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(void)addAssociation:(EOAssociation *)anAssociation

Adds anAssociation to the set managed by the controller.

removeAssociation:, associations

(NSArray *)allObjects

Returns all enterprise objects accessible through the controller.

selectedObjects

(void)associationDidEdit:(EOAssociation *)anAssociation

Notifies the controller that anAssociation has a pending edit. The controller gets anAssociation's key and the new value to its edit buffer.

If the controller is configured to save changes automatically then the changes are immediately saved. If the controller doesn't save changes automatically, the changes don't take effect until the controller receives the message.

This method invokes the delegate method controller:association:didEditObject:key:value:.

key (EOAssociation), value (EOAssociation), savesToObjectsAutomatically, savesToDataSource

(NSArray *)associations

Returns the controller's associations.

(BOOL)clearSelection

Empties the controller's selection. This method is a shortcut for sending setSelection: with an empty selection. Redisplay the user interface objects. Returns YES if successful, NO if not.

redisplay

delete:sender

This action method invokes `deleteSelection` to delete all selected objects. Returns self if `deleteSelection` returns YES, otherwise returns NO.

(BOOL)deleteObjectAtIndex:(unsigned int)anIndex

Deletes the object at `anIndex`, pending approval by the delegate. Returns YES if the object is actually deleted, otherwise returns NO.

If the data source can't delete, this method opens an attention panel notifying the user and returns NO. If the data source can delete, invokes `endEditing` and notifies the delegate with `controller:willDelete:Object:`. If the data source deletes the object and notifies the delegate with `controller:didDeleteObject:` and the controller's `associationDidChange` and `selectionDidChange`.

Deletion is an operation applied immediately to the object you don't need to send `saveToObjects`. If the controller is configured to save to the data source automatically then the changes are immediately made to the data source. If the controller doesn't save changes automatically, the changes don't take effect in the data source until the controller receives a `saveToDataSource` message.

delete:, deleteSelection, savesToDataSourceAutomatically

(BOOL)deleteSelection

Deletes all objects in the selection in the manner described for `deleteObjectAtIndex:` (including invoking `deleteObjectAtIndex:` methods). Returns YES if all objects in the selection were successfully deleted (or if there were no objects in the selection), otherwise returns NO. If this method returns NO it's possible that only some objects in the selection have been deleted.

Deleting the selection is considered a single operation for purposes of undo, even if the controller receives multiple `delete:` messages.

(void)disableAssociationNotification

Allows you to specify that `EOAssociationNotification` messages should not be sent (they are sent by default). If you call `disableAssociationNotification`, you should send a corresponding `reenableAssociationNotification`.

reenableAssociationNotification

(void)discardEdits

Clears all edits pending in the controller, and also in user interface objects (by sending `discardEdit` messages to the controller's associations). This method is only useful if the controller isn't configured to save to the data source automatically.

savesToObjectsAutomatically

automatically.

savesToDataSourceAutomatically

discardOperations:sender

This action method invokes discardOperations and returns self.

(void)endEditing

Sends endEditing to each of the controller's associations. This method is invoked whenever the controller receives an end to editing in the user interface objects, which is whenever:

- The controller fetches.
- The controller saves changes to its objects or to its data source.
- An object is inserted or deleted.
- The selection changes.
- The undo stack is altered by a markUndo, undo, or releaseUndos message.

endEditing (EOAssociationNotification protocol)

(BOOL)fetch

Fetches objects from the controller's data source, returning YES if successful, NO if not.

The controller first invokes endEditing. Next, it sends controllerWillFetch: to its delegate, aborting if the delegate returns NO. If the delegate returns YES, the controller then confirms that pending changes can be discarded by invoking isDiscardAllowed (it also confirms that any detail or linked controllers allow changes to be discarded). The controller aborts the fetch and returns NO if isDiscardAllowed returns NO or if any detail or linked controllers don't allow discard.

After confirming that changes can be discarded, the controller discards all edits and operations, and releases the undo stack. The controller then sends fetchObjects to its data source, and resynchronizes its selection with the data source.

