PC-OUTLINE

ORGANIZATION AT YOUR FINGERTIPS

## Disk Based Documentation

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This document contains the "Getting Started" sections from
    the actual PC-OUTLINE manual. It is designed, in
combination with the PC-OUTLINE user interface, to get you
up and running and doing useful things with PC-OUTLINE in
    a very short time. It does not, however, contain a
    detailed description of all the PC-OUTLINE commands nor
            pretend to be a comprehensive tutorial or user's
        reference. Registered users can receive the actual
            PC-OUTLINE manual which does contain a complete
description of all commands. Details on registering are
            in the last section titled registration form.
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3) Distribute the program in modified form.
4) Copy or reproduce the printed documentation in any form.

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## THE SHAREWARE CONCEPT

PC-OUTLINE is distributed through a unique marketing approach called shareware. The diskette with programs on it can be freely copied and shared. It is also available from us, Brown Bag Software, for $\$ 89.95$ plus $\$ 5$ shipping and handling. We ask you to help us distribute PC-OUTLINE by sharing unmodified copies of the diskette with others. We also encourage you and those to whom you have distributed the program to register your copy. Registration has a number of benefits to you:

1) A typeset copy of the manual, including all recent updates and additions.
2) The most recent version of the program.
3) Automatic notice of updates.
4) You will be supporting the concept that allowed you to receive $P C-O U T L I N E$ in the first place. Only through user support can we continue to improve PC-OUTLINE and perhaps develop other products.

Only by supporting the program authors who release valuable programs as shareware can you encourage others to do the same.

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WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH PC-OUTLINE
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PC-OUTLINE is an outlining and planning program. It allows you to randomly enter information of almost any type (thoughts, plans, ideas, etc.) and then organize it into a hierarchial structure. Once in the hierarchial structure, you can view the information in many powerful ways. For example, using the hide/unhide feature, you can view just down to any level of detail in the outline that you want. With a single keystroke, you can go from viewing the lowest level of detail to a view that shows you only the highest, most important topics.

With another few keystrokes, you can print the outline, send it to a file compatible with your word processor, copy it into another outline, or paste it directly into your word processor.

PC-OUTLINE is particularly appropriate for list making. Tasks like making todo lists or planning a project are ideally suited for PC-OUTLINE.

For an example of how the hierarchical structure works and how you can hide and unhide parts of the outline, start PC-OUTLINE and load the outline titled HIDING. The text in the outline will help show you what PC-OUTLINE can do.

For those of your who like statistics or lists, here are a few about PC-OUTLINE.

Standard PC-OUTLINE outlining features include:

- hierarchical outline structure
- structured indenting
- hide/unhide (collapse/expand) any portion of the outline
- powerful outline rearrangement functions

Advanced PC-OUTLINE features include:

- automatic numbering, including choice of numbering style (alphabetic, numeric, roman, bullets, or none)
- easy, pull-down menus
- multi-line outline entries
- automatic paragraph reformatting
- margin control
- centering, left and right justification
- hanging indents
- search and replace
- on screen page break display
- conditional and hard page breaks
- block copies, moves, and deletes
- tab stop settings
- send printer control strings
- printer formatting: underline, boldface, italics, sub/superscript, double strike
- windowing: up to 9 outlines open/on screen at once in user-defined windows
- zoom any window to full screen with a single keystroke
- copy or move outline or text directly between windows
- customizable printer drivers
- sorting
- user defined macros/key redifinition
- live date and time stamps
- full support for dos 2.0 and above
- read/write other file formats including: ascii, Wordstar, ThinkTank/Ready!
- data transfer with other programs including cut and paste to other active programs while memory resident
- configuration file to set startup defaults
- compatible with other memory resident programs (like SideKick, ProKey, etc.)
- freely mix outlines and text: titles, skip numbering, start new numbering, move placement right and left
- return to dos without leaving PC-OUTLINE

PC-OUTLINE requires dos 2.0 or greater, one floppy disk drive, $128 k$ RAM, and an IBM PC/XT/AT or compatible, and can be configured to occupy as little as $80 k$ when memory resident.

