

Covering the TI99/4A, the Myarc 9640 and compatibles

# MICROpendium

Volume 5 Number 7

August 1988

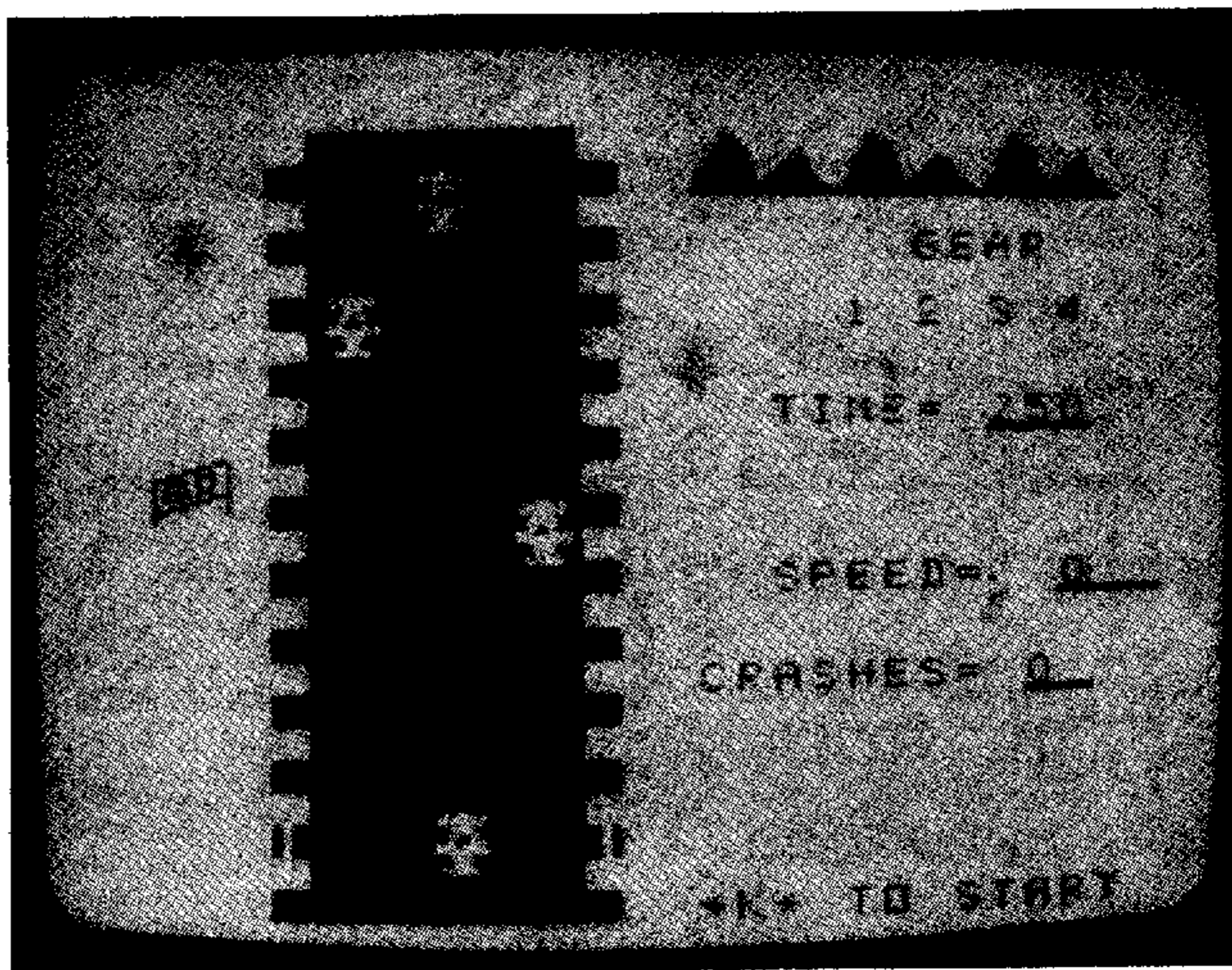
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- News about upcoming Geneve software, and a program to set the Geneve's clock
- Reviews of the Gramulator and Barrage

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Foreign subscriptions are \$25.25 (Canada and Mexico); \$23.50, surface mail to other countries; \$37 airmail to other countries.

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Source: TI4596

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GeNie: John Koloen

John Koloen.....Publisher  
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#### Programming conventions

Here are some tips to help you when entering programs from MICROpendium:

1. All BASIC and Extended BASIC programs are run through Checksum, the numbers that follow exclamation at the end of each program line. Do not enter these numbers or exclamation points. Checksum was published in the November 1987 edition.
2. Long XBASIC lines are entered by inputting until the screen stops accepting characters, pressing Enter, pressing FCTN REDO, cursoring to the end of the line and continuing input.

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# Comments

## Background on the chips

There are a number of long, somewhat technical articles this month, including a piece on the 9918A VDP chip by Tony Lewis. While the information in the article isn't likely to send many readers into soaring flights of fancy, it is readable and provides a solid background on the inner workings of this small but significant piece of silicon. Next month Tony will be following with an article on the Yamaha 9938 VDP chip, which is used in the Geneve. We hope this provides some insight for 9640 users.

### GENEVE DEVELOPMENTS

#### Several things:

- MDOS 1.06 has been released, as has GPL 1.02 and Myarc Disk Manager V Ver. 1.21. MDOS 1.06, running with GPL 1.02, allows users to automatically load programs from powerup. I find it to be very handy and a welcome feature. Also, the Print Screen function works.

- A timetable of software releases is published elsewhere, including Pascal, Advanced BASIC, MY-Pro-Art (an extensive rewriting of MY-Art), and GEME. I've seen an unfinished version of GEME (a windowing, mouse-driven, multi-tasking environment) and it looks impressive. Through the use of up to four user-defined windows, users can load and run four programs simultaneously and jump between them with a click of the mouse.

- MICROpendium will publish a question and answer column about the Geneve and other Myarc products (such as the hard and floppy disk controller card) starting next month. Anyone with questions they'd like us to ask is encouraged to drop us a line.

- Last month we published a list of software that readers most wanted to see running on the Geneve. Here is information about the software, provided by Myarc.

A number of programs that were mentioned by readers already work on the Geneve, including Plato, Logo II, Personal Record

Keeping, Disk Managers I, II and III, Donkey Kong (run at speed 2), Submarine Commander and River Rescue. Geneve users who have not been able to get these cartridges to run on their 9640s are advised to send Myarc a good copy of the non-working program on disk. Send it to Myarc Alabama office (2624 Ranier Dr., Birmingham, AL 35215).

While readers want to see Q\*Bert running on the Geneve, as well as Ms. Pacman and other Atari-type cartridges, the company is legally restricted from modifying the cartridges. Non-cartridge software, such as 99/4A Spell Check, like the Atari cartridges, is copyrighted and Myarc can't do anything to modify it without infringing on the copyright.

### UPCOMING SOFTWARE

I expect to see a number of new programs being released for the TI and the Geneve between now and November, possibly including a word processor like no other in use on the TI.

### HARD AND FLOPPY DISK CONTROLLER

Myarc shipped hundreds of HFDC cards in August. At this point, the card is used as a hard-disk controller only the Geneve. On the TI, it serves as both a hard and floppy disk controller.

One word of caution, which comes from experience: be careful when pulling the thing out of your PEB. Apparently, if the card is pulled out haphazardly, it can short out against the back of the PEB. I recommend that if you take the card out, have the PEB powered-down for five minutes and then, very carefully lift the card out absolutely straight so that the portion of it that sticks out of the computer doesn't brush against the PEB. Use two hands to do it. This advice comes after having blown the card out through carelessness.

Next month I'll detail my experiences in setting up a hard-disk system. —JK

## Reviewed in MICROpendium

### 1984

**February:** B-1 Nuclear Bomber, Tandon TM-100 Disk Drive, Void, Beanstalk Adventure, Microsurgeon, On Gaming, Database 500.

**March:** Star Trek, Escape From Balthazar, Gargon's Getaway, Sky Diver, Mail-Call, Prowriter 8510 Printer.

**April:** Monthly Budget\$ Master, Budget Master, Home Budget, Thief, Donkey Kong, Khe Sanh.

**May:** Companion Word Processor, Q\*Bert, Mad-Dog I & II, Programs for the TI Home Computer.

**June:** Creative Expressions Accounts Receivable/Accounts Payable, CDC 9409 Disk Drive, Starship Concord, Lost Treasure of the Aztec, ASW Tactics II.

**July:** Theon Raiders, Introduction to Assembly Language for the TI Home Computer, Game of Wit, Pole Position

**August:** TE 1200, Tower, Galactic Battle, Galaxy

**September:** Wycove Forth, 99/4 Auto Spell-Check, QUICKCOPYer, Wizard's Dominion, Anchor Automation Mk XII Modem

**October:** Killer Caterpillar, ZORK I, Defender

**November:** 9900 Disk Controller Card/Manager, Super Bugger, Transtar 120S printer, Floppy-Copy, Data Base-X

**December:** Gravity Master, Data Base Manager System, Learning 99/4A Assembly Language Programming

### 1985

**January:** Super Sketch, Foundation Computing 128K Card, PTERM-99, TI-Runner

**February:** Super Extended BASIC, Beginning Assembly Language for the TI, ZORK II

**March:** Morning Star Software CP/M Card, WDS/100 Winchester Disk Drive, Sketch Mate, BMC Color Monitor

**April:** 9900 Micro Expansion System, Disk + Aid, Gemini 10X-15X

**May:** Character Sets and Graphics Design, Draw 'N Plot

**June:** GRAPHX, DATA BASE I

**July:** Acorn 99, Advanced Diagnostics

**August:** Model Dow-4 Gazelle, TI-Artist, PC-KEYS, Not-Polyoptics' Bankroll

**September:** Midnite Mason, Myarc 32K/128K Card, GRAPHX Companion

**October:** 4A/TALK, Extended BASIC II Plus, XB Detective, Console Writer 2.a

**November:** Foundation Z80A/80-column cards, 9900BASIC, Adventure Editor

**December:** Display Enhancement Package, Triple Tech

### 1986

**January:** BITMAC, Starcross

**February:** Night Mission, Peripheral Diagnostic Module, BA-Writer

**March:** Super Duper, Tunnels of Doom Editor, Business Graphs 99

**April:** U.S. Open Tennis, PRBASE

**May:** 4A Flyer, GRAM Kracker, Artist's Companion

**June:** Myarc Disk Controller Card, Maximem

**July:** Horizon RAMdisk, Old Dark Caves, Funlwriter, TI99/4A Macro Assembler

**August:** JOYPAINT 99, GPL Assembler, TI99/4A Intern. GPL Linker

**September:** Mechatronic 128K Card

**October:** TI-Forth Utilities, CurComp Memory Plus

**November:** Submarine Commander, PEP, MAX-RLE

**December:** GK Utility I and II and GRAM Packer, X-10

Powerhouse, RAVE 99/101.

### 1987

**January:** MG DISKASSEMBLER, Myarc XBII

**February:** TI-Tax, Mechatronic Mouse

**March:** Wycove Forth version 3.0, DIIT Systems RGB Conversion Kit, Spad XIII Flight Simulator

**April:** Geneve 9640, Disk Utilities

**May:** QS-Solitaire, Geneve 9640 (Part 2), Technical Drive, Console Calc

**June:** Character Sets and Graphic Design III, Writerease Ver. 1.1, 4A DOS, Prescan\_It

**July:** Junkman Junior, Avatex 1200/1200hc modem, Bubble Plane

**August:** Prostiek, The Brain, Rocketman, Menu Ver. 6.3

**September:** TI-IBM Connection, Super Extended BASIC

**October:** Fontwriter, Mechatronic 80-Column Card, Star NP-10 printer

**November:** Legends, Music Preprocessor, QS-Wheel, Spin-to-Win

**December:** Remind Me, Certificate 99, Myart-Art and Myarc Mouse

### 1988

**January:** Quik Font, EZ-Keys

**February:** Disk Utilities 4.0

**March:** Telco, String Master, Epson LX-800 printer

**April:** Super Space II, PC-Transfer, Calendar Maker, Archiver II Ver. 2.4

**May:** Plus!

**June:** Captain's Wheel 32K Memory Expansion, Desk Top Publisher Ver. 1.0, Textlink

**July:** Artist Enlarger

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# Feedback

## Don't be too hard on software makers

While I don't wish to be overly critical of the central point that Mr. Schmidt was attempting to make in his letter (June 1988), there are a couple of major factors that he needs to consider before coming down so hard on the producers of TI software.

(1) Vendors in the TI world have neither the budget nor the manpower of "Big Blue."

(2) Most vendors realize that even if they could produce what he is asking for, owners of an *orphaned* computer are not going to pay the prices required to offset time and expense.

The present situation is not likely to change in the near future. Our best hope is that producers will continue making software available to a dwindling number of users, and that, as a group, we fill in the missing pieces.

Ernie Pergrem  
Palatine, Illinois

## Machine routines obtained in UK

We (TI\*MES, a United Kingdom users group) have now obtained — from US and Australian user groups — machine code routines for our unexpanded owners, who only need a 32K RAM to be able — using *cassette* — to merge programs from tape, and to save and load XB programs up to 22K. We also have the ability to supply them with many of the machine code programs we have (for instance we have a paid license to copy Micro Pinball for our members — a superb program!

One product in need of a review is the Bunyard manual, advertised for some months now. I gather a number of people have seen the ad and not ordered as they thought it was little more than a reprint of the TI technical manual. It is a *great* deal more.

A challenge: Using TI Base, emulate Personal Record Keeping plus Personal Report Generator. This should result in programmers becoming thoroughly at home using TI Base. It should give us a faster PRK!

And it will add a useful utility to the TI family.

Stephen Shaw  
Stockport, Cheshire, England

## Video Chess fix needed by user

Since subscribing to your magazine in January, I have found it to be an invaluable source of information on the TI and Geneve 9640. It is a relief to discover that the problems I've experienced with the Geneve were not unique and that Myarc, your staff and your readers are making significant progress to solving these problems.

Regarding the Geneve I have a couple of quick comments regarding the June issue. First, the list of TI programs that do not run as they should on the Geneve did not include Video Chess. Has a fix already been made, and if so, how could I order it? Second, while it is true that the fire button does not work on Pole Position, hitting the HOME key does what the fire button is supposed to.

Finally, would you be able to list vendors who either already do or are planning to carry Geneve software?

My continuing thanks to your staff for remembering that there are a large number of dedicated, contented computer users outside of the IBM-Apple-Commodore-Atari world.

Eric Wilson  
Fremont, California

*For you and other latecomers who didn't know, a fix to Video Chess was published in the November 1987 MICROpendium. We are not sure of all the software that works with the 9640, nor do vendors always test that compatibility before releasing it, though we agree a list would be a good idea.— Ed.*

## Thank-you note

My TI99/4A experience has been one of friendship, caring and ongoing education from the very beginning as Tlers autopiloted me from near and afar via letter directives as to its use and equipping.

While my TI and I "work" to help out in various ways at Marian Hall, it is informally and as a resident whose interest is deeply personal. After 40 years as a B.V.M.

sister, the last eight years here due to a lung impairment, my commitment to "break shells" Ray Kazmer mentioned (Feedback, July '88) is an effort to add quality to the lives around me, to bring light and change into the darkness of confusion or simply a conversation starter in what could easily be a closed environment — be it through banners I color, music, or visual impact combined with sound. Being decades younger than most of our 135 residents, I sometimes see, hear and perceive differently.

Thank you each and every one who has helped me and enabled me to help others.

To name any person might be to miss one so please accept a general thank you to a fantastic network of caring, generous people.

Sister Pat Taylor, B.V.M.  
Dubuque, Iowa

## Program problems

Archiver II Vn. 2.4 will not work with my Geneve. I get a screen full of checkers for a split second, then the system locks up. I sent \$10 to Barry Boone and he called me from school. I told him of the problem and he couldn't help.

Fast Term by J. Peter Hoddie runs very poorly and I have had to guess at some key presses to get by the second screen. A shame, the original FT ran great with the 99/4A. I spent five hours downloading archived files from The Source only to find that I couldn't unpack and run them (even on another TI). My system has the CorComp disk controller card and NEC Multisync Monitor.

