

Technical Note QD17

Drawing Icons

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Introduction

Using resources of type ICON allows drawing of icons in `srcOr` mode. Using resources of type ICN# allows for more variety when drawing icons.

There are two different kinds of resources that contain icons: ICON and ICN#. An ICON is a 32 by 32 bit image of an icon and can be drawn using the following Toolbox Utilities calls:

```
MyIconHndl:= GetIcon(iconID);
PlotIcon(destRect,iconID);
```

While very convenient, this method only allows the drawing of icons in `SrcOr` mode (as in the `MiniFinder`). The `Finder` uses resources of type ICN# to draw icons on the desktop. Because the `Finder` uses ICN#, it can draw icons in a variety of ways.

An ICN# resource is a list of 32 by 32 bit images that are grouped together. Common convention has been to group two 32 by 32 bit images together in each ICN#. The first image is the actual icon, the second image is the mask for the icon. To get a handle to an ICN#, we would use something like this:

```
TYPE
  iListHndl    = ^iListPtr;
  iListPtr     = ^iListStruct;
  iListStruct  = record
    icon : packed array[0..31] of Longint;
    mask : packed array[0..31] of Longint;
  end; {iListStruct}

VAR
  myILHndl      : iListHndl;           {handle to an ICN#}
  iBitmap       : BitMap;             {BitMap for the icon}
  mBitmap       : BitMap;             {BitMap for the mask}

  MyILHndl:= iListHndl(GetResource('ICN#',iconID));
  if MyILHndl = NIL then HandleError;
    {and exit or whatever is appropriate}
```

Once we have a handle to the icons, we need to set up two `bitMaps` that we will be using later in `CopyBits`:

```
SetRect(icnRect,0,0,32,32); { define the icon's 'bounds' }
With iBitMap do Begin
  baseAddr:= @MyILHndl^^.icon;
  rowbytes:= 4; { 4 * 8 =32 }
  bounds:= icnRect;
End; {with}
With mBitMap do Begin
  baseAddr:= @MyILHndl^^.mask;
  rowbytes:= 4;
  bounds:= icnRect;
End; {with}
```

Icons can represent desktop objects that are either selected or not. Folder and volume icons can either be open or not. The object (or the volume it is on) can either be online or offline. The Finder draws icons using all permutations of open, selected and online:

	Non-Open Non-Selected	Non-Open Selected	Open Non-Selected	Open Selected
Online				
Offline				

Drawing icons as non-open is basically the same for online and offline volumes. We need to punch a hole in the desktop for the icon. This is analogous to punching a hole in dough with an irregular shaped cookie-cutter. We can then sprinkle jimmies* all over the cookie and they will only stick in the area that we punched out (the mask). We do this by `copyBits`ing the mask onto the desktop (whatever pattern) to our `destRect`. For non-open, non-selected icons:



we use the `SrcBic` mode so that we punch a white hole:

```
SetRect(destRect,left,top,left+32,top+32);
CopyBits(mBitMap,thePort^.portBits,icnRect,destRect,SrcBic,NIL);
```

Then we XOR in the icon:

That's all there is to drawing an icon as non-open, non-selected. To draw the icon as non-open, selected:



we will OR in the mask, causing a mask-shaped BLACK hole to be punched in the desktop:

Then, as before, we XOR in the icon:

To draw icons as non-opened for offline volumes:



we need to do a little more work. We need to XOR a `ltGray` pattern into the `boundsRect` of the icon. We will then punch the hole, draw the icon and then XOR out the `ltGray` pattern that does not fall inside the mask. So, to draw the icon as offline, non-open, non-selected we would:

```
GetPenState(OldPen); {save the pen state so we can restore it}
PenMode(patXor);
  PenPat(ltGray);
  PaintRect(destRect); {paint a ltGray background for icon}

  CopyBits(mBitMap,thePort^.portBits,icnRect,destRect,SrcBic,NIL); {punch}
  PaintRect(destRect);{XOR out bits outside of the mask, leaving the mask}
    {filled with ltGray}
```

```
CopyBits(iBitMap,thePort^.portBits,icnRect,destRect,SrcOr,NIL);{ OR in }
  { the icon to the ltGray
  mask}
SetPenState(OldPen); {restore the old pen state}
```

To draw the icon as offline, non-open, selected:



we would use a similar approach:

```
GetPenState(OldPen); { save the pen state so we can restore it}
PenMode(patXor);
PenPat(dkGray);          { the icon is selected, so we need dkGray }
  PaintRect(destRect);   { paint a dkGray background for icon }

{punch a hole in the background}
  CopyBits(mBitMap,thePort^.portBits,icnRect,destRect,SrcBic,NIL);

PaintRect(destRect);     {XOR out bits outside of the mask, leaving
  the mask filled with dkGray}

{BIC the icon to the dkGray mask}
CopyBits(iBitMap,thePort^.portBits,icnRect,destRect,SrcBic,NIL);

  SetPenState(OldPen); {restore the old pen state}
```

Drawing the opened icons requires one less step. We don't have to `CopyBits` the icon in, we just use the mask. Online and offline icons are drawn the same way. To draw icons as open, selected:



we do the following:

```

    GetPenState(OldPen); {save the pen state so we can restore it}
    PenMode(patXor);
    PenPat(dkGray);      { the icon is selected, so we need dkGray }
    PaintRect(destRect); { paint a dkGray background for icon}

    {punch a hole in the background}
    CopyBits(mBitMap,thePort^.portBits,icnRect,destRect,SrcBic,NIL);

    PaintRect(destRect); {XOR out bits outside of the mask, leaving
                          the mask filled with dkGray}

```

To draw icons as open, non-selected:



we just need to change one line from above. Instead of XORing with a `dkGray` pattern, we use a `ltGray` pattern:

These techniques will work on any background, window-white or desktop-gray and all patterns in between. Have fun.

* *jimmies* : little bits of chocolate

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