



# AppleScript for Programmers



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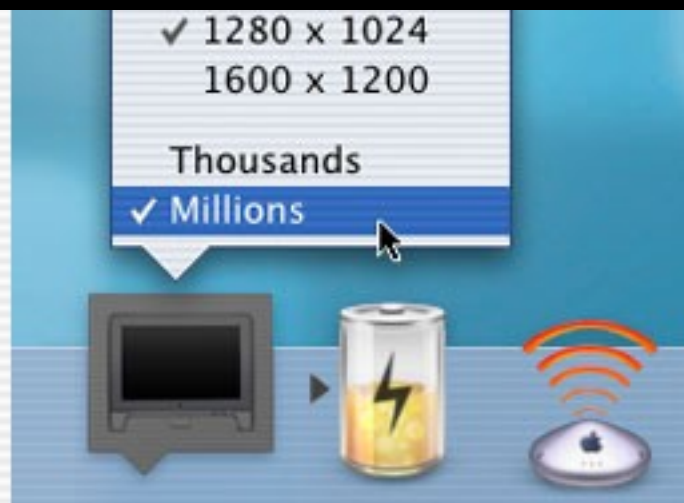
# Overview

- The Basics
- Syntax Overview
  - What's (mostly) the same as other languages
- What's Different
  - Why it's valuable
  - How to keep it from biting you





# The Basics



# The Basics

- Bytecode interpreted
- Garbage collected
- Dynamic typing
- Static scoping
- Variable declarations not required



# The Basics

- Line break is a statement terminator
  - Use “¬” to continue across lines
- Blocks end with *end block*
  - E.g., *if ... end if*
  - Just type “end”, AppleScript will fill in the rest.
- Case-conforming
  - Identifiers forced to match first occurrence



# The Basics

- “--” comments to end of line
- “(\* \*)” comments a block
- the result is the result of the last statement
- Color words: the, named
  - the item named “Bob”  $\Leftrightarrow$  item “Bob”



# Values

- integer:  $2^{29} \dots 2^{-29}$
- real: IEEE double precision
- boolean: true or false
- string: Macintosh styled text
- list: {1, 3.14, "foo"}
- record: {name: "Bob", rank: 42}
- object specifier: window 1 of app "Finder"
- Unicode text: UTF-16 text, not styled



# References

- Not exactly a pointer
- Defers evaluation of the referenced expression

set x to 19  
set q to a reference to x  
set the contents of q to 23  
get x  $\rightarrow$  23

set x to {1, 2, 3}  
get last item of x  $\rightarrow$  3  
set q to a reference to the last item of x  
set end of x to 4 -- x is now {1, 2, 3, 4}  
contents of q  $\rightarrow$  4





# Operators

- Resembles Pascal more than C
  - and, or, not and =, not &&, ||, !, and ==
- With some additions:
  - & to concatenate lists and strings
  - string and list containment
    - starts with, ends with, contains
  - comparisons may be spelled out
    - $\leq \Leftrightarrow$  is less than or equal to



# Variables

- **set x to 19**
- **[get] x**
- **copy 19 to x**
  - **set shares complex values**
  - **copy clones them**
- **Parallel assignment**
  - set {a, b, c} to {1, 2, 3}**
  - set {a, b} to {b, a}**



# Subroutines

- (on | to) *name parameters*  
...  
end *name*
- Parameters may be positional  
on f(a, b, c)
- Parameters may be named  
to f from a through b
- Scalar parameters are passed by value, complex ones by reference.



# If

- Simple  
    *if condition then statement*
- Block  
    *if condition then*  
    ...  
    [*else if condition then*  
    ...]  
    [*else*  
    ...]  
    end if



# Repeat

- repeat (forever)
- repeat  $n$  times
- repeat with  $i$  from  $x$  to  $y$  [by *step*]
- repeat with  $i$  in *list*
- repeat while *condition*
- repeat until *condition*
- exit repeat



# Try

- Handle exceptions (or just ignore them)

```
try
  ...
  [on error [message] [number number]
  ...]
end try
```

- Throw exceptions

```
error [message] [number number]
```



# Considering and Ignoring

- Alter AppleScript's normal behavior
  - considering *attribute* [but ignoring *attribute*]
  - ignoring *attribute* [but considering *attribute*]
- String comparisons
  - case, diacriticals, expansion, hyphens, punctuation, white space
- Event sending
  - application responses