After fetching objects, the controller sends controllerDidFetchObjects: to its delegate and contentsDidChange: to its associations. If the controller's selection changed as a result of fetching, also sends selectionDidChange: to its associations. Finally, the controller propagates the fetch message to all detail and linked controllers.

discardEdits, releaseUndos, selectsFirstObjectAfterFetch

fetch:sender

This action method invokes fetch and returns self if fetch returns YES, nil if it returns NO.

(BOOL)hasChangesForDataSource

Returns YES if there are any operations buffered for the data source, NO otherwise.

savesToDataSourceAutomatically, hasChangesForObjects, saveToObjects

(BOOL)hasUndos

Returns YES if the controller has any entries on its undo stack.

initWithDataSource:(id <EODataSources>)aDataSource

Initializes a newly allocated EOController to get its data from objects provided by aDataSource. The initializer for the EOController class. Returns self.

insert:sender

This action method uses insertObjectAtIndex: to insert a new object after the selected object, or if the end of the array. Returns self, or nil if insertObjectAtIndex: returns nil.

insertObjectAtIndex:(unsigned int)anIndex

Inserts and selects a new object, created by the controller's data source, at anIndex by invoking insertObjectAtIndex: with anIndex. Invokes endEditing before performing the insertion. Returns the object that was inserted, or nil on failure.

createObject (EODataSources protocol of the access layer)

insertObject:anEO atIndex:(unsigned int)anIndex

Inserts anEO at anIndex in the array of enterprise objects managed by the controller. Invokes endEditing before performing the insertion. Returns the object that was inserted, or nil on failure. Raises NSRangeException if anIndex indicates a position past the end of the controller's array of objects.

Insertion is an operation applied immediately to the object you don't need to send saveToObjects. If the controller is configured to save to the data source automatically then the changes are immediately made to the data source. If the controller doesn't save changes automatically, the changes don't take effect in the data source until the controller receives a saveToDataSource message.

insert:, saveToDataSourceAutomatically

(BOOL)isDiscardAllowed

Verifies that discarding of edits not saved to objects and updates not saved to the data source is allowed.

delegate. Again, if the delegate doesn't implement this method the controller opens an attention panel to save, cancel, or allow discard of operations if the user chooses to save operations or to cancel, this method. Finally, if all of these conditions are passed, this method returns YES.

discardEdits, saveToObjects, saveToDataSource

(BOOL)isUndoEnabled

Returns YES if undo is enabled, NO otherwise. Undo is by default not enabled for controllers created in Interface Builder, though it is for controllers created in Interface Builder.

(NSArray *)keys

Returns the keys used by the controller's associations (which aren't necessarily all the keys used by the controller). These keys are the names of properties of the controller's enterprise objects, as used in the EOKeyValue protocol defined by the access layer. There may be duplicate keys in the returned array.

key (EOAssociation)

(void)markUndo

Ends editing and marks the current state of the undo stack as an undo point. An undo message reveals the last undo point marked. This method does nothing if undo isn't enabled or if a mark is already on the stack.

isUndoEnabled, releaseUndos, endEditing

markUndo:sender

This action method invokes markUndo and returns self.

(BOOL)marksEveryOperation

Returns YES if an undo point is marked upon every insertion, deletion, and application of edits to the model, NO otherwise. Controllers created programmatically by default don't mark every operation, while controllers created in Interface Builder do.

deleteSelection

(unsigned int)maximumUndoMarks

Returns the maximum number of undo marks the controller will record. Marks added beyond this limit will be discarded. Marks to fall off the queue. This method is useful for restricting memory usage. The default maximum is 100, which actually indicates no limit.

(void)redisplay

Sends contentsDidChange to all the controller's associations, causing them to redisplay their user interface if needed. Also has the controller's detail controllers and next controller redisplay.

nextController

(void)reenableAssociationNotification

Allows you to specify that EOAssociationNotification messages should be sent (they are sent by default). You can disable them by sending a disableAssociationNotification message. For each disableAssociationNotification, you should send a reenableAssociationNotification. The final call to reenableAssociationNotification does not flush pending notifications. The call to reenableAssociationNotification [controller redisplay] must be explicitly called, if needed.

disableAssociationNotification

(void)releaseUndos

Clears all undo information. No undo is possible until a new undo point is established, either automatically or by calling markUndo.

marksEveryOperation

(void)removeAssociation:(EOAssociation *)anAssociation

Removes anAssociation from the set managed by the controller.

