraction. However, the subtraction synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the subtraction synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the subtraction synthesis is done.

## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawWaveX

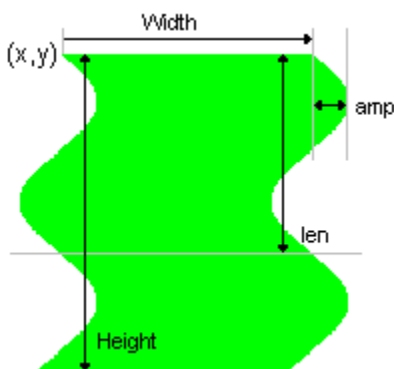
### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawWaveX(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean; amp, Len, ph: Integer);

#### Description

The shape of waves is transformed into the direction of X and the surface is described.

Argument	Explanation
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.



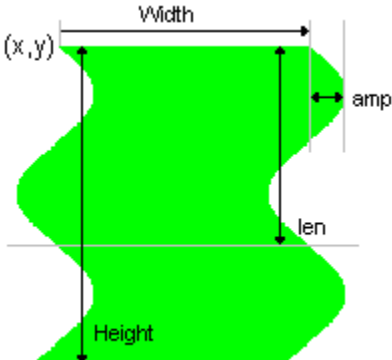
## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawWaveXAdd

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawWaveXAdd(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean; amp, Len, ph: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The surface is transformed into the direction of X in the shape of waves and the addition synthesis is done . However, the addition synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

Argument	Explanation
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.
	
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the addition synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the addition synthesis is done.

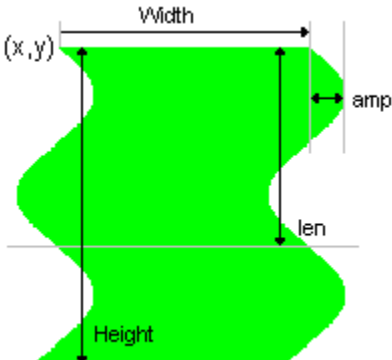
## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawWaveXAlpha

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawWaveXAlpha(X, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect;  
Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean; amp, Len, ph, Alpha:  
Integer);

#### Description

The surface is done and the shape of waves is transformed into the direction of X and alpha-blending is done . However, blend is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

Argument	Explanation
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.
	
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).

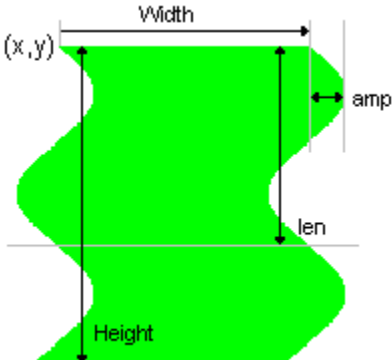
## TDirectDrawSurface.DrawWaveXSub

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** DrawWaveXSubX, Y, Width, Height: Integer; SrcRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean; amp, Len, ph: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The surface is transformed into the direction of X in the shape of waves and the subtraction synthesis is done . However, the subtraction synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

Argument	Explanation
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
SrcRect	Rectangle of source
Source	The source surface . Please secure the source surface for the system memory as much as possible.
Transparent	It is specified whether to pull out a transparent color . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.
	
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the subtraction synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the subtraction synthesis is done.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Fill**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** Fill (DevCol: Longint);

### **Description**

This method is painted out with the color for which the surface is specified . Please specify the color painted out in the form of the pixel format of the surface.

The color converted into the Col argument by the value acquired in the Pixels property or the ColorMatch method can be specified.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
DevCol	Color painted out

## **TDirectDrawSurface.FillRect**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** FillRect(Rect: TRect; DevCol: Longint);

#### **Description**

This method is painted out with the color for which the rectangle for which the surface is specified is specified . Please specify the color painted out in the form of the pixel format of the surface.

The color converted into the Col argument by the value acquired in the Pixels property or the ColorMatch method can be specified.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Rect	Rectangle painted out
DevCol	Color painted out



## **TDirectDrawSurface.FillRectAdd**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** FillRectAdd(**const** DestRect: TRect; RGBCol: TColor);

### **Description**

This method adds the color specified for the rectangle for which the surface is specified.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Rect	Rectangle painted out
RGBCol	Added color

## **TDirectDrawSurface.FillRectAlpha**

### TDirectDrawSurface

```
procedure FillRectAlpha(const DestRect: TRect; RGBCol: TColor; Alpha:  
    Integer);
```

#### **Description**

This method synthesizes the color specified for the rectangle for which the surface is specified.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Rect	Rectangle painted out
RGBCol	Synthesized color
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).

## **TDirectDrawSurface.FillRectSub**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** FillRectSub(**const** DestRect: TRect; RGBCol: TColor);

### **Description**

This method subtracts the color specified for the rectangle for which the surface is specified.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Rect	Rectangle painted out
RGBCol	Subtracted color

## **TDirectDrawSurface.LoadFromFile**

TDirectDrawSurface

```
procedure LoadFromFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

The image is loaded from the file.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.LoadFromGraphic**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** LoadFromGraphic(Graphic: TGraphic);

### **Description**

The image is loaded from the TGraphic object.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.LoadFromGraphicRect**

### TDirectDrawSurface

```
procedure LoadFromGraphicRect(Graphic: TGraphic; AWidth, AHeight: Integer;  
    const SrcRect: TRect);
```

#### **Description**

The image of the area where Graphic was specified is loaded . The expansion reduction is done if there is a necessity.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Graphic	Loaded image
AWidth, AHeight	The size of a new surface . It should be smaller than the size of a primary surface . When 0 is passed, the size of Graphic is used.
SrcRect	Loaded rectangle

## **TDirectDrawSurface.LoadFromStream**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** LoadFromStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

The bitmap is loaded from the stream . The LoadFromStream methods are no squids in TPicture only the bit map why.

## TDirectDrawSurface.Lock

[TDirectDrawSurface](#)

[Example](#)

```
function Lock(const Rect: TRect; var SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC): Boolean;  
    overload;
```

```
function Lock(var SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC): Boolean; overload;
```

### Description

The area specified with Rect of the surface is locked . True is returned when succeeding.

The user can access the pixel data directly by locking the surface . Please release the lock by the UnLock method because Windows stops when locking.

Argument	Explanation
Rect	Locked rectangle. It is assumed that ClientRect is passed when the Rect argument is omitted.
SurfaceDesc	DDSURFACEDESC structural body which receives locked information

### See also

[UnLock](#)



## Example of Lock and UnLock of TDirectDrawSurface

The surface is painted out with the gradation . The number of screen colors is effective only by 256 colors.

```
var
  SurfaceDesc: DDSURFACEDESC;
  x, y: Integer;
begin
  SurfaceDesc.dwSize := Sizeof(SurfaceDesc);
  if Surface.Lock(PRect(nil)^, SurfaceDesc) then
    begin
      try
        for y:=0 to Surface.Height-1 do
          for x:=0 to Surface.Width-1 do
            PByte(Integer(SurfaceDesc.lpSurface)+Y*SurfaceDesc.lPitch+X)^ :=
x+y;
          finally
            { Without forgetting unlocking }
            Surface.Unlock(SurfaceDesc.lpSurface);
          end;
        end;
      end;
    end;
  end;
```

## **TDirectDrawSurface.Restore**

TDirectDrawSurface

**function** Restore: Boolean;

### **Description**

The surface is restored . Please load the image into the image of the surface by the LoadFromFile method etc. it is to remain being being lost even if you restore.

## **TDirectDrawSurface.SetSize**

TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** SetSize(AWidth, AHeight: Integer);

### **Description**

The size of the surface is set . The off screen surface is made this time . Moreover, the surface might be secured for the system memory.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
AWidth, AHeight	The size of a new surface . It should be smaller than the size of a primary surface.

### **See also**

SystemMemory

## **TDirectDrawSurface.StretchDraw**

### TDirectDrawSurface

**procedure** StretchDraw(**const** DestRect, SrcRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean=True); **overload**;

**procedure** StretchDraw(**const** DestRect: TRect; Source: TDirectDrawSurface; Transparent: Boolean=True); **overload**;

### **Description**

The surface reduces expanding and is described . If it is necessary, the expansion reduction is done . The clipping stripes cork of this method unlike the Draw method. The TDirectDrawClipper object is used to do the clipping by all means.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
SrcRect	Rectangle of description origin. Rectangle of description origin. The forwarding origin is reversed right and left by exchanging Left of SrcRect for Right. Moreover, the forwarding origin is reversed up and down by exchanging Top of SrcRect for Bottom. It is considered that Source.ClientRect is passed to the SrcRect argument when the SrcRect argument is omitted.
Source	Described surface
Transparent	Whether a transparent color is pulled out or not . When True is specified, the color set in the <u>TransparentColor</u> property is used for a transparent color.

## TDirectDrawSurface.Unlock

TDirectDrawSurface

```
function Unlock(lpSurfaceData: Pointer): Boolean;
```

### Description

The lock is released . True is returned when succeeding.

### Argument

### Explanation

---

lpSurfaceDesc

The pointer to the memory locked by the Lock method . The value of lpSurface of DDSURFACEDESC structural body is passed.

### See also

Lock

## TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas

[Hierarchy](#)

[Methods](#)

[Example](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

The TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas object is a canvas of the TDirectDrawSurface object .

Please call the [Release](#) method after finishing using the canvas. Windows stops if the [Release](#) method is not called.

### See also

[TDirectDrawSurface](#)

## Hierarchy

TCanvas

## **TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas methods**

[TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas](#)

[Legend](#)

**In TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas**

[Release](#)



## **TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas.Release**

TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas

**procedure** Release;

### **Description**

The handle of the canvas is liberated.

## Example of TDirectDrawSurfaceCanvas

The canvas is used and described in the surface.

```
with DXDraw1.Surface.Canvas do  
begin  
    Textout(0, 0, 'DelphiX');  
    Release;  
end;
```

## TPictureCollection

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

It is a collection of the TPicture object.

The optimization palette can be made by the [MakeColorTable](#) method . The result is stored in the [ColorTable](#) property.

### See also

[TPictureCollectionItem](#)

## Hierarchy

TCollection

THashCollection

## TPictureCollection properties

TPictureCollection

Legend

### In TPictureCollection

ColorTable

Count

Items

## TPictureCollection.ColorTable

TPictureCollection

**property** ColorTable: TRGBQuads;

### Description

It is an optimization palette made by the MakeColorTable method.

## TPictureCollection.Count

TPictureCollection

**property** Count: Integer;

### Description

The number of maintained images is returned.

### See also

Items

## TPictureCollection.Items

TPictureCollection

**property** Items[Index: Integer]: TPictureCollectionItem; **default;**

### Description

It is a list of the maintained image.

### See also

Count



## TPictureCollection methods

TPictureCollection

Legend

### In TPictureCollection

Clear

Find

IndexOf

LoadFromFile

LoadFromStream

MakeColorTable

Restore

SaveToFile

SaveToStream

## TPictureCollection.Clear

TPictureCollection

**procedure** Clear;

### Description

All images being maintained now are abandoned.

## TPictureCollection.Find

TPictureCollection

```
function Find(const Name: string): TPictureCollectionItem;
```

### Description

The image of the specified name is returned . The hash is used and the operation is high-speed . When not found, the exception is generated.

## TPictureCollection.IndexOf

TPictureCollection

```
function IndexOf(const Name: string): Integer;
```

### Description

The index of the image of the specified name is returned . The hash is used and the operation is high-speed . When not found, -1 is returned.

## **TPictureCollection.LoadFromFile**

TPictureCollection

```
procedure LoadFromFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

The list of the image is read from the file.

## **TPictureCollection.LoadFromStream**

TPictureCollection

**procedure** LoadFromStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

The list of the image is read from the stream.

## **TPictureCollection.MakeColorTable**

TPictureCollection

**procedure** MakeColorTable;

### **Description**

A common palette of the list of the image being maintained now is made . The made color table is stored in the ColorTable property .

The system color of Windows is sure to be included in the made color table.

## TPictureCollection.Restore

TPictureCollection

**procedure** Restore;

### Description

The image is loaded into the surface.



## **TPictureCollection.SaveToFile**

TPictureCollection

```
procedure SaveToFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

The list of the image being maintained now is preserved in the file.

## **TPictureCollection.SaveToStream**

TPictureCollection

**procedure** SaveToStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

The list of the image being maintained now is preserved in the stream.

## TPictureCollectionItem

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXDraws](#)

### Description

It is an item of the TPictureCollection object.

The image which becomes the origin of the surface by the [Picture](#) property can be specified .

To describe, the [Draw](#) method or the [StretchDraw](#) method is called.

### See also

[TPictureCollection](#)

## Hierarchy

TCollectionItem

THashCollectionItem

## TPictureCollectionItem properties

TPictureCollectionItem

Legend

### In TPictureCollectionItem

Height

Initialized

Name

PatternHeight

PatternRects

PatternSurfaces

PatternWidth

Picture

SkipHeight

SkipWidth

SystemMemory

Transparent

TransparentColor

Width

## TPictureCollectionItem.Height

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** Height: Integer;

### Description

It is actual height of the pattern.

## **TPictureCollectionItem.Initialized**

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** Initialized: Boolean;

### **Description**

The surface is initialized or this property is returned.

## TPictureCollectionItem.Name

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** Name: **string**;

### Description

It is a name of this image.



## TPictureCollectionItem.PatternHeight

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** PatternHeight: Integer;

### Description

It is height of the pattern . It is regarded that the image can be done by specifying 0 in one pattern.

## TPictureCollectionItem.PatternRects

TPictureCollectionItem

Example

**property** PatternRects[Index: Integer]: TRect;

### Description

The rectangle of the surface of the specified pattern is returned.  
Rect(0, 0, 0, 0) is returned if Index is not effective.

## TPictureCollectionItem.PatternSurfaces

TPictureCollectionItem

Example

**property** PatternSurfaces[Index: Integer]: TRect;

### Description

The surface of the specified pattern is returned . Please forward the rectangle returned by the PatternRects property when describing.

Nil is returned if Index is not effective.

## Example of PatternRects and PatternSurfaces

Pattern 2 of Image is described.