Ali Ulgen  
Seven Hills, Ohio

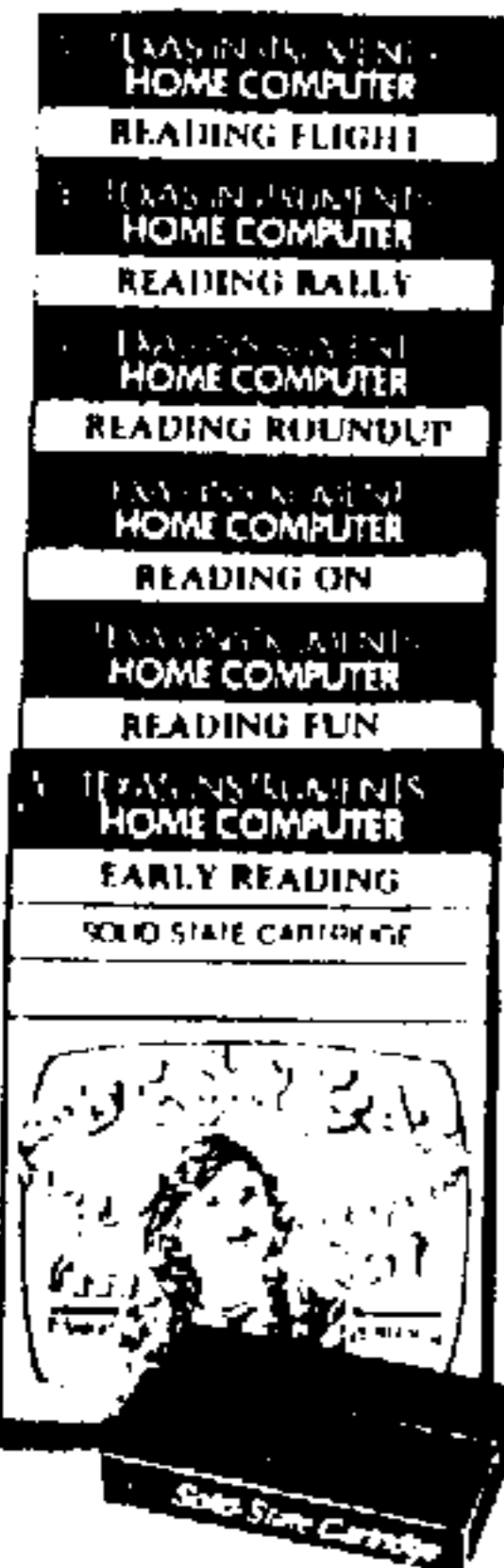
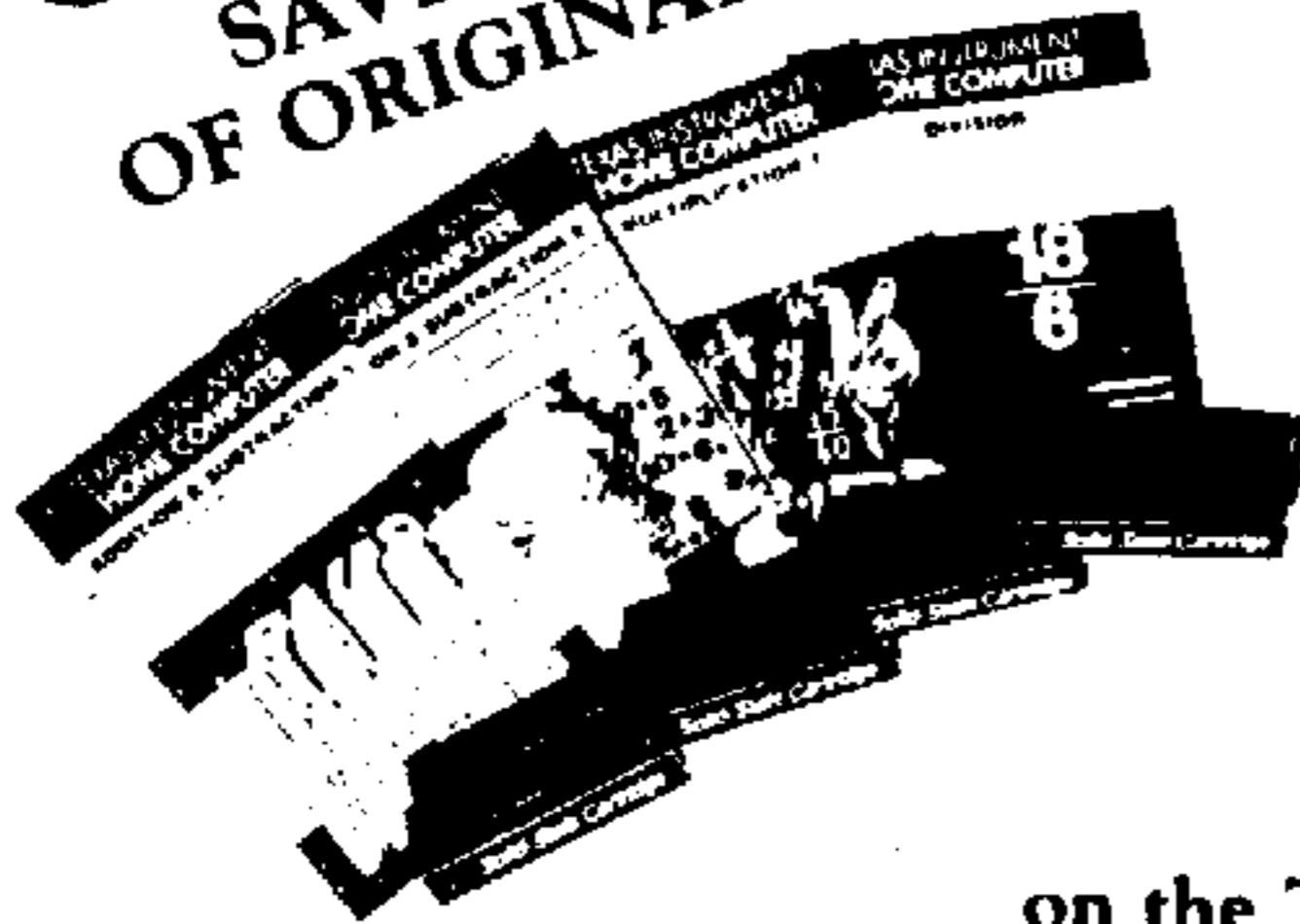
*It's difficult to say what the problem with Archiver II is, in view of the fact that you've already contacted the author. We assume that it runs on a 99/4A and that the problem wouldn't be the result of a bad data bit. We have been running Ver. 2.4 for several months without a problem. Perhaps other readers might have a suggestion.—Ed.*

*Feedback is a reader forum. The editor may condense excessively lengthy submissions if necessary. We ask that writers limit themselves to one subject per submission. Our only requirement is that submissions be of interest to those using the TI99/4A or compatibles. Send items to MICROpendium: P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.*





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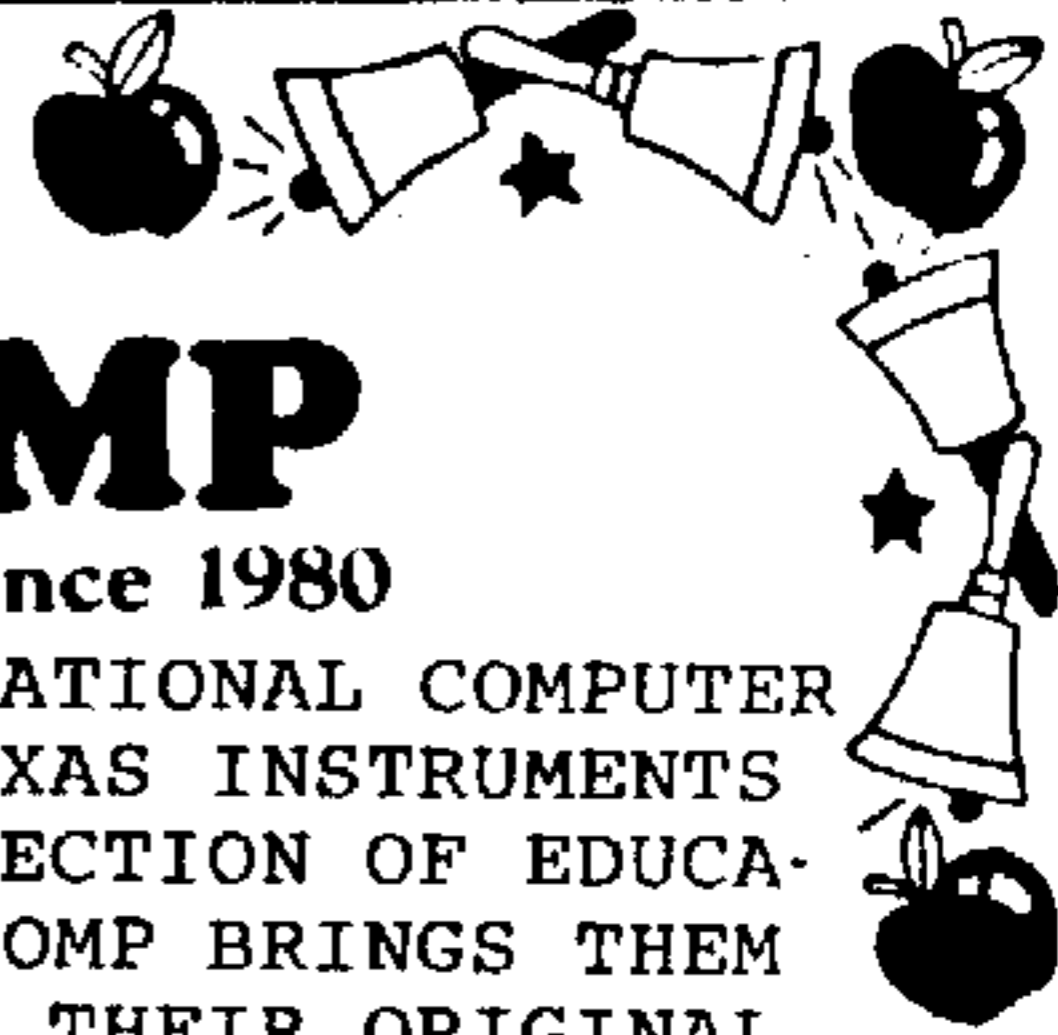


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## BASIC

## Some basics of BASIC

By REGENA

This month I'm going to discuss several of the fundamental BASIC commands that you might use in programming, plus answer some of the questions I have received recently.

You may have noticed program listings in which every line ends with an exclamation point and then a number. All BASIC programs in MICROpendium since the November 1987 issue have this format. When you are copying the program, *do not* type these extra characters on the line. The program has been processed through Tom Freeman's CHECKSUM program. These numbers help you enter a program correctly. When you type in a program using the Checksum program, you compare your checksum with the published number to make sure each line is correct. Refer to the October 1987 issue of MICROpendium for an explanation of the Checksum program. You may contact Tom Freeman through the LA 99ers Computer Group (P.O. Box 3547, Gardena, CA 90247-7247).

I can't seem to emphasize this next concept enough. If you are using a disk drive system and not using your program for file processing other than saving and loading your program, use CALL FILES(1) then press ENTER. Then type NEW and press ENTER. The screen will clear and the screen looks just like the beginning BASIC screen. Now you may load or type in a program and proceed normally. Many of my programs need this procedure to run without a MEMORY FULL error. I use the CALL FILES(1) procedure as standard practice every time I sit down at my TI to program.

TI BASIC has several built-in features (other computers may need special utility programs) that you have available when you program. Use the command NUM (for NUMBER) to number your lines automatically. This is equivalent to the commands AUTO on other computers. A line number appears at the left of the screen. Type in your BASIC statement, then press ENTER. Your line is entered and the next line number is automatically printed. To get out of the automatic numbering mode, simply press ENTER without typing anything else after the line number.

Notice that when you type NUM and press ENTER, the first line number is 100. Subsequent line numbers increment by 10. You may start the automatic line numbering anywhere by specifying a line number after NUM. For example, NUM 800 will start with Line 800, and NUM 57 will start with Line 57.

You may also specify the line increments by adding a comma and an increment value. The general form of this command is NUM n,i where n is the beginning line number and i is the increment. Here are some examples of this command.

Command	Line numbers
NUM	100, 110, 120, 130, . . .
NUM 500	500, 510, 520, 530, . . .
NUM 200,5	200, 205, 210, 215, . . .
NUM 650,50	650, 700, 750, 800, . . .
NUM 10,1	10, 11, 12, 13, . . .
NUM ,20	100, 120, 140, 160, . . .

By the way, the reason most of us number our program lines by 10s is so you can later add lines more easily if needed. TI BASIC does not allow multiple-statement lines, so to insert a statement between two existing statements, a new line number must be used.

For example, if you have a Line 150 and a Line 160 and need to insert a statement between them, you may type 155 and the new statement. All TI BASIC statements must be numbered, and they will be automatically placed in the program in numerical order even if they are typed in a different order.

Another command very useful to programmers is RES (for RESequence). Other computers may use the command RENUM (for RENUMBER). This command will make all the line numbers in your existing program sequential by a common increment. Any line numbers referred to in other statements will be automatically changed to the new numbering system. For example, if you have GOSUB 255 in your original programming and resequencing makes the old Line 255 become Line 320, the GOSUB 255 becomes GOSUB 320.

The general form for RES is RES n,i where n is the beginning line number for the first line of the program, and i is the increment between line numbers. This command works much like the NUM command.

Command	New line numbers
RES	100, 110, 120, 130, . . .
RES 200	200, 210, 220, 230, . . .
RES 300,5	300, 305, 310, 315, . . .
RES 500,50	500, 550, 600, 650 . . .
RES 1,1	1, 2, 3, 4, . . .
RES ,5	100, 105, 110, 115, . . .

I use NUM and RES quite often while I'm programming. For example, when I start programming, I type NUM to write the beginning lines of my program starting with Line 100 and incrementing by 10. I might start major sections of my program at Lines 1000, 2000 and 3000. Each time I start a new section I can use NUM n to start the automatic line numbers. For example, NUM 1000 will start the line numbers at 1000. I might start subroutines with easy-to-remember line numbers such as 500, 600, 700 and 800.

As I am programming and realize I have left out important commands, I can go back and insert lines. For example, if I have lines 210 and 220 and need to insert two statements, I can use Lines 214 and 217. What if I need to add more than nine lines between two existing statements. Use RES ,20 to increment lines by 20 or RES ,50 to increment lines by 50, and there will be plenty of possible line numbers between existing statements.

After the program is complete, I use RES to resequence all the statements and put them in the somewhat standard form of starting with line 100 and incrementing by 10. This is how most of my programs are numbered for publication. The nice thing about using RES is that you can't tell where I planned poorly and had to add lines. All the lines are numbered nicely and you can use NUM to help you type in the program.

I have had several people wonder why I don't RESequence my published programs, because it is much easier to type in programs if you can use NUM. The answer is *I do!* If you see a copy that is not resequenced it may not be a final version, or it may be a version that someone else has customized by adding a few in-between lines.

I have had to RESequence a few programs in numbers other than RES 100,10. The reason is to save memory by using shorter line

(See Page 12)

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## REGENA ON BASIC—

(Continued from Page 10)

numbers — two digits instead of three digits, or even one digit instead of two or three. For example, "The Ugly Duckling" (MICROpendium, October 1987) is numbered by fives to save memory so it will fit on disk. Use NUM 10,5 to number your lines automatically (this is specified in the article). In San Francisco Revisited (MICROpendium, April 1988), the lines are numbered by ones because I really had to revise to get the TI99/4 cassette version to fit on disk for the TI99/4A. You can use NUM 1,1 to number your lines automatically as you type in this program.

One of the most used commands in BASIC is PRINT. You may print messages on the screen by using PRINT and then typing the message in quotation marks. If you have young children who want to learn to program, get them started by using the PRINT statement. The quote marks on the TI99/4A are typed by pressing the function key (FCTN, the key with the gray dot) and the letter P at the same time.

Our PRINT statement is quite versatile. PRINT without a message prints a blank line. To print a message, you use the quotes. A long message can be within the quotes, and the computer will print in the

28-character line. Use extra spaces to fit words on the screen properly.

You may put more than one message in the same PRINT command. Each message needs its own set of quotation marks, and you need to separate the messages with one or more print separators — a colon, a comma or a semicolon. A colon in the PRINT statement tells the computer to go to the next line. Several colons make the computer "go to the next line" several times. A semicolon tells the computer not to go to the next line but to print the next item right where the cursor is after the first item. A comma tells the computer to tabulate before printing the next message.

Remember that the print separators need to come after the quote mark ending the message. If the symbol is inside the quotes, it will be printed as part of the message.

Here is a short program to give you an idea how the PRINT statement can work.

```
100 REM PRINT
110 CALL CLEAR
120 PRINT "HELLO"
130 PRINT
140 PRINT "THIS IS A PRINTING EX
AMPLE."
150 PRINT ::: "HERE ARE 3 COLON
```

```
S"
160 PRINT "CHERY";" AND ";"BR
AD"
170 PRINT "RICHARD";"BOB";"RA
NDY"
180 PRINT : "BRETT"
190 PRINT "LYNN"
200 END
```

You can experiment so you are familiar with what happens when you use commas, colons and semicolons after quotes or between messages. The separators can come after a message without another message in the same statement, and the next PRINT statement will be affected.

If your children are learning programming, they can try to print messages on the screen in a program, or they can use existing symbols to draw pictures. Have fun experimenting!

```
100 CALL CLEAR
110 PRINT "@@@"
120 PRINT "@ @"
130 PRINT "@ 0 0 @"
140 PRINT "| ^ |"
150 PRINT "| \ |"
160 PRINT " \ /"
170 PRINT " \ /"
180 END
```

## Demystifying assembly

# Accessing peripheral devices

By JOHN BIRDWELL

I hope you have submitted your ideas on the features you would like to see incorporated into our word processing program so that we can soon begin to take a direction with it.

Before I begin discussing this month's topic I would like to correct an error in last month's publication. That error was in the copy list. You must also include the drive number of the source files, so the copy list would be as follows:

```
COPY "DSK1.MICRO-EQU" WHERE
DSK1=YOUR DRIVE #
etc.
```

This month, while I await your input, I will be discussing the means by which access to a peripheral device is performed.

When TI designed the 99/4A they established a common method for access-

ing all external devices, this is the Device Service Routine Link or DSRLNK. Through the DSRLNK any manufacturer could easily add devices to our system as long as they adhered to the convention established for the DSRLNK. This has brought us such items as the Myarc and Corcomp disk controllers, Horizon RAM-disk, a variety of RS232/PIO cards, the Myarc 128/512K memory, the Myarc Hard/Floppy Disk Controller, and many others. Unlike other PCs, for the most part we have been able to simply plug a card into our PE boxes without concern about mixing hardware from different vendors. Talk to some of your friends who have expanded their IBM-PCs about the nightmares they have gone through attempting similar tasks and you can appreciate what TI did for us.

Access to devices in assembly is really not much different than access through BASIC. Before you can read from or write to a file you must OPEN and you must CLOSE it when done just like BASIC. This access is accomplished through the use of a Peripheral Access Block (PAB). In this PAB you must load all the information the DSRLNK needs to operate — OPEN, CLOSE, READ, WRITE or DELETE. The layout of the PAB is as follows.

BYTE	USE
0	Operation Code
1	File Type
2-3	VDP Buffer Address
4	Logical Record Length
5	Bytes Read or bytes to Write
6-7	Record Number for relative

(See Page 14)

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## MX01 Memory Enhancement System

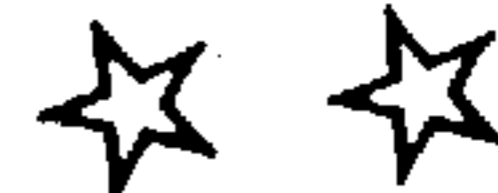
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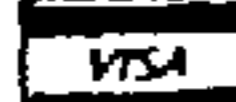
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# ASSEMBLY—

(Continued from Page 12)

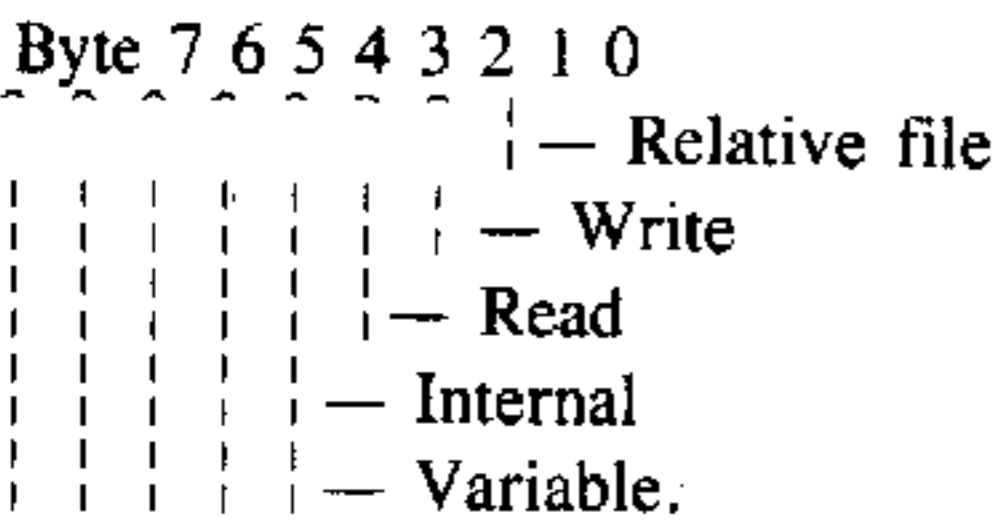
- record fiLength for program image files
- 8 Used for cassette operations only
- 9 Length of Device Name
- 10 Device name

Operation codes are:

- >00 OPEN
- >01 CLOSE
- >02 READ
- >03 WRITE
- >05 LOAD
- >06 SAVE
- >07 DELETE
- >09 STATUS

File Type is done by bits within the byte.

These are:



Used to provide return status from DSRLNK.

For example, to read from a D/V file this byte would be have bits set to 00010100 in hex the byte would be a >14. To update this file you would have a >16 since you want to do both a read and a write.

VDP buffer is the address in VDP memory which the DSRLNK is to use for the READ/Write operations.