## MAKING A BACKUP

Before using PC-OUTLINE, make a backup copy of the program and all of its documentation files. Put this backup away in a safe place for emergency use only if something were to happen to your original.

FOR FLOPPY USE
--------------
Insert the PC-OUTLINE disk into the default drive and type PCO to the dos prompt.

Create a directory where you would like to keep all of your outline files. Copy the file PCO.EXE from the floppy program disk to this directory. Set the current logged directory to your outline directory and type PCO to the dos prompt.

To be able to use PC-OUTLINE from any directory on your hard disk see the appendix on USING PC-OUTLINE ON A HARD DISK.

FOR USE AS A MEMORY RESIDENT PROGRAM

To use PC-OUTLINE as a memory resident program (where it is always instantly available at the touch of a key), start the program with PCO/r instead of just PCO. This tells PC-OUTLINE that you want to load the memory resident version instead. You will get a brief copyright message and PC-OUTLINE will be permanently resident in memory. To start PC-OUTLINE just press ^ (control backslash). The invoke key can be changed to anything you like using the separate program KEYSET.COM.

You may want to place the command $P C O / r$ in your autoexec.bat file so that PC-OUTLINE is automatically loaded each time you boot your computer. See the following section on other command parameter startup options to adjust the amount of memory that PC-OUTLINE will use. The default is about 128 k but can be adjusted as low as $90 k$.

If you are using $P C-O U T L I N E$ in the memory resident mode, you should regularly save your work. If one of the other programs that you are running should hang or cause your computer to crash, you will lose any un-saved outlines. It is a good practice to save your outlines before returning to your main application (the single keystroke ^S will accomplish this).

PC-OUTLINE is designed to be compatible with as many other memory-resident programs as possible. Because all memory resident programs have their own way of being memory resident, some conflicts are bound to exist. When you have problems, experiment with the order the programs are
loaded. Although we cannot tell you how PC-OUTLINE will interact with all other memory-resident programs, we do know that PC-OUTLINE itself will be the most reliable when it is loaded last. If another program also says that it wants to be loaded last, then you may need to experiment with the correct loading order for the two programs to work with one another. In general, you should load PC-OUTLINE after keyboard enhancers like Prokey. If you load PC-OUTLINE after SideKick, both programs will function fine except that you will not be able to invoke PC-OUTLINE from within SideKick.

## THE FIRST SCREEN

Once the program starts, the first screen is a message explaining the shareware distribution concept, how it works, how you can most benefit from it, and how you can help support it. To continue past this screen, press any key.

In the future, you may start the program by typing PCO /q to the dos prompt instead of just PCO and you will bypass the opening screen. It may be helpful to create a batch file that types the PCO /q for you each time. We do ask, however, that if you copy the program for someone, please do not supply them with the batch file that bypasses the shareware screen. It is to both our and your advantage to help as many users as possible both learn about and support the shareware concept.

## THE OPENING MENU

The opening menu offers you four choices. To choose one of the four options, either use the up and down arrow keys to select the option you want and press RET or just press the first letter of the desired option (i.e. press "o" to choose Open a New Outline). Pressing the ESC key will always abort the current operation.

OPEN A NEW OUTLINE

Enter any legal dos path or path and filename except do not use an extension on the eight character name. PC-OUTLINE will automatically add the extension .PCO. If you do not type a filename, then the file will be created
in the directory listed on the bottom line of the screen (known as the current directory). If you type the name of an outline that already exists, then it will be loaded rather than creating a new one with the same name.

LOAD AN EXISTING OUTLINE

Choose one of the existing outlines to load by pointing to it with the arrows and pressing RET. If no outlines exist in the current directory, then PC-OUTLINE will assume that you must want to create a new outline and will prompt you accordingly. If you realize that you are logged into the wrong directory or you change your mind for some other reason, you can always press ESC to back up a step.