```
var
  PatternNo: Integer;
  Image: TPictureCollectionItem;
begin
  PatternNo := 2;
  Image := DXDIBList1.Items[0];
  DXDraw1.Surface.Draw(0, 0, Image.PatternRects[PatternNo],
Image.PatternSurfaces[PatternNo], Image.Transparent);
end;
```

## **TPictureCollectionItem.PatternWidth**

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** PatternWidth: Integer;

### **Description**

It is width of the pattern . It is regarded that the image can be done by specifying 0 in one pattern.

## TPictureCollectionItem.Picture

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** Picture: TPicture;

### Description

It is an image . The content changed until the Restore method is called even if the image is changed is not reflected in the surface.

## TPictureCollectionItem.SkipHeight

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** SkipHeight: Integer;

### Description

This property specifies whether to be spread over the image as the pattern has the space of what pixel in the direction of Y.

## TPictureCollectionItem.SkipWidth

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** SkipWidth: Integer;

### Description

This property specifies whether to be spread over the image as the pattern has the space of what pixel in the direction of X.



## TPictureCollectionItem.SystemMemory

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** SystemMemory: Boolean;

### Description

Whether the surface is secured for the system memory is specified.

## **TPictureCollectionItem.Transparent**

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** Transparent: Boolean;

### **Description**

Whether a transparent color is pulled out when describing is specified.

### **See also**

TransparentColor

## **TPictureCollectionItem.TransparentColor**

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** TransparentColor: TColor;

### **Description**

It is a transparent color of the image.

### **See also**

Transparent

## TPictureCollectionItem.Width

TPictureCollectionItem

**property** Width: Integer;

### Description

It is actual width of the pattern.

## TPictureCollectionItem methods

TPictureCollectionItem

Legend

### In TPictureCollectionItem

Draw

DrawAdd

DrawAlpha

DrawRotate

DrawRotateAdd

DrawRotateAlpha

DrawRotateSub

DrawSub

DrawWaveX

DrawWaveXAdd

DrawWaveXAlpha

DrawWaveXSub

Restore

StretchDraw

## TPictureCollectionItem.Draw

TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** Draw(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, PatternIndex: Integer);

### Description

The pattern is described . To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X	X coordinates description ahead
Y	Y coordinates description ahead
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawAdd

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawAdd(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; **const** DestRect: TRect;  
PatternIndex: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The specified pattern is synthesized in addition . However, the addition synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, the Transparent property is set in True.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the addition synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the addition synthesis is done.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawAlpha

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawAlpha (Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; **const** DestRect: TRect;  
PatternIndex: Integer; Alpha: Integer);

#### Description

The alpha-blending does the specified pattern . However, blend is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, the Transparent property is set in True.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).



## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawRotate

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawRotate(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: Integer; CenterX, CenterY: Double; Angle: Integer);

#### Description

The specified pattern is rotating described.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Width, Height	Size of destination
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawRotateAdd

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawRotateAdd(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: Integer; CenterX, CenterY: Double; Angle: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

After the specified pattern is rotated, the addition synthesis is done. However, the addition synthesis cannot be done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Width, Height	Size of destination
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the addition synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the addition synthesis is done.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawRotateAlpha

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawRotateAlpha(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: Integer; CenterX, CenterY: Double; Angle, Alpha: Integer);

#### Description

After the specified pattern is rotated, the Transparent a half synthesis is done. However, the addition synthesis cannot be done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Width, Height	Size of destination
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawRotateSub

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawRotateSub(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: Integer; CenterX, CenterY: Double; Angle: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

After the specified pattern is rotated, the subtraction synthesis is done. However, the subtraction synthesis cannot be done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Width, Height	Size of destination
CenterX, CenterY	The center of the surface when rotating is specified.
Angle	The rotation angle is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the subtraction synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the subtraction synthesis is done.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawSub

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawSub(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; **const** DestRect: TRect;  
PatternIndex: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The specified pattern is synthesized in subtraction . However, the subtraction synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, the Transparent property is set in True.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the subtraction synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the subtraction synthesis is done.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawWaveX

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawWaveX(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height,  
PatternIndex: amp, Len, ph: Integer);

#### Description

The shape of waves is transformed into the direction of X and the specified pattern is described.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawWaveXAdd

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawWaveXAdd(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: amp, Len, ph: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The specified pattern is transformed into the direction of X in the shape of waves and the addition synthesis is done . However, the addition synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the addition synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the addition synthesis is done.

## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawWaveXAlpha

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawWaveXAlpha (Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: amp, Len, ph, Alpha: Integer);

#### Description

The specified pattern is done and the shape of waves is transformed into the direction of X and alpha-blending is done . However, blend is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors. To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The transparency is specified within the range from 0(transparency) to 255(opacity).



## TPictureCollectionItem.DrawWaveXSub

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** DrawWaveXSub (Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; X, Y, Width, Height, PatternIndex: amp, Len, ph: Integer; Alpha: Integer=255);

#### Description

The specified pattern is transformed into the direction of X in the shape of waves and the subtraction synthesis is done . However, the subtraction synthesis is not done when the number of screen colors is below 256 colors.

To pull out a transparent color, True is set in the Transparent property.

Argument	Explanation
Dest	Surface description ahead
X, Y	Coordinates of destination
Width, Height	Size of destination
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern
amp	The maximum value of the amplitude is specified.
Len	The wave length is specified by the number of lines.
ph	The phase is specified at 256 cycles.
Alpha	The ratio of the brightness of the forwarding origin of doing the subtraction synthesis is specified within the range from 0 to 255. For instance, after the pixel in the forwarding origin is made the brightness of 25% when 64 is specified, the subtraction synthesis is done.

## **TPictureCollectionItem.Restore**

TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** Restore;

### **Description**

The image is loaded into the surface.

## TPictureCollectionItem.StretchDraw

### TPictureCollectionItem

**procedure** StretchDraw(Dest: TDirectDrawSurface; **const** DestRect: TRect;  
PatternIndex: Integer);

#### **Description**

The pattern reduces expanding and is described.

To pull out a transparent color, the Transparent property is set in True.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Dest	Surface description ahead
DestRect	Rectangle description ahead
PatternIndex	Number of described pattern

## DXInput unit

The class concerning the input is declared to the DXInput unit.

The following item is declared to the DXInput unit.

### Components

TDXInput

### Objects

TCustomInput

TForceFeedbackEffect

TForceFeedbackEffects

TJoystick

TKeyboard

TMouse





## TDXInput

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Example](#)

### Unit

[DXInput](#)

### Description

The TDXInput component controls two or more input devices . The input device being supported now is a joystick and a keyboard.

When the [States](#) property is used, the input situation is obtained . To make the input situation the latest one, the [Update](#) method is called.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXInput

## TDXInput properties

TDXInput

Legend

### In TDXInput

ActiveOnly

Joystick

Keyboard

Mouse

States

UseDirectInput



## **TDXInput.ActiveOnly**

TDXInput

**property** ActiveOnly: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to accept the input only at time when the form where the TDXInput component exists has the focus.

## TDXInput.Joystick

TDXInput

**property** Joystick: TJoystick;

### Description

It is a joystick.

## TDXInput.Keyboard

TDXInput

**property** Keyboard: TKeyboard;

### Description

It is a keyboard.

## TDXInput.Mouse

TDXInput

**property** Mouse: TMouse;

### Description

It is a Mouse.

## TDXInput.States

### TDXInput

```
type TDXInputState = set of (isUp, isDown, isLeft, isRight, isButton1,  
    isButton2, isButton3, isButton4, isButton5, isButton6, isButton7, isButton8,  
    isButton9, isButton10, isButton11, isButton12, isButton13, isButton14,  
    isButton15, isButton16, isButton17, isButton18, isButton19, isButton20,  
    isButton21, isButton22, isButton23, isButton24, isButton25, isButton26,  
    isButton27, isButton28, isButton29, isButton30, isButton31, isButton32);
```

**property** States: TDXInputStates;

### Description

It is a present input situation . To Update the input situation up to date, the Update method is called.

Identifier	Meaning
isUp	The up key is pushed.
isDown	The down key is pushed.
isLeft	The left key is pushed.
isRight	The right key is pushed.
isButton1	Button 1 is pushed.
isButton32	Button 32 is pushed.

## **TDXInput.UseDirectInput**

TDXInput

**property** UseDirectInput: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to use it automatically if DirectInput exists in the execution environment.

It is necessary to set this property in True to use the force feedback etc.

## TDXInput methods

TDXInput

Legend

In TDXInput

Update

## **TDXInput.Update**

TDXInput

**procedure** Update;

### **Description**

A present input situation is read from two or more input devices, and the one that they were synthesized to the States property is stored.



## Example of TDXInput

The label is moved .And, when button 1 is pushed, the alarm is sounded.

```
procedure TForm1.Timer1Event(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    DXInput1.Update;  
  
    if isLeft in DXInput1.States then  
        Label1.Left := Label1.Left - 10;  
  
    if isRight in DXInput1.States then  
        Label1.Left := Label1.Left + 10;  
  
    if isUp in DXInput1.States then  
        Label1.Top := Label1.Top - 10;  
  
    if isDown in DXInput1.States then  
        Label1.Top := Label1.Top + 10;  
  
    if isButton1 in DXInput1.States then  
        begin  
            Beep;  
  
            { Next, button 1 is invalidated until button 1 is pushed. }  
            DXInput1.States := DXInput1.States - [isButton1];  
        end;  
end;
```



## TCustomInput

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXInput](#)

### Description

The TCustomInput object is an abstraction class of the input device . The [TJoystick](#) object and the [TKeyboard](#) object have succeeded to TCustomInput.

The [ButtonCount](#) property is used for obtaining the number of buttons of this device . The [Buttons](#) property is used to acquire which button is being pushed now.

To make the force feedback function of this device effective, the [ForceFeedback](#) property is set in True . Effect of the force feedback can be set with the [Effects](#) property.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## TCustomInput properties

TCustomInput

Legend

### In TCustomInput

BindInputStates

ButtonCount

Buttons

Effects

ForceFeedback

States

## TCustomInput.BindInputStates

TCustomInput

**property** BindInputStates: Boolean;

### Description

It is specified whether to reflect the value of the States property in the States property of the TDXInput component.

## TCustomInput.ButtonCount

TCustomInput

**property** ButtonCount: Integer;

### Description

It is a number of buttons of this input device.

## TCustomInput.Buttons

TCustomInput

**property** Buttons[Index: Integer]: Boolean;

### Description

It is returned whether the button specified now is pushed.



## TCustomInput.Effects

TCustomInput

**property** Effects: TForceFeedbackEffects;

### Description

It is Effect of the force feedback.

## **TCustomInput.ForceFeedback**

TCustomInput

**property** ForceFeedback: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to use the force feedback.

### **See also**

TDXInput.UseDirectInput

## TCustomInput.States

TCustomInput

**property** States: TDXInputStates;

### Description

It is a present input situation . To update the input situation to the latest one, the Update method is called.

## TCustomInput methods

TCustomInput

Legend

In TCustomInput

Update

## TCustomInput.Update

TCustomInput

**procedure** Update;

### Description

The input situation is read from the input device.

## TForceFeedbackEffect

Hierarchy

Properties

Methods

### Unit

DXInput

### Description

It is Effect of the force feedback.

The EffectType property is used to specify the kind of executed effect.

To call the Start method to execute effect and to stop, the Stop method is called.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## TForceFeedbackEffect properties

TForceFeedbackEffect

Legend

### In TForceFeedbackEffect

AttackLevel

AttackTime

Condition

Constant

Count

Effects

EffectType

FadeLevel

FadeTime

Name

Parent

Period

Power

Time



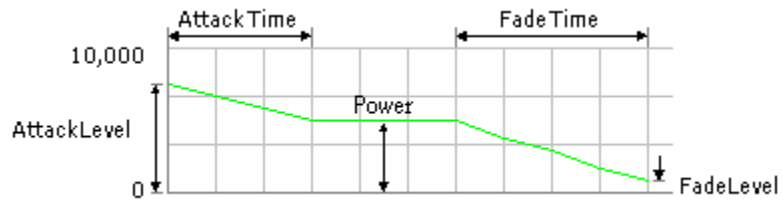
## TForceFeedbackEffect.AttackLevel

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** AttackLevel: Integer;

### Description

Strength when Effect starts is specified within the range of 0-10000.



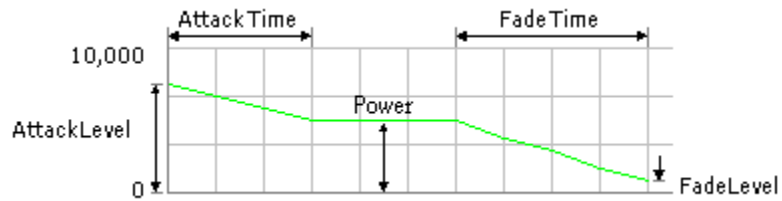
## TForceFeedbackEffect.AttackTime

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** AttackTime: Integer;

### Description

The strength transition time when Effect starts is specified in each millisecond.



## TForceFeedbackEffect.Condition

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Condition: TPoint;

### Description

When the EffectType property is etCondition, this property is effective .

How to put the power when the stick is centered is specified within the range of -10000 to +10000.

## TForceFeedbackEffect.Constant

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Constant: TPoint;

### Description

The constant of Effect . The meaning changes depending on the value of the EffectType property.

### Examples

#### *For etConstantForce*

How to put power . For instance, when Point(0, -10000) is specified, power for above is put on the stick by the maximum power.

#### *For etPeriodic*

How to put power and direction of vibration . For instance, when Point(0, -10000) is specified, the stick is vibrated along Y axis by the maximum power.

#### *For etCondition*

The starting point when the stick is centered . For instance, when Point(0, -10000) is specified, the left side is centered as a starting point.

## **TForceFeedbackEffect.Count**

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

The number of maintained Effect is returned.

## TForceFeedbackEffect.Effects

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Effects[Index: Integer]: TForceFeedbackEffect; **default**;

### Description

It is a list of Effect being maintained now.

## TForceFeedbackEffect.EffectType

### TForceFeedbackEffect

```
TForceFeedbackEffectType = set of (etNone, etConstantForce, etRampForce,  
    etPeriodic, etCondition);
```