Logical Record Length is the maximum size of a record.

Your program must set the bytes to write for each record for Variable files and must be set to the Logical Record Length on Fixed files. On a read operation the DSRLNK will set the length of the record read for variable files so you should read this byte to determine the length of the record. On a Fixed length file this will naturally be equal to the Logical Record Length for Reads.

An example of a complete PAB to OPEN a D/V 80 file for a WRITE with the file name of DSK1.MICRO-DATA the PAB would be structured as follows:

```
DATA >0012, >1000, >5000, >0000, >000F
TEXT 'DSK1.MICRO-DATA'
```

After you have opened the file you would simply change the first byte, operation code, to a >03 to indicate a write operation. Then change it to a >01 to close the file.

Operation codes >05 and >06, LOAD and SAVE, are used with program image files. The DSRLNK will either load into or read from VDP memory beginning with the address you specified for the length given in bytes 6 and 7 of the PAB or until the end of file on a LOAD operation. This is the method used by the SAVE utility to create a program image file.

Basically its operation is to move a block of memory, beginning with the SLOAD/SFIRST address provided in the DEFs of your object code, D/F 80 file and then a SAVE PAB is passed to the

DSRLNK. This continues until the SLAST address is reached. The maximum block size is 8192 which is actually 8186 bytes of data since a 6 byte header is added at the start of the file. This header is used by the E/A option 5 loader to determine where to place the data in CPU memory, the length of the data, and whether there are any additional files in the program. The format of the header is:

BYTES	USE
0-1	>0000 indicates no more files to load.
>FFFF	indicates more files to load.
2-3	Length of the file including the 6 byte header.
4-5	Start CPU address for the data and on the first file this is also the program entry point, which is why SLOAD and SFIRST must be the same.

This PAB is placed into VDP memory and its location is passed to the DSRLNK in CPU location >8356. What is actually placed into >8356 is the VDP location of the length of the Device Name within the PAB or PAB+9.

In our MICRO-WORD program we will be adding the ability to load a CHARAI, character definition, file. This will provide you with an example of this operation. Soon we will be adding the ability to read and write files so this will clarify this fully.

Also this month, we will be adding in a tab line and margins.

## MICRO-WORD

```
*****
* To your MICRO-RQU add the following lines immediately after the *
* B @INIT line. *
*****
*
* PLACE ITEMS WHICH WE WILL LATER DEVELOP CODE TO ENABLE US TO MODIFY AND
* SAVE DEFAULTS AT THE START OF THE PROGRAM SO IT WILL BE EASY TO CHANGE THEM
*
*
CHARPB DATA >0500 * LOAD
* SINCE CHARACTER SET STARTS AT >0000 MUST SKIP THE 6 BYTE HEADER WHICH
* PROCEEDS THE DATA IN A PROGRAM IMAGE FILE
DATA >07FA * ALLOW FOR 6 BYTE HEADER
DATA 0 * NOT USED
DATA >0400 * ALLOW FOR A FILE LENGTH OF 2048 BYTES
DATA 11 * LENGTH OF THE CHARAI FILE NAME
TEXT 'DSK1.CHARAI' * DISK # PLUS FILE NAME
*
* A DEFAULT TAB TABLE IN THE IMAGE OF TI-WRITER
* ALL TABS ARE >86 GREATER THAN THEIR POSITION RELATIVE TO 0
```

```
*
TABS
BYTE >80
BYTE >8C
BYTE >88
BYTE >D1
BYTE >86
BYTE >8A
BYTE >94
BYTE >9E
BYTE >A8
BYTE >B2
BYTE >BC
BYTE >C6
BYTE >D0
BYTE >D5
BYTE >D5
BYTE >D5
BYTE >D5
BYTE >D5
BYTE >D5
```

- \* >80 = MARGIN (LEFT)
- \* >86 = LEFT MARGIN OF 0 THIS WILL BE COLUMN 6
- \* NOW RIGHT MARGIN
- \* RIGHT MARGIN AT 75 \* MAX LESS THAN 27 FOR 4A
- \* NOW TABS STARTING WITH LEFT MARGIN
- \* LETS SPACE THEM 10 APART STARTING A COL 5
- \* A MAXIMUM OF 16 TABS

\* SET UNUSED TABS TO COLUMN 80

(See Page 16)



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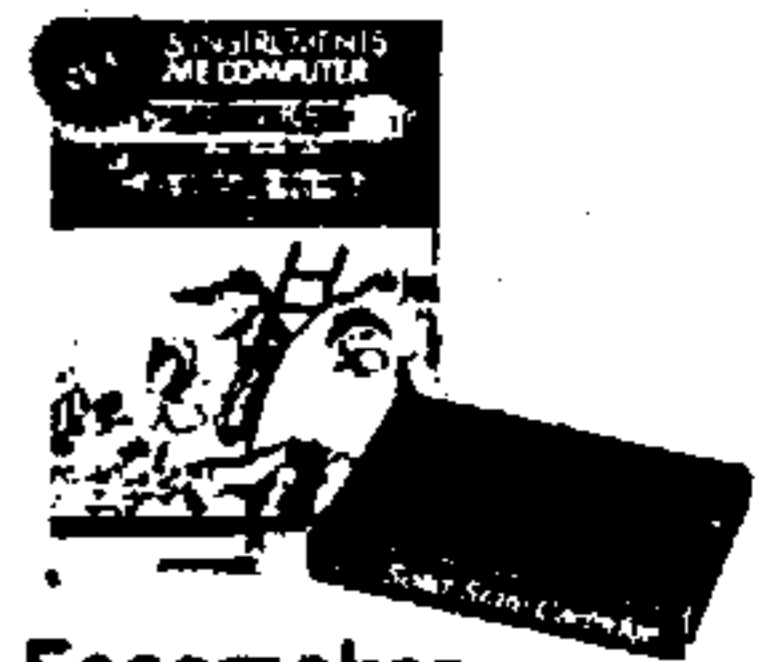
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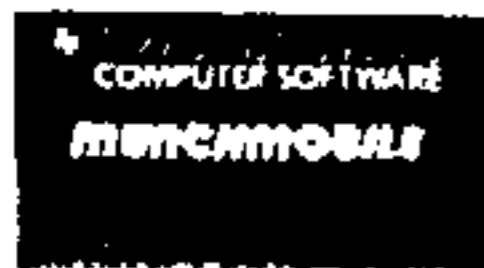


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## MICRO-WORD—

(Continued from Page 14)

```

BYTE >D5
BYTE >80      * MARGIN AGAIN
BYTE >86      * BACK TO COLUMN 0
*
* add the following EQUATE
IOVDP EQU >0600      * VDP ADDRESS FOR I/O PAD
*
* add the following DATA labels after
* ONELIN DATA 0
LNAR DATA 0      * LEFT MARGIN
LNARTL DATA 0    * LEFT MARGIN IN TAB LINE
RNAR DATA 0      * RIGHT MARGIN
RNARTL DATA 0    * RIGHT MARGIN IN TAB LINE
CURPOS DATA 0    * CURSOR POSITION ON TAB LINE
TLLIN DATA 0     * START OF TAB LINE ADDRESS
*
* after the CURDEF statement add the following BYTE SAVE SEGMENT
* the BSS reserves the amount of bytes specified
*
* TABLINE IMAGE
TABLIN BSS 00      * IMAGE FOR TAB LINE 00 COLUMNS LONG
*
* add the following after the statement
* FF BYTE >FF
TABOFF BYTE >86   * VALUE OF TABS COLUMN ZERO
*
*****
* from MICRO-INIT file delete ALL line after
* LNPI MAINWS      * SET BACK TO MAIN WS
* and add the following
*****
BL 0CLS          * GO CLEAR THE SCREEN AND RETURN
*
*****
* WE WILL NOW LOAD THE USERS CHARA1 FILE IF IT IS PRESENT IF NOT JUST
* USE CHARACTER SET ALREADY DEFINED
*
LI R0,IOVDP      * MOVE CHARA1 PAB TO VDP
LI R1,CHARPB     * PAB DATA FOR CHARACTER SET LOAD
LI R2,21         * LENGTH OF PAB
BLWP 0VNBW      *
LI R0,IOVDP+9    * MUST TELL DSRLNK WHERE THE NAME LENGTH IS
MOV R0,0+8355    * MOVE TO DSW'S PAD LOCATION
BLWP 0DSRLNK     * NOW TO THE LOAD OF CHARA1 TO VDP
DATA 0          * HIGH LEVEL DSW LINK
* NO NEED TO TEST IF CHARA1 GOT LOADED SINCE AND ERROR WILL NOT AFFECT
* WHAT WAS ALREADY THERE
*
* DEFINE THE CURSOR CHARACTER >0
*
LI R0,>0000      * START OF CHARACTER PATTERN TABLE
LI R1,CURDEF
LI R2,8
BLWP 0VNBW      * CURSOR CHARACTER
*
* Now we will invert the character set to provide inverse video when needed
*
LI R0,>0000      * Start of character set
LI R2,128*8     * The number of characters to do 1 8 bytes/char.
LI R3,>0400     * Offset for inverted character set
CINVRT BLWP 0VSBW * Get a character
* the instruction INV will reverse all 1's and 0's
INV R1          * Invert the bits
* XOR exclusive OR will set any bits in the target register to a 1 unless
* they are already a 1 then it will set them to a 0
* In this case R3 with contains a >0400 will and its value will be toggled
* on and off as we read a character and turn it back off
XOR R3,R0      * Inverted set
BLWP 0VSBW     * Write out inverted bits
XOR R3,R0      * Back to main set
INC R0         * NEXT BYTE
BKC R2         * DONE ALL CHARACTER YET
JNE CINVRT    * NO
* NOW BUILD THE TAB LINE-AND-DISPLAY IT
BL 0TABSET     * GO SET IT UP
MOV 0XOR,R0    * NOW SET CURSOR POSITION TO LEFT MARGIN
A 0LNAR,R0     * ADD IN LEFT MARGIN
MOV R0,0CURPOS * SET INITIAL CURSOR POSITION ON TAB LINE
*
MOV 0LNAR,R6   * SET R6 TO INITIAL DISPLAY POSITION
*
B 0MAIN        * INITIALIZATION COMPLETE BEGIN THE PROGRAM
*
*****
* in the file MICRO-MAIN remove the label MAIN
* from the beginning of the file DO NOT REMOVE the BL 0GETKY
*****
* FIRST SHOW THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION ON THE TAB LINE
MAIN MOV 0CURPOS,R0 * GET CURSOR POSITION
BLWP 0VSBW         * GET THE CHARACTER THERE
ANDI R1,>7FFF      * TURN OFF THE INVERSE
BLWP 0VSBW         * WRITE IT BACK
*
*****
* ADD THE FOLLOWING LINES TO THE END OF THE MICRO-DISP FILE
*****
*
TABSET LI R0,TABLIN * START OF TAB LINE IMAGE
LI R1,'.'->0000 * MAKE LINE INTO DOTS IN INVERSE VIDEO
LI R2,80         * 80 COLUMNS LONG
TABST1 MOV R1,*R0+ * 2 DOTS
DCT R2          * LOOP UNTIL ALL 80 COLUMNS ARE DOTS
JNE TABST1     * IF NOT ZERO CONTINUE
LI R0,TABLIN+9 * POSITION OF COLUMN 10
LI R1,'1'->0000 * NOW PLACE INDICATORS AT EVERY 10 COLUMNS
LI R2,8         * LOOP 8 TIMES
TABST2 MOV R1,*R0 * MOVE IT
AI R0,10        * NEXT POSITION
AI R1,>0100     * MAKE DISPLAY 1 GREATER
DEC R2          * DONE ALL 8
JNE TABST2     * NO
* NOW FILL IN TABS AND MARGINS
LI R0,TABLIN    * START OF TABLINE
LI R1,TABS+4    * START OF TABS
LI R2,'T'->0000 * TAB CHARACTER
LI R4,16        * MAXIMUM OF 16 TABS
TABST3 MOV R1,*R3 * TAB COLUMN
SB 0TABOFF,R3  * SUBTRACT TABS VALUE
SRL R3,8       * MAKE A COUNT
A R0,R3        * POINT TO CORRECT COLUMN
MOV R2,*R3     * PUT IN A 'T'
DEC R4         * DONE ALL 16
JNE TABST3    * NO
LI R1,TABS+1   * POINT TO LEFT MARGIN
LI R2,'LR'->0000 * LEFT AND RIGHT MARGIN CHARACTERS
MOV R1,*R3     * COLUMN FOR LEFT MARGIN
SB 0TABOFF,R3 * SUBTRACT THE VALUE FOR TABS
SRL R3,8       * MAKE A COUNT
MOV R3,0LNAR  * SAVE LEFT MARGIN VALUE
A R0,R3        * NOW POINT TO ITS COLUMN
MOV R2,*R3     * PUT IN THE 'L'
INC R1         * NOW POINT TO RIGHT MARGIN

```

(See Page 17)



## MICRO-WORD

(Continued from Page 16)

```

MOV B *R1+,R3      * GET RIGHT MARGIN LOCATION
SB @TABOFF,R3
SRL R3,8
MOV R3,@RMAR      * SAVE RIGHT MARGIN
A R0,R3           * NOW POINTING TO RIGHT MARGIN LOCATION
SNPB R2           * GET 'R'
MOV R2,*R3        * PUT IN THE 'R'
LI R0,22          * DISPLAY TAB LINE AT LINE 22
MPY @ONELIN,R0    * GET TO CORRECT VDP ADDRESS FOR SYSTEM TYPE
MOV R1,R0         * THE RESULT WAS IN R1 DO MOVE IT TO R0
A @LMAR,R1        * FIGURE TAB LINE LEFT MARGIN FOR DISPLAY
MOV R1,@LMARL    * SAVE IT
MOV R0,R1         * NOW DO RIGHT MARGIN
A @RMAR,R1
MOV R1,@RMARL    * SAVE DISPLAY TAB LINE RIGHT MARGIN
LI R1,TABLIN     * DISPLAY TAB LINE
MOV @ONELIN,R2   * SHOW THE AMOUNT FOR SYSTEM TYPE
BLWP @VMBW
RT               * RETURN TO CALLER

```

```

*****
* IN THE FILE MICRO-KEYS MAKE THE FOLLOWING CHANGES *
*****

```

```

* change the NEWKY1 code as follows

```

```

NEWKY1 CLR @RTIME      * RESET REPEAT TIMER
MOV R2,R1             * RESTORE THE ORIGINAL CHARACTER
BLWP @VSBW           * DISPLAY IT
MOV @CURPOS,R0        * INVERT TAB LINE CHARACTER
BLWP @VSDR           *
AI R1,>8000           * PLACE INTO INVERTED CHARACTER SET
BLWP @VSDW           * WRITE IT BACK
RT                   * RETURN

```

```

* change the ENKY2 code as follows

```

```

ENKY2 A @ONELIN,R7     * START OF NEXT LINE
MOV R7,R6             * PLACE WHERE NEEDED
A @LMAR,R6            * PLUS LEFT MARGIN
* RESET TABLIN TO LEFT MARGIN
MOV @LMAR,R0          * LEFT MARGIN
A @R0B,R0             * ADD DISPLAY POSITION FOR TAB LINE START
MOV R0,@CURPOS        * MAKE THIS CURSOR TAB LINE POSITION

```

```

* change SCROLL CODE as follows

```

```

SCROLL MOV @LMAR,R6    * FOR NOW JUST RESET TO TOP OF SCREEN
B @MAIN               * THIS WILL BE ADDED LATER

```

```

* replace the BACK and FOR code with the following

```

```

***** BACK SPACE *****

```

```

BACK C R6,@LMAR      * AT THE LEFT MARGIN NOW
JEQ ENKY4            * YES IGNORE
* NOW NOW BACKUP 1 ON TABLINE
* IF AT START OF TABLINE NOW GO TO RIGHT MARGIN
* ELSE DECREMENT POSITION
C @LMARL,@CURPOS    * AT LEFT MARGIN NOW
JNE BACK1           * NO
MOV @RMARL,@CURPOS  * PLACE AT RIGHT MARGIN
* NOW GO UP A LINE ON DISPLAY
S @ONELIN,R6        *
* AND FIGURE THE START OF LINE POSITION
BL @BGLIN           * MAKE R6 = TO START OF LINE
* NOW ADD RIGHT MARGIN TO THIS
A @RMAR,R6          * ALL SET

```

```

JMP ENKY4           * LEAVE
BACK1 DEC R6        * BACKUP DISPLAY
DEC @CURPOS         * AND TAB LINE
JMP ENKY4           * LEAVE

```

```

***** FORWARD SPACE *****

```

```

FOR C @RMARL,@CURPOS * AT RIGHT MARGIN NOW
JNE FOR1            * NO
MOV @LMARL,@CURPOS * SET TABLINE TO LEFT MARGIN
A @ONELIN,R6        * SET DISPLAY TO NEXT LINE
BL @BGLIN           * POINT TO THE START OF THIS LINE
A @LMAR,R6          * ADD THE LEFT MARGIN VALUE
JMP ENKY3           * GO TEST FOR END OF SCREEN
FOR1 INC @CURPOS    * INCREMENT POSITION ON TAB LINE
INC R6              * AND DISPLAY
JMP ENKY4           * DONE

```

```

* add the following to the end of the file

```

```

BGLIN CLR R5        * SETUP FOR DIVIDE
DIV @ONELIN,R5     * GET ABSOLUTE LINE # INTO R5 (0-23)
MPY @ONELIN,R5     * MAKE R6 = TO THE VDP LOCATION OF LINE
RT                 * RETURN TO CALLER

```

```

* add the following to file MICRO-SRC

```

```

* COPY "DSK1.MICRO-I/O"

```

```

* N O T E : THIS MUST BE INSERTED BEFORE THE FILE MICRO-END

```

```

***** filename = MICRO-I/O *****

```

```

SCLN EQU >8354
SCHNR EQU >8356
CRULST EQU >83D0
SADDR EQU >83D2
GPLNS EQU >83E0
SAYCRD DATA 0 * SAVED CRD
SAYENT DATA 0 * SAVED DSR ENTRY ADDRESS
SAYLEN DATA 0 * SAVED LENGTH
SAYPAB DATA 0 * SAVED PAB POINTER
SAYVER DATA 0 * SAVED DSR VERSION
NAMBOF DATA 0,0,0,0,0 * SAVED DEVICE NAME le: DSK1
DLNKNWS DATA 0,0,0,0,0 * DSRLEN WORKSPACE
TYPE DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
R20 EQU $ * EQUAL BIT
R2000 DATA >2000
DECHAL TEXT * PERIOD
BAA BYTE >AA * FIRST BYTE OF A DSR
DSRLNK DATA DLNKNWS,DLNENTR
DLNENTR MOV *R14+,R5 * GET DSRLEN TYPE
SZCB @R20,R15 * RESET CALLERS EQUAL BIT
MOV @SCHNR,R0 * GET THE POINTER TO PAB
MOV R0,R9 * SAVE IT
AI R9,-8 * POINT TO START OF PAB FILE TYPE
BLWP @VSDR * GET THE LENGTH OF FILE NAME
MOV R1,R3 * SAVE IT
SRL R3,8 * MAKE IT A WORD
SRTO R4 * INITIALIZE COUNTER
LI R2,NAMBOF * LOCATION TO SAVE NAME
LNK$LP INC R0 * NEXT VDP LOCATION
INC R4 * ADD TO COUNT
C R4,R3 * READ THE WHOLE NAME
JEQ LNK$LN * YES
BLWP @VSDR * GET A CHARACTER
MOV R1,*R2+ * MOVE IT TO NAMBOF
CB R1,@DECHAL * GOT A PERIOD
JNE LNK$LP * NOT YET GET SOME MORE
LNK$LN MOV R4,R4 * ZERO LENGTH

