

## FTP Service Properties

You use the **Service** property sheet to control who can use your server and specify the account used for anonymous client requests to log on to the computer. Most Internet sites allow anonymous logons. If you allow anonymous logons, then all user permissions for the user, such as permission to access information, will use the IUSR\_*computername* account. To use your current security system to control information access, change the anonymous logon account from IUSR\_*computername* to an existing account on your network.

This property sheet also sets the comment in the Internet Service Manager **Report** view.

### TCP Port

Determines the port on which the FTP service is running. The default is port 21. You can change the port to any unique TCP port number. For a new port number to take effect, you must restart your computer.

### Connection Timeout

Sets the length of time in seconds before the server disconnects an inactive user. It is recommended that you not set this number lower than 100 seconds. The maximum you can set is 32,767 seconds. This value ensures that all connections are closed if the FTP protocol fails to close a connection.

### Maximum Connections

Sets the maximum number of simultaneous connections to the server.

### Allow Anonymous Connections

Sets the Windows NT user account to use for permissions of all anonymous connections. By default, Peer Web Services creates and uses the account IUSR\_*computername* for all anonymous logons. Note that the password is used only within Windows NT; anonymous users do not log on using this user name and password.

Typically, anonymous FTP users will use "anonymous" as the user name and their e-mail address as the password. The FTP service then uses the IUSR\_*computername* account as the logon account for permissions.

When you installed Internet Information Server, Setup created the account IUSR\_*computername* in the Windows NT User Manager and in the Internet Service Manager. This account was assigned a random password. The password for this account must be the same, both in Internet Service Manager and in the Windows NT User Manager. If you change the password, you must change it in both places and make sure it matches. **Note:** This account must have a password. You cannot assign a blank password.

The IUSR\_*computername* is granted **Log on locally** user rights by default. This right is necessary as long as you want to grant anonymous logon access to your site. **Note:** To grant access to a specific user, you must grant that user **Log on locally** rights.

### Allow only anonymous connections

Select this box to allow only anonymous connections. With this box selected, users cannot logon with user names and passwords. This prevents access by using an account with administrative permission; only the account specified for anonymous access is granted access.

### Comment

Specifies the comment displayed in the Report view of Internet Service Manager.

### Current Sessions

Click to display the current FTP users.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

**FTP User Sessions**

Displays the currently connected FTP users.

**Connected Users**

Lists the currently connected users by IP address and when they connected.

**Refresh Button**

Press to update the display of connected users.

**Disconnect Buttons**

Press to disconnect the selected user, selected users, or all users.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

**FTP Messages**

Displays messages sent to clients. You can edit these messages as you like.

**Welcome message**

Displays this text to clients when they first connect to the FTP server.

**Exit message**

Displays this text to clients when they log off the FTP server.

**Maximum connections message**

Displays this text to clients that try to connect when the FTP service already has the maximum number of client connections allowed.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

## FTP Directories

The FTP **Directories** property sheet sets directories and directory behavior for the FTP service.

### Directory listing box

Lists the directories used by the FTP service.

**Directory** lists the path of directories used by the FTP service.

**Alias** is the path that FTP uses for virtual directories.

**Error** indicates system errors, such as difficulty reading a directory.

### Add, Remove, and Edit buttons

To set up a directory, press the **Add** button or pick a directory in the **Directory** listing box and press the **Edit** button. The **Remove** button removes the directories you select.

### Directory Listing Style

Choose the directory listing style to send to FTP users, whether you want files listed in UNIX or MS-DOS format. Because many browsers expect UNIX format, you should select UNIX for maximum compatibility.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

## FTP Directory Properties

Configure the FTP service directories by using this dialog box.

### Directory

Sets the path to the directory to use for the FTP service.

### Browse button

Use to select the directory to use for the FTP service.

### Home Directory

Choose this to specify the root directory for the FTP service.

Peer Web Services provides a default home directory, \Ftproot, for the FTP service. The files that you place in the FTP home directory, and its subdirectories, are available to remote browsers. You can change the location of the default home directory.

### Virtual Directory

Choose this to specify a subdirectory for the FTP service.

**Alias** Enter a name for the virtual directory. This is the name that is used to connect to the directory.

Enter the directory name or "alias" that service users will use.

You can add other directories outside the home directory that are accessible to browsers as subdirectories of the home directory. That is, you can publish from other directories and have those directories accessible from within the home directory. Such directories are called "virtual directories."

Note that virtual directories will not appear in FTP directory listings; FTP users must know the virtual directory's alias, and type in its URL address in the FTP application or browser.

The administrator can specify the physical location of the virtual directory and the virtual name (alias), which is the directory name used by remote browsers.

The published directories can be located on local or network drives. If the virtual directory is a network drive, provide the user name and password with access to that network drive. Virtual directories on network drives must be on computers in the same Windows NT domain as the computer running Peer Web Services.

### Account Information

This box is active only if the directory specified in the first line of this dialog box is a Universal Naming Convention (UNC) server and share name, for example, \\Webserver\Htmfiles. Enter the user name and password that has permission to use the network directory. Virtual directories on network drives must be on computers in the same Windows NT domain as the computer running Peer Web Services.

**Important** If you specify a user name and password to connect to a network drive, all Peer Web Services access to that directory will use that user name and password. You should use care when using UNC connections to network drives to prevent possible security breaches.

### Access check boxes

The **Access** check boxes control the attributes of the directory. If the files are on an NTFS drive, NTFS settings for the directory must match these settings.

**Read** must be selected for FTP directories.

**Write** allows clients to write files to the FTP server. Select this only for directories that are intended to accept files from users.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

## FTP Logging Properties

The **Logging** property sheet sets logging for the selected information service.

Logging provides valuable information about how a server is used. When logging is enabled on a server, data is gathered about activity on that server and is stored in a series of text files. If you have multiple servers or services on a network, you can log all their activity to a single file on any network computer.

With the logging feature, you can specify how often to create new logs and which directory put the log files in. The **Convlog.exe** command converts log files to either European Microsoft Windows NT Academic Centre (EMWAC) log files or the common log file format.

### Enable Logging

Select this box to start or stop logging for the selected information service.

### Log to File

Choose this option to log to a text file for the selected information service.

### Log Format

Click the down arrow and choose either Standard format or National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) format.

### Automatically open new log

Select this box to generate new logs at the specified interval. If not selected, the same log file will grow indefinitely.

### Log file directory

Shows the path to the directory containing all log files. To change directories, click **Browse** and select a different directory.

### Log file name

Names the log file. The lowercase letters **yy** will be replaced with the year, **mm** will be replaced with the month, and **dd** will be replaced with the day.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

## Internet Service Manager Authentication Options

In addition to the "anonymous logon" user name and password fields, the **Service** property sheet of Internet Service Manager contains the following authentication options:

### FTP

**Allow Anonymous Connections** When this check box is selected, FTP logons in which the user enters a user name of "anonymous" will be processed. These anonymous connections will be processed on behalf of the Windows NT user account specified on the **Service** property sheet. When this check box is cleared, users will be required to enter valid Windows NT user names and passwords to log onto the FTP service.

**Allow only anonymous connections** When this check box is selected, all user logons except "anonymous" will be rejected.

**Warning:** FTP user names and passwords are sent across the network in clear text. When this check box is cleared, Windows NT passwords will be sent to the server without encryption. This check box is selected by default for security reasons.

**See also:** The Peer Web Services *Installation and Administration Guide*. Choose Help Topics from Internet Service Manager, or click the Product Documentation icon in the Microsoft Peer Web Services program group.

Select the directory you want or create a new directory by typing a name in the **New Directory Name** box.



Help not available.