addAssociation:

(void)resort

forces the object array to be sorted and redisplayed. Note that the object array is automatically sorted by default.

setSortOrdering:

(BOOL)savesToDataSourceAutomatically

Returns YES if saving to objects, or inserting or deleting an object, results in the controller performing a saveToDataSource, NO if it doesn't. Controllers created programmatically by default don't save automatically. Controllers created in Interface Builder do.

saveToObjects, savesToObjectsAutomatically

(BOOL)savesToObjectsAutomatically

Ends editing and saves all pending operations for the controller itself, for its detail controllers, and for its detail controllers' detail controllers. If none of the controllers has saved edits to their objects, this method has no effect use saveToDataSource. pending edits are applied to the objects before invoking saveToDataSource. Returns YES if all changes are saved to the data source, NO if any save operation fails or is refused by the delegate. If this method is called on a controller whose data source doesn't support rolling back operations, some changes may have been saved.

In saving an object, the controller sends it a prepareForDataSource message (if it responds). If the controller sends its delegate a controller:object:failedToPrepareForDataSource: message. If the delegate returns an EOContinueDataSourceFailureResponse the controller continues saving the remaining objects. If the delegate returns an EORollbackDataSourceFailureResponse or doesn't implement the delegate method, the controller aborts saving the object and returns NO. If the data source supports rollback and returns NO.

If the object returns YES from prepareForDataSource, then the controller checks with its delegate if it should save and sends insertObject:, deleteObject:, or updateObject: to the data source depending on the type of object. If any of these messages fails, this method informs the delegate, stops saving, and returns NO.

This method may invoke any of the delegate methods listed below, depending on the individual save operations performed. See the descriptions of the individual methods for more information on how they interact with saveToDataSource.

controller:object:failedToPrepareForDataSource:

controllerWillSaveToDataSource:

controllerDidSaveToDataSource:

controller:willRollbackDataSource:

controller:didRollbackDataSource:

controller:willInsertObject:inDataSource:

controller:didInsertObject:inDataSource:

controller:failedToInsertObject:inDataSource:

controller:willDeleteObject:inDataSource:

controller:didDeleteObject:inDataSource:

controller:failedToDeleteObject:inDataSource:

controller:willUpdateObject:inDataSource:

controller:didUpdateObject:inDataSource:

controller:failedToUpdateObject:inDataSource:

insertObjectAtIndex:, deleteObjectAtIndex:, endEditing

saveToDataSource:sender

This action method invokes saveToDataSource, returning self if saveToDataSource returns YES, nil otherwise.

(BOOL)saveToObjects

Ends editing and saves all edits made to objects as operations to apply to the controller's data source. Returns YES if all changes are successfully saved to the controller's objects, NO if any save operation fails or is refused by the delegate. If this method returns NO some changes may have been saved while others may not.

In saving a set of edits to an enterprise object, the controller first confirms the action with its delegate by sending a controller:willSaveEdits:toObject: message if the delegate returns nil the controller aborts the save and returns NO. The controller takes a non-nil return value from this message and converts the new values by sending a convertValues:forKey: to its data source. It then applies the converted values to the enterprise object by sending the

saveToObjects:sender

This action method invokes saveToObjects, returning self if saveToObjects returns YES, nil if it re

(BOOL)selectNext

Selects the object after the currently selected object. If no objects are selected or if the last object is selected, the first object becomes selected. If multiple objects are selected, this method selects the object after the first object in the selection. This method results in a setSelectionIndexes: message being sent, and returns the value returned by that message.

This method is useful for user interfaces that display only one object at a time.

selectNext:

selectNext:sender

This action method invokes selectNext, returning self if selectNext returns YES, nil if it returns NO

(BOOL)selectPrevious

Selects the object before the currently selected object. If no objects are selected then the first object becomes selected. If the first object is selected then the last object becomes selected. If multiple objects are selected, this method selects the object before the first object in the selection. This method results in a setSelectionIndexes: message being sent, and returns the value returned by that message.