```

(See Page 18)

# MICRO-WORD

(Continued from Page 17)

JGQ	LKERR	* YES ITS AN ERROR	INCR	R2	* POINT ENTRY ADDRESS
CI	R4,7	* IS NAME LENGTH >7	MOV	*R2+,R9	* SAVE IT FOR POSSIBLE ENTRY
JGT	LKERR	* IF SO THIS IS AN ERROR	MOV	@SCLEN+1,R5	* GET LENGTH OF OUR DEVICE
CLR	@CROLST	* CLEAR CRU SAVE	JGQ	NAME2	* ZERO LENGTH NO MATCH POSSIBLE
MOV	R4,@SCLEN	* SAVE THE LENGTH	CB	R5,*R2+	* IS LENGTH OF DSR'S DEVICE THE SAME
MOV	R4,@SAVLEN	* AGAIN	JNE	SGO	* NO TRY ANOTHER
INC	R4	* ADJUST IT	SRL	R5,8	* MAKE A COUNT
A	R4,@SCNAME	* POINT TO END OF SAVED NAME	LI	R6,NAME07	* START OF OUR SAVED NAME
MOV	@SCNAME,@SAVPAB	* SAVE POINTER INTO NAME	NAME1	CB *R6+,*R2+	* COMPARE IT TO DSR'S
SRON	LWPI GPLWS	* SET TO GPL WS	JNE	SGO	* IF NOT EQUAL TRY ANOTHER
CLB	R1	* CLEAR VERSION OF DSR	DEC	R5	* ALL TESTED
LI	R12,>0700	* START OF CRU-1 (>1000->1F00)	JNE	NAME1	* NOT TRY
NORON	MOV R12,R12	* IS IT ZERO	NAME2	INC R1	* INC VERSION FOUND
JGQ	NOOFF	* NO	MOV	R1,@SAVVER	* SAVE IT
SBZ	0	* TURN OFF BOARD	MOV	R9,@SAVENT	* SAVE DSR ENTRY POINT
NOOFF	AI R12,>0100	* NEXT CRU	MOV	R12,@SAVCRO	* SAVE CRU BASE FOR DSR
CLR	@CROLST	* CLEAR SAVED CRU	BL	*R9	* GO EXECUTE DSR CODE
CI	R12,>2000	* REACHED LAST	JMP	SGO	* NOT RIGHT VERSION
JGQ	NODSR	* YES DEVICE NOT FOUND	SBZ	0	* TURN OFF ROM
MOV	R12,@CROLST	* SAVE CRU	LWPI	DLNWS	* BACK TO DSRLNK WS
SBO	0	* TURN ON BOARD SO IT MEMORY MAPS TO >4000	MOV	R9,R0	* POINT TO FILE TYPE BYTE IN VDP
LI	R2,>4000	* START OF BOARD'S DSR CODE	BLWP	@YSBR	* READ IT
CB	*R2,@RAA	* IS IT VALID	SRL	R1,13	* SHIFT OUT EXTRA BITS
JNE	NORON	* NO	JNE	IOERR	* IF ANY SRT GOT AN ERROR
A	@TYPE,R2	* POINT TO TYPE OF DSRLNK	RTWP		* RETURN TO CALLERS WITHOUT EQUAL SRT
JMP	SGO2		NODSR	LWPI DLNWS	* DSRLNK WS
SGO	MOV @SADDR,R2	* CONTINUE	LKERR	CLR R1	* CLEAR ERROR FLAGS
SBO	0	* TURN ROM ON	IOERR	SWPB B1	* MOVE ERROR CODE TO TOP OF WORD
SGO2	MOV *R2,R2	* GET NEXT ADDRESS VECTOR FOR TESTING	MOV	R1,*R13	* SAVE THE ERROR CODE IN CALLERS R0
JGQ	NORON	* IF ZERO DEVICE NOT HERE	SOCB	@R20,R15	* SET EQUAL BIT TO INDICATE ERROR HAPPENED
MOV	R2,@SADDR	* SAVE ADDRESS	RTWP		* RETURN TO CALLER

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## Trials of a c99 beginner

## Mathematical function library

By CHARLES E. KIRKWOOD JR.

This article is the start of a Mathematical Function Library. The article didn't start out with that in mind, but one thing led to another until I thought that perhaps my attempted start might be useful.

The initial functions, with the results stored in r, are:

exp(x,r)            e to the x power  
ln(x,r)            logarithm of x to the base e  
ax(a,x,r)          a to the x power  
an(a,n,r)          a to the integer n power  
root(n,a,r)        nth root of a

The function exp(x,r) uses the series:

$$e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots$$

The second function ln(x,r) uses the series:

$$\ln(x) = 2 \left[ s + \frac{s^3}{3} + \frac{s^5}{5} + \dots \right],$$

where  $s = (1-x)/(1+x)$ .

The real variable a is raised to a power x by using logarithms. The function ax(a,x,r) takes the logarithm of variable a to the natural base e by using the function ln(). multiplies this by the power x, then converts this logarithm back to a number by the function exp(). The value of a cannot be negative. If a is zero, a test is made, and a value of zero is returned. The value of x can be positive, negative, or zero. Decimal powers can be used. Roots can be found by using values of x between zero and one, and reciprocals by negative values for x.

The function an(a,n,r) uses the same method as ax(a,x,r), but if variable a is negative and exponent n is odd, variable a is changed to a positive value and the result is changed to a negative value. The value of n can be negative, zero, or positive. A value of zero is returned when incorrect arguments are used.

It is interesting to note that some of the problem solving methods devised by Newton and others before him are so applicable to the computer today. Some of the problems required a great deal of hand calculations and it is a wonder that they were ever solved.

One of the early problems is Newton's method for finding the root of a number. He used a method of averaging.

Let us first find the square root of a number. We all know that if R is the square root of A, that

$$R \times R = A \quad \text{or} \quad R = A / R$$

Newton guessed at the answer; let us call this guess RO. If the value of RO is less than the square root, then A/RO is greater than the square root, and if RO is greater than the square root then A/RO is less than the square root. Newton then said that a better answer could be found by taking the average of RO and A/RO, or

$$R = (RO + A/RO)/2$$

If R is not the square root, then set RO=R and repeat the process. Ideally, the correct solution is obtained when RO and A/RO are equal or when R equals the value of RO. This may not always be exactly possible with the digital computer.

As an example, let us take the square root of 5. My math table tells me the answer is 2.236068. Let the first guess be the number itself, 5.

RO	A/RO	RO + A/RO	(RO + A/RO)/2
5	1	6	3
3	1.666666667	4.666666667	2.333333333
2.333333333	2.142857143	4.476190476	2.238095238
2.238095238	2.234042553	4.472137791	2.236068896
2.236068896	2.236067059	4.472135955	2.236067978
2.236067978	2.236067978	4.472135955	2.236067978
2.236067978	2.236067978	4.472135955	2.236067978

In all the functions given, a satisfactory answer is assumed when the absolute value of two successive iterations divided by the last value is less than or equal to 0.000000001.

Newton modified this square root formula to take care of other roots and ended up with

$$R = \frac{(N-1)RO + A/(RO)}{N}$$

A function init() is included to initialize the constants used in the functions. Since the real arithmetic is performed by functions, a BASIC subprogram is included to show the steps. I stored the functions in a file called MATH.C.

The following must be included with your program:

```
#include DSK1.FLOAT;C
#include DSK1.MATH;C
/*when an() is used alsoC/
#include DSK1.CONV;C
main()
{
your program
}
```

```
100 REM BASIC SUBPROGRAMS
```

```
/*THE MATH FUNCTIONS*/
/*LIBRARY*/
```

```
/*Global real variable*/
/*arrays used with the*/
/*Mathematical Functions*/
```

```
float wnone[8],zero[8];
float two[8],er[8],wone[8];
```

```
/*Function exp()*/
exp(x,r)
float *x,*r;
```

```
100 SUB EXP1(X,R)
```

(See Page 20)

c99—

(Continued from Page 19)

```

110 K=1
120 RO=1
130 XO=X
140 I=1
150 RD=1
160 IF RD<=0.000000001
THEN 260
170 K=K*I

180 R=RO+XO/K
190 XO=XO*X
200 I=I+1
210 RD=R-RO
220 IF R<>0 THEN RD=RD/R

230 IF RD<0 THEN RD=-RD

240 RO=R
250 GOTO 160

260 SUBEND

300 SUB LN(X,R)
/*Function ln()*/
in(x,r)
float *x,*r;
{
float ro[8],ra[8],rd[8];
float x1[8],x2[8],s[8],i[8];
float sq[8];
init();
if(fcom(x,"<=",zero))
{
fcpy(zero,r);
puts("Improper argu");
puts("ment to ln\n\n");
}
else
{
fexp(x,"-",wone,x1);
fexp(x,"+",wone,x2);
fexp(x1,"/",x2,s);
fexp(s,"*",s,sq);
fcpy(wone,rd);
fcpy(wone,i);
fcpy(zero,ro);
while(fcom(rd,">",er))
{
fexp(s,"/",i,ra);
fexp(ro,"+",ra,r);
fexp(s,"*",sq,s);
fexp(i,"+",two,i);
}
}
}

310 IF X<=0 THEN R=0 ::
PRINT "IMPROPER ARGUMENT ",
"TO LN()" :: GOTO 470

320 S=(X-1)/(X+1)
330 SQ=S*S
340 RD=1
350 I=1
360 RO=0
370 IF RD<=0.000000001
THEN 460

380 R=RO+S/I
390 S=S*SQ
400 I=I+2

410 RD=R-RO
420 IF R<>0 THEN RD=RD/R

430 IF RD<0 THEN RD=-RD

440 RO=R
450 GOTO 370

460 R=2*R
470 SUBEND

500 SUB AX(A,X,R)
/*Function ax()*/
ax(a,x,r)
float *a,*x,*r;
{
float z[8];
init();
if(fcom(a,"<",zero))
{
fcpy(zero,r)
fpput("Improper argu");
fpput("ment to ax()\n\n");
}
else if(fcom(a,"==",zero))
fcpy(zero,r);
else if(fcom(a,"==",wone))
fcpy(wone,r);
else if(fcom(x,"==",zero))
fcpy(wone,r);
else
{
ln(a,z);
fexp(z,"*",x,z);
exp(z,r);
}
return(r);
}

510 IF A<0 THEN R=0 ::
PRINT "IMPROPER ARGUMENT ",
"TO AX()" :: GOTO 580

520 IF A=0 THEN R=0 ::
GOTO 580
530 IF A=1 THEN R=1 ::
GOTO 580
540 IF X=0 THEN R=1 ::
GOTO 580

550 CALL LN(A,Z)
560 Z=Z*X
570 CALL EXP1(Z,R)

580 SUBEND

600 SUB AN(A,N,R)
/*Function an()*/
an(a,n,r)
float *a,*r;
int n;
{
float an[8],s[8],x[8];
init();
fcpy(a,an);
if(fcom(a,"==",zero))
fcpy(zero,r);
else if(fcom(a,"==",wone))
fcpy(wone,r);
else if(fcom(x,"==",zero))
fcpy(wone,r);
else
{
}
}

610 AN=A
620 IF A=0 THEN R=0 ::
GOTO 700
630 IF A=1 THEN R=1 ::
GOTO 700
640 IF X=0 THEN R=1 ::
GOTO 700

```

(See Page 21)

c99—

(Continued from Page 20)

```

650 IF A<0 THEN AN=-AN      if(fcom(a,"<",zero))
                           fexp(an,"*",wone,an);
660 CALL LN(AN,Z)          ln(an,z);
                           itof(n,x);
                           fexp(z,"*",x,z);
670 Z=Z*X                  exp(z,r);
680 CALL EXP1(Z,R)         if ((fcom(a,"<",zero))
                           &&((n/2)*2!=n))
690 IF (A<0)AND(INT(N/2)*2<>N)
THEN R=-R                  fexp(r,"*",wone,r);
                           }
                           return(r);
700 SUBEND                }

/*Function root()*/
800 SUB ROOT(N,A,R)       root(n,a,r)
                           int n;
                           float *a,*r;
                           {
                           float an[8],ro[8],rn[8];
                           float ra[8],rb[8],rd[8];
                           float rn[8],z[8];
                           int m,i;
                           init();
                           if((a<=0)!((n/2)*2==n)
                           &&(fcom(a,"<",zero)))
                           {
                           puts("The root cannot ");
                           puts("be calculated!\n");
                           fcpy(zero,r);
                           return(r);
                           }
                           else
                           {
                           fcpy(a,an);
                           if(fcom(a,"=",zero))
                           {
                           fcpy(zero,r);
                           return(r);
                           }
                           else
                           {
                           if(fcom(a,"<",zero))
                           fexp(an,"*",wone,an);
                           m=n-1;
                           fcpy(an,ro);
                           ltof(n,rn);
                           fcpy(wone,rd);
                           while(fcom(rd,">",er))
                           {
                           fcpy(wone,z);
                           for(i=1;i<=m;++i)
                           fexp(z,"*",ro,z);
                           fexp(rn,"-",wone,ra);
                           fexp(ra,"*",ro,ra);
                           fexp(an,"/",z,rb);
                           fexp(ra,"+",rb,ra);
                           fexp(ra,"/",rn,r);
                           fexp(r,"-",ro,rd);
                           fexp(rd,"/",r,rd);
                           if(fcom(rd,"<",zero))
                           fexp(rd,"*",wone,rd);
                           fcpy(r,ro);
                           }
                           if(fcom(a,"<",zero))
                           fexp(r,"*",wone,r);
                           }
                           return(r);
                           }

/*Function init()*/
init()
{
int z,o,mo,th,h,t;
float thou[8],hun[8];
z=0;
itof(z,zero);
o=1;
itof(o,wone);
t=2;
itof(t,two);
mo=-1;
itof(mo,wone);
th=1000;
itof(th,thou);
h=100;
itof(h,hun);
fexp(thou,"*",thou,er);
fexp(er,"*",hun,er);
fexp(wone,"/",er,er);
return;
}

910 R=((N-1)*RO+AN/Z)/N
920 RD=(R-RO)/R
930 IF RD<0 THEN RD=-RD

940 RO=R
950 GOTO 880
960 IF A<0 THEN R=-R

970 SUBEND

The algorithms used may not be the fastest, but they were the
only ones I had. Several years ago I had a book which had some
good mathematical algorithms for different mathematical functions.
Well, I couldn't find this book, so for the first four. I used the
algebraic series found in a mathematical handbook. For small
numbers they work fine, but for large numbers they are slow. For
now, they are better than nothing. You might have a better way
yourself. If you do, I'd appreciate hearing from you. I searched
through some books in the library but was unable to come up with
any real fast algorithms. Will redo the functions if I find a better
way.

Harms markets CLASS

Bill Harms is marketing CLASS for $10. The program is design-
ed for use with the Super Extended BASIC cartridge. The pro-
gram is used to create signs, posters and other graphics. CLASS
may be ordered from Harms at 6527 Hayes Ct., Chino, CA 91710.

```

# TEXCOMP



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**EXBASIC MUSIC DEMO (6)** A 2-sided collection of great music with graphics. Hours of enjoyment!  
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Also a program to learn keyboard chord formation.  
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**ANIMATION 99' (52)** This is the one by Ray Kazmer that was featured in the July 88 Micropendium. See fantastic animation and also learn how it was done. This one is destined to be a classic.  
**ANIMATED XMAS CARD (11)** This is the original animation by Ray Kazmer that made him an overnight superstar in the TI community. This classic is also referred to as "Woodstock" among TI'ers.  
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**NONA LISA PRINTOUT (9)** This program prints a near photo quality picture of Nona Lisa on your printer. You won't believe the quality!  
**SPACE SHUTTLE DEMO (7)** An outstanding music/graphics program that salutes the U.S. space program. Its almost like watching a film.  
**STAR/EPSON DEMO (15)** A 2-Disk side collection of programs to show you what your printer can really do. Also a great graphics tutorial with examples!

**GOTHIC PRINT DISK (10)** This program lets you type a message and then prints it out in Old English style. Looks like hand lettered calligraphy. Great for invitations, announcements.  
**SIDEWAYS PRINTOUT (16)** Lets your printer print sideways. Great for spreadsheets and banners. Includes two versions and new Multiplan enhancements.  
**VIDEO GRAPHS (41)** This disk is sold as a backup to owners of the discontinued TI Video Graphs module. We can only legally provide it to module owners.

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**TELCO (57)** This program has been rated as one of the best telecommunications programs for the TI-99/4A. A user supported program that contains everything you need to upload and download data with your modem. Supports all baud rates and protocols.

### APPLICATIONS

**WILL WRITER (23)** Enter your answers to a group of questions and this program writes out a complete will.  
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**ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS (24)** A 2-disk side collection dozens of engineering and technical formulas. Does calculations, conversions, and even designs electrical circuits. Even contains medical and communications data and formulas.  
**LABEL MAKER (29)** A pair of programs that let you make quick and easy labels for all purposes. Mail, disks, files etc. Uses standard tractor labels and even makes a graphic picture with the label text.  
**INFOCOM RAPID LOADER (47)** A must for owners of Infocom 99/4A games. Loads games in seconds instead of minutes. Easy to use!  
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APPLICATIONS

BASIC

## APPLICATIONS

(continued)

- HEBREW TYPEWRITER (66)** This program converts your 99/4A from english to hebrew. A great tool for religious studies. Can be combined with a screen dump program to print out the text from the screen. A great way to learn how to do the same with other languages. To get you in the mood, we also included a music/graphics program of "Fiddler" on this disk!
- ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (40)** This disk includes the famous computer program "Eliza" where the computer responds to your problems and questions in a manner that is almost human. Save a bundle on what you would pay a shrink for the same services. Also includes one of the better biorhythm programs so you can really take control of your emotional problems at one sitting.
- LOTTO SELECTOR (8)** This program selects numbers for use in the various state lotto games and even runs a simulated lotto game. Unprotected so it is easily modified for additional games.

**ASTROLOGY (22)** This program is as good as the coin operated machines. Tell it your birthday and see a great color display on your zodiac sign and see historical data on what took place in history on your birthday. Great for parties or even a charity event. Many famous people rely on this information!



## TI PROGRAMS FROM AROUND THE WORLD

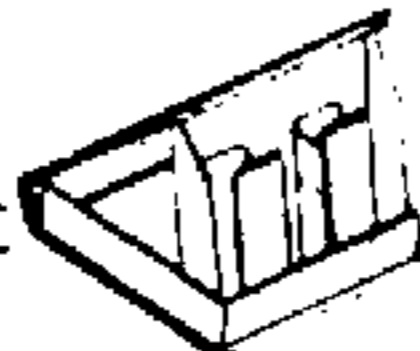
- LAPD COOKBOOK (37)** A complete computer collection of great recipes compiled by an LA cop who is also a gourmet chef. Whenever he went to a top eating place he would hit the chef up for a recipe. 2 disk sides completely menu selectable.
- ORIGINAL TI SALES DEMO (5)** This disk given to TI dealers by TI back in 1980. Includes demonstration program with graphics, speech, PRK, TB-1, and even includes the famous game TI-TREK which we reprogrammed to run on the TB-II module instead of the discontinued Speech Editor.