```
property EffectType: TForceFeedbackEffectType;
```

### Description

The kind of Effect is specified.

Identifier	Meaning
etNone	nothing is done.
etConstantForce	power is put. -> <u>Constant</u>
etPeriodic	vibrates. -> <u>Constant</u> , <u>Period</u>
etCondition	centering and weight are controlled. > <u>Condition</u> , <u>Constant</u>

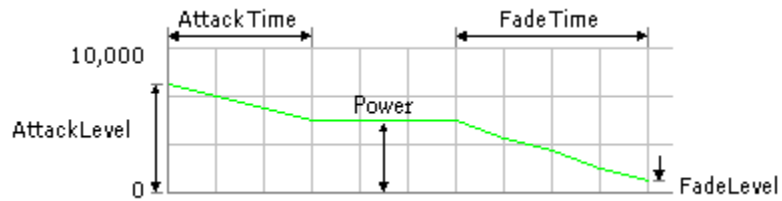
## TForceFeedbackEffect.FadeLevel

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** FadeLevel: Integer;

### Description

Strength when Effect is ended is specified within the range of 0-10000.





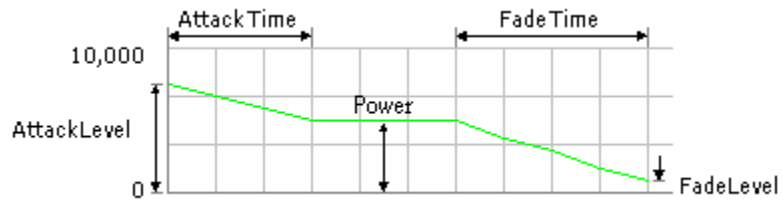
## TForceFeedbackEffect.FadeTime

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** FadeTime: Integer;

### Description

The strength transition time when Effect is ended is specified in each millisecond.



## TForceFeedbackEffect.Name

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Name: **string**;

### Description

It is a name of this Effect.

## TForceFeedbackEffect.Parent

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Parent: TForceFeedbackEffect;

### Description

It is a parent of this Effect.

## TForceFeedbackEffect.Period

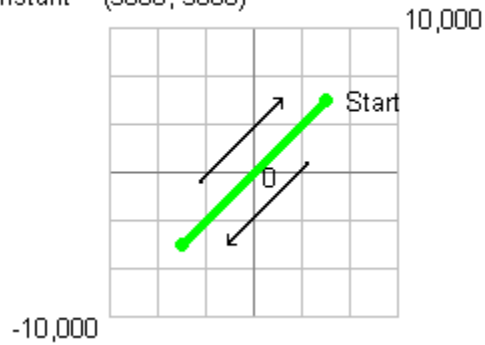
TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Period: Integer;

### Description

When the EffectType property is etPeriodic, this property is effective .  
The speed at the vibration is specified in each millisecond.

Constant = (5000, 5000)



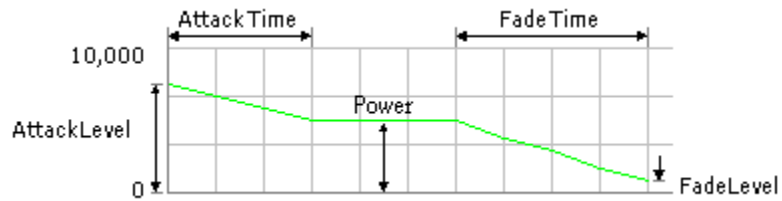
## TForceFeedbackEffect.Power

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Power: Integer;

### Description

Strength of Effect is specified within the range of 0-10000. Effect strengthens by there are a lot of values.



## **TForceFeedbackEffect.Time**

TForceFeedbackEffect

**property** Time: Integer;

### **Description**

Length by which Effect is executed is specified in each millisecond . When -1 is specified, Effect is infinitely executed.

## TForceFeedbackEffect methods

TForceFeedbackEffect

Legend

### In TForceFeedbackEffect

Clear

Create

Destroy

Find

IndexOf

Start

Stop

## **TForceFeedbackEffect.Clear**

TForceFeedbackEffect

**procedure** Clear;

### **Description**

All Effect being maintained now is abandoned.



## TForceFeedbackEffect.Create

TForceFeedbackEffect

**constructor** Create (AParent: TForceFeedbackEffect);

### Description

The TForceFeedbackEffect object is made.

Argument	Explanation
----------	-------------

AParent	Parent
---------	--------

## **TForceFeedbackEffect.Destroy**

TForceFeedbackEffect

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TForceFeedbackEffect object is abandoned.

## **TForceFeedbackEffect.Find**

TForceFeedbackEffect

```
procedure Find(const Name: string): TForceFeedbackEffect;
```

### **Description**

Effect of the specified name is returned . Effect of a deep hierarchy can be acquired by delimiting the name at the period.

## **TForceFeedbackEffect.IndexOf**

TForceFeedbackEffect

```
procedure IndexOf(const Name: string): Integer;
```

### **Description**

The index of Effect of the specified name is returned.

## **TForceFeedbackEffect.Start**

TForceFeedbackEffect

**procedure** Start;

### **Description**

All Effect maintained now is started . When the Time property is -1, Effect is not stopped until the Stop method is called.

## TForceFeedbackEffect.Stop

TForceFeedbackEffect

**procedure** Stop;

### Description

All Effect maintained now is stopped.

## TForceFeedbackEffects

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXInput](#)

### Description

The TForceFeedbackEffects object controls the [TForceFeedbackEffect](#) object.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TForceFeedbackEffect



## TForceFeedbackEffects properties

TForceFeedbackEffects

Legend

### Derived from TForceFeedbackEffect

AttackLevel

AttackTime

Condition

Constant

Count

Effects

EffectType

FadeLevel

FadeTime

Name

Parent

Period

Power

Time

## TForceFeedbackEffects methods

TForceFeedbackEffects

Legend

### Derived from TForceFeedbackEffect

Clear

Destroy

Find

IndexOf

Start

Stop

## TJoystick

Hierarchy

Properties

Methods

**Unit**

DXInput

### Description

The TKeyboard object controls the joystick.

It can be specified whether to use the device connected with how many in the ID property.

The coordinates value of the axis of a present stick can be acquired in X, Y, Z, and the Joystate property. RangeX, RangeY, RangeZ, and the Range property are used to specify the range of the value.

The ButtonCount property is used for obtaining the number of buttons of this device . The Buttons property is used to acquire which button is being pushed now.

To make the force feedback function of this device effective, the ForceFeedback property is set in True . Effect of the force feedback can be set with the Effects property.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TCustomInput

## TJoystick properties

TJoystick

Legend

### In TJoystick

AutoCenter

DeadZone

DeadZoneX

DeadZoneY

DeadZoneZ

ID

Joystate

Range

RangeX

RangeY

RangeZ

X

Y

Z

### Derived from TCustomInput

BindInputStates

ButtonCount

Buttons

Effects

ForceFeedback

States

## TJoystick.AutoCenter

TJoystick

**property** AutoCenter: Boolean;

### Description

It is specified whether to center the stick effectively.

## TJoystick.DeadZone

### TJoystick

**property** DeadZone[Obj: Integer]: Integer;

#### Description

How many percent of the sensitivity of the axis specified by the Obj argument is dropped is specified . For instance, if 80 is specified, sensitivity considerably becomes a hebetude.

When the specified object does not exist or DeadZone cannot be set in the acquisition of the value of the DeadZone property, -1 is returned.

The offset value of the field of DIJOYSTATE2 structural body is specified for the Obj argument . For instance, to set the range of the value of the Joystate.IRx field, as follows is done.

**procedure** TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);

**begin**

DXInput1.DeadZone[Integer(@PDIJOYSTATE2(**nil**).IRx)] := 80;

**end;**

## TJoystick.DeadZoneX

TJoystick

**property** DeadZoneX: Integer;

### Description

How many percent of the sensitivity of X axis is dropped is specified . For instance, if 80 is specified, sensitivity considerably becomes a hebetude.



## TJoystick.DeadZoneY

TJoystick

**property** DeadZoneY: Integer;

### Description

How many percent of the sensitivity of Y axis is dropped is specified . For instance, if 80 is specified, sensitivity considerably becomes a hebetude.

## TJoystick.DeadZoneZ

TJoystick

**property** DeadZoneZ: Integer;

### Description

How many percent of the sensitivity of Z axis is dropped is specified . For instance, if 80 is specified, sensitivity considerably becomes a hebetude.

## TJoystick.ID

TJoystick

**property** ID: Integer;

### Description

It is ID of the joystick . One public notice is 0 Two public notices become one.

## TJoystick.Joystate

TJoystick

**property** Joystate: DIJOYSTATE2;

### Description

It is a state of the joystick . DIJOYSTATE2 structural body is declared for the DirectX unit.

## TJoystick.Range

### TJoystick

**property** Range[Obj: Integer]: Integer;

#### Description

The range of the value of the axis specified by the Obj argument is specified. For instance, the range of the axis coordinates value specified that 1000 is specified becomes 1000 from -1000.

When the specified object does not exist or the range cannot be set in the acquisition of the value of the Range property, -1 is returned.

The offset value of the field of DIJOYSTATE2 structural body is specified for the Obj argument. For instance, to set the range of the value of the Joystate.lRx field, as follows is done.

```
procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    DXInput1.Range[Integer(@PDIJOYSTATE2(nil).lRx)] := 1000;  
end;
```

## TJoystick.RangeX

TJoystick

**property** RangeX: Integer;

### Description

The range of X axis is specified . For instance, if 1000 is specified, the value of X property becomes within the range of -1000 to +1000.

## TJoystick.RangeY

TJoystick

**property** RangeY: Integer;

### Description

The range of Y axis is specified . For instance, if 1000 is specified, the value of Y property becomes within the range of -1000 to +1000.

## TJoystick.RangeZ

TJoystick

**property** RangeZ: Integer;

### Description

The range of Z axis is specified . For instance, if 1000 is specified, the value of Z property becomes within the range of -1000 to +1000.



## TJoystick.X

TJoystick

**property** Z: Integer;

### Description

It is coordinates of Z axis of the joystick.

## TJoystick.Y

TJoystick

**property** Y: Integer;

### Description

It is coordinates of Y axis of the joystick.

## TJoystick.Z

TJoystick

**property** Z: Integer;

### Description

It is coordinates of Z axis of the joystick.

## TJoystick methods

TJoystick

Legend

Derived from TCustomInput

Update

## TKeyboard

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[DXInput](#)

### Description

The TKeyboard object controls the keyboard.

The [Keys](#) property is used to acquire which key is being pushed now.

Which key is allocated input when the [KeyAssigns](#) property is used can be specified.

To make the force feedback function of this device effective, the [ForceFeedback](#) property is set in True .  
Effect of the force feedback can be set with the [Effects](#) property.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TCustomInput

## TKeyboard properties

TKeyboard

Legend

### In TKeyboard

KeyAssigns

Keys

### Derived from TCustomInput

BindInputStates

ButtonCount

Buttons

Effects

ForceFeedback

States

## TKeyboard.KeyAssigns

TKeyboard

**property** KeyAssigns: **array**[TDXInputStates, 0..2] **of** Integer;

### Description

It is an allocation of the key list . Keys are allocated to one input up to three.



## TKeyboard.Keys

TKeyboard

**property** Keys[Index: Integer]: Boolean;

### Description

It is returned whether the key specified now is pushed.

## TKeyboard methods

TKeyboard

Legend

Derived from TCustomInput

Update

## TMouse

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXInput](#)

### Description

The TKeyboard object controls the mouse.

The [States](#) property is used to acquire which button is being pushed now.

The amount of the movement of the mouse can be acquired in X property, Y property, and Z property.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TCustomInput

## TMouse properties

TMouse

Legend

### In TMouse

X

Y

Z

### Derived from TCustomInput

BindInputStates

ButtonCount

Buttons

Effects

ForceFeedback

States

## **TMouse.X**

TMouse

**property** X: Integer;

### **Description**

It is an amount of the movement of X axis after the Update method of last time is called.

## **TMouse.Y**

TMouse

**property** Y: Integer;

### **Description**

It is an amount of the movement of Y axis after the Update method of last time is called.

## **TMouse.Z**

TMouse

**property** Z: Integer;

### **Description**

It is an amount of the movement of Z axis after the Update method of last time is called.



## TMouse methods

TMouse

Legend

Derived from TCustomInput

Update

## DXPlay unit

The class concerning the communication is declared to the DXInput unit.

The following item is declared to the DXInput unit.

### Components

TDXPlay

### Objects

TDXPlayModemSetting

TDXPlayPlayer

TDXPlayPlayers

TDXPlayTCPIPSetting





## TDXPlay

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

[DXPlay](#)

### Description

The TDXPlay component is a component to communicate.

Peculiar GUID to the application can be specified with the [GUID](#) property.

The communication of the [Open](#) method and the [Open2](#) method begins . Moreover, the communication can be interrupted by the [Close](#) method.

The message can be sent to other players by using the [SendMessage](#) method. Moreover, when the message is received, the [OnMessage](#) event is generated.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXPlay

## TDXPlay properties

TDXPlay

Lengend

### In TDXPlay

GUID

IsHost

LocalPlayer

MaxPlayers

ModemSetting

Opened

Players

ProviderName

Providers

Sessions

TCPIPSetting

## TDXPlay.GUID

TDXPlay

**property** GUID: **string**;

### Description

It is GUID of the application . The character string like {00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000} is specified.

Please specify unique GUID in all over the world.

## **TDXPlay.IsHost**

TDXPlay

**property** IsHost: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is returned whether it is a present host.



## **TDXPlay.LocalPlayer**

TDXPlay

**property** LocalPlayer: TDXPlayPlayer;

### **Description**

It is a player of the local.

## **TDXPlay.MaxPlayers**

TDXPlay

**property** MaxPlayers: Integer;

### **Description**

It is the maximum number of players which can participate . There is no limitation in the number of players when 0 is specified.

## TDXPlay.ModemSetting

TDXPlay

**property** ModemSetting: TDXPlayModemSetting;

### Description

It is setting of the modem.

If this property is effectively set when the modem is specified for provider by the GetSessions method and the Open2 method, the diamond log is not displayed.

## **TDXPlay.Opened**

TDXPlay

**property** Opened: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is returned whether to be being opened now.

## TDXPlay.Players

TDXPlay

**property** Players: TDXPlayPlayers;

### Description

It is a list of the player which is participating now.

## **TDXPlay.ProviderName**

TDXPlay

**property** ProviderName: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a name of the provider being connected now.

When this property is set, the TDXPlay component initializes DirectPlay . At this time, the content of the XXXSetting property is used.

Using GetSessions and the Open2 method only after this property is set becomes possible.

## **TDXPlay.Providers**

TDXPlay

**property** Providers: TStrings;

### **Description**

It is a list of provider which can be used now.

## **TDXPlay.Sessions**

TDXPlay

**property** Sessions: TStrings;

### **Description**

It is a list of the session being connected now.

To update this list to the latest one, the GetSessions method is called.



## **TDXPlay.TCPIPSetting**

TDXPlay

**property** TCPIPSetting: TDXPlayTCPIPSetting;

### **Description**

It is setting of TCP/IP.

If this property is effectively set when TCP/IP is specified for provider by the GetSessions method and the Open2 method, the diamond log is not displayed.

## **TDXPlay methods**

TDXPlay

Lengend

### **In TDXPlay**

Close

GetSessions

Open

Open2

SendMessage

## **TDXPlay.Close**

TDXPlay

**procedure** Close;

### **Description**

The communication is interrupted . At this time, the OnClose event is generated.

## **TDXPlay.GetSessions**

TDXPlay

**procedure** GetSessions;

### **Description**

The content of the Sessions property is updated to the latest one . When this method is called, it is necessary to set the ProviderName property.

## **TDXPlay.Open**

TDXPlay

**procedure** Open;

### **Description**

The communication begins . At this time, the OnOpen event is generated.

This method disregards the ProviderName property.

## TDXPlay.Open2

### TDXPlay