This method is useful for user interfaces that display only one object at a time.

selectPrevious:

selectPrevious:sender

This action method invokes selectPrevious, returning self if selectPrevious returns YES, nil if it re

(NSArray *)selectedObjects

Returns the selected objects.

selectionIndexes

(NSArray *)selectionIndexes

Returns an array of NSNumber objects identifying the indexes of the selected objects in the contro

(void)setDataSource:(id <EODataSources>)aDataSource

Sets the controller's data source to aDataSource, clears the selection and the undo stack, and discards all pending changes. This method invokes the delegate method controller:didChangeDataSource:.

releaseUndos, discardEdits, clearSelection

(void)setDelegate:anObject

Sets the controller's delegate to anObject. Doesn't retain anObject.

(void)setMarksEveryOperation:(BOOL)flag

Sets according to flag whether the controller marks an undo point for every insertion, deletion, or edit. Controllers created programmatically don't mark every operation by default, while those created in Interface Builder do.

markUndo, deleteSelection

(void)setMaximumUndoMarks:(unsigned int)anInt

Sets to anInt the maximum number of undo marks that will be recorded. Marks added after the maximum are discarded. This method is useful for restricting memory usage. Setting to 0 allows unlimited undo queueing this is the default. Use setUndoEnabled: to disable undo.

undo

setNextController:(EOController *)aController

Sets the next controller in the controller chain to aController. See the class description for information about the controller chain.

(BOOL)setSavesToDataSourceAutomatically:(BOOL)flag

Sets according to flag whether operations such as insert, delete, and update with edits automatically perform saveToDataSource. Returns YES if successful, NO if the controller has any pending changes to the data source.

Controllers created programmatically don't save automatically by default, but those created in Interface Builder do.

setSavesToObjectsAutomatically:

(BOOL)setSavesToObjectsAutomatically:(BOOL)flag

Sets the selection as an array of NSNumber objects. Returns YES if the selection is changed to aSelection.

The controller recursively sends isDiscardAllowed to all of its detail controllers, and if any of them returns NO, the selection isn't changed. If the detail controllers allow discard this method invokes endEditing, sets the selection, and notifies its associations with selectionDidChange. Finally, this method sends controllerDidChangeSelection to its delegate.

If an association attempts to change the selection of its controller and fails, the association should return NO. The user interface object from the controller's selection. It can do this by simply sending itself a selectionDidChange message.

`(void)setSelectsFirstObjectAfterFetch:(BOOL)flag`

Sets according to flag whether the controller selects the first of its objects after performing a fetch.

`setSelectionIndexes:`

`(void)setSortOrdering:(NSArray *)keySortOrderArray`

Sets an EOKeySortOrder array to be applied to all records upon a fetch or resort.

`sortOrdering, resort`

`(void)setUndoEnabled:(BOOL)flag`

Enables or disables undo according to flag. Undo is by default not enabled for controllers created programmatically, though it is for controllers created in Interface Builder.

This method doesn't affect existing undo marks. You can temporarily disable undo, then reenable it. However, any changes made while undo was disabled won't be reverted.

`(void)setValues:(NSDictionary *)newValues forObject:anEO`

Applies newValues to anEO as if they were edits made by an association. If the controller doesn't have an association to the objects, the new values are buffered as edits that will actually be sent to anEO upon the next save. If the controller saves automatically to objects then the changes are immediately saved to the objects.

The controller's associations are not notified when an edit is made with this method. You should send a selectionDidChange message after you finish editing objects programmatically to update the user interface.

`associationDidEdit:, savesToObjectsAutomatically`

`setSortOrdering:, resort`

NO the undo operation is aborted. Similarly, for each change reverted the controller sends its delegate willUndoObject: message if the delegate returns NO then the undo for that object is skipped but the controller continues. After the change is reverted the controller sends controller:didUndoObject: to its delegate. After changes have been reverted, the controller sends controllerDidUndo: to its delegate and contentsDidChange: to its associations. If the controller's selection changes it also sends selectionDidChange: to its associations. endEditing, redisplay, markUndo, setMarksEveryOperation:, setUndoEnabled:

undo:sender

This action method invokes undo and returns self.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controller  
      association:(EOAssociation *)anAssociation  
      didEditObject:anEO  
      key:(NSString *)aKey  
      value:aValue
```

Sent from associationDidEdit: to inform the delegate that anAssociation has performed an edit.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controllercreateObjectFailedForDataSource:dataSource
```

This method can be implemented to respond when the controller is unable to create an object for a delegate. If the delegate does not implement this method, the controller will put up a panel to alert the user of the error. The delegate is responsible for notifying the user.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controller didChangeDataSource:(id <EODataSources>)aDataSources
```

Sent from setDataSource: to inform the delegate that controller's data source is now aDataSource.

