

# New Technical Notes

Macintosh



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Developer Support

## AppleTalk Ethernet Driver Q&As Networking

Revised by: Developer Support Center

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Written by: Developer Support Center

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This Technical Note contains a collection of Q&As relating to a specific topic—questions you've sent the Developer Support Center (DSC) along with answers from the DSC engineers. While DSC engineers have checked the Q&A content for accuracy, the Q&A Technical Notes don't have the editing and organization of other Technical Notes. The Q&A function is to get new technical information and updates to you quickly, saving the polish for when the information migrates into reference manuals.

Q&As are now included with Technical Notes to make access to technical updates easier for you. If you have comments or suggestions about Q&A content or distribution, please let us know by sending an AppleLink to DEVFEEDBACK. Apple Partners may send technical questions about Q&A content to DEVSUPPORT for resolution.

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### Use EtherTalk 2.5 with Macintosh LC only

Date Written: 4/9/91

Last reviewed: 6/14/91

Which Macintosh systems does EtherTalk 2.5 support?

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EtherTalk 2.5 was developed to provide EtherTalk services on the Macintosh LC system, including the resources for installing AppleTalk version 55 on the Macintosh LC. This was the only platform on which version 55 was tested and the only platform that should be used with this software.

### “Undefined entry” link errors when opening Ethernet Driver

Date Written: 8/8/91

Last reviewed: 8/13/91

When I try to open the EtherNet driver as described in *Inside Macintosh* Volume VI on pages 32-80 and 32-81, I get the following undefined entry error messages:

```
### Link: Error: Undefined entry, name: (Error 28) "DisplaySInfo"  
    Referenced from: Init_Enet in file: Mac_Raid.c.o  
### Link: Error: Undefined entry, name: (Error 28) "SaveSInfo"
```

```
Referenced from: Init_Enet in file: Mac_Raid.c.o
### Link: Error: Undefined entry, name: (Error 28) "SGetTypeSRsrc"
Referenced from: Init_Enet in file: Mac_Raid.c.o
```

Any clue as to where these are?

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The “DisplaySInfo” and “SaveSInfo” are bogus procs that the sample writer didn’t take out or comment out.

However, SGetTypeSRsrc is a legal Slot Manager trap, IF you are using the new version of the Slot Manager. The definitions from the latest interfaces (slots.p, slots.h) are as follows:

```
FUNCTION SGetTypeSRsrc(spBlkPtr: SpBlockPtr): OSErr;
    INLINE $205F,$700C,$A06E,$3E80;

#pragma parameter __D0 SGetTypeSRsrc(__A0)
pascal OSErr SGetTypeSRsrc(SpBlockPtr spBlkPtr)
    = {0x700C,0xA06E};
```

The Slot Manager is dispatched via D0 selectors; there is no glue.

## **IEEE assigns Ethernet card addresses**

Date Written: 9/16/91

Last reviewed: 9/16/91

We need a range of Ethernet card addresses to uniquely identify each Ethernet card we manufacture. We received board IDs and equates from Apple, but not the range of Ethernet addresses.

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You weren’t sent a range of Ethernet addresses because Apple does not assign them. IEEE is the governing body that you have to contact to get a range of numbers; Apple had to do the same thing to get the numbers for its boards. IEEE will assign you a block of numbers that includes a unique manufacturer’s ID allowing network sniffers to recognize your products.

## **Apple Ethernet Cable System power requirements**

Date Written: 9/17/91

Last reviewed: 9/17/91

Sections 3.1.2 and 3.1.3 of the “Apple Ethernet Cable System Product Family Overview and Interface Descriptions” state that pin 1 provides either 12 V/2.1W or 5 V/1.9 W, and that 5 volts will be made available on pins 7 and 8, if the host can supply greater than or equal to 1.9W @ 5 V. Which models do not have 5 V available on pins 7 and 8, which models have 12 V on pin 1, and which have 5 V on pin 1?

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All known hosts will provide 5 V at pins 7 and 8. It is absolutely NOT recommended that a Multiple Access Unit (MAU) designer use Voltage Agile (pins 1 and 14) powering to power a 5 V-only MAU. It is anticipated that all friendly-net-compliant hosts will supply +5 V to pins 7 and 8. Third parties desiring a 5 V-only MAU should use these pins.

MAUs using pins 1 and 14 MUST have a DC-DC converter.

Apple doesn't presently have a product that uses +12 V on pins 1 and 14 but may in the future. As this is an "open standard," at least one clone maker and several third-party Apple printer and card manufacturers use this interface, and others are expected.