CHANGE DRIVE/DIRECTORY

Enter the new current directory. This command obeys most of the same rules as dos. If you enter a full path name, then that becomes your new current directory. If you enter just a sub-directory name, then that is appended onto the existing directory path. To just change logged drives, just type "d:" where d is the desired drive.

QUIT
----
Choose this option to exit PC-OUTLINE and return to dos.

## OTHER COMMAND PARAMETER STARTUP OPTIONS

A command parameter option is a sequence of special characters typed after the program name when starting a program from dos. In the sections above we already introduced the command parameters "/r" and "/q". There are a number of other command parameters:
/b - forces the display to black and white
/s - makes screen activity faster on most non-IBM screens
/m = xxx specifies how much memory to reserve for outline data in the memory resident version. For example $/ \mathrm{m}=22$ would reserve 22 k for outline data. Since the program itself will occupy about 60 k , this would be a
/d - causes PC-OUTLINE to ignore the starting directory that you may have entered in the ADVANCED CONFIGURATION menu and instead use the current directory when PC-OUTLINE was started. This is useful if you keep most of your outlines in one directory (so you set the starting directory), but sometimes you want to start out with the current directory.

There are a number of parts to the normal working screen.
The bottom line usually contains a message indicating some of your current options. The end of the bottom row tells you how much free memory you have.

The 2 nd line from the bottom show the current ruler with left and right margins, tab stops and the current cursor position.

The next to last column is a status column that tells you information about the current line.

A blank means this line ends in wordwrap.
A period means this line is past the end of the outline. A dash means this line is the last line in an outline entry and there are no sub-entries.
A down arrow means this line is the last line in an outline entry and there are sub-entries.
A chevron means that this line ends in a hard carriage return.
Reverse video means that this outline entry has either its children or its text hidden.

The second column is a page break indication column. The last line of each page will show a square block.

The second row is a status line that lists the following:

- The current path/filename (only the last 20 characters are show here). The full filename can always be seen with the WINDOW LIST command.
- The amount of memory the outline occupies so far in K-bytes.
- The status of Insert/Overwrite for editing.
- Page, line, and column information.
- The current system time.
- The window number.

The top line shows the top level menu options.

HOW TO USE THE MENUS

The menu system is designed to be both easy to learn for the novice and quick to use for the experienced user. Because of this, there are several ways to invoke and use the menus - each method varies in speed and ease of use.

THE EASY WAY
The easiest way to use the menus is to press the INS key. This will start up the FILE menu. To choose one of the other menus, use the right and left arrow keys to position the menu along the menu bar. Within any one of the menus you may make a selection by either pointing to the desired option and pressing RET or by pressing the first letter of the desired option. Pressing the ESC key will always exit the current menu.

THE QUICK WAY \#1
To start directly in one of the menus, press the "/" key (forward slash) and then the first letter of the desired menu. Thus, to go immediately to the DISPLAY menu you would type /d or immediately to the OUTLINE menu would be /o. In order to actually use the / key in your text, just type it twice. Note that this key can be changed to whatever you like using the setup program called KEYSET.COM.

THE QUICK WAY \#2
An alternate way to start directly in one of the menus is to press Alt and the first letter of the desired menu. For example Alt-d would start the DISPLAY menu and Alt-o would start the OUTLINE menu.

SHORTCUT KEYSTROKES
In addition to choosing items through menus, many of the more common functions have single key shortcuts. If a menu item can also be accomplished with a shortcut keystroke, then that keystroke will be listed in parentheses in the menu. For example, in the OUTLINE menu, the option CREATE NEW OUTLINE ENTRY can also be done by just typing a control-N. In addition to the pre-defined shortcut keystrokes, you can create your own by using keyboard macros. See the section on macros in the description of the ADVANCED menu for more information.

HOW TO USE OPTION BOXES

Some menu selections will lead you to an option box where you will be presented with a number of different options to choose from. For example, selecting PARAGRAPH STYLE from the display menu, brings up an option box with the
choices left margin, right margin, paragraph alignment, and first line alignment. To change one of the options, use the up and down arrow keys to position the cursor in
the desired option. The bottom line of the screen should indicate what to do next depending upon what type of option it is.