```
(void)controllerDidChangeSelection:(EOController *)controller
```

Sent whenever controller's selection changes to inform the delegate of the change.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controller didDeleteObject:anEO
```

Sent from any of the delete methods to inform the delegate that controller has deleted anEO.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controller
```

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller didInsertObject:anEO

Sent from saveToObjects to inform the delegate that controller has inserted anEO.

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller
didInsertObject:anEO
inDataSource:aDataSource

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller has inserted anEO into aDataSource

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller didRollbackDataSource:(id <EODataSources>)aDataSource

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller has rolled back changes in aDataSource

(void)controllerDidSaveToDataSource:(EOController *)controller

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller has finished saving all operations.
This method is only invoked if all operations were successfully saved.

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller didSaveToObject:anEO

Sent from saveToObjects to inform the delegate that controller has saved edits to anEO.

(void)controllerDidUndo:(EOController *)controller

Sent from undo to inform the delegate that controller has performed an undo operation.

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller didUndoObject:anEO

Sent from undo to inform the delegate that controller has undone changes to anEO.

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller
didUpdateObject:anEO
inDataSource:aDataSource

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller has updated anEO in aDataSource

In rolling back the data source, the controller invokes the delegate methods `controller:willRollbackDataSource:` and `controller:didRollbackDataSource:`.

```
(EODataSourceFailureResponse)controller:(EOController *)controller  
failedToInsertObject:anEO  
inDataSource:aDataSource
```

Sent from `saveToDataSource` to inform the delegate that controller has failed to insert anEO into a data source. If the delegate returns `EOContinueDataSourceFailureResponse` controller continues saving other changes to the data source. If the delegate returns `EORollbackDataSourceFailureResponse` controller sends rollback to its data source. The delegate responds to that message. `saveToDataSource` then aborts and returns a failure result.

In rolling back the data source, the controller invokes the delegate methods `controller:willRollbackDataSource:` and `controller:didRollbackDataSource:`.

```
(EODataSourceFailureResponse)controller:(EOController *)controller  
failedToUpdateObject:anEO  
inDataSource:aDataSource
```

Sent from `saveToDataSource` to inform the delegate that controller has failed to update anEO in a data source. If the delegate returns `EOContinueDataSourceFailureResponse` controller continues saving other changes to the data source. If the delegate returns `EORollbackDataSourceFailureResponse` controller sends rollback to its data source. The delegate responds to that message. `saveToDataSource` then aborts and returns a failure result.

In rolling back the data source, the controller invokes the delegate methods `controller:willRollbackDataSource:` and `controller:didRollbackDataSource:`.

```
(EODataSourceFailureResponse)controller:(EOController *)controller  
object:anEO  
failedToPrepareForDataSource:aDataSource
```

Sent from `saveToDataSource` when anEO returns NO from a `prepareForDataSource` message. If the delegate returns `EOContinueDataSourceFailureResponse` controller continues saving other changes to the data source. If the delegate returns `EORollbackDataSourceFailureResponse` controller sends rollback to its data source if the delegate responds to that message. `saveToDataSource` then aborts and returns a failure result.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controller  
saveObjectsFailedForDataSource:aDataSource
```

Sent from `saveToDataSource` to inform the delegate that aDataSource returned NO from a `saveObjectsFailedForDataSource` message.

```
(void)controller:(EOController *)controller sortObjects:(NSMutableArray *)objects
```

If the delegate implements this method, it is responsible for sorting the given object array. If the delegate does not implement this method and a `sortOrdering` has been specified, the controller will sort the objects using `sortUsingKeyOrderArray:[self sortOrdering]`.