```
procedure Open2(const NewSession: Boolean; const SessionName, PlayerName:  
    string);
```

#### Description

The communication begins according to the argument specified without displaying the diamond log like the Open method . When this method is called, it is necessary to set the ProviderName property.

At this time, the content of the XXXSetting property is used.

Argument	Explanation
NewSession	Whether the session is newly made or not?
SessionName	When True is specified for the NewSession argument, the SessionName argument becomes a session name newly made . When False is specified oppositely, the SessionName argument becomes a session name the connection ahead . The list of the session is obtained by the <u>GetSessions</u> method.
PlayerName	Player name

## **TDXPlay.SendMessage**

### TDXPlay

**procedure** SendMessage (ToID: DPID; Data: Pointer; DataSize: Integer);

#### **Description**

The message is sent . When DPID\_ALLPLAYERS is specified for the ToID argument, the message is sent to all players except me.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
ToID	ID of address of sent message
Data	Pointer to sent message
DataSize	Size of sent message

## **TDXPlay events**

TDXPlay

Lengend

### **In TDXPlay**

OnAddPlayer

OnClose

OnDeletePlayer

OnMessage

OnOpen

OnSessionLost



## TDXPlay.OnAddPlayer

### TDXPlay

```
TDXPlayEvent = procedure (Sender: TObject; Player: TDXPlayPlayer) of object;  
property OnAddPlayer: TDXPlayEvent;
```

### Description

When other players have participated newly, this event is generated.

### Argument

### Explanation

---

Player

Player which has participated newly

## **TDXPlay.OnClose**

TDXPlay

**property** OnClose: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

When the communication is interrupted, this event is generated.

## **TDXPlay.OnDeletePlayer**

### TDXPlay

```
TDXPlayEvent = procedure (Sender: TObject; Player: TDXPlayPlayer) of object;  
property OnDeletePlayer: TDXPlayEvent;
```

### **Description**

When other players come off the game, this event is generated.

### **Argument**

### **Explanation**

---

Player

Player which came off game

## **TDXPlay.OnMessage**

### TDXPlay

TDXPlayMessageEvent = **procedure** (Sender: TObject; From: TDXPlayPlayer; Data: Pointer; DataSize: Integer) **of object**;

**property** OnMessage: TDXPlayMessageEvent;

### **Description**

When the message reaches, this event is generated.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Form	Player by which message is given
Data	Pointer to message
DataSize	Size of message

## **TDXPlay.OnOpen**

TDXPlay

**property** OnOpen: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

When the communication begins, this event is generated.

## **TDXPlay.OnSessionLost**

TDXPlay

**property** OnSessionLost: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

When the communication is interrupted from the outside, this event is generated.



## TDXPlayModemSetting

Hierarchy

Properties

**Unit**

DXPlay

### **Description**

When the modem is used, the TDXPlayModemSetting object maintains necessary information.

The name of the modem used with the ModemName property can be specified . The list of the modem which can be used now is obtained by the ModemNames property.

The telephone number the connection ahead can be specified with the PhoneNumber property.



## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## **TDXPlayModemSetting properties**

TDXPlayModemSetting

Legend

### **In TDXPlayModemSetting**

Enabled

ModemName

ModemNames

PhoneNumber

## **TDXPlayModemSetting.Enabled**

TDXPlayModemSetting

**property** Enabled: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to use setting this modem.

DirectPlay should display the diamond log when False is specified for this property, and the user set information necessary to use the modem.

## **TDXPlayModemSetting.ModemName**

TDXPlayModemSetting

**property** ModemName: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a name of the modem used . The list of the modem which can be used now is obtained by the ModemNames property.

## **TDXPlayModemSetting.ModemNames**

TDXPlayModemSetting

**property** ModemNames: TStrings;

### **Description**

It is a list of the modem which can be used now.

## **TDXPlayModemSetting.PhoneNumber**

TDXPlayModemSetting

**property** PhoneNumber: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a telephone number the connection ahead.

## **TDXPlayPlayer**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

### **Unit**

[DXPlay](#)

### **Description**

The TDXPlayPlayer object shows the player of the [TDXPlay](#) component.

The [Name](#) property is used to acquire the name of this player.

The [Data](#) property is used to relate the data of the application definition to the player.

## Hierarchy

TCollectionItem



## TDXPlayPlayer properties

TDXPlayPlayer   Legend

### In TDXPlayPlayer

Data

ID

Name

RemotePlayer

## **TDXPlayPlayer.Data**

TDXPlayPlayer

**property** Data: Pointer;

### **Description**

The Data property is a pointer to the data of the application definition.

The data of the application definition can be related to the player by using this property.

## **TDXPlayPlayer.ID**

TDXPlayPlayer

**property** ID: DPID;

### **Description**

It is ID of the player . The value of this property can be used by the SendMessage method of the TDXPlay component.

## **TDXPlayPlayer.Name**

TDXPlayPlayer

**property** Name: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a name of this player.

## **TDXPlayPlayer.RemotePlayer**

TDXPlayPlayer

**property** RemotePlayer: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is returned whether this player is a remote player.

## TDXPlayPlayers

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

**Unit**

[DXPlay](#)

### Description

The TDXPlayPlayers object is a list of the [TDXPlayPlayer](#) object.

## Hierarchy

TCollection

**TDXPlayPlayers properties**  
TDXPlayPlayers   Legend

In TDXPlayPlayers

Count

Players



## **TDXPlayPlayers.Count**

TDXPlayPlayers

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

A present number of players is returned.

## **TDXPlayPlayers.Players**

TDXPlayPlayers

**property** Players[Index: Integer]: TDXPlayPlayer; **default;**

### **Description**

It is a list of the player.

## **TDXPlayTCPIPSetting**

Hierarchy

Properties

### **Unit**

DXPlay

### **Description**

When TCP/IP is used, the TDXPlayTCPIPSetting object maintains necessary information. The address connecting ahead can be specified with the HostName property.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## **TDXPlayTCPIPSetting properties**

TDXPlayTCPIPSetting

Legend

### **In TDXPlayTCPIPSetting**

Enabled

HostName

## **TDXPlayTCPIPSetting.Enabled**

TDXPlayTCPIPSetting

**property** Enabled: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to use setting this TCP/IP.

DirectPlay should display the diamond log when False is specified for this property, and the user set information necessary to use TCP/IP.

## **TDXPlayTCPIPSetting.HostName**

TDXPlayTCPIPSetting

**property** HostName: **string**;

### **Description**

The address connecting ahead is specified by the dot form (196.168.1.1 etc.) or the name.

## DXSounds unit

The class concerning DirectSound is declared to the DXSounds unit.

The following item is declared to the DXSounds unit.

### Components

TDXSound

TDXWaveList

### Objects

TAudioFileStream

TAudioStream

TDirectSound

TDirectSoundBuffer

TSoundCaptureFormat

TSoundCaptureFormats

TSoundCaptureStream

TWaveCollection

TWaveCollectionItem







## TDXSound

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

[DXSounds](#)

### Description

The TDXSound component can easily use DirectSound.

When not muting when the form where the TDXSound component exists loses the focus, doGlobalFocus of the [Options](#) property or doStickyFocus is made True.

The reproduction sound quality of default is 22050Hz 8 bit stereo . Please refer to [The reproduction quality of TDXSound is set.](#) to change the quality.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXSound

## TDXSound properties

TDXSound

Legend

### In TDXSound

AutoInitialize

Driver

DSound

Initialized

NowOptions

Options

Primary

## **TDXSound.AutoInitialize**

### TDXSound

**property** AutoInitialize: Boolean;

#### **Description**

It is specified whether to call the Initialize method automatically when the application is started .  
TDXSound conceals it even if the exception is generated at that time.

Please call the Initialize method without using the AutoInitialize property yourself so as not to conceal the exception because of a form OnCreate event.

```
procedure TForm1.FormCreate(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    DXSound1.Initialize;  
end;
```

## TDXSound.Driver

TDXSound

**property** Driver: PGUID;

### Description

It is a driver of DirectSound used when the Initialize method is called . When nil is specified, the driver of default is used.

### See also

Drivers

## **TDXSound.DSound**

TDXSound

**property** DSound: TDirectSound;

### **Description**

It is TDirectSound object.

## **TDXSound.Initialized**

TDXSound

**property** Initialized: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is returned whether DirectSound is being initialized now.



## **TDXSound.NowOptions**

TDXSound

**property** NowOptions: TDXSoundOptions;

### **Description**

It is setting of present . The Options property is used to change setting.

## TDXSound.Options

### TDXSound

```
type TDXSoundOptions = set of (soGlobalFocus, soStickyFocus, soExclusive,  
    soWritePrimary);
```

```
property Options: TDXSoundOptions;
```

### Description

How of the operation of the TDXSound component can be set by using the Options property . The content changed to the NowOptions property according to the set content is reflected.

The combination of the following values can be specified for the Options property.

Identifier	Meaning
soGlobalFocus	Even if the focus is lost, the application does not mute the sound . However, when the focus is switched to the application to which an exclusive level is set at the cooperation level of other DirectSound, the sound is muted.
soStickyFocus	Even if the focus is lost, the application does not mute the sound . However, when the focus is switched to other DirectSound applications, the sound is muted.
soExclusive	The application sets an exclusive level at the cooperation level . As a result, the call of the <u>SetFormat</u> method to a <u>primary buffer</u> becomes possible.
soWritePrimary	The application sets an exclusive level of most significant at the cooperation level . Writing a primary buffer in addition to the case to specify soExclusive becomes possible.

## TDXSound.Primary

TDXSound

**property** Primary: TDirectSoundBuffer;

### Description

It is a primary buffer.

## **TDXSound methods**

TDXSound

Legend

### **In TDXSound**

Drivers

Finalize

Initialize

Restore

## **TDXSound.Drivers**

[TDXSound](#)

[Example](#)

```
class function Drivers: TDirectXDrivers;
```

### **Description**

The list of the DirectSound driver is returned.

### **See also**

[Driver](#)

## Example of TDXSound.Drivers

DirectSound is initialized by using the driver enumerated first.

```
procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);  
var  
    WaveFormat: TWaveFormatEx;  
begin  
    DXSound1.Driver := TDXSound.Drivers[0].GUID;  
    DXSound1.Initialize;  
end;
```

## **TDXSound.Finalize**

TDXSound

**procedure** Finalize;

### **Description**

The termination of DirectSound is done . At this time, the OnFinalize event is generated.

## **TDXSound.Initialize**

TDXSound

**function** Initialize: Boolean;

### **Description**

DirectSound is initialized . At this time, the event is generated in order of OnInitializing-OnInitialize-OnRestore.



## **TDXSound.Restore**

TDXSound

**procedure** Restore;

### **Description**

DirectSound is restored . At this time, the OnRestore event is generated.

## TDXSound events

TDXSound

Legend

### In TDXSound

OnFinalize

OnInitialize

OnInitializing

OnRestore

## **TDXSound.OnFinalize**

TDXSound

**property** OnFinalize: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the termination is done . This event has paired with the OnInitialize event .

## **TDXSound.OnInitialize**

TDXSound

Example

**property** OnInitialize: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the TDXSound component is initialized . This event has paired with the OnFinalize event .

Please make the buffer here.

## **TDXSound.OnInitializing**

TDXSound

**property** OnInitializing: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the TDXSound component tried to be initialized.

## **TDXSound.OnRestore**

TDXSound

**property** OnRestore: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when the content of the sound buffer is lost, and the necessity for the reload of Wave is caused.



## **TDXWaveList**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSounds](#)

### **Description**

The TDXWaveList component is a list of the TWave object . The buffer is controlled by specifying the [DXSound](#) property.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXWaveList



## TDXWaveList properties

TDXWaveList

Legend

### In TDXWaveList

DXSound

Items

## **TDXWaveList.DXSound**

TDXWaveList

**property** DXSound: TDXSound;

### **Description**

The TDXSound component is specified . When this property is specified, the buffer is controlled.

## **TDXWaveList.Items**

TDXWaveList

**property** Items: TWaveCollection;

### **Description**

It is a list of the TWave object.



## TAudioFileStream

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXSounds](#)

### Description

The TAudioFileStream object reproduces the Wave file with DirectSound in streaming. Huge Wave can be reproduced by using this object.

The TAudioStream object has achieved the reproduction for a long time by securing seconds of the buffer how many, and pouring the Wave data continuously there. The [BufferLength](#) property specifies the length of the buffer.

The Wave file which reproduces with the [FileName](#) property can be specified.

The [Play](#) method is called so that the reproduction may begin. In that case, to loop, the [Looped](#) property is set in True.

To stop reproducing, the [Stop](#) method is called.

## Hierarchy

TObject

TAudioStream

## TAudioFileStream properties

TAudioFileStream

Legend

### In TAudioFileStream

FileName

### Derived from TAudioStream

AutoUpdate

BufferLength

Format

FormatSize

Frequency

Looped

Pan

Playing

Position

Size

Volume

## **TAudioFileStream.FileName**

TAudioFileStream

**property** FileName: **string**;

### **Description**

The reproducing Wave file name is specified.



## **TAudioFileStream methods**

TAudioFileStream

Legend

### **In TAudioFileStream**

Create

### **Derived from TAudioStream**

Destroy

Play

RecreateBuf

Stop

Update

## TAudioFileStream.Create

TAudioFileStream

**constructor** Create (ADSound: TDirectSound);

### Description

The TAudioFileStream object is made.

Afterwards, please set the BufferLength property and the FileName property.

Argument	Explanation
ADSound	The TDirectSound object . The value of the <u>TDXSound.DSound</u> property is specified.

## TAudioStream

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXSounds](#)

### Description

The TAudioFileStream object reproduces the Wave stream with DirectSound in streamming. Huge Wave can be reproduced by using this object.

The TAudioStream object has achieved the reproduction for a long time by securing seconds of the buffer how many, and pouring the Wave data continuously there. The [BufferLength](#) property specifies the length of the buffer.

The Wave stream which reproduces with the [WaveStream](#) property can be specified.

The [Play](#) method is called so that the reproduction may begin. In that case, to loop, the [Looped](#) property is set in True.

To stop reproducing, the [Stop](#) method is called.

## Hierarchy

TObject

## TAudioStream properties

TAudioStream

Lengend

### In TAudioStream

AutoUpdate

BufferLength

Format

FormatSize

Frequency

Looped

Pan

Playing

Position

Size

Volume

WaveStream

## **TAudioStream.AutoUpdate**

TAudioStream

**property** AutoUpdate: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to keep automatically reading the Wave data to the transmission buffer . It is default and True.

When True is specified for the AutoUpdate property, the thread calls the Update method by thread's being started internally every about 50 milliseconds.

When False is specified for the AutoUpdate property, it is necessary to call the Update method in the length or less specified with the BufferLength property for myself periodically.

## **TAudioStream.BufferLength**

TAudioStream

**property** BufferLength: Integer;

### **Description**

The size of the transmission buffer is specified in each millisecond . 1000 is specified by default.

The TAudioStream object has achieved the reproduction for a long time by securing seconds of the buffer how many, and pouring the Wave data in it continuously . This property specifies the length of the buffer.

The sound becomes specification of a big number for this property and the road comes not to cut easily.

## **TAudioStream.Format**

TAudioStream

**property** Format: PWaveFormatEx;

### **Description**

When the Format property is used, information on Wave is obtained . The Format property is secured by the size returned by the FormatSize property.



## **TAudioStream.FormatSize**

TAudioStream

**property** FormatSize: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a size for which the Format property is secured.

## **TAudioStream.Frequency**

TAudioStream

**property** Frequency: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a reproduction frequency.

## **TAudioStream.Looped**

TAudioStream

**property** Looped: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to do the loop reproduction.

## **TAudioStream.Pan**

TAudioStream

**property** Pan: Integer;

### **Description**

A relative volume of a right and left channel is specified within the range from -10000 to 10000.

A right channel is muted when -10000 is specified, and when 10000 is specified, a left channel is muted.

## **TAudioStream.Playing**

TAudioStream

**property** Playing: Boolean;

### **Description**

This property is returned whether reproducing now.

## **TAudioStream.Position**

TAudioStream

**property** Position: Integer;

### **Description**

The position which has reproduced now is specified by each byte.

## **TAudioStream.Size**

TAudioStream

**property** Size: Integer;

### **Description**

The size of Wave is returned . Wave is infinity at -1.

## **TAudioStream.Volume**

TAudioStream

**property** Volume: Integer;

### **Description**

The volume is specified within the range from -10000 to 0. It is muted that -10000 is specified, and if 0 is specified, becomes a usual volume.



## **TAudioStream.WaveStream**

TAudioStream

**property** WaveStream: TCustomWaveStream;

### **Description**

It is a reproducing Wave stream . When this property is set, the Frequency property, the Pan property, and the Volume property are set in the value of default.

## TAudioStream methods

TAudioStream

Legend

### In TAudioStream

Create

Destroy

Play

RecreateBuf

Stop

Update

## **TAudioStream.Create**

### TAudioStream

**constructor** Create (ADSound: TDirectSound);

#### **Description**

The TAudioStream object is made.

Afterwards, please set the BufferLength property and the WaveStream property.

#### **Argument**

#### **Explanation**

---

ADSound

The TDirectSound object . The value of the TDXSound.DSound property is specified.

## **TAudioStream.Destroy**

TAudioStream

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TAudioStream object is abandoned.

## **TAudioStream.Play**

TAudioStream

**procedure** Play;

### **Description**

The reproduction of the Wave stream begins.

## **TAudioStream.RecreateBuf**

TAudioStream

**procedure** RecreateBuf;

### **Description**

The RecreateBuf method is about to make the buffer.

## **TAudioStream.Stop**

TAudioStream

**procedure** Stop;

### **Description**

The reproduction of the Wave stream is stopped.

## **TAudioStream.Update**

TAudioStream

**procedure** Update;

### **Description**

New Wave data is read to the transmission buffer . In should the call of this method, the value of the AutoUpdate property is only False.



## **TDirectSound**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSounds](#)

### **Description**

The wrapping does the IDirectSound interface to the TDirectSound object . The user can directly access the IDirectSound interface by using the [ISound](#) property.

### **See also**

[TDirectSoundBuffer](#)

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TDirectX

## **TDirectSound properties**

TDirectSound

Legend

### **In TDirectSound**

IDSound

ISound

### **Derived from TDirectX**

DXResult

## **TDirectSound.ISound**

### TDirectSound

**property** IDSound: IDirectSound;

#### **Description**

The property is used to access the IDirectSound interface directly . Even if a point different from the ISound property is nil, the exception is not generated.

## **TDirectSound.ISound**

### TDirectSound

**property** ISound: IDirectSound;

#### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectSound interface directly.

## **TDirectSound methods**

TDirectSound

Legend

### **In TDirectSound**

Create

Destroy

Drivers

## TDirectSound.Create

### TDirectSound

**constructor** Create (GUID: PGUID) ;

#### **Description**

The TDirectSound object is made.

Argument	Explanation
GUID	The pointer to GUID of the DirectSound driver . When nil is specified, the driver of default is used.

#### **See also**

### Drivers

## **TDirectSound.Destroy**

TDirectSound

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirectSound object is abandoned.



## **TDirectSound.Drivers**

TDirectSound