## UTILITIES

- HACKER CRACKER (53)** A collection of the top disk copy programs including the best of the track copiers. One or more of these programs will copy almost all protected disks. Both TI & CorComp compatible programs are included. 2 disk drives are required on most of these programs.
- SCREEN DUMP (55)** This program allows you to printout what you see on the screen while running a disk, cassette or module program. Instructions included. Requires a Star or Epson compatible printer.
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*A NOTE ABOUT DEMO DISKS: TEX-COMP's demo disks are a collection of disks containing unique and entertaining features which we believe will help you get more out of your TI-99/4A. Some if not all of them are in the public domain. However, in certain cases, the author requests a contribution if you use and enjoy it. While you are not legally obligated to do so, we at TEX-COMP encourage your assisting these talented programmers if you enjoy their work. That is why we offer these disks at such a low price.*

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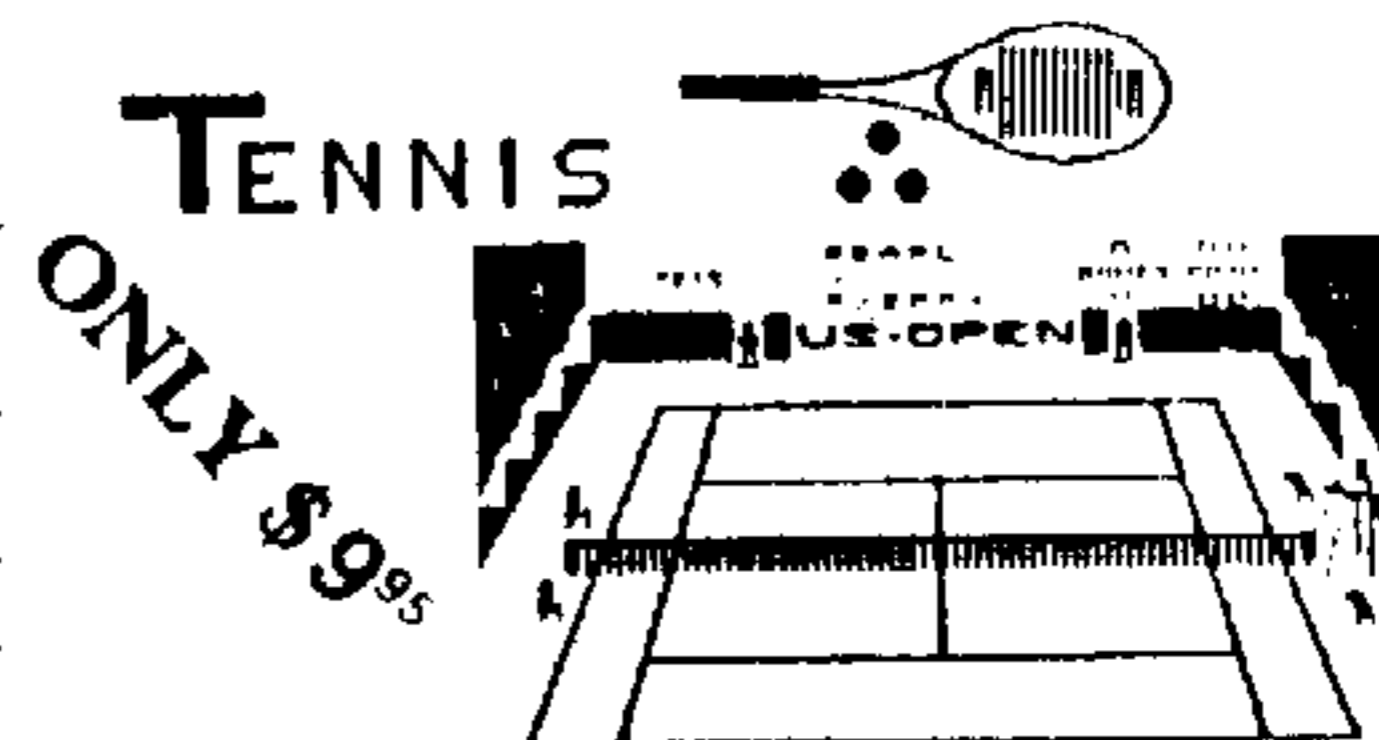
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# Wipe-Out

## Quick reactions will keep you in the driver's seat

By DAVID MENNENOH

Wipe-Out is a fast-paced racing game in which you must maneuver around three other cars on the course, being careful not to crash nor go off the road. The race continues until the on-screen timer runs out. Although you are given an unlimited number of cars to replace damaged ones, your final score is heavily dependent on the number of crashes you have.

If, when the timer runs out, you have had fewer than two crashes you will receive an extended play period in which you will travel even faster than before.

Your car is controlled by the K and L keys, which move the vehicle left and right, respectively. Shifting gears is accomplished by using the 1-4 keys. In gears 2-4 you move fast enough to pass other cars, but in first gear the other cars will pass you.

Scoring is determined by dividing the number of laps you have accumulated by the number of crashes. Thus, to get a high score, you have to travel fast and maneuver

well.

Wipe-Out has approximately 8K of console memory left, a substantial amount. One thing you may wish to change initially is the key responsiveness. This, as is, is not bad, but may be increased significantly by removing the on-screen timer, as it takes a long time to continually update the on-screen time. You may also wish to change the scoring routine, because it scores a little on the low side.

So far, the highest score to date is 1,767. Happy motoring.

### Program Explanation

10-60	Title screen	650	Crash, increment crash
70-90	Clear screen, set game variables, set colors	660	Time up, check for extended play
100-200	Define the characters	670-760	Build game over screen
210-270	Build the board	770	Display game over
280	Delete sprites, check for extended play	780-800	Calculate score
290-320	Put the sprites on the screen	810-830	Display scores, play again option
330-370	Display the game status	840-910	Play again?
		920	Extended play routine
		380	Screen color
		390	K to start
		400	Turn on the screen
		410	Loop until K is pressed
		420-430	Display underline, set speed to second gear
		440-470	Start game, set sprites in motion
		480	Decrement time, display time
		490	Check for crash
		500-570	Set keypress, move car
		580	Switch gears
		590-640	Car crashed, increment crash, crash sound

### WIPE-OUT

```

10 CALL CLEAR :: CALL SCREEN
(2):: FOR T=1 TO 13 :: CALL
COLOR(T,16,2):: NEXT T !020
20 CALL COLOR(1,5,2,13,7,16)
:: CALL CHAR(128,"0000C3C3C
300000"):: CALL HCHAR(5,3,12
8,27)!030
30 CALL HCHAR(19,3,128,27)::
CALL VCHAR(5,3,128,14):: CA
LL VCHAR(5,30,128,15)!059
40 DISPLAY AT(9,6)SIZE(19):"
W I P E - O U T" :: DISPLA
Y AT(15,3)SIZE(24):"PRESS SP
ACE BAR TO BEGIN" !024
50 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF K=32
THEN 70 !189
60 RANDOMIZE :: B=INT(16*RND
)+1 :: F=INT(16*RND)+1 :: CA
LL COLOR(13,F,B):: GOTO 50 !
024
70 CALL CLEAR :: CALL CHASE
T :: CALL MAGNIFY(3)!043
80 CALL CLEAR :: CALL COLOR(
1,2,2,2,2,2):: CALL SCREEN(2
)!030

```

```

90 TRK=10 :: LAP=0 :: CAR=15
:: CRASH=0 :: POINT=0 :: TI
ME=250 :: SPEED=0 :: FLAG=0
!107
100 CALL CHAR(95,"FFFF")!194
110 CALL CHAR(44,"01C3C7C302
070606343F370303010F0F80D8F8
D84000005181A2A00000B091E1")
!143
120 CALL CHAR(96,"0001010103
07070E",97,"000F1F1F3F3F7FF
",98,"8000000000000000000000
FCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFC
00000000103")!206
130 CALL CHAR(101,"070F1F3F7
FFFFFF",102,"0000000000000000
00",103,"00000000000000000000
00")!012
140 CALL CHAR(36,"011B1F1B03
070604343F370303010F0F80D8F8
D8C0000000000000000000000000")
!222
150 CALL CHAR(120,"01131F231
F471F073F8F7F1F050101010000E
0B8F0C4F8C2F8F1FEF8A0B0B0B0"

```

```

)!021
160 CALL CHAR(124,"0000031CB
00CA0ACA5BC839CF0000B0B00F718
171494949710E7181010100000")!
065
170 CALL CHAR(112,"FFFFFFFF
FFFFFFFF"):: CALL COLOR(11,2,
2)!157
180 CALL CHAR(33,"FFFFFFFF
FFFFFF",40,"FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
")!217
190 CALL CHAR(104,"FFFFFFFF
FFFFFF")!062
200 CALL CHAR(128,"010101010
101010101010101010101010180B0B
0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0B0
")!164
210 FOR T=1 TO 24 STEP 2 ::
CALL HCHAR(T,7,33):: CALL HC
HAR(T,15,33):: NEXT T !020
220 FOR T=2 TO 24 STEP 2 ::
CALL HCHAR(T,7,104):: CALL H
CHAR(T,15,104):: NEXT T !117
230 CALL VCHAR(1,16,112,2)::

```

(See Page 26)



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## WIPE-OUT—

(Continued from Page 24)

```

CALL VCHAR(1,17,112,2):: CA
LL VCHAR(1,32,112,2):: CALL
VCHAR(1,31,112,2)!038
240 FOR T=1 TO 6 :: CALL VCH
AR(1,T,112,2):: NEXT T !056
250 FOR T=8 TO 14 :: CALL VC
HAR(1,T,40,24):: NEXT T !125
260 DISPLAY AT(1,16): "`bdf`b
df`bdf" :: DISPLAY AT(2,16):
"acegacegaceg" !161
270 CALL VCHAR(1,30,112,2)::
CALL COLOR(9,2,2)!027
280 CALL DELSPRITE(ALL):: IF
FLAG>0 THEN GOSUB 920 !231
290 CALL SPRITE(#20,120,2,20
,25,#21,120,2,50,130,#22,124
,2,80,25)!034
300 CALL SPRITE(#1,36,2,165,
80,#2,36,2,40,58)!067
310 CALL SPRITE(#16,128,15,1
67,44,#17,128,15,167,110)!22
8
320 CALL SPRITE(#3,36,2,10,7
7,#4,36,2,90,97)!025

```

```

!30 DISPLAY AT(4,22): "GRAR"
:: DISPLAY AT(6,20): "1 2 3 4
" !136
340 DISPLAY AT(9,18): "TIME="
;TIME !183
350 DISPLAY AT(10,24): " ____ "
!169
360 DISPLAY AT(14,18): "SPRED
=";SPRED :: DISPLAY AT(15,2
6): " ____ " !188
370 DISPLAY AT(17,16): "CRASH
ES=";CRASH :: DISPLAY AT(18,
25): " ____ " !216
380 CALL SCREEN(4)!149
390 DISPLAY AT(24,16): "*K* T
O START" !171
400 CALL COLOR(1,11,4,2,2,4,
11,5,4,9,2,5):: CALL SCREEN(
4):: CALL COLOR(#20,13,#21,1
3,#22,2,#1,16,#2,11,#3,4,#4,
16)!135
410 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF K<>
75 THEN 410 !218
420 DISPLAY AT(7,22): " ____ " ::
LM=2 !144

```

```

430 SPEED=40 !093
440 CALL SOUND(100,-2,1,110,
1):: DISPLAY AT(24,16): "" !1
67
450 CALL MOTION(#2,CAR,0,#3,
CAR-2,0,#4,CAR+2,0,#20,TRE,0
,#21,TRE+1,0,#22,TRE,0)!071
460 DISPLAY AT(14,25): SPEED
!056
470 CALL MOTION(#1,0,0)!253
480 TIME=TIME-1 :: IF TIME<1
THEN 660 :: LAP=LAP+LM :: D
ISPLAY AT(9,23): TIME !114
490 CALL PEKK(-31877,A):: IF
A AND 32 THEN 590 !130
500 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF S=0
THEN 470 !032
510 IF K=75 THEN CALL MOTION
(#1,0,-8):: GOTO 480 !236
520 IF K=76 THEN CALL MOTION
(#1,0,8):: GOTO 480 !043
530 IF K=49 THEN GOSUB 580 :
: DISPLAY AT(7,20): " ____ " :: CA
R=-5-(FLAG*5):: SPRED=10 ::

```

(See Page 28)

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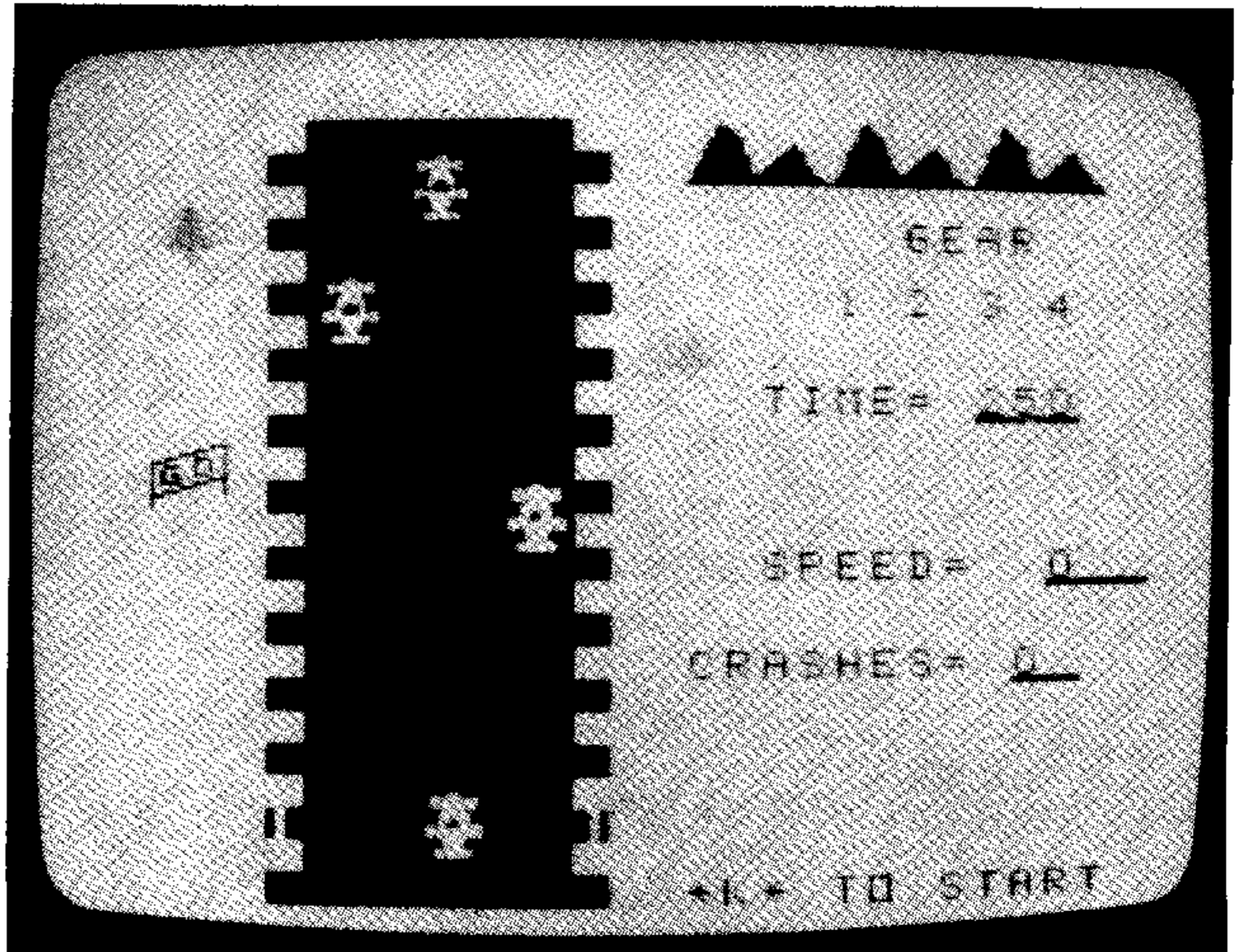
# WIPE-OUT—

(Continued from Page 26)

```

TRE=6 :: LM=1+FLAG :: GOTO 4
50 !110
540 IF K=50 THEN GOSUB 580 :
: DISPLAY AT(7,22):" " :: CA
R=15+(FLAG*5):: SPEED=40 ::
LM=2+FLAG :: TRE=10 :: GOTO
450 !077
550 IF K=51 THEN GOSUB 580 :
: DISPLAY AT(7,24):" " :: CA
R=20+(FLAG*5):: SPEED=85 ::
LM=3+FLAG :: TRE=16 :: GOTO
450 !022
560 IF K=52 THEN GOSUB 580 :
: DISPLAY AT(7,26):" " :: CA
R=28+(FLAG*5):: SPEED=110 ::
LM=4+FLAG :: TRE=22 :: GOTO
450 !069
570 GOTO 480 !018
580 CALL MOTION(#1,0,0):: DI
SPLAY AT(7,20):" " ::
CALL PEEK(-31877,A):: IF A A
ND 32 THEN 590 ELSE RETURN !
205
590 CALL COLOR(#1,7):: CALL
MOTION(#1,0,0):: CALL SOUND(
100,-5,1,110,1):: CRASH=CRAS
H+1 :: DISPLAY AT(17,16):"CR
ASHES=";CRASH !253
600 FOR T=2 TO 28 :: CALL MO
TION(#T,0,0):: NEXT T !195
610 CALL PATTERN(#1,44):: CA
LL SOUND(-100,110,1,-7,1)!17
8
620 CALL LOCATE(#2,40,58)::
CALL LOCATE(#3,10,77):: CALL
LOCATE(#4,90,97)!006
630 FOR T=1 TO 20 :: CALL SO
UND(-50,110+T,T,-5,T):: NEXT
T :: CALL PATTERN(#1,36)::
CALL COLOR(#1,16)!099
640 CAR=15+(FLAG*5):: TRE=10
:: SPEED=40 :: DISPLAY AT(7
,22):" " :: LM=2 :: CALL LOC
ATE(#1,165,80):: GOTO 450 !1
76
650 CALL MOTION(#1,0,0):: CA
LL SOUND(200,700,1,-2,1,110,
1):: CRASH=CRASH+1 :: DISPLA
Y AT(17,16):"CRASHES=";CRASH
:: CALL LOCATE(#1,165,80)::
GOTO 450 !215
660 IF CRASH<2 THEN FLAG=FLA
G+1 :: CALL SOUND(50,800,0):
: CALL SOUND(50,700,0):: CAL
L SOUND(60,800,0):: TIME=100