### **EtherTalk DriverClose function**

Date Written: 11/27/91

Last reviewed: 11/27/91

My EtherTalk DriverClose function is never called by the system, so my VBL and interrupt service routines remain active, even though another network device is active. Any ideas or tips on what might be going on?

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Your findings are as per design. Just because the user decides not to use EtherTalk doesn't mean that the user no longer wants Ethernet services. For example, the user might be using MacTCP. MacTCP accesses the .ENET driver directly, bypassing the LAP Manager. Should the NetWork cdev close the .ENET driver when the user switches to LocalTalk or TokenTalk while MacTCP is still using the driver, a system crash would likely result.

### **Ethernet and Quadra systems**

Date Written: 12/6/91

Last reviewed: 1/27/92

The Ethernet connection on our new Quadra system is different from the connection on our Macintosh II Ethernet card. Apparently we need to purchase "Apple Ethernet Media Adapters." We may reconfigure our existing thin-wire Ethernet network. Do you know of any publications describing the latest technology in setting up an Ethernet network? What are the pros and cons of thin coax, thick coax, twisted pair, or other cables? Does Apple manufacture Ethernet Media Adapters? Is there a cable available that plugs directly into the Quadra's Ethernet port? Does System 7 File Sharing software execute over an Ethernet network? Under System 7, is it still necessary to activate AppleTalk in order to run EtherTalk?

—

Addison-Wesley has just published a book titled, "Planning and Managing AppleTalk Networks" (ISBN #0-201-52345-0). Networking periodicals such as NetWorld are other

good resources for learning about current technology and network cabling system vendors. You might also contact N&C vendors directly for specific information.

Twisted pair is cheaper and easier to implement than the other media; however, the supported distance is not nearly as great as for thin and thick-wire media. For backbone connections, Fiberoptic Data Distribution Interface (FDDI), while expensive, handles the highest bandwidth.

Apple manufactures the Apple Ethernet Thin Coax Transceiver (M0329LL/A), as well as a Transceiver for UTP (Unshielded Twisted Pair) and an Adapter for Ethernet AUI (Attachment Unit Interface), for adapting to third-party fiber and thick coax transceivers. Each of these transceiver/adapter units has a cable that plugs into the 14-pin connector on the back of the Quadra, the LC Ethernet card, and the new Ethernet NB card (completely different from the older EtherTalk NB card).

System 7 File Sharing works independently of the hardware connection, so it definitely executes over an Ethernet network. Under System 7 AppleTalk still is required for EtherTalk, although it is possible to bypass AppleTalk. For example, MacTCP, running with the NCSA Telnet Software Package, accesses the Ethernet driver software directly.

### **Selecting alternate AppleTalk driver at system startup**

Date Written: 5/3/89

Last reviewed: 12/17/90

I need to know how to set the Macintosh parameter RAM field that controls which alternate AppleTalk driver is used at system startup (for example, EtherTalk).

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We discourage directly setting the parameter RAM. The Network 'cdev' and the 'adev' device work together to handle this. Each type of AppleTalk connection (other than LocalTalk) must have its own 'adev' file. The construction of the 'adev' file is similar to that of a 'cdev' file. For each type of AppleTalk connection, such as EtherTalk, the 'adev' file must contain the following resources:

- 'ICN#'
- 'STR '
- 'BNDL'
- 'FREF'
- owner resource
- 'adev' code resource
- 'atlk' code resource

The 'adev' and 'atlk' resources are pieces of stand-alone code that reside in the adev file. The 'adev' resource is responsible for handling all control panel interactions with the Network 'cdev'. The 'atlk' resource contains the actual implementation code for the supported AppleTalk connection. When the user selects an AppleTalk connection from the Network control panel, the Network 'cdev' updates parameter RAM with a value that represents the AppleTalk connection that is currently selected. This value remains in parameter RAM after the user turns off the Macintosh.

More information about this can be obtained from EtherTalk and Alternate AppleTalk Connections Reference, available from APDA.

**Use Network Software Installer 1.1 or later for EtherTalk**

Date Written: 3/4/92

Last reviewed: 7/13/92

When I installed the EtherTalk software off the disks that came with my Quadra, rebooted, and attempted to switch from AppleTalk to EtherTalk using the network control panel, the control panel told me, “there was an error while trying to install the EtherTalk,” and it switched back to LocalTalk. Any known problems?

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This happens because of a bug in the EtherTalk software supplied with System 7.0.1 System Installer disk set. If you use the Network Software Installer 1.1 or later, on the latest Developer CD, to reinstall your EtherTalk software you should be fine.