```
class function Drivers: TDirectXDrivers;
```

### **Description**

The list of the DirectSound driver is returned.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSounds](#)

### **Description**

The wrapping does the IDirectSoundBuffer interface to the TDirectSoundBuffer object . The user can directly access the IDirectSoundBuffer interface by using the [IBuffer](#) property .

To make the buffer, the [SetSize](#) method is called.

The [Play](#) method is called so that the reproduction of the sound buffer may begin . To stop reproducing, the [Stop](#) method is called.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

TDirectX

## **TDirectSoundBuffer properties**

TDirectSoundBuffer

Legend

### **In TDirectSoundBuffer**

BitCount

DSound

Frequency

IBuffer

IDSBuffer

Pan

Playing

Position

Status

Volume

### **Derived from TDirectX**

DXResult

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.BitCount**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** BitCount: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of bits for each sample.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.DSound**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** DSound: TDirectSound;

### **Description**

It is TDirectSound object.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Frequency**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** Frequency: Integer;

### **Description**

The reproduction frequency is specified within the range from 100 to 100000 . When 0 is specified, the value of default is set.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.IBuffer**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** IBuffer: Integer;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectSoundBuffer interface directly.



## **TDirectSoundBuffer.IDSBuffer**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** IDSBuffer: Integer;

### **Description**

This property is used to access the IDirectSoundBuffer interface directly . Even if a point different from the IBuffer property is nil, the exception is not generated.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Pan**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** Pan: Integer;

### **Description**

A relative volume of a right and left channel is specified within the range from -10000 to 10000.

A right channel is muted when -10000 is specified, and when 10000 is specified, a left channel is muted.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Playing**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** Playing: Boolean;

### **Description**

This property is returned whether reproducing now.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Position**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** Position: Integer;

### **Description**

The position which has reproduced now is specified by each byte.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.Status

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** Status: Integer;

### Description

It is a state of the buffer.

Identifier	Meaning
DSBSTATUS_BUFFERLOST	The buffer is lost and must be restored before it can be played or locked.
DSBSTATUS_LOOPING	The buffer is being looped. If this value is not set, the buffer will stop when it reaches the end of the sound data. Note that if this value is set, the buffer must also be playing.
DSBSTATUS_PLAYING	The buffer is playing. If this value is not set, the buffer is stopped.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Volume**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**property** Volume: Integer;

### **Description**

The volume is specified within the range from -10000 to 0. It is muted that -10000 is specified, and if 0 is specified, becomes a usual volume.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer methods**

TDirectSoundBuffer

Legend

### **In TDirectSoundBuffer**

Assign

Create

CreateBuffer

Destroy

GetFormat

GetFormatAlloc

LoadFromFile

LoadFromMemory

LoadFromStream

LoadFromWave

Lock

Play

Restore

SetFormat

SetSize

Stop

Unlock

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Assign**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**procedure** Assign(Source: TPersistent);

### **Description**

The Assign method allocates the object compatible with TDirectSoundBuffer . The object at present compatible is TWave and TDirectSoundBuffer .

When the TDirectSoundBuffer object is allocated, the Wave data is shared.

### **See also**

TWave



## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Create**

### TDirectSoundBuffer

**constructor** Create(ADSound: TDirectSound);

#### **Description**

The TDirectSoundBuffer object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
ADSound	The TDirectSound object . The value of the <u>TDXSound.DSound</u> property is specified.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.CreateBuffer

TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function CreateBuffer(const ABufferDesc: DSBUFFERDESC): Boolean;
```

### Description

The buffer is made . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
ABufferDesc	DSBUFFERDESC structural body which described information on made buffer

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Destroy**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TDirectSoundBuffer object is abandoned.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.GetFormat

### TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function GetFormat(var Format: TWaveFormatEx; dwSizeAllocated: Longint; var  
    dwSizeWritten: Longint): Boolean;
```

#### Description

The format of the buffer is acquired . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
Format	TWaveFormatEx structural body which receives format of buffer
dwSizeAllocated	Size of Format argument
dwSizeWritten	Size written in Format argument

## TDirectSoundBuffer.GetFormatAlloc

### TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function GetFormatAlloc(var Format: PWaveFormatEx; var Size: Longint):  
    Boolean;
```

#### Description

The pointer to TWaveFormatEx structural body which described the format of the buffer is acquired .  
Please liberate the acquired pointer.

Argument	Explanation
Format	PWaveFormatEx variable by which pointer to TWaveFormatEx structural body which receives format of buffer is received
Size	Size for which acquired pointer is secured

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.LoadFromFile**

TDirectSoundBuffer

```
procedure LoadFromFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

The Wave file is read.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.LoadFromMemory

### TDirectSoundBuffer

**procedure** LoadFromMemory(**const** Format: TWaveFormatEx; Data: Pointer; Size: Integer);

#### Description

Wave is read.

Argument	Explanation
Format	TWaveFormatEx structural body which described format of read Wave
Data	Pointer to read Wave
Size	Size of read Wave

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.LoadFromStream**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**procedure** LoadFromStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

Wave is read from the stream.



## **TDirectSoundBuffer.LoadFromWave**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**procedure** LoadFromWave (Wave: TWave);

### **Description**

The TWave object is read.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.Lock

### TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function Lock(dwWriteCursor, dwWriteBytes: Longint; var lpvAudioPtr1: Pointer; var dwAudioBytes1: Longint; var lpvAudioPtr2: Pointer; var dwAudioBytes2: Longint; dwFlags: Longint): Boolean;
```

### Description

The buffer is locked . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
dwWriteCursor	Position of buffer where lock begins
dwWriteBytes	Locked size
lpvAudioPtr, dwAudioBytes	Pointer and locked size to memory of locked buffer
lpvAudioPtr2, dwAudioBytes2	Pointer and locked size 2 to memory 2 of locked buffer
dwFlags	The lock flag . The following one or the one to have harmonized in logic is specified.  DSBLOCK_FROMWRITECURSOR Locks from the current write position, making a call to IDirectSoundBuffer::GetCurrentPosition unnecessary. If this flag is specified, the dwWriteCursor parameter is ignored.

### See also

#### Unlock

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Play**

### TDirectSoundBuffer

**function** Play(Flags: Longint): Boolean;

#### **Description**

The reproduction begins . True is returned when succeeding.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Flags	The reproduction flag . The following one or the one to have harmonized in logic is specified.  DSBPLAY_LOOPING Once the end of the audio buffer is reached, play restarts at the beginning of the buffer. Play continues until explicitly stopped. This flag must be set when playing primary sound buffers.

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Restore**

TDirectSoundBuffer

**function** Restore: Boolean;

### **Description**

The buffer is restored . True is returned when succeeding.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.SetFormat

TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function SetFormat(const Format: TWaveFormatEx): Boolean;
```

### Description

The format of the buffer is set . True is returned when succeeding.

Argument	Explanation
Format	format TWaveFormatEx structural body which described set

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.SetSize**

TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function SetSize(const Format: TWaveFormatEx; Size: Integer): Boolean;
```

### **Description**

This method is made by the size specified the format by which the buffer is specified . True is returned when succeeding.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Format	TWaveFormatEx structural body which described format of new buffer
Size	Size of new buffer

## **TDirectSoundBuffer.Stop**

TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function Stop: Boolean;
```

### **Description**

The reproduction is stopped . True is returned when succeeding.

## TDirectSoundBuffer.Unlock

### TDirectSoundBuffer

```
function Unlock(lpvAudioPtr1: Pointer; dwAudioBytes1: Longint; lpvAudioPtr2:  
    Pointer; dwAudioBytes2: Longint): Boolean;
```

#### **Description**

The lock is released . True is returned when succeeding.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
lpvAudioPtr, dwAudioBytes	Pointer and locked size to memory of locked buffer
lpvAudioPtr2, dwAudioBytes2	Pointer and locked size 2 to memory 2 of locked buffer

#### **See also**

Lock



## **TSoundCaptureFormat**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSounds](#)

### **Description**

The TSoundCaptureFormat object is a format of the sound which can be captured.

### **See also**

[TSoundCaptureFormats](#)

## Hierarchy

TCollectionItem

## TSoundCaptureFormat properties

TSoundCaptureFormat

Legend

In TSoundCaptureFormat

BitsPerSample

Channels

SamplesPerSec

## **TSoundCaptureFormat.BitsPerSample**

TSoundCaptureFormat

**property** BitsPerSample: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of bits for each sample.

## **TSoundCaptureFormat.Channels**

TSoundCaptureFormat

**property** Channels: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of channels . One is monaural, and two is stereo.

## **TSoundCaptureFormat.SamplesPerSec**

TSoundCaptureFormat

**property** SamplesPerSec: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a frequency.

## **TSoundCaptureFormats**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSounds](#)

### **Description**

The TSoundCaptureFormats object is a list of the format of the sound which can be captured.

### **See also**

[TSoundCaptureStream](#)

## Hierarchy

TCollection



## TSoundCaptureFormats properties

TSoundCaptureFormats

Legend

In TSoundCaptureFormats

Count

Items

## **TSoundCaptureFormats.Count**

TSoundCaptureFormats

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of formats being maintained now.

## **TSoundCaptureFormats.Items**

TSoundCaptureFormats

**property** Items[Index: Integer]: TSoundCaptureFormat;

### **Description**

It is a list of the format being maintained now.

## **TSoundCaptureFormats methods**

TSoundCaptureFormats

Legend

**In TSoundCaptureFormats**

IndexOf

## **TSoundCaptureFormats.IndexOf**

### TSoundCaptureFormats