```



```

:: CAR=15+(FLAG*5):: GOTO 2
80 !137
670 FOR T=1 TO 5 :: CALL DEL
SPRITE(#T):: CALL SOUND(-400
,300+T,1):: CALL SOUND(-100,
200+T,1):: NEXT T :: CALL DE
LSPRITE(ALL)!170
680 FOR T=1 TO 14 :: CALL CO
LOR(T,2,2):: NEXT T :: CALL
MAGNIFY(3):: CALL CLEAR !033
690 CALL CHAR(128,"0000000000
00000000000000000000000000
00000000000000000000000000
00000000000000000000000000
",104,"FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF"):: C
ALL COLOR(10,2,2)!038
700 CALL HCHAR(15,1,104,32):
: CALL HCHAR(19,1,104,32)::
FOR T=16 TO 18 :: CALL HCHAR
(T,1,40,32):: NEXT T :: CALL
SPRITE(#1,128,2,124,200)!22
0
710 DISPLAY AT(13,1):" `bdf`b
df`bdf`bdf`bdf`bdf`bdf" :: D
ISPLAY AT(14,1):"acegacegace
gacegacegacegaceg" !013
720 FOR T=1 TO 2 :: CALL VCH
AR(13,T,112,2):: NEXT T :: C
ALL VCHAR(13,32,112,2):: CAL
L VCHAR(13,31,112,2)!171
730 CALL SPRITE(#2,120,2,150
,100,0,15):: CALL CHAR(119,"
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF")!222

```

```

740 FOR T=1 TO 12 :: CALL HC
HAR(T,1,120,32):: NEXT T ::
FOR T=1 TO 8 :: CALL COLOR(T
,2,2):: NEXT T :: CALL COLOR
(12,2,2)!182
750 CALL COLOR(11,2,2):: FOR
T=20 TO 23 :: CALL HCHAR(T,
1,119,32):: NEXT T !049
760 CALL VCHAR(13,1,120,2)::
CALL VCHAR(13,2,120,2):: CA
LL VCHAR(13,32,120,2):: CALL
VCHAR(13,31,120,2)!132
770 DISPLAY AT(3,7):"G A M E
O V E R" !210
780 IF CRASH=0 THEN CRASH=1
!133
790 LET POINT=INT((LAP*3)/CR
ASH)!079
800 IF POINT>HS THEN HS=POIN
T !252
810 DISPLAY AT(6,5):"POINT T
OTAL=";POINT !224
820 DISPLAY AT(9,5):"HIGH SC
ORE=";HS !129
830 DISPLAY AT(24,5):"PLAY A
GAIN Y\N?" !131
840 CALL CHAR(89,"0044442810
101010")!215
850 FOR T=3 TO 8 :: CALL COL
OR(T,16,5):: NEXT T :: CALL
COLOR(10,16,5,12,5,5,11,4,5,

```

(See Page 29)

## Texas Instruments Video Chips

# The 9918A and earlier chips

By TONY LEWIS

*The following is the start of a multi-part series on the TMS 9918A and Yamaha 9938 video chips. The 9918A is used in the 99/4A and the 9938 is used in the Myarc Geneve. — Ed.*

Texas Instruments is an industry leader in developing video display processors, or VDPs, as they are commonly called. TI has released three generations of video chips since the mid-1970s: the 9918 series, the 9938 series (fully developed and sold by Yamaha), and the state-of-the-art 340XX series. This and future articles will discuss the TI video chips, their history and implementation in various computers. The main focus will be on the hardware aspects of the VDPs, rather than the software used to run them. Hopefully, readers will gain insight on not only how the video chips work in their computers, but also some of the ins and outs of why programs written to access the VDP use certain addresses and other tricks.

Before going further, please note that I am not an electrical engineer, so if you run across a mistake or two, don't hesitate to bring it to my attention, and I'll note any

corrections in a future article. The reader is urged to consult the extremely well-written data manuals on these fine chips, and the TI99/4A Console Technical Data manual, both available directly from Texas Instruments.

## THE 9918A ARCHITECTURE

The TMS9918A/9928A/9929A video display processors are display devices that were specifically designed to be used with a color monitor or television set. Previous video chips were made for use with monochrome monitors for pure display of text. The 9918 is indeed a processor itself, which generates all the necessary video, control and synchronization signals for the monitor with little or no extra circuitry. It also controls the dynamic RAM which holds the display information. All of this without any input from the main microprocessor. The 9928A and 9929A are functionally identical to the 9918A, except that the '28 and '29 are for use with RGB (red/green/blue) monitors; the '28 is for American monitor standards, while the '29 was designed for European standards. The bulk of this article centers around the 9918A, which is used in the 99/4A.

The 9918A offers the following features:

- 256x192 resolution
- 15 colors plus transparent
- general 8 bit data bus interface to the main microprocessor
- direct wiring to 4K, 8K or 16K dynamic RAM memories
- automatic and transparent refresh of dynamic RAMs
- multiple VDP systems capability
- external VDP input capability
- composite video output (9918 only)
- unique "plane" representation for 3D simulation (sprites)

Most of these features should already be known by most TI users. The 99/4A's VDP can indeed display pixels in a 256 column by 192 row screen with 15 colors plus a 16th 'color,' which is transparent, and equal to the background color. Sprites are also a well known feature, and are used in most video games. They allow a kind of 3 dimensional image in that sprites appear to pass over and under other sprites, depending upon their assigned number.

The hardware features of the chip are not

as well known by most users. The 9918A is always used as a 'memory-mapped' device, which means that the VDP itself is wired to appear as a series of memory locations to the computer (more on that later). The VDP does not depend upon the main processor to control the dynamic RAM or display processes.

As noted above, the 9918A can use 4K or 8K RAMs, but usually 16K x 1 DRAMs are used, as in the 4A. These video chips have some unusual features not often used, such as the ability to intermix the output of two VDPs on the same screen. They can also be wired to accept external video and mix the 9918A output over the video, which becomes the background. There was an article in *Radio Electronics* a couple of years back that described a kit based on the 9918A that allowed the user to superimpose titles and graphics over videotape. These features would be extremely difficult to implement using the 99/4A, unfortunately.

## INTERFACING THE 9918A

As mentioned, the 9918A is used as a memory mapped device (Fig. 1). This means that the 9900 can read or write to the VDP as if it were just another RAM memory location; the 9900 does not know that the 9918 is a separate processor, or exactly what it is doing at any given moment. This feature has its advantages and well as disadvantages. The 9900 communicates with the VDP by use of 8 data lines, 3 control lines and an interrupt line. Through this interface the micro can conduct four operations:

1. Write data bytes to Video RAM (VRAM)
2. Read data bytes from VRAM
3. Write to one of eight VDP write-only registers
4. Read the VDP status register

Each of these operations requires one or more data transfers to take place over the data bus, with the three control lines determining the type of operation.

The type and direction of data transfers are controlled by the CSW, CSR and MODE signals. CSW is the 9900 to VDP write select, while CSR is the VDP read select. When either is low (voltage=0

(See Page 30)

## WIPE-OUT—

(Continued from Page 28)

9,2,5)!167

860 CALL COLOR(1,16,5,9,2,5)  
!249

870 CALL COLOR(#1,16,#2,13)!  
189

880 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF S=0  
THEN 880 !188

890 IF K=89 OR K=121 THEN CA  
LL CLEAR :: CALL DELSPRITE(A  
LL):: GOTO 70 !119

900 IF K=78 OR K=110 THEN CA  
LL CLEAR :: END !116

910 CALL SOUND(100,110,1,150  
,1,170,1):: GOTO 880 !065

920 DISPLAY AT(20,17):"EXTEN  
DED" :: DISPLAY AT(21,19):"G  
AME" :: CALL SOUND(100,700,1  
:: CALL SOUND(100,500,1)::

CALL SOUND(200,800,1):: RETU  
RN !030

(Continued from Page 29)

volts), the VDP can be read or written to. The MODE pin is usually high (5 volts); is brought low when reading or writing data to the VRAM. A neat trick is to tie the MODE pin to a low order address pin, such as A14, like on the 99/4A. Then the difference between a read/write to the status registers vs. the VRAM is only hex >0002. That way, the addresses used to access the chip automatically take care of the MODE pin status, instead of the software.

You can either read or write to the VRAM to change what is on the screen or stored in memory. But the VDP does not have address lines like ordinary RAM, so how can you tell it to write or read a byte out of 16K worth of VRAM? This is done by sending a 14 bit address first, one byte at a time, then reading or writing the data. For example, a video write would take 3 byte transfers over the 8 bit data bus to complete:

Byte	Data transferred
1	address bits A6-A13
2	address bits A0-A5
3	data bits D0-D7

So every time the 9900 wants to read or write to just one byte in the video memory, it has to transmit both the address and data as data bits to the 9918A, which interprets the information.

Reading and writing to the VDP registers are just a little less complicated. To write to one of the eight registers, you send the 8 bit data as the first byte, then the second byte contains the 3 bit register-select code. To read the VDP status register, you merely read the 8 bit byte. Remember that while you're reading and writing to registers and VRAM, the 3 control signals must also be to the appropriate values (high or low) to determine exactly what's going on.

A few other interface pins exist on the 9918A to keep things coordinated between the micro and the VDP. The INT interrupt pin is used to generate a low interrupt at the end of each active- display scan which is about 1/60 second for the 9918A. This interrupt can be turned on and off by control and status bits in various registers. The RESET pin caused the VDP to reset itself whenever the reset signal is brought low. This allows the VDP to get ready when the computer is first turned on, or when

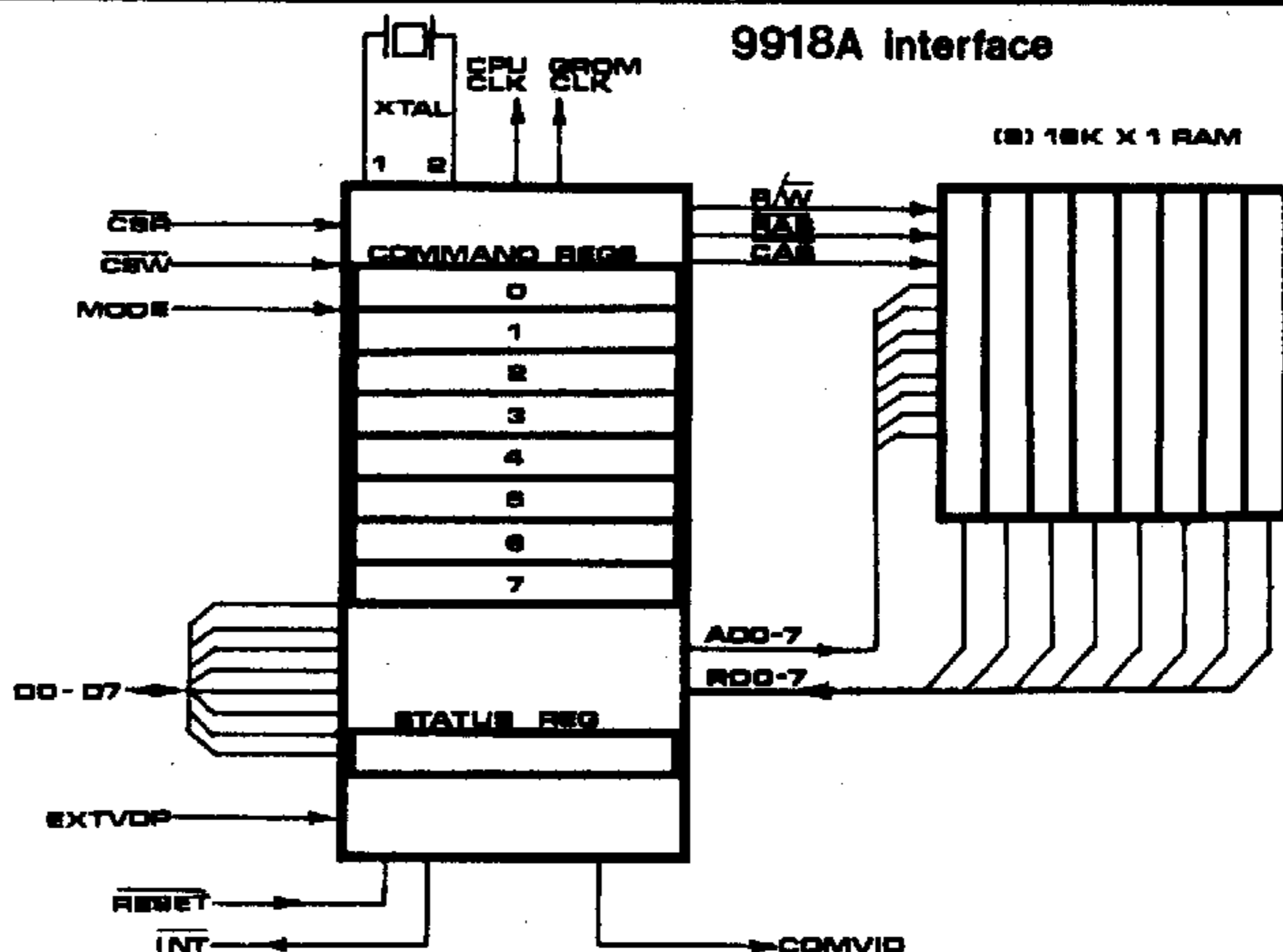


Fig. 1

manually reset by a user-activated switch.

Timing for the chip comes from the XTAL1 and 2 pins, where a 10.7+ Mhz crystal is connected. The CPUCLK pin is the color burst pin, and outputs a signal at the crystal frequency divided by 3. The GROMCLK signal is output at a frequency equal to the crystal frequency divided by 24. We'll show you how they are used on the 4A later.

#### OTHER VDP INTERFACES

The 9918A interfaces to the VRAM (which is just ordinary dynamic RAM) by means of two sets of complex function pins: RD and AD. When we say that the VDP can address 16K of memory, we are talking in terms of bytes, or 8 bits. But, unlike the commonly available static RAM which often comes in 8K x 8 or 32K x 8 formats, dynamic RAM usually comes in a 1 bit format. Therefore, to get a byte, or 8 bits of data, we need eight 16K x 1 VRAMs. So the 9918A is connected to 8 chips to get a byte of information each time.

Another unusual aspect of dynamic RAM is its addressing modes. The VDP has only 8 address bits, AD0-AD7. How can 8 address bits reach to 16K worth of addresses? The answer is provided by the two pins marked RAS and CAS. Dynamic RAM addresses are split into two components — rows and columns. Unlike a static RAM (which inputs all address lines

simultaneously), a dynamic RAM will receive the first part of the address on AD0-AD7 when RAS goes low, then the second part on the same AD0-AD7 lines when the CAS line goes low.

Needless to say, it all happens quite quickly. Be grateful that you do not have to program the microprocessor to do this!

Since dynamic RAM needs to be refreshed on a frequent basis, the VDP also takes care of this bit of housekeeping automatically too (transparent refresh). As you may have suspected, the RD0-RD7 lines are the data lines that are connected to the individual data pin (one per chip, not 8) of each of the 8 VRAM. The RD lines read data output from the RAM; lines AD0-AD7 are used to write to the RAM, in addition to being address lines. A R/W signal tells the VRAM if the VDP wants to read or write a byte to the VRAM.

The COMVID pin outputs the composite video for use with a composite monitor (Fig. 2). A simple external modulator circuit revises this signal to allow its use with a color TV set. The EXT VDP pin allows input from another VDP, such that their signals can be intermixed. The RESET pin mentioned earlier is also used in synchronizing external video signals, like those of a VCR, with the VDP output. In this case, the external video becomes the background, and the text or sprites/graphics

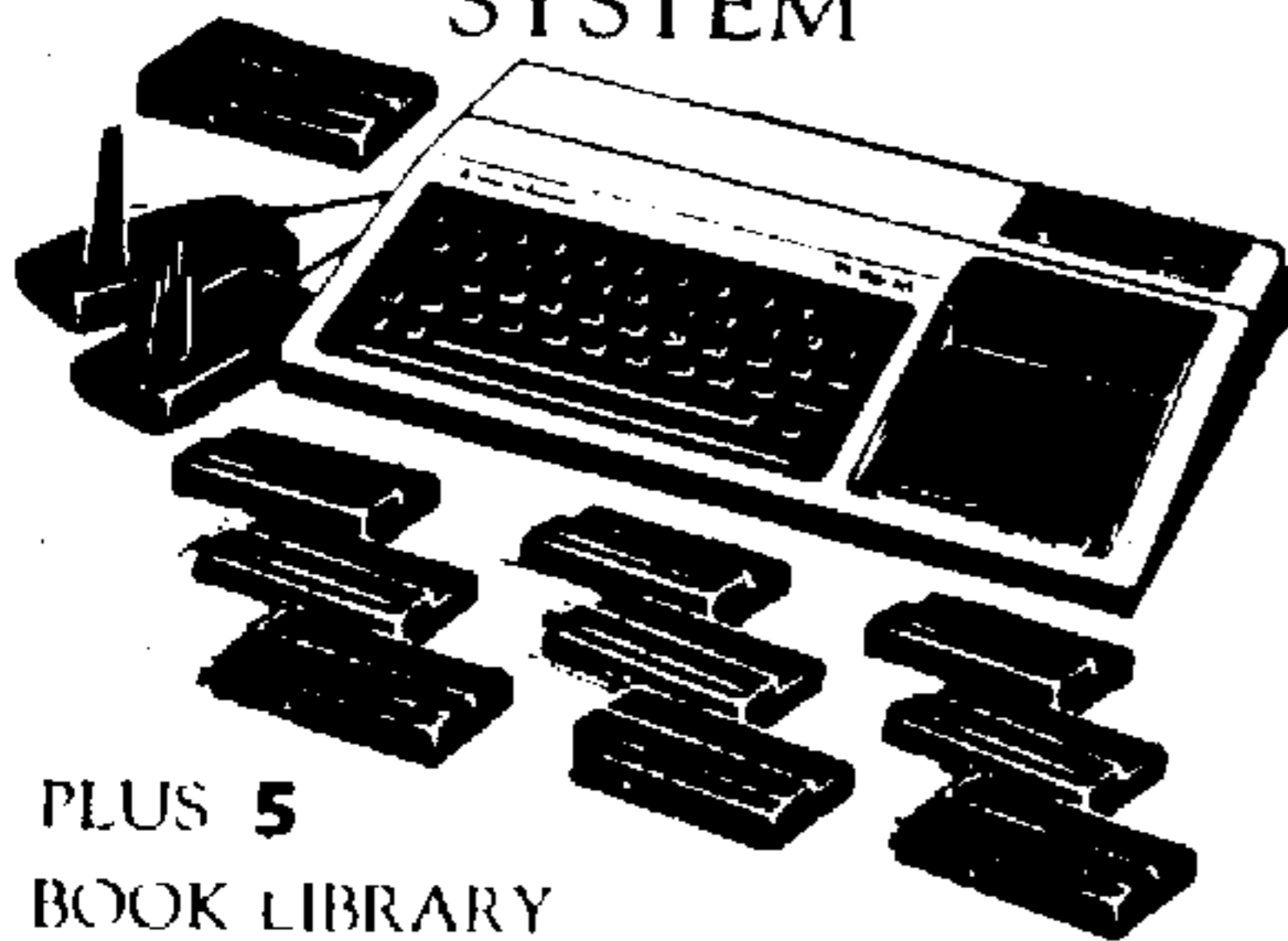
(See Page 32)

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5. 10 Most Popular TI Software Modules: Early Learning Fun, Physical Fitness, Amazing, Hangman, TI Invaders, Blasto, Munchman, The Attack, Tombstone City, and Home Financial Decisions
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# Texas Instruments Video Chips

(Continued from Page 30)

is superimposed over the external video.

