

Audio_Amplifier

COLLABORATORS

	<i>TITLE :</i> Audio_Amplifier		
<i>ACTION</i>	<i>NAME</i>	<i>DATE</i>	<i>SIGNATURE</i>
WRITTEN BY		August 24, 2024	

REVISION HISTORY

NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NAME

Contents

1	Audio_Amplifier	1
1.1	Amiga Audio Amplifier	1

Chapter 1

Audio_Amplifier

1.1 Amiga Audio Amplifier

Audio Amplifier For Amiga

What you will need:

Veroboard (15 strips by 17 holes)

2 LM386 audio amp IC's

2x8-pin DIL IC sockets

2x100ohm resistors

1x10kohm logarithmic potentiometer

2 Polyester 0.047uF (micro farad) capacitors

2 PC-mounting 220uF (micro farad) electronic capacitors

2x80ohm loudspeakers (e.g. cheap pod-mounted car stereo speakers).

1 Simple toggle On/Off switch.

2 Phono plugs and audio cable

Connecting wire 9V battery & clip (or transformer)

Box knob (for volume control).

Misc.

A box to suit.

Four self-adhesive non-slip rubber feet.

Instructions

Cut the veroboard to size with a hacksaw or sharp knife. Make holes in the copper strips where indicated in the diagram. Make sure that no shards of copper remain or a short circuit will occur.

Solder the IC sockets in place, and using their position as a guide, solder in the rest of the components and connecting wires. Take long leads from the circuit to bring to the power supply (battery or transformer - a battery is best to avoid any mains hum), audio inputs, and audio outputs.

Both audio inputs come from the Amiga and are connected across the potentiometer using screened audio cable. Remember to put the phono plug covers on the wires before soldering them! The inputs to the amplifier circuit are taken from the central pins of the potentiometer (see diagram). No other connection to the Amiga is required.

The switch is connected in-line with the power supply. You might like to

add a small LED (perhaps by using a DPDT switch) to remind you that the power is on. Even if the amplifier is not connected to the Amiga or speakers, if the battery is connected power will be used. The loudspeakers can be connected directly via their cables to the circuit board, but it may be better to use some 3.5mm plugs and sockets. This will also provide a little more portability. Mount everything in the box, after drilling holes for the volume control, switch and connection leads. Stick rubber feet on the bottom of the box for a professional finish.

End.

[Back To Main Menu](#)

[Back To Projects Menu](#)