

Logon to Oracle dialog box

Server Name

Type the SQL*Net connection string of the computer containing the Oracle database tables you wish to access, or select the string from the Server Name drop-down box, which displays the names you specified in the Setup dialog box.

User Name

If required, type your Oracle user name.

Password

If required, type your Oracle password.

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{button ,AL('H_CONNECTING_TO_ORACLE_USING_A_CONNECTION_STRING_REF;H_CONNECTING_TO_ORACLE_USING_A_LOGON_DIALOG_BOX_STEPS;H_ORA_NUMBER_OF_CONNECTIONS_AND_STATEMENTS_SUPPORTED_REF;',0)} See related topics
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Connecting to Oracle using a connection string

If your application requires a connection string to connect to a data source, you must specify the data source name that tells the driver which ODBC.INI section of the registry to use for the default connection information. Optionally, you may specify *attribute=value* pairs in the connection string to override the default values stored in the ODBC.INI section of the registry.

You can specify either long or short names in the connection string. The connection string has the form:

`DSN=data_source_name[;attribute=value[;attribute=value]...]`

An example of a connection string for Oracle is

`DSN=Accounting;SRVR=X:IVSRVR;UID=JOHN;PWD=XYZZY`

If the server name contains a semicolon, enclose it in quotation marks:

`DSN=Accounting;SRVR="X:IV;SRVR";UID=JOHN;PWD=XYZZY`

The following table gives the long and short names for each attribute, as well as a description.

The defaults listed in the table are initial defaults that apply when no value is specified in either the connection string or the data source definition in the ODBC.INI section of the registry. If you specified a value for the attribute when configuring the data source, that value is your default.

Attribute	Description
DataSourceName (DSN)	A string that identifies an Oracle data source configuration in the ODBC.INI section of the registry. Examples include "Accounting" or "Oracle-Serv1."
LogonID (UID)	The logon ID (user name) that the application uses to connect to your Oracle database. A logon ID is required only if security is enabled on your database. If so, contact your system administrator to get your logon ID.
Password (PWD)	Your password.
LockTimeOut (LTO)	LockTimeOut={0 -1}. A value that specifies whether Oracle should wait for a lock to be freed before raising an error when processing a Select...For Update Of statement. Values can be -1 (wait forever, the initial default) or 0 (don't wait).
ArraySize (AS)	The number of bytes the driver uses for fetching multiple rows. Values can be 0 to 65536. The initial default is 60000. Larger values increase throughput by reducing the number of times the driver fetches data across the network. Smaller values increase response time, as there is less of a delay waiting for the server to transmit data.
ServerName (SRVR)	<p>The SQL*Net connection string designating the server and database to be accessed. The information required varies depending on the SQL*Net driver you are using. The SQL*Net connection string has the following form:</p> <p><i>driver_prefix:computer_name[:sid]</i></p> <p><i>driver_prefix</i> is a letter identifying the network protocol being used. The driver prefix can be as follows: P (named pipes), X (SPX), B (NetBIOS), T (TCP/IP), D (DECNet), A (Oracle Async), or AT (AppleTalk). Check your Oracle documentation for other protocols.</p> <p><i>computer_name</i> is the name of the Oracle Listener on your network.</p> <p><i>sid</i> is the Oracle System Identifier and refers to the instance of Oracle running on the host. This item is required when connecting to systems that support more than one instance of an Oracle database.</p> <p>If the SQL*Net connection string contains semicolons, enclose it in quotation marks. See your SQL*Net documentation for more information.</p>

PacketSize (PS)	PacketSize={1024 2048 4096 8192}. A value that controls the packet size for TCP/IP connections. Any values other than 1024, 2048, 4096, or 8192 are ignored. The PacketSize option is used only when the connection string specified in the Server Name option contains T for TCP/IP as the <i>driver_prefix</i> . See the ServerName option for more information.
CatalogComments (CC)	CatalogComments={0 1}. A value that specifies whether the driver returns the contents of the COMMENTS column for catalog functions. CatalogComments=1 returns COMMENTS. Retrieving the COMMENTS column may reduce the performance of data catalog operations. CatalogComments=0 does not return COMMENTS (the initial default).

Connecting to Oracle using a Logon dialog box

Some ODBC applications display a logon dialog box when you are connecting to a data source. In these cases, the data source name has already been specified.

In the Logon dialog box, do the following:

1. Type the SQL*Net connection string of the computer containing the Oracle database tables you want to access, or select the string from the Server Name drop-down box, which displays the names you specified in the setup dialog box.
2. If required, type your Oracle user name.
3. If required, type your Oracle password.
4. Click OK to log on to the Oracle database installed on the server you specified and to update the values in ODBC.INI.

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ODBC Oracle Advanced Driver Setup dialog box

To configure optional settings for an Oracle data source, specify values as follows:

Server List

The list of SQL*Net connection strings that will appear in the logon dialog box. Separate the strings with commas. If the SQL*Net connection string contains a comma, enclose it in quotation marks; for example, "Serv,1", "Serv,2", "Serv,3."

Default User Name

The default user name used to connect to your Oracle database. A default user name is required only if security is enabled on your database. Your ODBC application may override this value or you may override this value in the logon dialog box or connection string.

