

#1\$<sup>2</sup>K<sup>3</sup>{bmc deb.bmp} Debug Event Browser

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#4\$567General Overview

**Debug Event Browser (DEB)** is a Win32 application demonstrating the Win32 debug API. This preliminary version of **DEB** only performs the most rudimentary debugging operations. **DEB** is not a debugger in the traditional sense but a browser which merely displays the debug events occurring in a debuggee. The handling of debug events is restricted only to those actions which are necessary to display event information and continue the debuggee.

**This Sample is brought to you by:**  
**Microsoft Developer Support**  
**Developed by Paul Tissue**

4# GenOverview  
5\$ General Overview  
6K Overview - General  
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#<sup>8</sup><sup>9</sup><sup>10</sup><sup>11</sup><sup>12</sup>Programming Overview

The **Debug Event Browser (DEB)** sample demonstrates the following Win32 debug API features:

Debug Event Handler

Modifying a Thread's Context

Reading the Executable's Header

8# ProgOverview

9\$ Programming Overview

10K Programming

11K Overview - Programming

12K Overviews

#<sup>13</sup>\$<sup>14</sup>K<sup>15</sup>K<sup>16</sup>K<sup>17</sup>K<sup>18</sup>Debug Event Handler

The debug event handler is responsible for the processing of the debug events.

13# Handler

14\$ Debug Event Handler

15K Debug Event Handler

16K Debug API

17K WaitForDebugEvent

18K ContinueDebugEvent

```

// *****
// FUNCTION : DebugEventThread( DWORD )
// PURPOSE  : Main debug event processing loop
// COMMENTS : The same debugger thread which creates a debuggee process or
//             attaches to a currently running process must also handle all
//             the debug events for that process.
// *****
DWORD WINAPI
DebugEventThread( DWORD UserDefinedValue )
{
    DEBUG_EVENT DebugEvent;

    for(;;) {
        if( !WaitForDebugEvent( &DebugEvent, INFINITE ) )
            continue;
        switch( DebugEvent.dwDebugEventCode ) {
            case EXCEPTION_DEBUG_EVENT:
                // ...
                switch( DebugEvent.u.Exception.ExceptionRecord.ExceptionCode
                    case EXCEPTION_ACCESS_VIOLATION:
                        // ...handle exception
                        break;
                    case EXCEPTION_BREAKPOINT:
                        // ...handle exception
                        break;
                    //...
                    default: // An unknown exception occurred
                        // ...handle exception
                        break;
                }
            case CREATE_THREAD_DEBUG_EVENT:
                // ...handle debug event
                break;
            case CREATE_PROCESS_DEBUG_EVENT:
                // ...handle debug event
                break;
            // ...
            default:
                // ...handle debug event
                break;
        }
        //-- default action - just continue
        ContinueDebugEvent( DebugEvent.dwProcessId, DebugEvent.dwThreadId,
            DBG_CONTINUE );
    }

    return( NULL );
}

```

#<sup>19</sup>\$<sup>20</sup>K<sup>21</sup>K<sup>22</sup>K<sup>23</sup>K<sup>24</sup>Reading the Executable's Header

Reading the information stored in the executable's headers is important for obtaining such things as symbolic information and details about the object.

