

initWithDatabase:

Getting the adaptor context adaptorContext

Getting the database object database

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Controlling transactions beginTransaction

commitTransaction

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Nesting transactions canNestTransactions

transactionNestingLevel

Setting the update strategy setUpdateStrategy:

updateStrategy

Uniquing/snapshotting keepsSnapshots

forgetObject:

objectForPrimaryKey:entity:

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snapshotForObject:

(BOOL)beginTransaction

Attempts to begin a new transaction, nested within the current one if nested transactions are supported, successful and NO if not (specifically, if nested transactions aren't supported).

transactionDidBegin, canNestTransactions, transactionNestingLevel, commitTransaction, rollbackTransaction

(BOOL)canNestTransactions

Returns YES if the database server can nest transactions, NO otherwise.

transactionNestingLevel

(BOOL)commitTransaction

Attempts to commit the last transaction begun, returning YES if successful and NO if not.

When an EODatabaseContext commits the top-level transaction (so that the nesting level becomes 0), it sends snapshots of any updated objects back into its EODatabase.

transactionDidCommit, rollbackTransaction, beginTransaction, transactionNestingLevel

(EODatabase \*)database

Returns the EODatabase that the context works with.

initWithDatabase:

(void)forgetObject:anEO

Removes anEO from the EODatabaseContext's uniquing tables and destroys its snapshot with respect to the EODatabaseContext. Doesn't affect equivalent information kept by the EODatabase until the top-level transaction is committed then, the EODatabaseContext sends the EODatabase a forgetObject: message for anEO. Raises an NSInvalidArgumentException if anEO is nil or if there's no transaction in progress, and raises an NSInternalInconsistencyException if anEO is a fault (see the EOFault class specification for information).

forgetObject: (EODatabase)

(BOOL)hasBusyChannels

Returns YES if the receiver has any EODatabaseChannels with fetches in progress, NO otherwise.

isFetchInProgress (EODatabaseChannel)

(BOOL)keepsSnapshots

Returns NO if the EODatabaseContext's locking strategy is EONoUpdate and the parent EODatabaseContext's keepsSnapshots returns YES otherwise. EODatabaseContexts nearly always keep local snapshots.

keepsSnapshots (EODatabase)

objectForPrimaryKey:(NSDictionary \*)aKey entity:(EOEntity \*)anEntity

Returns the unique enterprise object for aKey and anEntity, or nil if one doesn't exist.

objectForPrimaryKey: (EODatabase)

(void)recordObject:anEO

primaryKey:(NSDictionary \*)aKey

snapshot:(NSDictionary \*)aSnapshot

Records anEO and aSnapshot under aKey with respect to the EODatabaseContext. Raises NSInvalidArgumentException under any of the following conditions:

- No transaction is in progress.
- When uniquing and either anEO or aKey is nil.
- When uniquing and anEO is an EOFault.
- When context keeps snapshots and aSnapshot is nil.

There may already be a unique instance recorded for anEO's key, so you shouldn't expect that the result of this method can be shared. To get the unique enterprise object created for anEO, use objectForPrimaryKey:entity:.

Changes to an EODatabaseContext's snapshots are folded back into its parent EODatabase when the context is committed.

recordObject:primaryKey:snapshot: (EODatabase), commitTransaction

(BOOL)rollbackTransaction

Attempts to roll back the last nested transaction in progress, returning YES if successful and NO if not. Raises NSInvalidArgumentException if transactionDidRollback, commitTransaction, beginTransaction

(void)setUpdateStrategy:(EOUpdateStrategy)strategy

Set the update strategy used by the EODatabaseContext to strategy. See the class description for information on update strategies. Raises NSInvalidArgumentException if the context has any transactions in progress.

transactionNestingLevel

(NSDictionary \*)snapshotForObject:anEO

Returns the snapshot associated with anEO, if there is one otherwise returns nil.

other than by sending the database context a beginTransaction message (for example, by using EO evaluateExpression:).

#### (void)transactionDidCommit

Informs the EODatabaseContext and its EOAdaptorContext that the server has committed a transaction (as the result of a stored procedure). This method allows the EODatabaseContext to maintain a valid snapshot of the server. Your application should invoke this method whenever it commits a transaction in the database other than by sending the database context a commitTransaction message (for example, by using EO evaluateExpression:).

When an EODatabaseContext commits the top-level transaction (so that the nesting level becomes 0), the context's snapshots are folded back into the context's EODatabase.

#### (void)transactionDidRollback

Informs the EODatabaseContext and its EOAdaptorContext that the database has rolled back a transaction (as the result of a stored procedure). This method allows the EODatabaseContext to maintain a valid snapshot of the server. Your application should invoke this method whenever it rolls back a transaction in the database in any way other than by sending a rollbackTransaction message (for example, by using EOAdaptorContext evaluateExpression:). It should also invoke this method when a transaction is rolled back by a trigger or by the server itself due to an error condition such as a deadlock.

#### (unsigned int)transactionNestingLevel

Returns the number of transactions in progress. If the EODatabaseContext's adaptor supports nested transactions, the number may be greater than 1.

canNestTransactions

#### (EOUpdateStrategy)updateStrategy

Return the update strategy used by the EODatabaseContext. The default strategy is EOUpdateWithDefault. See the class description for information on update strategies.