

```

\l      {Let LINE1,""}
        {Let LINE2,""}
LOOP1   {Get KEY}
        {Let ENTRY1,KEY}
ENTRY1  ~
        {If @LENGTH(LINE1)>230}{Branch NEXT}
        {Let LINE1,LINE1&ENTRY1}
        {Branch LOOP1}
NEXT    {Let LINE2,KEY}
LOOP2   {Get KEY}
        {Let ENTRY2,KEY}
ENTRY2  ~
        {Let LINE2,LINE2&ENTRY2}
        {IF @LENGTH(LINE2)>230}{QUIT}
        {Branch LOOP2}
KEY     ~
LINE1   ~
LINE2   ~
    
```

This is the macro that Lotus forgot. How many times have you been working on a macro only to forget the letter sequence necessary for your macro. This macro will record your keystrokes in LINE1 and LINE2 above. These lines can then be copied directly into your macro and will work as if you had keyed them yourself. This macro will only capture two lines of 230 characters each. It can of course be modified to capture as many lines as you wish.

To invoke the macro hold down the macro key (Alt on most computers) and press the "I" key.

If you combined this with another spreadsheet you will have to name the column to the right of the \l. To do this place the cursor on the \l and press slash (/), Range (R), Name (N), Labels (L), Right (R), Page Down and Enter. This will name the column to the right of the \l with the names in the column containing the \l.