19# Header

20\$ Reading the Executable's Header

21K Executable Header

22K Image Header

23K Debug API

24K ReadProcessMemory

```

// *****
// FUNCTION : GetModuleFileNameFromHeader( HANDLE, HANDLE, DWORD, LPTSTR,
DWORD )
// PURPOSE  : Retrieves the DLL module name for a given file handle of a
//            the module.  Reads the module name from the EXE header.
// COMMENTS :
//            Retrieves only the module name and not the pathname.  Returns the
//            number of characters copied to the buffer, else returns 0.
// *****
DWORD
GetModuleFileNameFromHeader( HANDLE hProcess, HANDLE hFile, DWORD BaseOfDll,
LPTSTR lpszPath, DWORD cchPath )
{
#define IMAGE_SECOND_HEADER_OFFSET    (15 * sizeof(ULONG)) // relative to
file beginning
#define IMAGE_BASE_OFFSET             (13 * sizeof(DWORD)) // relative
to PE header base
#define IMAGE_EXPORT_TABLE_RVA_OFFSET (30 * sizeof(DWORD)) // relative to
PE header base
#define IMAGE_NAME_RVA_OFFSET         offsetof(IMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY,
Name)

WORD    DosSignature;
DWORD   NtSignature;
DWORD   dwNumberOfBytesRead = 0;
DWORD   PeHeader, ImageBase, ExportTableRVA, NameRVA;

/-- verify that the handle is not NULL
if( !hFile ) {
    lstrcpy( lpszPath, "Invalid File Handle" );
    return( 0 );
}

/-- verify that the handle is for a disk file
if( GetFileType(hFile) != FILE_TYPE_DISK ) {
    lstrcpy( lpszPath, "Invalid File Type" );
    return( 0 );
}

/-- Extract the filename from the EXE header
SetFilePointer( hFile, 0L, NULL, FILE_BEGIN );
ReadFile( hFile, &DosSignature, sizeof(DosSignature), &dwNumberOfBytesRead,
(LPOVERLAPPED) NULL);

/-- verify DOS signature found
if( DosSignature != IMAGE_DOS_SIGNATURE ) {
    wsprintf( lpszPath, TEXT( "Bad MZ Signature: 0x%x" ), DosSignature );
    return( 0 );
}

SetFilePointer( hFile, IMAGE_SECOND_HEADER_OFFSET, (LPLONG) NULL,
FILE_BEGIN );
ReadFile( hFile, &PeHeader, sizeof(PeHeader), &dwNumberOfBytesRead,
(LPOVERLAPPED) NULL );
SetFilePointer( hFile, PeHeader, (LPLONG) NULL, FILE_BEGIN );
ReadFile( hFile, &NtSignature, sizeof(NtSignature), &dwNumberOfBytesRead,
(LPOVERLAPPED) NULL);

```

```

//-- verify Windows NT (PE) signature found
if( NtSignature != IMAGE_NT_SIGNATURE ) {
    wsprintf( lpszPath, TEXT( "Bad PE Signature: 0x%x" ), DosSignature );
    return( 0 );
}

SetFilePointer( hFile, PeHeader + IMAGE_BASE_OFFSET, (LPLONG) NULL,
    FILE_BEGIN );
ReadFile( hFile, &ImageBase, sizeof(ImageBase), &dwNumberOfBytesRead,
    (LPOVERLAPPED) NULL);
SetFilePointer( hFile, PeHeader + IMAGE_EXPORT_TABLE_RVA_OFFSET,
    (LPLONG) NULL, FILE_BEGIN );
ReadFile( hFile, &ExportTableRVA, sizeof(ExportTableRVA),
    &dwNumberOfBytesRead, (LPOVERLAPPED) NULL);

//-- now read from the virtual address space in the process
ReadProcessMemory( hProcess,
    (LPVOID) (BaseOfDll + ExportTableRVA + IMAGE_NAME_RVA_OFFSET),
    &NameRVA, sizeof(NameRVA), &dwNumberOfBytesRead );
lstrcpy( lpszPath, "Empty!" );
if( !ReadProcessMemory( hProcess,
    (LPVOID) (BaseOfDll + NameRVA),
    lpszPath, cchPath, &dwNumberOfBytesRead ) )
    lstrcpy( lpszPath, "Access Denied!" );

return( dwNumberOfBytesRead );
}

```



## #25\$26K27K28K29K30K31 Modifying a Thread's Context

The ability to query and modify a thread's context is one of the more powerful features of the Win32 debug API set.

```
// *****
// FUNCTION : SkipThreadBreakPoint( HANDLE );
// PURPOSE  : Skip over the break point instruction belonging to
//            hThread.
// COMMENTS :
//            Only the MIPS R4x00 and Alpha AXP require this.
// *****
BOOL
SkipBreakPoint( HANDLE hThread )
{
    static CONTEXT Context;

    Context.ContextFlags = CONTEXT_CONTROL;
    if( !GetThreadContext( hThread, &Context ) )
        return( FALSE );
    Context.Eip += 4L; // Eip is the PC (program counter)
                    // BREAK (breakpoint instruction) occupies 4
bytes
    SetThreadContext( hThread, &Context );

    return( TRUE );
}
```