```
function IndexOf (ASamplesPerSec, ABitsPerSample, AChannels: Integer):  
    Integer;
```

#### **Description**

The index of the specified format is returned . -1 is returned when not found.

## TSoundCaptureStream

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Events](#)

[See also](#)

[Example](#)

### Unit

[DXSounds](#)

### Description

The TSoundCaptureStream object is Wave stream to which the sound is captured.

The TSoundCaptureStream object has achieved capturing for a long time by taking it out one by one as soon as seconds of the buffer how many are secured, and the Wave data which captures there collects. The [BufferLength](#) property specifies the length of the buffer.

The Wave format when capturing by the [CaptureFormat](#) property can be specified. The list of the Wave format which can be used can be acquired in the [SupportedFormats](#) property.

To begin capturing, the [Start](#) method is called. To stop, the [Stop](#) method is called.

Timing where the Wave data collects can know that the [OnFilledBuffer](#) event is used.

The method of reading the TStream object is used to read the capturing Wave data.

## Hierarchy

TStream

TCustomWaveStream

TCustomWaveStream2

## **TSoundCaptureStream properties**

TSoundCaptureStream

Legend

### **In TSoundCaptureStream**

BufferLength

CaptureFormat

Capturing

SupportedFormats

### **Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

FilledSize

Format

FormatSize

Size



## **TSoundCaptureStream.BufferLength**

TSoundCaptureStream

**property** BufferLength: Integer;

### **Description**

The size of the reception buffer is specified in each millisecond. 1000 is specified by default.

The TSoundCaptureStream object has achieved capturing for a long time by taking it out as soon as seconds of the buffer how many are secured, and the Wave data captured to it collects. This property specifies the length of the buffer.

Capturing becomes specification of a big number for this property and the road comes not to cut easily.

## **TSoundCaptureStream.CaptureFormat**

TSoundCaptureStream

**property** CaptureFormat: Integer;

### **Description**

The capturing format is specified . It is an index of the item of the SupportedFormats property.

## **TSoundCaptureStream.Capturing**

### TSoundCaptureStream

**property** Capturing: Boolean;

#### **Description**

It is returned whether to be capturing now.

## **TSoundCaptureStream.SupportedFormats**

TSoundCaptureStream

**property** SupportedFormats: TSoundCaptureFormats;

### **Description**

It is a list of the format which can be captured . The format of the high pitched sound quality is stored by going at the end of the list.

## **TSoundCaptureStream methods**

[TSoundCaptureStream](#)

[Legend](#)

### **In TSoundCaptureStream**

[Create](#)

[Destroy](#)

[Drivers](#)

[Start](#)

[Stop](#)

### **Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

[GetFilledSize](#)

[GetFormat](#)

[GetFormatSize](#)

[GetSize](#)

[ReadWave](#)

[SetFormatSize](#)

[SetPCMFormat](#)

[SetSize](#)

[WriteWave](#)

## **TSoundCaptureStream.Create**

TSoundCaptureStream

**constructor** Create (GUID: PGUID);

### **Description**

The TSoundCaptureStream object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
-----------------	--------------------

GUID	The pointer to GUID of the DirectSoundCapture driver . When nil is passed, the driver of default is used.
------	--

### **See also**

Drivers

## **TSoundCaptureStream.Destroy**

TSoundCaptureStream

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TSoundCaptureStream object is abandoned.

## **TSoundCaptureStream.Drivers**

TSoundCaptureStream

```
class function Drivers: TDirectXDrivers;
```

### **Description**

The list of the DirectSoundCapture driver is returned.



## **TSoundCaptureStream.Start**

TSoundCaptureStream

**procedure** Start;

### **Description**

Capturing is begun.

## **TSoundCaptureStream.Stop**

TSoundCaptureStream

**procedure** Stop;

### **Description**

Capturing is stopped.

## **TSoundCaptureStream events**

TSoundCaptureStream

Legend

**In TSoundCaptureStream**

OnFilledBuffer

## **TSoundCaptureStream.OnFilledBuffer**

TSoundCaptureStream

Example

**property** OnFilledBuffer: TNotifyEvent;

### **Description**

It is an event generated when came to being able to read.

## Example of TSoundCaptureStream.OnFilledBuffer

The Wave data that the OnFilledBuffer event's occurring captures to Dest is written.

```
var
    Capture: TSoundCaptureStream;
    Dest: TWaveFileStream;

procedure TForm1.CaptureStreamEvent(Sender: TObject);
var
    Capture: TSoundCaptureStream;
begin
    Capture := TSoundCaptureStream(Sender);
    Dest.CopyFrom(Capture, Capture.FilledSize);
end;

procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);
begin
    Capture.OnFilledBuffer := CaptureStreamEvent;
    Capture.Start;
end;
```

## Example of TSoundCaptureStream

The sound input from capturing is written in the file.

```
uses Wave, DXSounds;

const
    CaptureSec = 10; { The sound is captured for ten seconds. }

procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);
var
    Stream: TSoundCaptureStream;
    WaveFileStream: TWaveFileStream;
begin
    Stream := TSoundCaptureStream.Create(nil);
    try
        { The sound is captured by the highest tone quality. }
        Stream.CaptureFormat := Stream.SupportedFormats.Count-1;

        { Capturing of the sound is begun. }
        Stream.Start;

        WaveFileStream := TWaveFileStream.Create('c:\test.wav', fmCreate);
        try
            WaveFileStream.FormatSize := Stream.FormatSize;
            Move(Stream.Format^, WaveFileStream.Format^,
WaveFileStream.FormatSize);

            WaveFileStream.Open(True);

            WaveFileStream.CopyFrom(Stream,

WaveFileStream.Format^.nSamplesPerSec*WaveFileStream.Format^.nBlockAlign*CaptureSec);
            finally
                WaveFileStream.Free;
            end;
        finally
            Stream.Free;
        end;
    end;
```

## **TWaveCollection**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Example](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSounds](#)

### **Description**

It is a collection of [TWave](#).

### **See also**

[TWaveCollectionItem](#)

## Hierarchy

TCollection

THashCollection



**TWaveCollection properties**

TWaveCollection   Legend

**In TWaveCollection**

Count

Items

## **TWaveCollection.Count**

TWaveCollection

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

The number of Wave being maintained now is returned.

## TWaveCollection.Items

TWaveCollection

**property** Items[Index: Integer]: TWaveCollectionItem; **default**;

### Description

It is a list of Wave being maintained now.

## TWaveCollection methods

[TWaveCollection](#)   [Legend](#)

### In TWaveCollection

[Clear](#)

[Create](#)

[Destroy](#)

[Find](#)

[IndexOf](#)

[LoadFromFile](#)

[LoadFromStream](#)

[Restore](#)

[SaveToFile](#)

[SaveToStream](#)

## **TWaveCollection.Clear**

TWaveCollection

**procedure** Clear;

### **Description**

All Wave being maintained now is abandoned.

## **TWaveCollection.Create**

TWaveCollection

**constructor** Create;

### **Description**

The TWaveCollection object is made.

## **TWaveCollection.Destroy**

TWaveCollection

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TWaveCollection object is abandoned.

## **TWaveCollection.Find**

TWaveCollection

```
procedure Find(const Name: string): TWaveListItem;
```

### **Description**

Wave of the specified name is returned . The hash is used and the operation is high-speed . When not found, the exception is generated.



## **TWaveCollection.IndexOf**

TWaveCollection

```
procedure IndexOf(const Name: string): Integer;
```

### **Description**

The index of Wave of the specified name is returned . The hash is used and the operation is high-speed .  
When not found, -1 is returned.

## **TWaveCollection.LoadFromFile**

TWaveCollection

```
procedure LoadFromFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

The Wave list is read from the file.

## **TWaveCollection.LoadFromStream**

TWaveCollection

**procedure** SaveToStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

The Wave list is read from the stream.

## **TWaveCollection.Restore**

TWaveCollection

**procedure** Restore;

### **Description**

Wave is loaded into the buffer.

## **TWaveCollection.SaveToFile**

TWaveCollection

```
procedure SaveToFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

All Wave being maintained now is preserved in the file.

## **TWaveCollection.SaveToStream**

TWaveCollection

**procedure** SaveToStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

All Wave being maintained now is preserved in the stream.

## Example of TWaveCollection

New Wave is added to the collection.

```
procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);  
var  
    Item: TWaveCollectionItem;  
begin  
    Item := TWaveCollectionItem.Create(DXWaveList1.Items);  
    Item.Name := 'New Wave';  
    Item.Wave.LoadFromFile('c:\wavefile.wav');  
end;
```

## TWaveCollectionItem

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXSounds](#)

### Description

The TWaveCollectionItem object is an item of the [TWaveCollection](#) object .

Wave can be specified with the [Wave](#) property .

To reproduce, the [Play](#) method is called. In that case, to loop, the Looped property is set in True.



## Hierarchy

TCollectionItem

THashCollectionItem

## TWaveCollectionItem properties

TWaveCollectionItem

Legend

### In TWaveCollectionItem

Buffer

Frequency

Initialized

Looped

Name

Pan

Volume

Wave

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Buffer**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Buffer: TDirectSoundBuffer;

### **Description**

It is a buffer.

## TWaveCollectionItem.Frequency

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Frequency: Integer;

### Description

The reproduction frequency is specified within the range from 100 to 100000 . When 0 is specified, the value of default is set.

When the Looped property is True, the change in this property is reflected in the output at once.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Initialized**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Initialized: Boolean;

### **Description**

The buffer is being initialized now or this property is returned.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Looped**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Looped: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to do the loop reproduction.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Name**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Name: **string**;

### **Description**

It is a name of this Wave.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Pan**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Pan: Integer;

### **Description**

A relative volume of a right and left channel is specified within the range from -10000 to 10000.

A right channel is muted when -10000 is specified, and when 10000 is specified, a left channel is muted.

When the Looped property is True, the change in this property is reflected in the output at once.



## **TWaveCollectionItem.Volume**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Volume: Integer;

### **Description**

The volume is specified within the range from -10000 to 0. It is muted that -10000 is specified, and if 0 is specified, becomes a usual volume.

When the Looped property is True, the change in this property is reflected in the output at once.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Wave**

TWaveCollectionItem

**property** Wave: TWave;

### **Description**

It is TWave object. To reflect the content which Wave changed in the sound buffer, the Restore method is called.

## TWaveCollectionItem methods

TWaveCollectionItem

Legend

### In TWaveCollectionItem

Play

Restore

Stop

## TWaveCollectionItem.Play

TWaveCollectionItem

**procedure** Play(Wait: Boolean);

### Description

The sound is reproduced . The sound is reproduced . The loop reproduction is done when the Looped property is True, and the plural is reproduced simultaneously at False.

At this time, the value of the Frequency, Pan and Volume property is used.

Argument	Explanation
Wave	This argument specifies whether to wait until the reproduction ends.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Restore**

TWaveCollectionItem

**procedure** Restore;

### **Description**

Wave is loaded into the buffer.

## **TWaveCollectionItem.Stop**

TWaveCollectionItem

**procedure** Stop;

### **Description**

The loop reproduction is stopped.

## DXSprite unit

The class concerning Sprite is declared to the DXSprite unit.

The following item is declared to the DXSprite unit.

### Components

TDXSpriteEngine

### Objects

TBackgroundSprite

TImageSprite

TSprite

TSpriteEngine







## **TDXSpriteEngine**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### **Unit**

[DXSprite](#)

### **Description**

The TDXSpriteEngine component controls sprite .

To do rendering, the [Render](#) method is called . The [DXDraw](#) property is used to set rendering ahead.

## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXSpriteEngine

## **TDXSpriteEngine properties**

TDXSpriteEngine

Legend

**In TDXSpriteEngine**

DXDraw

Engine

## **TDXSpriteEngine.DXDraw**

TDXSpriteEngine

**property** DXDraw: TDXDraw;

### **Description**

The TDXDraw component the description ahead is specified.

## **TDXSpriteEngine.Engine**

TDXSpriteEngine

**property** Engine: TSpriteEngine;

### **Description**

It is TSpriteEngine object.

## **TDXSpriteEngine methods**

TDXSpriteEngine

Legend

### **In TDXSpriteEngine**

Dead

Move

Render

## **TDXSpriteEngine.Dead**

TDXSpriteEngine

**procedure** Dead;

### **Description**

Sprite with the deletion demand is deleted.

## **TDXSpriteEngine.Move**

TDXSpriteEngine

**procedure** Move (MoveCount: Integer);

### **Description**

Sprite is moved.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
MoveCount	The moving time is specified in each millisecond.



## **TDXSpriteEngine.Render**

TDXSpriteEngine

**procedure** Render;

### **Description**

Sprite is described.



## TBackgroundSprite

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXSprite](#)

### Description

The TBackground object is sprite chiefly used for the background.

Which chip of each part is described with the [Chips](#) property can be specified.

Effective and the invalidity of each part of the collision judgment can be set with the [CollisionMap](#) property.

## Hierarchy

TSprite

## TBackgroundSprite properties

TBackgroundSprite

Legend

### In TBackgroundSprite

Chips

CollisionMap

Image

MapHeight

MapWidth

Tile

### Derived from TSprite

BoundsRect

ClientRect

Collisioned

Count

Engine

Height

Items

Moved

Parent

Visible

Width

WorldX

WorldY

X

Y

Z

## TBackgroundSprite.Chips

TBackgroundSprite

**property** Chips[X, Y: Integer]: Integer;

### Description

It is a pattern number of the image of the chip . The chip is not described to specify a negative number.

## TBackgroundSprite.CollisionMap

TBackgroundSprite

**property** CollisionMap[X, Y: Integer]: Boolean;

### Description

It can be set whether to do the collision judgment in each chip when the CollisionMap property is used.

## TBackgroundSprite.Image

TBackgroundSprite

**property** Image: TPictureCollectionItem;

### Description

It is an image of the chip.



## TBackgroundSprite.MapHeight

TBackgroundSprite

**property** MapHeight: Integer;

### Description

It is height of the map.

## TBackgroundSprite.MapWidth

TBackgroundSprite

**property** MapWidth: Integer;

### Description

It is width of the map.

## TBackgroundSprite.Tile

TBackgroundSprite

**property** Tile: Boolean;

### Description

It is specified whether to always cover the screen . It is always described that True is set on the screen.

## TBackgroundSprite methods

TBackgroundSprite

Lengend

### In TBackgroundSprite

SetMapSize

### Derived from TSprite

Clear

Collision

Create

Dead

Destroy

DoCollision

DoDraw

DoMove

GetBoundsRect

TestCollision

## TBackgroundSprite.SetMapSize

TBackgroundSprite

**property** SetMapSize (AMapWidth, AMapHeight: Integer): Integer;

### Description

The size of the map is set.

## TImageSprite

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXSprite](#)

### Description

The TImageSprite object is sprite by which the image is displayed.

The described image is specified with the [Image](#) property . The described surface is [Image.PatternSurfaces\[AnimStart+AnimPos\]](#).

## Hierarchy

TSprite

## TImageSprite properties

TImageSprite

Legend

### In TImageSprite

AnimCount

AnimLooped

AnimPos

AnimSpeed

AnimStart

Image

PixelCheck

Tile

### Derived from TSprite

BoundsRect

ClientRect

Collisioned

Count

Engine

Height

Items

Moved

Parent

Visible

Width

WorldX

WorldY

X

Y

Z



## TImageSprite.AnimCount

TImageSprite

Example

**property** AnimCount: Integer;

### Description

It is a number of patterns of animations.

## Example of TImageSprite.AnimXXX

**begin**