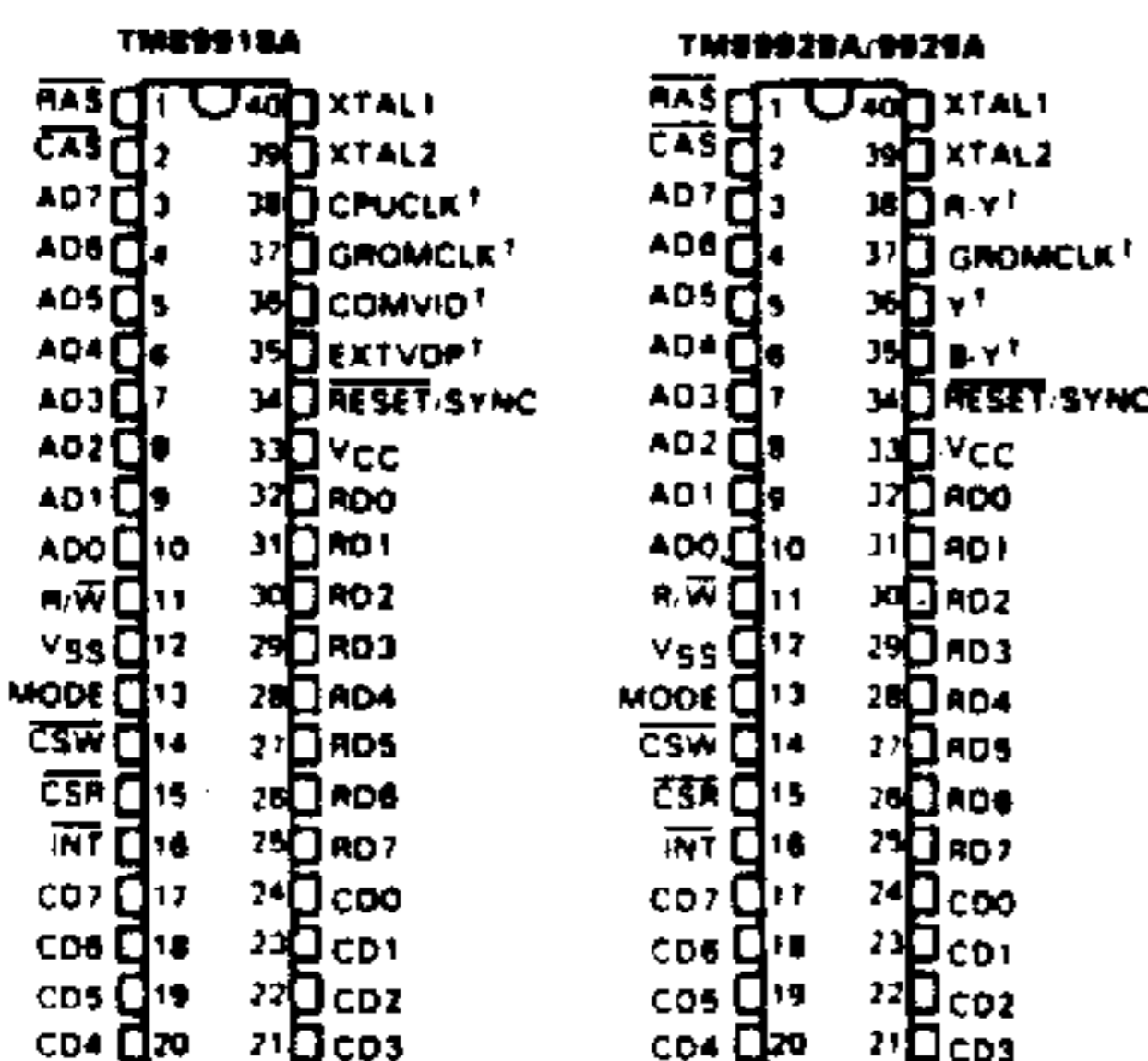


Fig. 2: 9918A/28A pinouts

### VDP Registers

Unlike other general purpose microprocessors, the video display processor can not be manipulated by running its own program. With the 9918A, the programmer can cause the various features of the chip to be enabled or disabled by setting the individual bits, or "flags" within

registers. Likewise, the VDP can tell you what's going on by setting flags within its status register, which you can read.

The eight VDP write-only registers are defined by the user to give the desired results. There are numerous articles and books on what each bit of each register is for, so we won't belabor the definitions here. Instead, here's a short summary of the eight registers and some of their features:

Register 0: two bits (out of eight) are used to control the MODE and external VDP input.

Register 1: has eight option bits which control various features such as interrupt enable, BLANK enable, and the operating mode of the chip. Sprite size and magnification are controlled here too.

Register 2: defines the base address of the Name Table sub-block.

Register 3: defines the base address of the Color Table sub-block.

Register 4: defines the base address of the Pattern, Text or Multicolor sub-block.

Register 5: defines the base address of the Sprite Attribute Table.

Register 6: defines the base address of the Sprite Pattern Generator sub-block.

Register 7: contains the color codes for the text and background in the Text mode.

The Status Register is an eight bit register that is read by the 9900 to determine the status of various items. You cannot write to this register. The Status register holds the following information:

- Interrupt flag: this is set to 1 with each interrupt, and cleared to 0 when the register is read.

- Coincidence flag: this is set to 1 when two or more sprites coincide (have an overlapping pixel); it is also cleared when the Status register is read. Good for game applications.

- Fifth sprite flag and number: if there are five sprites on a horizontal line, the flag is set to 1, and the number of the fifth sprite is placed in the lower 5 bits of the register. Once again, good for game applications.

### VIDEO DISPLAY MODES

The video display modes available with the 9918A are all controlled by software, and are mentioned briefly here for com-

(See Page 34)

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Toledo Ohio 43614

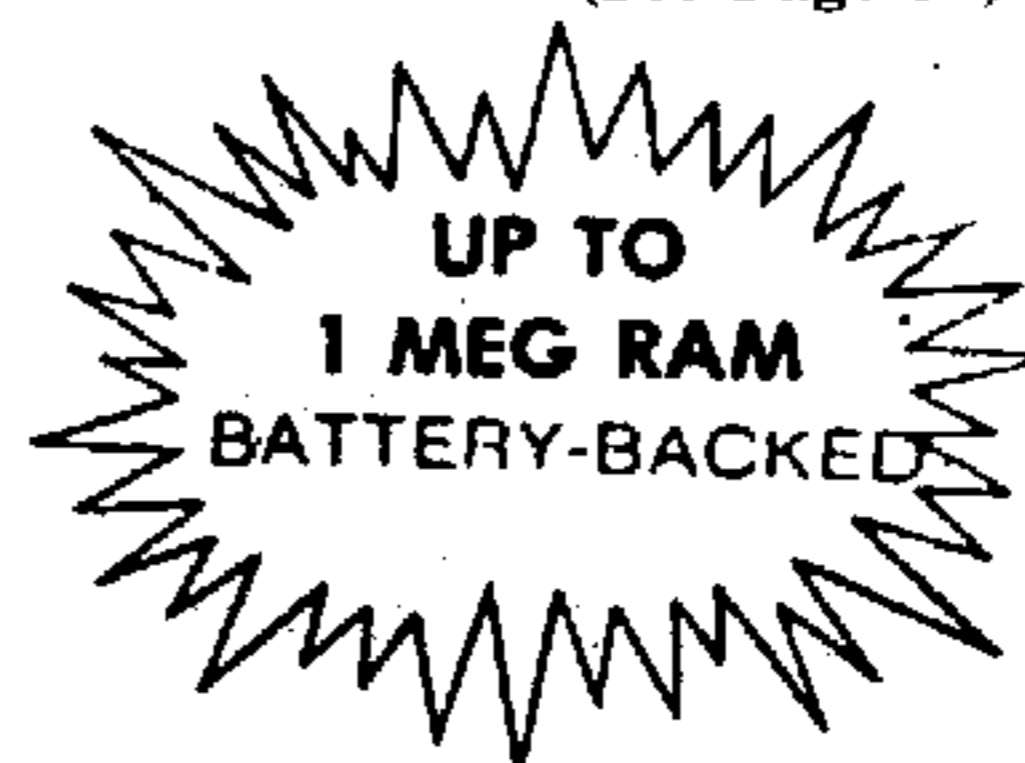
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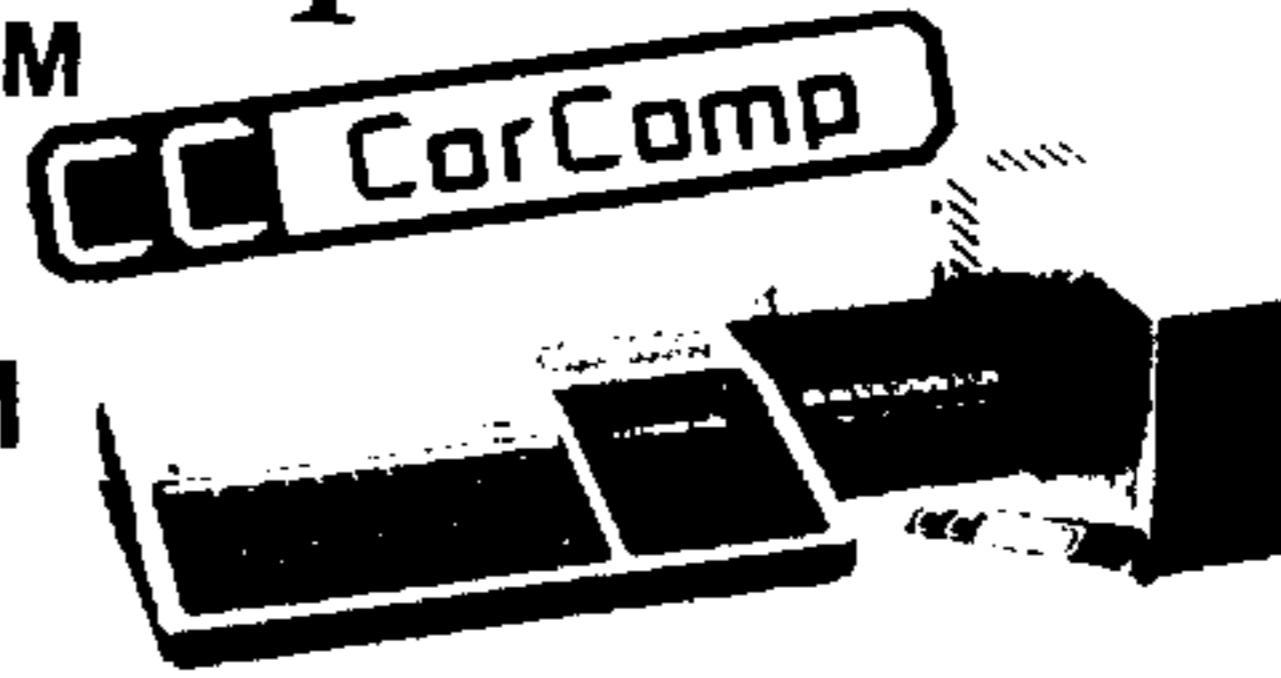
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# Texas Instruments Video Chips

(Continued from Page 32)

parison with the later VDP chips. An interesting feature of the 9918A was (for its time) not only the built-in ability to display color, but the ability to display text and graphics, even a bit-map mode. Sprites, of course, are another built-in feature that made games and advanced graphics a snap, since the VDP controlled manipulation of the individual sprites. If you have a LOAD switch for your console, you may have seen the sprites still moving, even though the rest of the screen was frozen by pressing the switch. That is because the VDP keeps track of the sprites, not the 9900.

The display modes are Graphics I, Graphics II, Multicolor, and Text. Graphics I and II allow the familiar 32-column text display with graphics, with II mode capable of a more complex display. Multicolor mode simply displays individual blocks of color, while Text mode allows a 40-column display, often

used in assembly-based programs.

## The 9918A AND THE 99/4A

Well, now that we have covered the ins and outs of the 9918A, let's look at how it is used in the 99/4A (Fig. 3).

The registers and the display modes are, of course, the same for the 9918A in the 4A. For the 8 bit data bus, the TI uses only the D0-D7 lines. Address line 14 is connected to the MODE pin; that is why the read and write addresses are separated by >0002 (ie. VDP write data = >8C00, VDP write address = >8C02).

The various register/addresses are set by a 74LS128 3 to 8 line decoder, which is a terrible waste of address space (>8000- >9FFF), but then the TI was designed over ten years ago, before modern programmable logic devices were in common use. The VDP interrupt signal is routed to the 9901, and is input as an -INT2, or second level interrupt. The VDP reset pin is tied to the system reset pin to

keep things synchronized. The GROMCLK signal goes — where else — to the GROMs for timing purposes. The CPUCLK signal goes to the TMS9919 sound generator for a clock signal. The VRAM used are eight TMS4116 16K x 1 dynamic RAMs, configured as previously noted. As a testament to their relative age, the 4116s need not only 5V for power, but -5V and 12V as well.

One thing more to note is the use of VRAM for storage of BASIC programs, PABs, buffers, etc. The TI console itself does not have much RAM to call its own, just a small block at >8300->83FF. TI shoved everything else into the VRAM. Therefore, in addition to being so slow in executing BASIC programs because of double interpretation, the poor 9900 has to slow down to talk with the 9918A, since it is memory-mapped. Even with assembly programs, the relatively useless opcode (See Page 35)

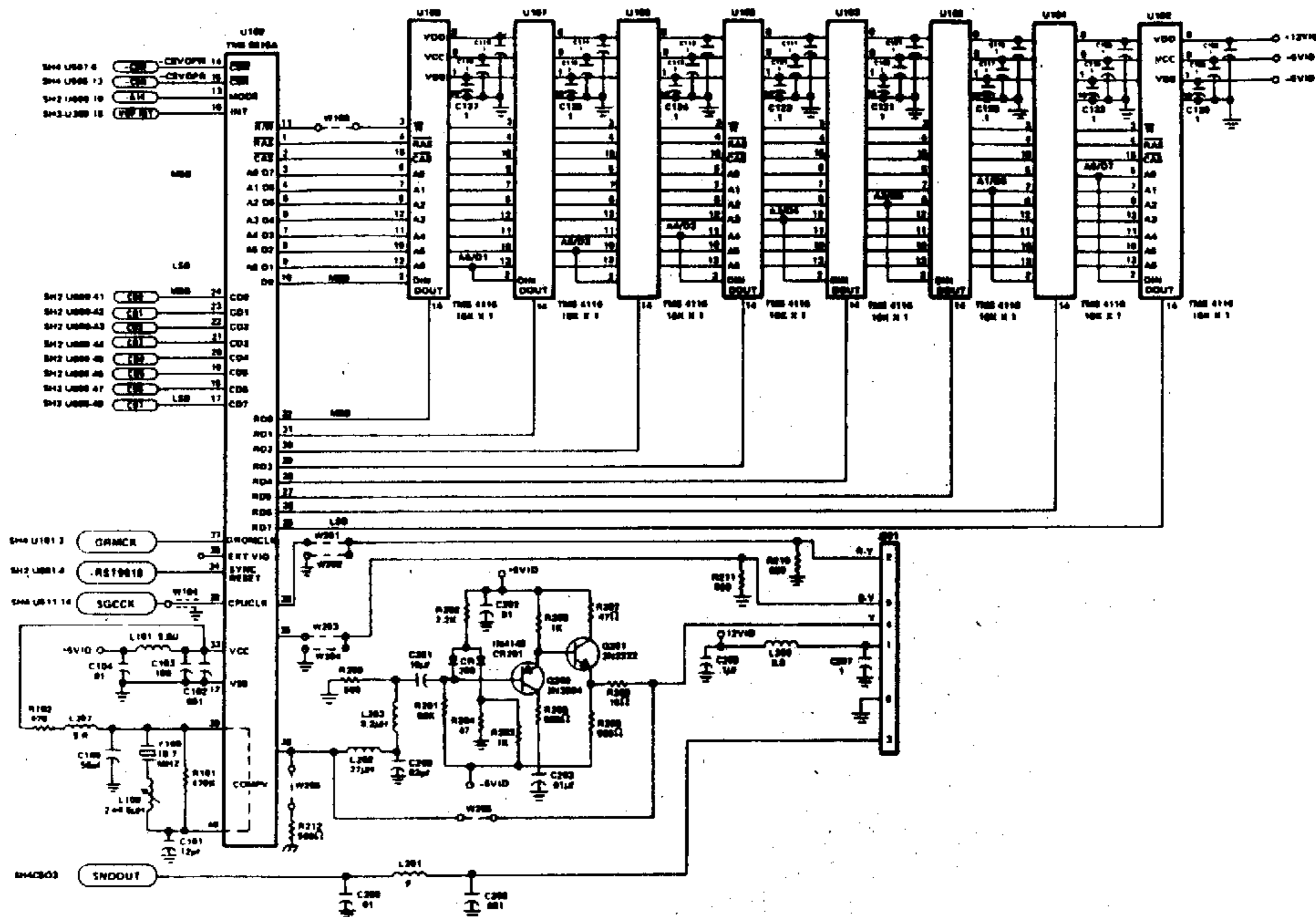


Fig. 3 The 99/4A Video Subsystem

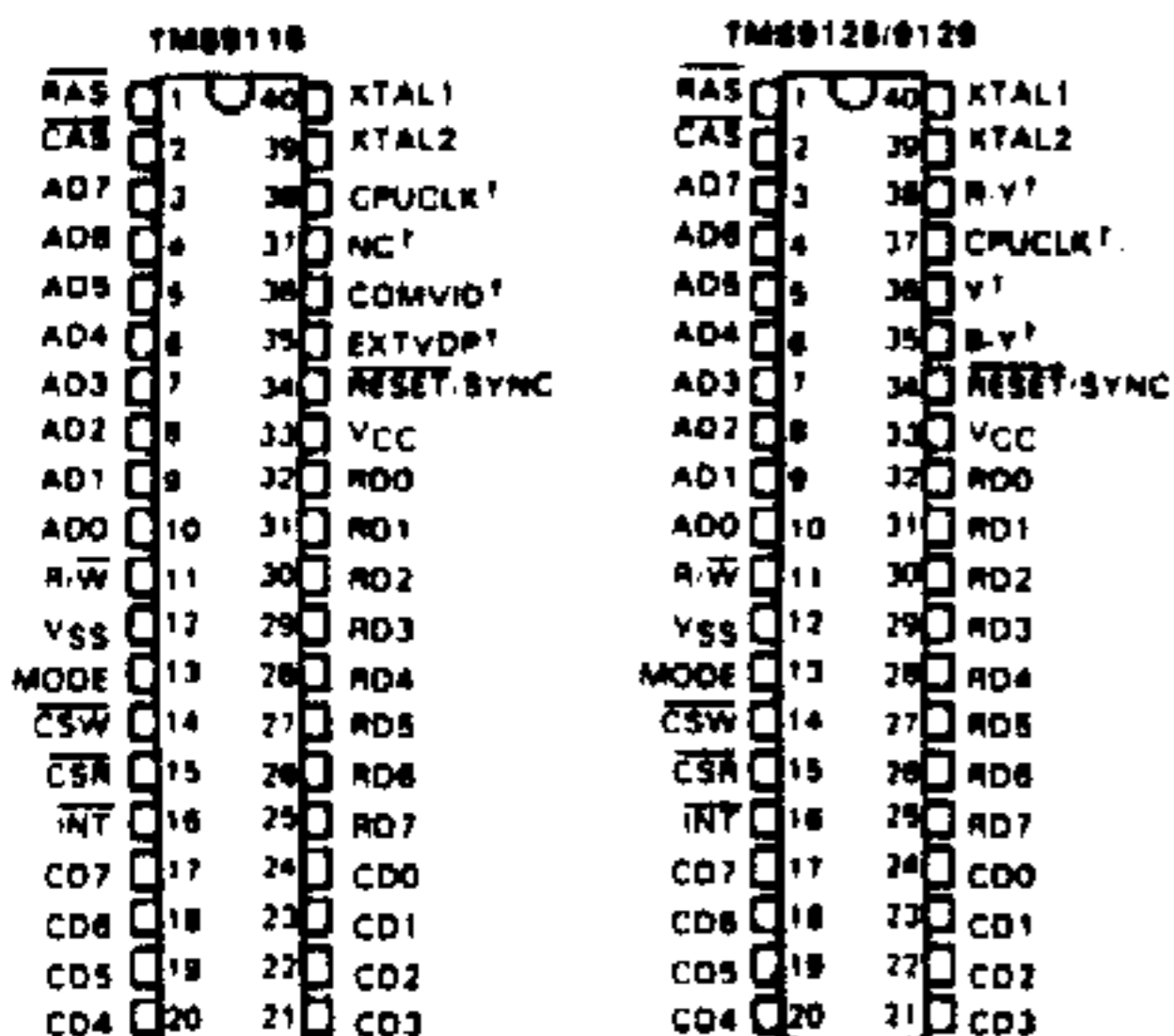
# Texas Instruments Video Chips

(Continued from Page 34)

“NOP” (no operation) is often used in VDP accesses to allow for timing differences between the 9900 and 9918A.