When you have correctly specified one of the options, you can press RET to enter that new option and leave the option box or you can use the up and down arrow keys to set another option. If you use the up or down arrow keys to move to another option, the option you just changed will be updated and set and a mark will indicate you have changed that item. The item is already changed; pressing ESC will still leave that item changed.

If you are in the middle of changing an option and you decide you don't want to change it after all, you can press the ESC key. If that item has not yet been marked as changed, that particular option will remain unchanged and you will exit the option box.

The startup values for most of the parameters in the option boxes are contained in a special configuration file called PCO.CFG. Each time PC-OUTLINE is started it reads this file and loads the startup values from it. To set new default parameters, press the F10 key while in an option box and those parameters will be saved to the configuration file as they are listed in the option box.

Note that, when saving new values to the configuration file, PC-OUTLINE will look for the PCO.CFG file in the current directory from when you started PC-OUTLINE. If it is not there, then it will create one. If the current directory is not where you want the configuration file to normally be then you can enter a file/path name in the CONFIGURATION option box in the ADVANCED menu to direct where it will go.

There are basically three types of options:
NUMBERS
An option like a left margin requires a number. To change the left margin, simply enter a new number.

Some options offer you a series of choices. To change the option, you must pick a new choice. For example, paragraph alignment can be one of four choices: left aligned, right aligned, justified, centered. To toggle through the different choices, press the space bar. The left and right arrows also work for toggling. The right arrow works just like the space bar and the left arrow goes the reverse order through the choices.

If you already know which choice you want, you can just press the first letter of the desired choice. For example, pressing the letter "j" would select justified in the above example. Note that this can be useful when defining a macro because you can select a specific option without knowing what it was previously set to.

STRINGS
Some options require you to input some series of
characters. One such example would be a filename. In this case, you are free to edit the name as you type. The following keys are active: Home, End, INS, DEL,
Backspace, Left Arrow, and Right Arrow.

Once you have loaded PC-OUTLINE, passed the shareware screen, and started an outline file from the opening menu, you are ready to create an outline. The screen will show an "A." and then the cursor. The "A." indicates you are in the first outline element. To enter information into this first outline element, just type. The information in an outline element can be anything from a single word to a multi-page document. If you type enough words to get to the right margin, the cursor will automatically wrap around and start the next line.

CREATING THE SECOND OUTLINE ELEMENT

When you are ready to start a second outline element, press the INS key. This starts the FILE menu. Press the right arrow key to enter the OUTLINE menu. Now choose CREATE NEW OUTLINE ENTRY (note that you can also do this with the shortcut keystroke ${ }^{\wedge} N$ or $\left.{ }^{\wedge} R E T\right)$.

This will present you with a reverse video "B." positioned one line after the last piece of text in "A.". Notice that the bottom line of the screen now contains the message: "ENTER TEXT OR PRESS ARROWS TO MOVE THIS NEW ENTRY."

Before typing any other characters, you can make this new entry a sub-entry of "A." by pressing the right arrow. If it was already a sub-entry, you could promote it up a level by pressing the left arrow. You could also switch places with "A." by pressing the up arrow. The down arrow will switch back again. As soon as you type any characters, the "B." will change back to normal video and you can no longer move the entry in this manner and the message at the bottom of the screen will change back to the message about menus. There are other commands for moving the entry once you have typed characters.

By repeating this process of typing text and choosing CREATE NEW OUTLINE ENTRY, you can create as simple or complex an outline structure as you want.

A major advantage of organizing information in an outline structure is that you can hide levels of detail. Supposed we had the example outline listed below. If we position the cursor in element $B$. and select CURRENT ENTRY'S CHILDREN from the HIDE menu, the sub-entries (from now on referred to as children) of $B$. will disappear. Select CURRENT ENTRY'S CHILDREN from the SHOW menu and they will reappear. The GRAY PLUS key on the right side of the keyboard can be used as a shortcut to toggle the hide/unhide status of children.