```
    ImageSprite.AnimStart := 10;      { Animation is reproduced from the pattern number
10.  }
    ImageSprite.AnimLooped := True;   { Loop   }
    ImageSprite.AnimSpeed  := 10/1000; { They are ten frames a second.   }
    ImageSprite.AnimCount  := 3;      { The number of patterns is three.   }
end;
```

## TImageSprite.AnimLooped

[TImageSprite](#)

[Example](#)

**property** AnimLooped: Boolean;

### Description

It is specified whether to loop and to do animation. When animation is ended if False is set, 0 is substituted for the [AnimSpeed](#) property.

## **TImageSprite.AnimPos**

TImageSprite

**property** AnimPos: Double;

### **Description**

It is a relative position of the AnimStart property of the pattern number of animation.

## TImageSprite.AnimationSpeed

TImageSprite

Example

**property** AnimationSpeed: Double;

### Description

It is a speed of animation . Whether animation is done is specified of what frame millisecond.

## **TImageSprite.AnimStart**

TImageSprite

Example

**property** AnimStart: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a pattern number by which animation is started.

## TImageSprite.Image

TImageSprite

**property** Image: TPictureCollectionItem;

### Description

It is a described image.

## **TImageSprite.PixelCheck**

TImageSprite

**property** PixelCheck: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to judge each pixel when other TImageSprite objects and the collision judgments are done . When False is specified, the collision judgment is judged in the rectangle.



## **TImageSprite.Tile**

TImageSprite

**property** Tile: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to display sprite without fail regardless of the position.

## TImageSprite methods

TImageSprite

Legend

### Derived from TSprite

Clear

Collision

Create

Dead

Destroy

DoCollision

DoDraw

DoMove

GetBoundsRect

TestCollision

## **TSprite**

Hierarchy

Properties

Methods

### **Unit**

DXSprite

### **Description**

The TSprite object is an abstraction class of sprite . Sprite can be constructed in the tree, and some properties are influenced by the parent.

When the description processing is done, the DoDraw method is overridden.

When the movement processing is done, the DoMove method is overridden.

To do the collision judgment, the Collision method is called . When it is processed to collide, the DoCollision method is overridden.

## Hierarchy

TObject

## TSprite properties

TSprite

Lengend

### In TSprite

BoundsRect

ClientRect

Collisioned

Count

Engine

Height

Items

Moved

Parent

Visible

Width

WorldX

WorldY

X

Y

Z

## **TSprite.BoundsRect**

TSprite

**property** BoundsRect: TRect;

### **Description**

The rectangle in the world coordinates is returned . This property is used to describe and to judge the collision.

## **TSprite.ClientRect**

TSprite

**property** ClientRect: TRect;

### **Description**

The rectangle of sprite is returned . It is the same as Rect(0, 0, Width, Height).

## **TSprite.Collisoned**

TSprite

**property** Collisoned: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to do the collision judgment.



## **TSprite.Count**

TSprite

**property** Count: Integer;

### **Description**

The number of sprite being maintained now is returned.

## **TSprite.Engine**

TSprite

**property** Engine: TSpriteEngine;

### **Description**

It is TSpriteEngine object.

## **TSprite.Height**

TSprite

**property** Height: Integer;

### **Description**

It is height of sprite.

## TSprite.Items

TSprite

**property** Items[Index: Integer]: TSprite; **default**;

### Description

It is a list of the sprite being maintained now.

## **TSprite.Moved**

TSprite

**property** Moved: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to move sprite.

## **TSprite.Parent**

TSprite

**property** Parent: TSprite;

### **Description**

It is parent's sprite.

## **TSprite.Visible**

TSprite

**property** Visible: Boolean;

### **Description**

It is specified whether to display sprite.

## **TSprite.Width**

TSprite

**property** Width: Integer;

### **Description**

It is width of sprite.



## **TSprite.WorldX**

TSprite

**property** WorldX: Double;

### **Description**

It is X coordinates in the world coordinates of sprite.

## **TSprite.WorldY**

TSprite

**property** WorldY: Double;

### **Description**

It is Y coordinates in the world coordinates of sprite.

## **TSprite.X**

TSprite

**property** X: Double;

### **Description**

It is X coordinates of sprite.

## **TSprite.Y**

TSprite

**property** Y: Double;

### **Description**

It is Y coordinates of sprite.

## **TSprite.Z**

TSprite

**property** Z: Integer;

### **Description**

It is Z value of sprite . Sprite is displayed forward by the value large.

## **TSprite methods**

TSprite

Lengend

### **In TSprite**

Clear

Collision

Create

Dead

Destroy

DoCollision

DoDraw

DoMove

GetBoundsRect

TestCollision

## **TSprite.Clear**

TSprite

**procedure** Clear;

### **Description**

All the sprite being maintained now is abandoned.

## **TSprite.Collision**

TSprite

**procedure** Collision;

### **Description**

The collision judgment is done . When the sprite which has collided is detected, the DoCollision method is called one by one.



## TSprite.Create

TSprite

**constructor** Create(AParent: TSprite);

### Description

The TSprite object is made.

Argument	Explanation
AParent	Parent's sprite

## **TSprite.Dead**

TSprite

**procedure** Dead;

### **Description**

The deletion demand is lodged . Sprite is completely deleted by the TSpriteEngine.Dead method.

## **TSprite.Destroy**

TSprite

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TSprite object is abandoned.

## **TSprite.DoCollision**

TSprite

```
procedure DoCollision(Sprite: TSprite; var Done: Boolean); virtual;
```

### **Description**

It is processed to collide with other sprite.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
Sprite	Colliding sprite
Done	To interrupt the detection of the colliding sprite, True is substituted for the Done argument.

## **TSprite.DoDraw**

TSprite

**procedure** DoDraw; **virtual**;

### **Description**

It is processed to describe sprite.

## **TSprite.DoMove**

TSprite

**procedure** DoMove (MoveCount: Integer); **virtual**;

### **Description**

It is processed to move sprite.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
MoveCount	The moving time is specified in each millisecond.

## TSprite.GetBoundsRect

TSprite

```
function GetBoundsRect: TRect; virtual;
```

### Description

The value of the BoundsRect property is defined.

## **TSprite.TestCollision**

TSprite

```
function TestCollision(Sprite: TSprite): Boolean; virtual;
```

### **Description**

This method returns whether to have collided with the sprite given by the Sprite argument.



## TSpriteEngine

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

[DXSprite](#)

### Description

The TSpriteEngine object controls sprite.

## Hierarchy

TObject

TSprite

## TSpriteEngine properties

TSpriteEngine

Legend

### In TSpriteEngine

AllCount

DrawCount

Surface

SurfaceRect

### Derived from TSprite

BoundsRect

ClientRect

Collisioned

Count

Engine

Height

Items

Moved

Parent

Visible

Width

WorldX

WorldY

X

Y

Z

## TSpriteEngine.AllCount

TSpriteEngine

**property** AllCount: Integer;

### Description

It is a number of sprite.

## **TSpriteEngine.DrawCount**

TSpriteEngine

**property** DrawCount: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a number of described sprite.

## TSpriteEngine.Surface

TSpriteEngine

**property** Surface: TDirectDrawSurface;

### Description

It is a surface the description ahead.

## **TSpriteEngine.SurfaceRect**

TSpriteEngine

**property** SurfaceRect: TRect;

### **Description**

It is a rectangle of the surface.

## TSpriteEngine methods

TSpriteEngine

Lengend

### In TSpriteEngine

Create

Dead

Destroy

Draw

Move

### Derived from TSprite

Clear

Collision

Create

Dead

Destroy

DoCollision

DoDraw

DoMove

GetBoundsRect

TestCollision



## **TSpriteEngine.Create**

TSpriteEngine

**constructor** Create;

### **Description**

The TSpriteEngine object is made.

## **TSpriteEngine.Dead**

TSpriteEngine

**procedure** Dead;

### **Description**

Sprite with the deletion demand is deleted.

## **TSpriteEngine.Destroy**

TSpriteEngine

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TSpriteEngine object is abandoned.

## **TSpriteEngine.Draw**

### TSpriteEngine

**procedure** Draw(Surface: TDirectDrawSurface);

#### **Description**

Sprite is described.

#### **Argument**

#### **Explanation**

---

Surface

Surface description ahead

## **TSpriteEngine.Move**

TSpriteEngine

**procedure** Move (MoveCount: Integer);

### **Description**

Sprite is moved.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
MoveCount	The moving time is specified in each millisecond.

## Wave unit

The class concerning the Wave file is declared to the Wave unit.

The following item is declared to the Wave unit.

### Components

TDXWave

### Objects

TCustomWaveStream

TCustomWaveStream2

TWave

TWaveFileStream

TWaveObjectStream

TWaveStream

### Routines

MakePCMWaveFormatEx





## TDXWave

Hierarchy

Properties

**Unit**

Wave

### **Description**

The TDXWave component maintains Wave . The Wave property is used to access Wave.



## Hierarchy

TComponent

TCustomDXWave

## TDXWave properties

TDXWave

Legend

### In TDXWave

Wave

## TDXWave.Wave

TDXWave

**property** Wave: TWave;

### Description

It is TWave object.



## TCustomWaveStream

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[Wave](#)

### Description

The TCustomWaveStream object is an abstraction class of the Wave stream.

## Hierarchy

TStream

## TCustomWaveStream properties

TCustomWaveStream

Legend

### In TCustomWaveStream

FilledSize

Format

FormatSize

Size

## TCustomWaveStream.FilledSize

TCustomWaveStream

**property** FilledSize: Integer **read** GetFilledSize;

### Description

The size which can be read now is returned . When the size which can be read is fixed, -1 is returned.



## TCustomWaveStream.Format

TCustomWaveStream

**property** Format: PWaveFormatEx **read** GetFormat;

### Description

When the Format property is used, information on Wave is obtained . The Format property is secured by the size returned by the FormatSize property.

## TCustomWaveStream.FormatSize

TCustomWaveStream

**property** FormatSize: Integer **read** GetFormatSize **write** SetFormatSize;

### Description

It is a size for which the Format property is secured.

## TCustomWaveStream.Size

TCustomWaveStream

**property** Size: Integer **read** GetSize **write** SetSize;

### Description

It is a size of Wave . When -1 is specified, the size of the stream is regarded as infinity.

## TCustomWaveStream methods

TCustomWaveStream

Legend

### In TCustomWaveStream

GetFilledSize

GetFormat

GetFormatSize

GetSize

ReadWave

SetFormatSize

SetPCMFormat

SetSize

WriteWave

## TCustomWaveStream.GetFilledSize

TCustomWaveStream

```
function GetFilledSize: Integer; virtual;
```

### Description

The value of the FilledSize property is defined.

## TCustomWaveStream.GetFormat

TCustomWaveStream

**function** GetFormat: PWaveFormatEx; **virtual; abstract;**

### Description

The value of the Format property is defined.

## TCustomWaveStream.GetFormatSize

TCustomWaveStream

```
function GetFormatSize: Integer; virtual;
```

### Description

The value of the FormatSize property is defined.

## TCustomWaveStream.GetSize

TCustomWaveStream

```
function GetSize: Integer; virtual;
```

### Description

The value of the Size property is defined.



## **TCustomWaveStream.ReadWave**

TCustomWaveStream

```
function ReadWave(const Buffer; Count: Integer): Integer; virtual;
```

### **Description**

Wave is read from the position of the Position property to Buffer . And, the read size is returned.

## TCustomWaveStream.SetFormatSize

TCustomWaveStream

**procedure** SetFormatSize(Value: Integer); **virtual; abstract;**

### Description

When the value is set in the Format property, this method is called.

## TCustomWaveStream.SetPCMFormat

### TCustomWaveStream

**procedure** SetPCMFormat(SamplesPerSec, BitsPerSample, Channels: Integer);

#### Description

The format of Wave is set in PCM .

For instance, to make the format of 44100Hz 16bit stereo, it is assumed SetPCMFormat(44100, 16, 2).

Argument	Explanation
SamplesPerSec	Frequency
BitsPerSample	The number of bits used for about one sample . 8 and 16 are specified.
Channels	The number of channels . One becomes in monaural and two becomes stereos.

## **TCustomWaveStream.SetSize**

TCustomWaveStream

```
procedure SetSize(Value: Integer); virtual;
```

### **Description**

The size of the data of Wave is set.

## **TCustomWaveStream.WriteWave**

TCustomWaveStream

```
function WriteWave(var Buffer; Count: Integer): Integer; virtual;
```

### **Description**

Buffer is written from the position of the Position property in Wave . And, the written size is returned.

## TCustomWaveStream2

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[Wave](#)

### Description

It is the one that the GetFormat method of the TCustomWaveStream object, the GetFormatSize method, and the SetFormatSize method were mounted.

## Hierarchy

TStream

TCustomWaveStream

## TCustomWaveStream2 properties

TCustomWaveStream2

Legend

### Derived from TCustomWaveStream

FilledSize

Format

FormatSize

Size



## TCustomWaveStream2 methods

TCustomWaveStream2

Legend

### Derived from TCustomWaveStream

GetFilledSize

GetFormat

GetFormatSize

GetSize

ReadWave

SetFormatSize

SetPCMFormat

SetSize

WriteWave

## TWave

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[Wave](#)

### Description

The TWave object maintains Wave .

Information on Wave is obtained by the [Format](#) property . The [Data](#) property is used to access the Wave.

## Hierarchy

TPersistent

## TWave properties

TWave   Legend

### In TWave

Data

Format

FormatSize

Size

## **TWave.Data**

TWave

**property** Data: Pointer;

### **Description**

The user can directly access Wave by using the Data property . The Data property is secured by the value of the Size property.

## **TWave.Format**

TWave

**property** Format: PWaveFormatEx;

### **Description**

It is a format of Wave . The Format property is secured by the value of the FormatSize property.

## **TWave.FormatSize**

TWave

**property** FormatSize: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a size for which the Format property is secured.

## **TWave.Size**

TWave

**property** Size: Integer;

### **Description**

It is a size of Wave . There need to be the multiple of Format.nBlockAlign set value.



## TWave methods

TWave   Legend

### In TWave

Assign

Clear

Create

Destroy

LoadFromFile

LoadFromStream

SaveToFile

SaveToStream

SetPCMFormat

## **TWave.Assign**

TWave

**procedure** Assign(Source: TPersistent);

### **Description**

The object compatible with TWave is allocated . The object at present compatible is only TWave object.

## **TWave.Clear**

TWave

**procedure** Clear;

### **Description**

Wave being maintained now is abandoned.

## TWave.Create

TWave

**constructor** Create;

### Description

The TWave object is made.

## **TWave.Destroy**

TWave

**destructor** Destroy;

### **Description**

The TWave object is abandoned.

## **TWave.LoadFromFile**

TWave

```
procedure LoadFromFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

Wave is read from the file.

## **TWave.LoadFromStream**

TWave

**procedure** LoadFromStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

Wave is read from the stream.

## **TWave.SaveToFile**

TWave

```
procedure SaveToFile(const FileName: string);
```

### **Description**

Wave is written in the file.



## **TWave.SaveToStream**

TWave

**procedure** SaveToStream(Stream: TStream);

### **Description**

Wave is written in the stream.

## **TWave.SetPCMFormat**

### TWave

**procedure** SetPCMFormat(SamplesPerSec, BitsPerSample, Channels: Integer);

#### **Description**

The format of Wave is set in PCM.

