

\d

months
month
day
year

Sheet1

```
{GETNUMBER "Enter the number of months: ",months}  
{GETNUMBER "Enter the initial month (1-12): ",month}  
{GETNUMBER "Enter the day of the month (1-31): ",day}  
{GETNUMBER "Enter the initial year (88=1988, etc.): ",year}  
@DATE(year,month,day)  
{DOWN}  
@IF(@day({UP})>3,{UP}+28-@day({UP}+28),{UP}+31-@day({UP}+31))  
+@IF(@month({UP})=1,@MIN(@IF(@MOD(@YEAR({UP}),4)=0,29,28),@day({UP}{ABS})),@IF(@month({UP})=3#or#@mon  
/c~{DOWN}.{DOWN months-3}~  
{UP}  
/rfd4{END}{DOWN}~  
/rv{END}{DOWN}~~
```

This macro will create a column of dates exactly one month apart. You must supply the number of months, the starting month, the day of the month you want to indicate and the starting year. The macro will then fill in the column with the same day each month starting with the year you specified, for the number of months you specified.

To start the macro place the cursor where you want the column of dates to begin and press and hold the macro key (Alt on most computers) and press the "d" key.

If you combined this with another spreadsheet you will have to name the column to the right of the \d. To do this place the cursor on the \d and press slash (/), Range (R), Name (N), Lables (L), Right (R), Page Down and Enter. This will name the column to the right of the \d with the names in the column with the names under the \d.