Before hiding the children of $B$.
A. ---
B. --- Cursor position in this entry.

1.     -         -             - 
2. ---
3.     -         -             - 

C. ---

After hiding the children of $B$.
A. ---
B. ---
C. ---

After showing the children of B. again:
A. ---
B. ---

1. ---
2. ---
3. ---
C. ---

HIDING TEXT

Within any given outline element, you have three viewing choices. You may either see the entire entry (the default case), you may see either just the first line of the entry (we say the text is hidden), or the entire entry might be hidden as in the above section. To see just the first line of a multi-line entry, choose CURRENT ENTRY'S TEXT from the HIDE menu. To see the rest of the lines again, choose CURRENT ENTRY'S TEXT from the SHOW menu. The ${ }^{\wedge} P g D n$ key works as a shortcut toggle to alternately hide and show the multiple lines. Note also that typing any character (including a right arrow) in an entry automatically shows the multiple lines.

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Before hiding the text of $B$.
A. ---

---- ---- --- --- $----\quad$--- --- $---\quad$-- $---\quad$--- --- --
-- - - - -- - ---- ----- --- - - - --- ------

1. ---
2. ---
3. ---
C. ---

After hiding the text of B.
A. ---


1. ---
2. ---
3. ---
C. ---
```
HELP SCREEN
```

While in the main editing mode (not in any menus), pressing the Fl key will bring up a help screen that will list many of the keystrokes for outline editing.
^A - Find String Again
^B - Move Block
^C - Copy Block
^D - Delete Outline Family
${ }^{\wedge}$ E - Delete Block
${ }^{\wedge}$ F - Find String
${ }^{\wedge}$ G - Insert/Overwrite Toggle
${ }^{\wedge}$ H - Hide Children
^I - Indent Paragraph
^J - Join Outline Elements
^K - Key Define
${ }^{\wedge}$ L - Hide Level Children
$\wedge$ M - Move Outline Elements
${ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{N}$ - New Outline Element
$\wedge^{\wedge}$ - Indent and Hang
${ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{P}$ - Print
${ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{Q}$ - Copy Family
${ }^{\wedge}$ R - Find and Replace
${ }^{\wedge}$ S - Save Outline
${ }^{\wedge} \mathrm{T}$ - Paragraph Style
^U - Divide Outline Element
${ }^{\wedge} V$ - Center a paragraph
${ }^{\wedge}$ W - Move Family
${ }^{\wedge}$ X - Unindent a paragraph
${ }^{\wedge}$ Y - Delete Line
^Z - List Windows
F1 - Help Screen
F2 - Mark/Unmark
F3 - User Defined with macros
F4 - User Defined with macros
F5 - Promote current entry
F6 - Indent current entry
F7 - Promote marks
F8 - Indent marks
F9 - Copy marks to current location
F10- Move marks to current location
${ }^{\wedge}$ F1 - Begin Underline
${ }^{\wedge}$ F2 - End Underline
^F3 - Begin Boldface
^F4 - End Boldface
^F5 - Begin Italics
^F6 - End Italics
^F7 - Superscript
^F8 - Subscript
^F9 - End Both Scripts
^F10- Insert Non-Break Space

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Alt F1 - Toggle Code Display
Alt F2 - Clear all marks
Alt F3 -
Alt F4 -
Alt F5 -
Alt F6 -
Alt F7 -

```
Alt F8 -
Alt F9 - Copy all marks to be children of the current entry
Alt F1O- Move all marks to be children of the current entry
Shift F1 - Insert Static Date
Shift F2 - Insert Live Date
Shift F3 - Insert Static Time
Shift F4 - Insert Live Time
Shift F5 - Begin Doublestrike
Shift F6 - End Doublestrike
Shift F7 -
Shift F8 -
Shift F9 -
Shift F1O-
Shift Right - Word right
Shift Left - Word left
Shift Up - Up one outline entry on same level
Shift Down - Down one outline entry on same level
Shift Home - Top File
Shift End - End File
Shift PgUp - Paragraph Up
Shift PgDn - Paragraph Down
Shift DEL - Delete too end of line
Shift INS - Ins/Overwrite toggle
^Right - Delete word right
^Left - Delete word left
^Home - Top File
^End - End File
^PgUp - Jump to parent
^PgDn - Text hide toggle
Gray Plus - Children Hide/Unhide Toggle
Gray Minus - Zoom
Alt 1-9 - Switch directly to Window #
```