# Tell

- Tell specifies a default subject  
`tell window 1 of application “Finder” to close`
- Tell subject completes partial specifiers  
`tell application “Finder”  
  tell window 1 -- of application “Finder”  
    close -- window 1 of application “Finder”  
  end tell  
end tell`
- it is the current subject





# Objects and Scripts

- Objects have properties and elements
  - property  $\Rightarrow$  exactly one
    - name of a document
  - element  $\Rightarrow$  zero or more
    - documents of an application



# Objects and Scripts

- Make your own objects using script objects

```
script thingie
  property color: "blue"
  on frotz...
end script
```
- Script objects can inherit from other scripts through enclosure or the parent property
- Properties and handlers, but not elements
- Can't make new ones at run time



# Object specifiers

- *piece of parent -or- parent's piece*
  - name of document 1  $\Leftrightarrow$  document 1's name
- property: name of x
- by index: document 1, first document
- by name: document “MacHack”
- range: items 1 through 3
- all: every item
- filter: every shape whose color is blue





# What's Different



# Philosophy

- English-like
- Dynamic vocabulary
- Script the model, not the interface



# English-like

- Easy to read
- Often easy to write
- Not actually English!
  - Read the dictionary first.



# Dynamic vocabulary

- Components define task-specific terms for their objects, so they match the user's task
- Same word can mean different things to different objects
  - Be aware of who you're telling to do what



# Script the Model

- Why *not* the interface?
  - Easy to record, but difficult to read and write
  - Often more complex
  - Interface changes often; model doesn't
- Think in model terms
  - Don't activate applications unless you want to
  - Don't select things, just change them
  - Use variables, not the clipboard





# Every and Whose

- **every** and **whose** let you eliminate loops!

```
tell folder x of application "Finder"  
  repeat with i from 1 to count items  
    if name of item i ends with ".tmp" then  
      delete item i  
    end if  
  end repeat  
end tell
```

```
tell application "Finder" to delete every item ¬  
  of folder x whose name ends with ".tmp"
```



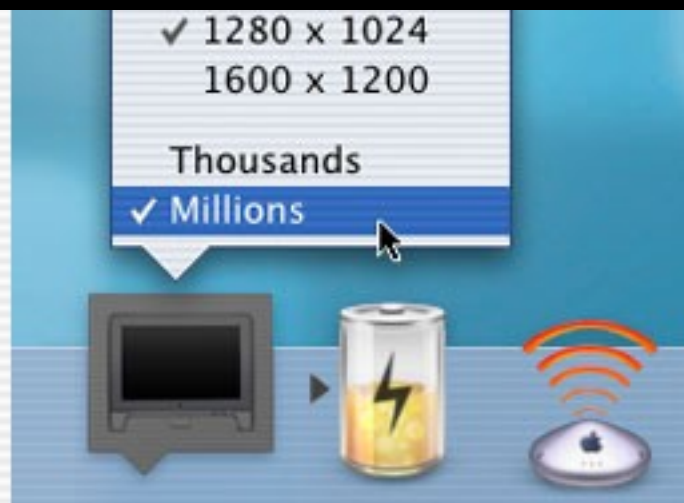
# Every and whose

- **every** can even replace recursion:  
set label index of every item of entire contents ↗  
of folder x to 0
- Caveats
  - Not all applications support them
  - Some do it incorrectly
  - Built-in types support **every** but not **whose**





# The Rest of the Story



# Expansion Options

- Scriptable applications
  - Lots of excellent commercial apps
  - Lots of excellent free ones, too!
  - See [www.apple.com/applescript](http://www.apple.com/applescript) for a list
- Scripting additions (*aka osaxen*)
  - Add new global verbs, but not objects
  - See [www.osax.com](http://www.osax.com)



# Things I Skipped

- Syntax
  - with timeout, with transaction, using terms from, remote tell, raw data, raw events
- Techniques
  - text manipulation
  - file I/O
  - user interaction
  - and many, many more...



# Other Resources

- [www.apple.com/applescript](http://www.apple.com/applescript)
- AppleScript Language Guide
  - Available as HTML or PDF from Apple
  - Available as book from [fatbrain.com](http://fatbrain.com)
- AppleScript Users mailing list
  - [www.lists.apple.com/applescript-users](http://www.lists.apple.com/applescript-users)



# Who to Contact

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# Q&A



✓ 1280 x 1024  
1600 x 1200

Thousands  
✓ Millions