(EODataSourceOperationDelegateResponse)controller:(EOController *)controller
willDeleteObject:anEO
inDataSource:aDataSource

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller will delete anEO from aDataSource. If the delegate returns EODiscardDataSourceOperation the deletion isn't performed (though saveToDataSource continues with other operations) if the delegate returns EOPerformDataSourceOperation the deletion proceeds. A return value of EOContinueDataSourceOperation indicates that the operation is not to be performed, but should be left on the operation stack to be performed on the next save. A return value of EORollbackDataSourceOperation indicates that the current saveToDataSource operation should be aborted and all changes rolled back.

(BOOL)controllerWillDiscardEdits:(EOController *)controller

Sent from isDiscardAllowed to inform the delegate that controller is about to discard pending edits. If the delegate doesn't implement this method controller opens an attention panel warning the user that edits may be discarded. If the delegate returns YES then isDiscardAllowed returns YES. If the delegate returns NO then isDiscardAllowed returns NO.

If the delegate wants to make sure edits are preserved it can explicitly send saveToObjects to controller.

(BOOL)controllerWillDiscardOperations:(EOController *)controller

Sent from isDiscardAllowed to inform the delegate that controller is about to discard pending operations. If the delegate doesn't implement this method controller opens an attention panel warning the user that updates may be discarded. If the delegate returns YES then isDiscardAllowed returns YES. If the delegate returns NO then isDiscardAllowed returns NO. If the delegate returns YES then isDiscardAllowed proceeds.

If the delegate wants to make sure updates are preserved it can explicitly send saveToDataSource to controller.

(BOOL)controllerWillFetch:(EOController *)controller

Invoked from fetch to inform the delegate that controller is about to fetch. If the delegate returns YES then fetch proceeds. If the delegate returns NO then fetch is aborted.

(BOOL)controller:(EOController *)controller
willInsertObject:anEO
atIndex:(unsigned int)anIndex

Sent from insertObject:atIndex: to inform the delegate that controller will insert anEO into its array. If the delegate returns EODiscardDataSourceOperation the insertion is aborted if the delegate returns EOPerformDataSourceOperation the insertion proceeds. A return value of EOContinueDataSourceOperation indicates that the operation is not to be performed, but should be left on the operation stack to be performed on the next save. A return value of EORollbackDataSourceOperation indicates that the current saveToDataSource operation should be aborted and all changes rolled back.

The delegate may modify anEO, usually by setting its primary key to a unique value.

saveToDataSource operation should be aborted and all changes rolled back.

(void)controller:(EOController *)controller willRollbackDataSource:(id <EODataSources>)aDataSource

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller will roll back changes in aDataSource. The delegate can't prevent this operation, but may take whatever action it needs based on this information.

(NSDictionary *)controller:(EOController *)controller
willSaveEdits:(NSDictionary *)newValues
toObject:anEO

Sent from saveToObjects to inform the delegate that controller will save edits to anEO. newValues is a dictionary of value pairs whose keys are the names of properties belonging to anEO and whose values are the new values given for those properties. The delegate can return the values as they are, or can return a substitute value for the object. If the delegate returns nil the save isn't performed and saveToObjects is aborted.

(BOOL)controllerWillSaveToDataSource:(EOController *)controller

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller will save changes to its data source. The delegate returns YES if the save proceeds and NO if the save is aborted.

(BOOL)controllerWillUndo:(EOController *)controller

Sent from undo to inform the delegate that controller will undo changes. If the delegate returns YES the undo operation proceeds and NO if the delegate returns YES the undo operation proceeds.

(BOOL)controller:(EOController *)controller willUndoObject:anEO

Sent from undo to inform the delegate that controller will undo changes previously made to anEO. The delegate returns YES if the undo operation for anEO only is aborted (the larger undo operation proceeds) and NO if the undo operation for anEO proceeds.

(EODataSourceOperationDelegateResponse)controller:(EOController *)controller
willUpdateObject:anEO
inDataSource:aDataSource

Sent from saveToDataSource to inform the delegate that controller will update anEO in aDataSource. The delegate returns EODiscardDataSourceOperation if the update isn't performed (though saveToDataSource continues with other operations) if the delegate returns EOPerformDataSourceOperation the update proceeds. A return value of EOContinueDataSourceOperation indicates that the operation is not to be performed, but should be performed on the next save. A return value of EORollbackDataSourceOperation indicates that the saveToDataSource operation should be aborted and all changes rolled back.