PC-OUTLINE uses a printer driver in order to have the capability of supporting a number of different printers. Each printer driver is a special file format containing the printer codes for the desired printer for the print features that PC-OUTLINE uses. The disk that PC-OUTLINE comes on has as many printer drivers as we currently have available. To find out if your printer is supported, run the program on the disk called PCPRINT.COM by typing PCPRINT to the dos prompt. If your printer is not specified in the list, then you have two choices:

1) You may choose to not use any special print features. Normal printing will most likely work even if your printer is not specifically supported.
2) You may create your own printer driver by entering the codes yourself in the PRINT CONFIGURATION menu in PC-OUTLINE and saving them to a new printer driver file. Note you should change the printer driver name also to avoid conflicts with the already existing drivers.

USING PC-OUTLINE ON A HARD DISK

It is possible to set up PC-OUTLINE so that you can start it from anywhere on your hard disk by just typing a simple three letter name. You will never again need to worry about which directory you are in when you want to run PC-OUTLINE. Dos will automatically find the program, run it, and PC-OUTLINE will set the starting directory as desired. To accomplish this, follow these steps:

1) Set up a directory on your hard disk where you wish to keep your PC-OUTLINE files. For purposes of explanation, I will refer to a directory called C: \OUTLINE (you can use any name you want).
2) Copy the files PCO.EXE, PCO.CFG, and the appropriate printer driver to the C:\OUTLINE directory.
3) Add the following command to your autoexec.bat file: SET PCO=C: \OUTLINE \PCO.CFG.
4) Set a path to the outline directory (preferably in your autoexec.bat file so it is always set). For example, use the command "PATH C:\OUTLINE".
5) Now, from anywhere on your hard disk, you can type PCO. The DOS path will find the batch file PCO.EXE
and run it. PC-OUTLINE will look in the dos environment (where the $\mathrm{SET} \mathrm{PCO}=$ command is stored) and find out where to look for the configuration file. The configuration file will tell PC-OUTLINE what directory to start off with for outline files (set in the CONFIGURATION option box in the ADVANCED menu. It sounds complicated, but once you have set it up, all you have to type is "PCO" and your path, the SET command, and the configuration file will do all the rest.

## SITE LICENSES AND BUNDLING ARRANGEMENTS

Corporate site licenses and bundling arrangements are available direct from Brown Bag Software.

Site licenses can be used to distribute large quantities of PC-OUTLINE and its documentation within a specific organization at very reasonable prices (hundreds of dollars less per copy than competing products). All users under a site license can become registered users at no extra fee and are automatically notified of updates.

Bundling arrangements can be used to distribute copies of PCㅇOUTLINE in order to promote some other product or service.

Note that neither of these activities is permitted under the limited license granted to all users of PC-OUTLINE without the expressed written consent of Brown Bag Software.

## REGISTRATION FORM

If you purchased PC-OUTLINE directly from Brown Bag Software in your own name, then your copy is already registered and you will recieve all the benefits of registration. You do not need to send in a registration form.

If you received PC-OUTLINE some other way, you may register your copy by filling out the following form and mailing it to the listed address along with $\$ 89.95+\$ 5.00$ Shipping You will promptly receive a printed manual and the latest version of PC-OUTLINE. We will also place you on our update list so that you will automatically be notified of any PCOUTLINE updates.

In addition, you will be supporting software distributed under the shareware concept and will be contributing to the further development of PC-OUTLINE and other shareware products.

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ZIP

How did you first learn about PC-OUTLINE or where did you first obtain a copy of PC-OUTLINE?

