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# Technical Note TB27

## User Items in Dialogs

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The Dialog Manager does not go into detail about how to manage user items in dialogs; this Technical Note describes the process.

[May 01 1985]

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## Introduction

To use a `userItem` with the Dialog Manager, you must define a dialog, load the dialog and install your `userItem`, and respond to events which relate to your `userItem`. If your application wants to receive mouse clicks in the `userItem`, then you must set the item to `enabled`.

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## Defining a Dialog Box with a userItem

You should define the dialog box in your resource file as follows. Note that it is defined as `invisible`, since we have to play with the `userItem` before we can draw it.

```
resource 'DLOG' (1001) {          /* type/ID for box */
    {100,100,300,400},          /* rectangle for window */
    dBoxProc, invisible, noGoAway, 0x0, /* note it is invisible */
    1001,
    "Test Dialog"
};

resource 'DITL' (1001) {        /* matching item list */
    {
        {160, 190, 180, 280},    /* rectangle for button */
        button { enabled, "OK" }; /* an OK button */
        {104, 144, 120, 296},    /* rectangle for item */
        userItem { enabled }     /* a user item! */
    }
}
```

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## Loading and Preparing to Show the Dialog Box

Before we can actually show the dialog box to the user, we need two support routines. The Dialog Manager calls the first procedure whenever we need to draw our `userItem`. You should install it (as shown below) after calling `_GetNewDialog` but before calling `_ShowWindow`. This first procedure simply draws the `userItem`.

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In MPW Pascal:



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In MPW C 3.0:

```

pascal Boolean MyFilter(theDialog,theEvent,itemHit)
DialogPtr   theDialog;
EventRecord *theEvent;
short int   *itemHit;

#define enterKey    3;           /*the enter key*/
#define returnKey   13;          /*the return key*/

{
    char        key;             /*for enter/return*/
    short int    iType;           /*returned item type*/
    Rect         iBox;           /*returned boundsrect*/
    Handle       iHdl;           /*returned item handle*/
    Point        mouseLoc;       /*we'll play w/ mouse*/

    SetPort(theDialog);
    switch (theEvent->what)      /*which event?*/
    {

        case keyDown:
            case autoKey:        /*he hit a key*/
                key = theEvent->message; /*get ascii code*/
                if ((key == enterKey) || (key == returnKey))
                {
                    /*he hit CR or Enter*/
                    *itemHit = 1; /*he hit the 1st item*/
                    return(true); /*we handled it*/
                } /*he hit CR or enter*/
                break; /* case keydown, case autoKey */
            case mouseDown:      /*he clicked*/
                mouseLoc = theEvent->where; /*get mouse pos'n*/
                GlobalToLocal(&mouseLoc); /*convert to local*/

                /*get our box*/
                GetDItem(theDialog,2,&iType,&iHdl,&iBox);
                if (PtInRect(mouseLoc,&iBox))
                {
                    /*he hit our item*/
                    InvertRect(&iBox);
                    *itemHit = 2; /*he hit the userItem*/
                    return(true); /*we handled it*/
                } /*if he hit our userItem*/
                break; /*case mouseDown */
            } /*event switch*/
    }
    return(false); /* we're still here, so return false
    (we didn't handle the event) */

```

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## Invoking the Dialog Box

When we need this dialog box, we load it into memory as follows:

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In MPW Pascal:

```

PROCEDURE DoOurDialog;

VAR
    myDialog : DialogPtr;    {the dialog pointer}
    iType, itemHit : INTEGER; {returned item type}
    iBox       : Rect;       {returned boundsRect}
    iHdl       : Handle;     {returned item Handle}

BEGIN
    myDialog := GetNewDialog(1001,nil,POINTER(-1)); {get the box}
    GetDItem(myDialog,2,iType,iHdl,iBox); {2 is the item number}
    SetDItem(myDialog,2,iType,@myDraw,iBox); {install draw proc}
    ShowWindow(theDialog); {make it visible}
    REPEAT
        ModalDialog(@MyFilter, itemHit ); {let dialog manager run it}
    UNTIL itemHit = 1; {until he hits ok.}
    DisposDialog(myDialog); {throw it away}

```

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In MPW C 3.0:

```
void DoOurDialog()
{
    DialogPtr    myDialog;    /*the dialog pointer*/
    short int    iType;      /*returned item type*/
    short int    itemHit;    /*returned from ModalDialog*/
    Rect         iBox;      /*returned boundsRect*/
    Handle       iHdl;      /*returned item Handle*/

    myDialog = GetNewDialog(1001,nil,(WindowPtr)-1); /*get the box*/

    /*2 is the item number*/
    GetDItem(myDialog,2,&iType,&iHdl,&iBox);

    /*install draw proc*/
    SetDItem(myDialog,2,iType,MyDraw,&iBox);

    ShowWindow(myDialog);    /*make it visible*/

    while (itemHit != 1) ModalDialog(MyFilter, &itemHit);
    DisposDialog(myDialog); /*throw it away*/
}
```

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## Using userItem Items with Modeless Dialogs

If you are using `userItem` items in modeless dialog box, the Dialog Manager will call the draw procedure when `_DialogSelect` receives an update event for the dialog box. When the user clicks on your `userItem` and it is enabled, `_DialogSelect` will return `TRUE`. The `itemHit` will be equal to the item number of your `userItem`. Your code can then handle this like the mouse-down event case in the example above.

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## References

*Inside Macintosh*, The Dialog Manager

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## Downloadables



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