Lock Time Out

A value that specifies whether Oracle should wait for a lock to be freed before raising an error when processing a Select...For Update Of statement. Values can be -1 (wait forever) or 0 (don't wait). The default is -1.

Array Size

The number of bytes the driver uses for fetching multiple rows. Values can be 0 to 65536; the default is 60000. Larger values increase throughput by reducing the number of times the driver fetches data across the network. Smaller values increase response time, as there is less of a delay waiting for the server to transmit data.

Packet Size

A value that controls the packet size for TCP/IP connections. Enter one of the following packet sizes: 1024, 2048, 4096, or 8192. Any other values are ignored.

The PacketSize option is used only when the connection string specified in the Server Name option contains T for TCP/IP as the *driver_prefix*. See the ServerName option described in [Connecting to Oracle Using a Connection String](#) for the format of the SQL *Net connection string.

Catalog Comments

Check this box if you want to retrieve the contents of the COMMENTS column in your Oracle tables. Doing so may impact the performance of your queries.

Translate

Displays the Select Translator dialog box to allow you to perform a translation of data from one character set to another. Select the OEM to ANSI translator to translate data from the IBM PC character set to the ANSI character set.

Close

Returns to the Oracle ODBC Setup dialog box where you can click the OK button to write these settings to the ODBC.INI file.

Configuring data sources

To configure an Oracle data source, do the following:

1. Start the ODBC Administrator by running ODBCAD32.EXE.

A list of data sources appears.

2. If you are configuring a new data source, click Add.

A list of installed drivers appears.

3. Select INTERSOLV OEM 2.12 32-BIT Oracle7 and click OK.

4. If you are configuring an existing data source, select the data source name and click Setup.

The ODBC Oracle Driver Setup dialog box appears.

5. Specify a data source name, description, and server name.

6. Click Advanced to configure optional data source settings.

The ODBC Oracle Advanced Driver Setup dialog box appears.

7. Enter any optional data source settings, such as server list.

8. Click OK to write these values to the ODBC.INI section of the registry.

These values are now the defaults when you connect to the data source. You can change the defaults by configuring your data source again. You can override the defaults by connecting to the data source using a connection string with alternate values.

Data types

The Oracle 7 data types are mapped to the standard ODBC data types as follows:

Oracle 7	ODBC
Char	SQL_CHAR
Date	SQL_TIMESTAMP
Long	SQL_LONGVARCHAR
Long Raw	SQL_LONGVARBINARY
Number	SQL_DOUBLE
Number(p,s)	SQL_DECIMAL
Raw	SQL_VARBINARY
Varchar2	SQL_VARCHAR

Isolation and lock levels supported

Oracle 7 supports isolation level 2 (repeatable read) only, and record-level locking.

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Number of connections and statement supports

The Oracle 7 driver supports multiple connections and multiple statements per connection.

ODBC conformance level

The Oracle 7 driver supports the Core, Level 1, and Level 2 API functions listed in Supported ODBC Functions. The Oracle 7 driver also supports the following Level 2 functions:

- SQLBrowseConnect
- SQLProcedures
- SQLProcedureColumns
- SQLPrimaryKeys
- SQLForeignKeys

The driver supports the core SQL grammar.

System requirements

The Oracle SQL*Net product is required to access remote Oracle databases.

The appropriate .DLL's for the current version of SQL *Net and OCIW32.DLL must be on your path or in your Windows NT \SYSTEM32 or Windows 95 \SYSTEM directory. SQL *Net 2.2 requires:

- ORA72.DLL
- CORE34.DLL
- NLSRT31.DLL
- CORE340.DLL
- OCIW32.DLL

SQL *Net 2.1 requires:

- ORENT23.DLL
- ORANT71.DLL
- OCIW32.DLL

By default, the Setup program installs these files in your Windows NT \SYSTEM32 or Windows 95 \SYSTEM directory. Otherwise, the following message appears when you try to configure an Oracle 7 data source:

"The setup routines for the INTERSOLV OEM 2.12 32-BIT Oracle7 ODBC driver could not be loaded. You may be low on memory and need to quit a few applications."

About the Oracle 7 Driver

The Oracle 7 driver supports the Oracle 7 database systems.

The driver filename is LOOR709.DLL.

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ODBC Oracle Driver Setup dialog box

Use the ODBC Oracle Driver Setup dialog box to create new Oracle data sources or configure existing data sources.

Data Source Name

A string that identifies this Oracle data source configuration in the ODBC.INI section of the registry. Examples include "Accounting" or "Oracle-Serv1."

Description

An optional long description of a data source name. For example, "My Accounting Database" or "Oracle on Server number 1."

Server Name

The SQL*Net connection string designating the server and database to be accessed. The information required varies depending on the SQL*Net driver you are using. See [Connecting to Oracle using a connection string](#) for the format of the SQL*Net connection string.

Advanced

Displays the [ODBC Oracle Advanced Driver Setup dialog box](#) to configure optional data source settings, such as file caching.

OK

Creates or modifies the current data source using the options you specify.

Cancel

Exits the ODBC Oracle Driver Setup dialog box without creating or modifying a data source.