For instance, to make the format of 44100Hz 16bit stereo, it is assumed SetPCMFormat(44100, 16, 2).

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
SamplesPerSec	Frequency
BitsPerSample	The number of bits used for about one sample . 8 and 16 are specified.
Channels	The number of channels . One becomes in monaural and two becomes stereos.

## TWaveFileStream

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[Wave](#)

### Description

The TWaveFileStream object is Wave stream by which the Wave file is treated.

Some properties and the methods cannot be used until the [Open](#) method is called.

## Hierarchy

TStream

TCustomWaveStream

TCustomWaveStream2

TWaveStream

## **TWaveFileStream properties**

TWaveFileStream

Legend

**Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

FilledSize

Format

FormatSize

Size

## **TWaveFileStream methods**

TWaveFileStream

Legend

### **In TWaveFileStream**

Create

### **Derived from TWaveStream**

Create

Open

### **Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

GetFilledSize

GetFormat

GetFormatSize

GetSize

ReadWave

SetFormatSize

SetPCMFormat

SetSize

WriteWave

## TWaveFileStream.Create

TWaveFileStream

Example

**constructor** Create(**const** AFileName: **string**; Mode: Word);

### Description

The TWaveObjectStream object can treat the TWave object as Wave stream.

Argument	Explanation
AFileName	Wave file name
Mode	The mode when the file is opened . Please refer to the explanation of the TFileStream.Create method.

## TWaveObjectStream

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

**Unit**

[Wave](#)

### Description

The TWaveObjectStream object can treat the [TWave](#) object as Wave stream.



## Hierarchy

TStream

TCustomWaveStream

## **TWaveObjectStream properties**

TWaveObjectStream

Legend

**Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

FilledSize

Format

FormatSize

Size

## **TWaveObjectStream methods**

[TWaveObjectStream](#)

[Legend](#)

### **In TWaveObjectStream**

[Create](#)

### **Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

[GetFilledSize](#)

[GetFormat](#)

[GetFormatSize](#)

[GetSize](#)

[ReadWave](#)

[SetFormatSize](#)

[SetPCMFormat](#)

[SetSize](#)

[WriteWave](#)

## **TWaveObjectStream.Create**

### TWaveObjectStream

**constructor** Create (AWave: TWave);

#### **Description**

The TWaveObjectStream object is made.

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
AWave	<u>TWave</u> object which wants to treat as Wave stream

## **TWaveStream**

[Hierarchy](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Example](#)

**Unit**

[Wave](#)

### **Description**

The TWaveStream object can treat the stream as Wave stream .

Some properties and the methods cannot be used until the [Open](#) method is called.

### **See also**

[TWaveFileStream](#)

## Hierarchy

TStream

TCustomWaveStream

TCustomWaveStream2

## TWaveStream properties

TWaveStream

Legend

Derived from TCustomWaveStream

FilledSize

Format

FormatSize

Size

## **TWaveStream methods**

TWaveStream

Lengend

### **In TWaveStream**

Create

Open

### **Derived from TCustomWaveStream**

GetFilledSize

GetFormat

GetFormatSize

GetSize

ReadWave

SetFormatSize

SetPCMFormat

SetSize

WriteWave



## TWaveStream.Create

TWaveStream

Example

**constructor** Create(AStream: TStream);

### Description

The TWaveStream object is made . Please call the Open method after this.

### Argument

### Explanation

---

AStream

Stream which wants to treat as Wave stream

## TWaveStream.Open

TWaveStream

Example

**procedure** Open(OpenMode: Boolean);

### Description

The Wave stream is opened.

Information can be read from the stream when opening for reading, and Wave be read.

Information can be written in the stream when the Open method is called open for writing, and Wave be written. At this time, information before is lost.

### Argument

### Explanation

---

OpenMode

The opening mode. When True is specified, the stream is opened for writing. When False is specified, the stream is opened for reading.

## Example of TWaveStream

**The Wave file is opened.**

```
uses Wave;

procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);
var
  Stream: TWaveFileStream;
begin
  Stream := TWaveFileStream.Create('c:\windows\media\The Microsoft
Sound.wav', fmOpenRead);
  try
    { The stream is opened for reading. }
    Stream.Open(False);
    { Some processing }
  finally
    Stream.Free;
  end;
end;
```

---

**The noise of one second is made.**

```
uses Wave, MMSystem;

procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);
var
  Stream: TWaveFileStream;
  i: Integer;
  d: Byte;
begin
  Stream := TWaveFileStream.Create('c:\test.wav', fmCreate);
  try
    { Format is set without fail before the Open method is called. }
    { 22050Hz, 8bit, Mono }
    Stream.SetPCMFormat(22050, 8, 1);

    { The stream is opened for writing. }
    Stream.Open(True);

    { The noise is written for one second. }
    for i:=0 to 22050-1 do
      begin
        d := Random(256);
        Stream.WriteBuffer(d, 1);
      end;
  finally
    Stream.Free;
  end;
end;
```





## MakePCMWaveFormatEx function

### Unit

Wave

### Declaration

```
function MakePCMWaveFormatEx(var Format: TWaveFormatEx; SamplesPerSec,  
    BitsPerSample, Channels: Integer);
```

### Description

TWaveFormatEx structural body of PCM is made by given information.

For instance, to make the format of 44100Hz 16bit stereo, it is assumed  
MakePCMWaveFormatEx(Format, 44100, 16, 2).

Argument	Explanation
Format	The storage of the made format ahead
SamplesPerSec	Frequency
BitsPerSample	The number of bits used for about one sample . 8 and 16 are specified.
Channels	The number of channels . One becomes in monaural and two becomes stereos.

## Programming Tips & FAQ

The technique when DelphiX is used is introduced here.

- Form is transformed to TDXForm.
- Screen mode of TDXDraw is switched.
- Palette animation is done with TDXDraw.
- Image is displayed with TDXImageList.
- OffScreenSurface is controlled for myself.
- The reproduction quality of TDXSound is set.

## Form is transformed to TDXForm.

### Programming Tips

Something wrong might occur when the TDXDraw component is used in TForm of the Delphi standard . TDXForm to make something wrong canceled in DelphiX is prepared.

TForm is done and to be transformed of TDXForm, as follows is done.

```
uses
  Windows, Messages, SysUtils, Classes, Graphics, Controls, Forms, Dialogs;

type
  TForm1 = class(TForm)
  private
```

The DXClass unit is added to the Uses section, and it is mended that it is TForm with TDXForm.

```
uses
  Windows, Messages, SysUtils, Classes, Graphics, Controls, Forms, Dialogs,
  DXClass;

type
  TForm1 = class(TDXForm)
  private
```



## Screen mode of TDXDraw is switched.

### Programming Tips

If the button is pushed with TDXDraw, the screen mode is switched.

Please refer to Form is transformed to TDXForm. declared in TDXForm for the RestoreWindow method and the StoreWindow method.

```
procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    DXDraw1.Finalize;  
  
    if doFullScreen in DXDraw1.Options then  
    begin  
        { From the full screen mode to the window mode }  
        RestoreWindow; { The state of the window is restored. }  
  
        BorderStyle := bsSingle;  
        DXDraw1.Cursor := crDefault;  
        DXDraw1.Options := DXDraw1.Options - [doFullScreen];  
    end else  
    begin  
        { From the window mode to the full screen mode }  
        StoreWindow; { The state of the window is preserved. }  
  
        BorderStyle := bsNone;  
        DXDraw1.Cursor := crNone;  
        DXDraw1.Options := DXDraw1.Options + [doFullScreen];  
  
        { There is a possibility that the content of the Display property has changed. }  
        with DXDraw1.Display do  
        begin  
            Width := 640;  
            Height := 480;  
            BitCount := 8;  
        end;  
    end;  
  
    DXDraw1.Initialize;  
end;
```

## Palette animation is done with TDXDraw.

### Programming Tips

The flash of the game and Fade in and Fade out, etc. are achieved by using the palette animation . However, the display mode can be used only at 256 color time because this technique uses the palette.

The CanPaletteAnimation property is checked without fail before the palette animation is done.

## 1. Fade out

The Fade out processing can lighten gradually, darken, and this be achieved by gradually bringing the palette close from a usual palette to the black and white.

Fade out is done to the color specified by the Col argument in the time specified by the Time argument.

```
function ComposeColor(Dest, Src: TRGBQuad; Percent: Integer): TRGBQuad;
begin
    with Result do
        begin
            rgbRed := Src.rgbRed + ((Dest.rgbRed - Src.rgbRed) * Percent div 256);
            rgbGreen := Src.rgbGreen + ((Dest.rgbGreen - Src.rgbGreen) * Percent div 256);
            rgbBlue := Src.rgbBlue + ((Dest.rgbBlue - Src.rgbBlue) * Percent div 256);
            rgbReserved := 0;
        end;
    end;

procedure TForm1.FadeOut(Time: Integer; Col: Integer);
begin
    { Whether it is allowed to describe with TDXDraw is checked. }
    if not DXDraw1.CanDraw then Exit;

    { It is checked whether can do the palette animation with TDXDraw. }
    if not DXDraw1.CanPaletteAnimation then Exit;

    { Fade out }
    t := GetTickCount;
    o := 0;
    while Abs(GetTickCount - t) < Time do
        begin
            p := Min(Max(Abs(GetTickCount - t) * 255 div Time, 0), 255);

            if p <> 0 then
                begin
```

```

    o := p;

    for i:=0 to 255 do
        DXDraw1.ColorTable[i] := ComposeColor (RGBQuad (GetRValue (Col),
GetGValue (Col), GetBValue (Col)),
        DXDraw1.DefColorTable[i], p);

        DXDraw1.UpdatePalette;
    end;
end;
end;

```

## 2. Fade in

The Fade in processing gradually returns to a usual palette . This can be achieved by gradually returning the palette from the black and the color to a usual palette.

Fade in is done from the color specified by the Col argument in the time specified by the Time argument.

```

procedure TForm1.FadeOut (Time: Integer; Col: Integer);
begin
    { Whether it is allowed to describe with TDXDraw is checked. }
    if not DXDraw1.CanDraw then Exit;

    { It is checked whether can do the palette animation with TDXDraw. }
    if not DXDraw1.CanPaletteAnimation then Exit;

    { Fade in }
    t := GetTickCount;
    o := 0;
    while Abs (GetTickCount-t)<Time do
    begin
        p := 255-Min (Max (Abs (GetTickCount-t)*255 div Time, 0), 255);

        if p<>o then
        begin
            o := p;

            for i:=0 to 255 do
                DXDraw1.ColorTable[i] := ComposeColor (RGBQuad (GetRValue (Col),
GetGValue (Col), GetBValue (Col)),
                DXDraw1.DefColorTable[i], p);

            DXDraw1.UpdatePalette;
        end;
    end;

```

```
    end;  
  end;  
end;
```

### 3. Flash

The flash processing can be achieved by first doing Fade out and doing Fade in next.

```
procedure TForm1.Flash(Time: Integer; Col: Integer);  
begin  
  FadeOut(Time div 2, Col);  
  FadeIn(Time div 2, Col);  
end;
```

## Image is displayed with TDXImageList.

### Programming Tips

The surface can be easily used by using the TDXImageList component.

It is necessary to set the DXDraw property and the Items property to use the TDXImageList component.

## 1. The palette is set.

It is used because there is a method of making a common palette in the TDXImageList component.

The palette is set here at a form OnCreate event.

```
procedure TForm1.Form1Create(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    DXImageList1.Items.MakeColorTable;  
    DXDraw1.ColorTable := DXImageList1.Items.ColorTable;  
    DXDraw1.DefColorTable := DXImageList1.Items.ColorTable;  
end;
```

## 2. Description which uses TDXImageList

```
procedure TForm1.Timer1Timer(Sender: TObject);  
begin  
    { Whether it is allowed to describe with TDXDraw is checked. }  
    if not DXDraw1.CanDraw then Exit;  
  
    { Pattern 0 of image 'Image' is described at a random position. }  
    DXImageList1.Items.Find('image').Draw(DXDraw1.Surface,  
Random(DXDraw1.Surface.Width), Random(DXDraw1.Surface.Height), 0);  
  
    { The changed content is reflected in the screen. }  
    DXDraw1.Flip;  
end;
```

## OffScreenSurface is controlled for myself.

### Programming Tips

The TDirectDrawSurface object is controlled for myself without using the TDXImageList component.

The TDirectDrawSurface object should do making, abandonment, and loading for myself unlike the TDXImageList component.

## 1. The surface is generated and abandoned.

Please add FSurface to form Private.

```
type
  TForm1 = class (TDXForm)
private
  FSurface: TDirectDrawSurface;
end;
```

The surface is generated because of the OnInitialize event.

```
procedure TForm1.DXDraw1Initialize(Sender: TObject);
begin
  FSurface := TDirectDrawSurface.Create(DXDraw1.DDraw);
end;
```

Moreover, the surface generated because of the OnFinalize event is abandoned.

```
procedure TForm1.DXDraw1Finalize(Sender: TObject);
begin
  FSurface.Free;
  FSurface := nil;
end;
```

## 2. Contents of the surface are set.

Contents of the surface are set because of the OnRestoreSurface event . Here, the noise is set in contents of the surface.

```
procedure TForm1.DXDraw1RestoreSurface(Sender: TObject);
var
  x, y: Integer;
begin
```

```

{ The size of the surface is set in 64x64 pixel. }
FSurface.SetSize(64, 64);

{ The noise is drawn. }
for y:=0 to FSurface.Height-1 do
  for x:=0 to FSurface.Width-1 do
    FSurface.Pixels[x, y] := Random(MaxInt);
end;

```

### 3. The surface is described.

```

procedure TForm1.Timer1Timer(Sender: TObject);
begin
  { Whether it is allowed to describe with TDXDraw is checked. }
  if not DXDraw1.CanDraw then Exit;

  DXDraw1.Surface.Fill(0);

  { The surface is described at a random position. }
  DXDraw1.Surface.Draw(Random(DXDraw1.Surface.Width),
Random(DXDraw1.Surface.Height), FSurface.ClientRect, FSurface, False);

  { The changed content is reflected in the screen. }
  DXDraw1.Flip;
end;

```

## The reproduction quality of TDXSound is set.

### Programming Tips

The reproduction quality of the TDXSound component is set.

It is set to 44100Hz 16 bit stereo here that it is default and 22050Hz 8 bit stereo.

soExclusive of the Options property should be True.

The reproduction quality is set here because of the OnInitialize event.

```
uses Wave;

procedure TForm1.DXSound1Initialize(Sender: TObject);
var
    WaveFormat: TWaveFormatEx;
begin
    { 44100Hz, 16bit, Stereo }
    MakePCMWaveFormatEx(WaveFormat, 44100, 16, 2);
    DXSound1.Primary.SetFormat(WaveFormat);
end;
```





**Template**

Template

Lengend

**In Template**

Lengend

**Scope**

protected  
published

**Accessibility**

Read-only  
Write-only

