

#42 The cursor and the current subrecord.

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The location of the cursor determines the current subrecord

When in a parent record that has an included layout of a subfile the current subrecord is the one that has the cursor in it. If the cursor is in a parent field there is no current subrecord. You can check this by checking the value in a field of the subrecord that you know has to be filled in. The example below shows how you might use this to delete subrecords while at the parent level.

Deleting subrecords in an included layout.

In this example the subfield "Seq" is tested because it is always filled in on new subrecords. If the Seq field does not equal zero then there is a current subrecord and it can be deleted. Otherwise, there is no current subrecord and the user is alerted.

```
If(bDel=1)
  If ([Parent]Child"Seq#0)
    DELETE SUBRECORD([Parent]Child)
    ALL SUBRECORDS([Parent]Child)
  Else
    ALERT("Please select a subrecord to delete.")
  End if
End if
```