25# Context

26\$ Modifying a Thread's Context

27K Thread Context

28K Context

29K Debug API

30K GetThreadContext

31K SetThreadContext

### #<sup>32</sup>\$<sup>33</sup>K<sup>34</sup>How To Use The Toolbar

The Toolbar allows quick and convenient access to several **Debug Event Browser** options simply with the click of the mouse.

{bmc toolbar.bmp}

32# Toolbar  
33\$ Toolbar  
34K Toolbar

#<sup>35</sup>\$<sup>36</sup>K<sup>37</sup>K<sup>38</sup>File Menu Commands

Allows the user to select the debuggee for this application.

**Open...**

Displays a dialog box that will allow you to open and run an executable file using a common dialog box. This executable file will become the debuggee.

**Attach...**

Displays a dialog box that will allow you to select a currently running process to attach to. This process will become the debuggee.

**Exit**

Exits the **Debug Event Browser** application.

35# File

36\$ File Menu

37K File Menu

38K Menu Commands

#<sup>39</sup>\$<sup>40</sup>K<sup>41</sup>K<sup>42</sup>Edit Menu Commands

Allows the user to copy text to the clipboard.

**Cut**

Copies the text in the Debug Event window and then delete it from the window.

**Copy**

Copies the text in the Debug Event window.

**Delete**

Deletes the text in the Debug Event window.

39# Edit

40\$ Edit Menu

41K Edit Menu

42K Menu Commands

#<sup>43</sup>\$<sup>44</sup>K<sup>45</sup>K<sup>46</sup>Options Menu Commands

Allows the user to set various options and preferences for this application.

**Fonts...**

Displays a dialog box that will allow you to set the font for the Debug Event window.

**Background Color...**

Displays a dialog box that will allow you to set the background color for the Debug Event window.

**Preferences...**

Displays a dialog box that will allow you to set the options and preferences for this application.

**Toolbar**

Displays the Tool Bar when checked.

**Use Saved Directory**

This menu option will set the default directory to the one that was previously saved. This only occurs when checked.

**Save Settings On Exit**

This menu option will save all the current session settings upon exiting. This only occurs when checked.

**Save Settings Now**

This menu option will save all the current session settings now.

43# Options

44\$ Options Menu

45K Options Menu

46K Menu Commands

#### #<sup>47</sup>\$<sup>48</sup>K<sup>49</sup>K<sup>50</sup> Help Menu Commands

Displays various types of information regarding to the **Debug Event Browser** application.

#### **Contents**

Displays the contents of the Online Help.

#### **Search for Help on...**

Displays a list of keywords to search for Online Help topics.

#### **How to use Help**

Displays the instructions for using the Online Help facilities.

#### **About Debug Event Browser..**

Displays product information about the **Debug Event Browser**.

47# Help

48\$ Help Menu

49K Help Menu

50K Menu Commands

## #<sup>51</sup>\$<sup>52</sup>K<sup>53</sup> Keyboard Commands

The keyboard commands allows quick and convenient access to several **Debug Event Browser** options using simple key combinations.

### Control Keys

#### **Ctrl+A**

Attaches to a currently running process and begins debugging it.

#### **Ctrl+C**

Copies the text in the Debug Event window.

#### **Ctrl+O**

Opens an executable and debugs it.

#### **Ctrl+X**

Copies the text in the Debug Event window and then delete it from the window.

### Alternate Keys

#### **Alt+F4**

Exits the **Debug Event Browser**.

### Single Keys

#### **F1**

Invokes the help file for the **Debug Event Browser**.

#### **Del**

Deletes the text in the Debug Event window.

51# Keyboard

52\$ Keyboard Commands

53K Keyboard Commands