## OTHER TI VIDEO CHIPS

Technically speaking (pun intended), the 9918/28/29A series does not exist anymore. They were replaced in the early 1980s with the 9118/28/29 series. The 9118 is a drop-in replacement for the 9918 *except* that the GROMCLK isn't available (Fig. 4). The other major change is that the 9118 can use 16K x 4K DRAM, instead of 16K x 1K, thereby cutting the chip count down by six (Fig. 5).



Pins 35 to 38 are the only pins which vary for each device

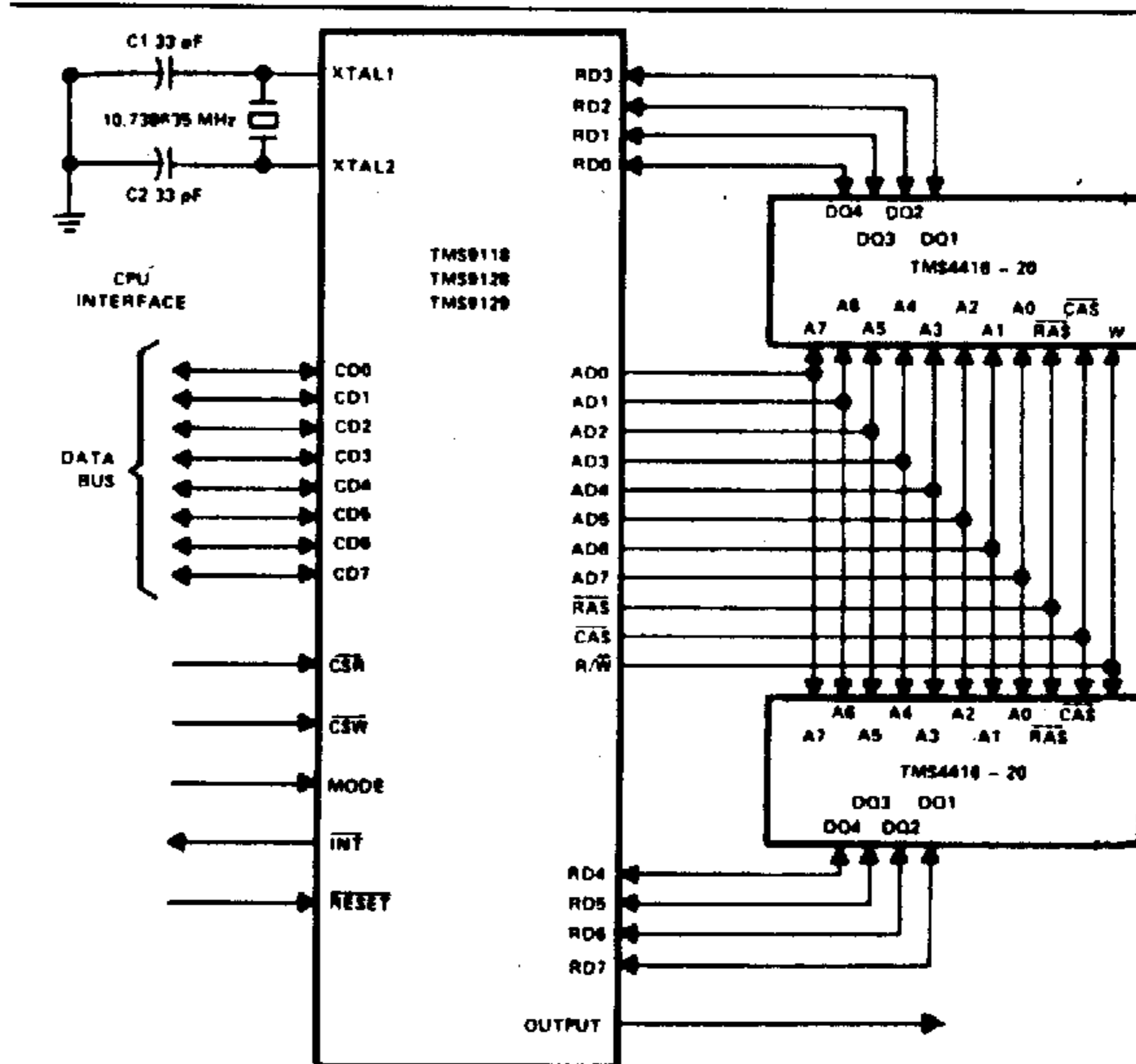
**Fig. 4: 9918/28 pinouts**

But before the 9118 and the 9918A, there was a TI video chip called the TMS9927/37 (Fig. 6). Not many people have heard of it, but it was a powerful chip, more powerful than the 9918A in some ways. The 9927 was a pure monochromatic text generator that could be programmed to display up to 132 columns per line, and up to 64 lines per frame, if the monitor could accept them! Figure 7 shows the typical layout.

So, why don't we use that? Because the scrolling and cursor controls are primitive, and useful more for simple data displays, rather than in a personal computer. And the 9927 has a messy interface, requiring dual-port RAM, a character generator ROM, etc. A product of the 1970s, the 9927 was state-of-the-art ten years ago, but not today.

## NEXT?

That's a quick rundown on the TMS9918A from a hardware viewpoint. Next we'll cover the 9938, the second



**Fig. 5: 9918 to VRAM interface**

generation VDP that was initiated by TI, but completed by Yamaha and Microsoft, and available today.

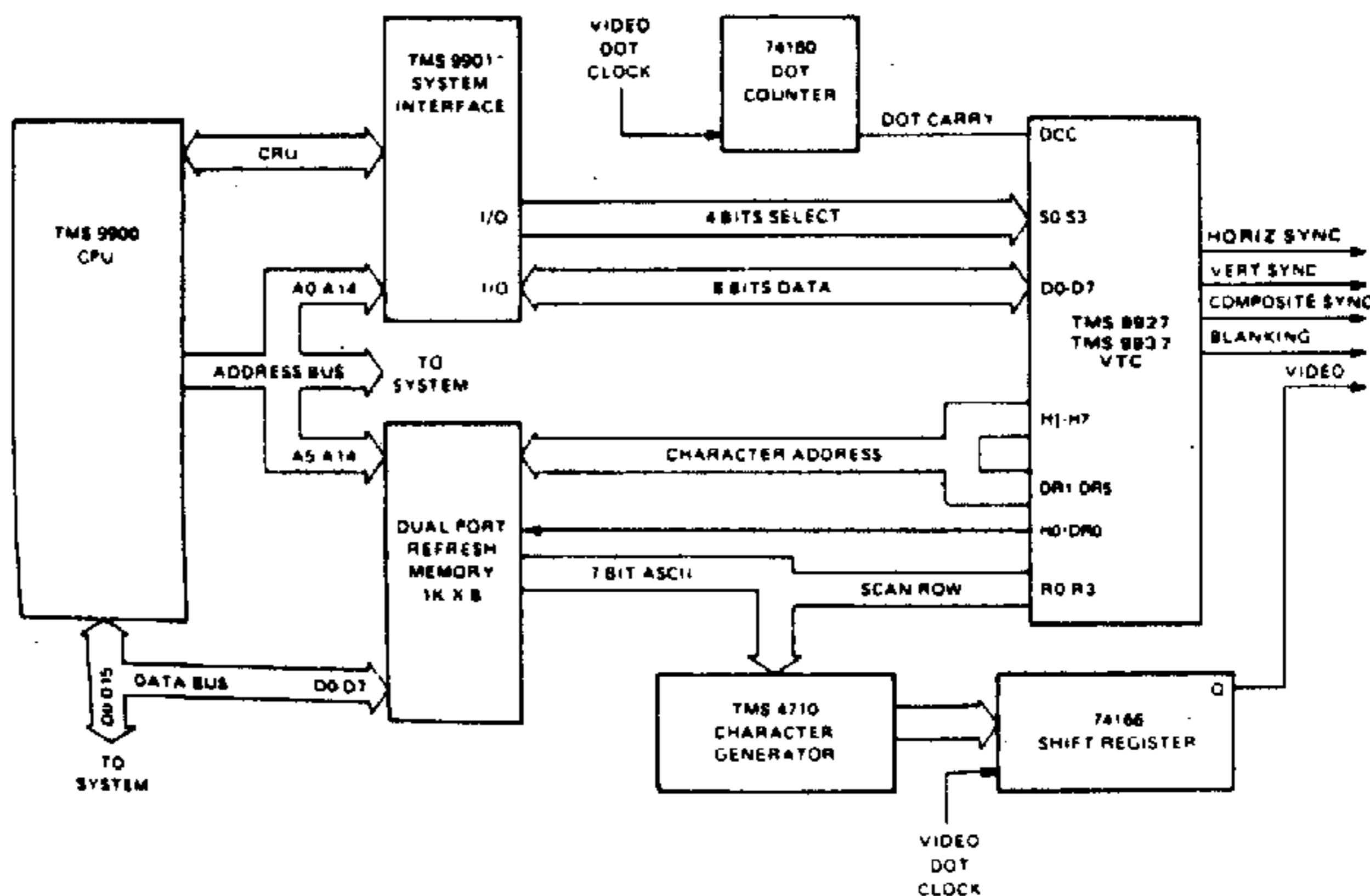
If you'd like to know about the 9918A (and other) chips, consult the references below. Questions about this article may be sent directly to the author at 409 Drol-

mond, Raleigh, NC 27615 or on CompuServe at CIS 73357,1730.

## REFERENCES

- TMS9918A/28A/29A Video Display Processors Data Manual, 1982
- TMS9118/28/29 Video Display Processors Data

(See Page 36)



**Fig. 7: 9927-based video system**

## Geneve

# Myarc's Alabama connection

By MIKE DODD

Many people have written or called me complaining about Myarc customer service. The complaints all have one thing in common: people have been having an extremely difficult time getting answers from Myarc.

Almost all Myarc literature lists the New Jersey address and phone number for Myarc, but, according to many users, getting through to the New Jersey office on the phone has been extremely difficult at times — I understand that the New Jersey office does not have a full-time secretary, and is answered whenever New Jersey Myarc employees have time. Some users have said that the phone has been busy for very extended periods of time, leading them to suspect that the phone was left off the hook.

According to Myarc spokesman Jack Riley, customer service is now being handled by the Alabama office. Any written communication sent to New Jersey is forwarded once a week to the Alabama office, Riley says. You can call or write the Alabama office directly, in an effort to expedite the response. The address is: Myarc, Inc., 2624 Ranier Drive NE, Birmingham, AL 35125. The phone number

is 205-854-5843. The Alabama office phone will be answered by a secretary or Riley.

According to Myarc, return authorizations must still be obtained from the NJ office.

Some users have said that even when they do get through to customer support, the answers given have been unsatisfactory. One user said that he was repeatedly told that his problems would be fixed with new system software, when, in fact, the keyboard turned out to be at fault.

One common complaint is that many users have trouble understanding the literature Myarc supplies. As general purpose advice, you should carefully read and re-read the documentation supplied. The answers are often in there, but they may be difficult to find. I have gotten several letters asking about some feature that turned out to be covered in the documentation.

It seems that many of Myarc's customer support problems have to do with a lack of adequate resources to handle the large volume of inquiries — Myarc is a small company. Riley told me that MICROpendium will soon start a monthly column in which Myarc will answer general purpose questions sent to MICROpendium.

Users are also invited to call me (615-435-4169) or contact me on DELPHI. (If you don't want to call me, you can write me; however, a written response cannot be guaranteed. A written response is much more likely, however, if the sender encloses a SASE.) To contact me on DELPHI, where I have recently been set up (thanks to system manager Jeff Guide), my ID is MY9640. Paul Charlton (ID TI994A) and J. Peter Hoddie (ID GENEVE) have also recently been set up on DELPHI (again, thanks to Jeff Guide) — those two can also help with many Geneve-related questions. Users who send me mail on DELPHI or call me will get a much quicker response than those who write. I can often diagnose problems more readily on the phone than I can through mail.

## XOPS

In MDOS V1.01 and earlier, some of the XOPs documented in Paul Charlton's XOP

manual are not implemented. In addition, in some of the cases where the documentation says that the EQ bit will be set or reset depending on an error condition, the EQ bit is in fact not changed. Two of the XOPs not functional in MDOS V1.01 are sound and SetTTYPos. Several readers have asked about those two calls. These problems should be fixed in later versions of MDOS.

## QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Glenn Davis asks: *Can MDOS load program files larger than 8K from the main prompt?*

MDOS is capable of loading a file that is >3F80 bytes long. As there is a six-byte header at the start of each file, you can load a program segment that is >3F7A bytes long.

Edward Wirick asks *if the CorComp 'Real' TI/IBM Connection program will work on his Geneve.*

The answer is no, for the same reasons that fast disk copy programs will not work (see July 1988 MICROpendium) — the CorComp TI/IBM program uses low level disk access to read the IBM disk and, as written by CorComp, will not work on the Geneve.

## PRBASE V2.1 UPDATE

Many people have been having problems with the PRBASE V2.1 update that I wrote. The problems center around the CREATE portion of the program. One major problem that a few people have noticed is that the initialize disk function of CREATE will not correctly format a disk — it does not initialize sector 0 to contain the proper values, and as such, will not work.

Another problem is that CREATE does not read sector 0 of the data disk, which can cause a "Record Not Available" error message on some functions of CREATE (e.g. Tabular Reports). The trick is to get the computer to read sector 0 of the data disk, then load CREATE, without exiting back to the title screen in between those two steps. Two easy methods of accomplishing this are as follows:

- For both methods, place the program (See Page 37)

## TI VDP CHIPS

(Continued from Page 35)

Manual, 1984

TMS9927 and TMS9937 Single-Chip Video Timers/Controllers, 1982

TI-99/4A Console Technical Data, 1983

31	1	46	17
30	2	45	16
29	3	44	15
28	4	43	14
27	5	42	13
26	6	41	12
25	7	40	11
24	8	39	10
23	9	38	9
22	10	37	8
21	11	36	7
20	12	35	6
19	13	34	5
18	14	33	4
17	15	32	3
16	16	31	2
15	17	30	1
14	18	29	0
13	19	28	0
12	20	27	0
11	21	26	0
10	22	25	0
9	23	24	0
8	24	23	0
7	25	22	0
6	26	21	0
5	27	20	0
4	28	19	0
3	29	18	0
2	30	17	0
1	31	16	0

Fig. 6: 9927 pinout

## GENEVE—

(Continued from Page 36)

disk in DSK1, and the data disk in DSK2.

- If you are using Extended BASIC to load, go to the XB prompt. Type CALL DIR(2) <ENTER>. This will attempt to catalog the disk, and should report an empty disk. However, in cataloging the disk, it will read sector 0. Then type RUN "DSK1.LOAD" <ENTER> and select CREATE (option 1) from the menu screen.

- If you are using the Editor/Assembler to load, go to E/A option 5. Type DSK2.X <ENTER>. This will generate an I/O error, but will read sector 0. Go back to option 5, then type DSK1.CRT:1, Enter to load CREATE, or just type <ENTER> to load the menu program (DSK1.UTIL1).

If you have only one disk drive, you should insure that your program disk and data disk are the same format. You should then be able to load the CREATE program normally, then switch disks to the data disk. You should not have any problems with doing this.

You do not have to worry about any of this when using the main PRBASE (Data Management) portion of the program — it will read sector 0 automatically on selecting a disk disk to use.

On a related note, when I wrote the

changes for V2.1 of PRBASE, I did not fix any of the bugs or quirks that PRBASE V2.0 had. The only change I made was to change the sector usage.

**MDOS & DATES**

Many users have complained that MDOS does not correctly set the day of week. One solution is to write an MDOS program that, when run, will add one to the day of week. You could then run this program every time you execute the DATE command.

Enter the program with MY-Word, using the (P)rogram (E)dit option. Save the file.

Assemble the saved source file with options 'RC'.

Exit GPL and go back to MDOS. From the command line, run Paul Charlton's fairware Linker program. Linker is available from many BBSes, networks and user group libraries. Please remember that if you use Linker, you should pay Charlton for his efforts.

From the Linker prompt, type the name of the object filename and <ENTER>. Remember that if you used a slash (/) in the file name, you will need to enclose the slash with quotes, so that MDOS does not consider it an option string and thus ignore

it.

Now type @filename <ENTER>, where filename is the name that the program should be saved as. For example: @B:FIX will save the program to the B drive (normally DSK2.) with a filename of 'FIX'.

Type ! <ENTER> to exit back to MDOS.

To try the program, type DATE <ENTER> to see what the current day of week setting is. Now type the filename of the saved file (e.g. B:FIX). Again type DATE and observe the change.

*For those who are unable to obtain Paul Charlton's Linker program from user groups or electronic bulletin boards, the Boston Computer Society has the program on disk No. 91 in its public domain library. Send \$3, plus \$1 handling, to: Boston Computer Society, TI99/4A User Group, One Center Plaza, Boston, MA 02108.*

*Readers with questions about the Geneve or problems may write Dodd at 116 Richards Dr., Oliver Springs, TN 37840. Questions may be answered in this column. Personal replies cannot be guaranteed.*

---

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---

- \* Fix day of week byte
- \* Copyright 1988 by Mike Dodd
- \* Written for MICROpendium magazine
- \*

```
LWPI >F000
```

```
MOVB @>F13E,R0
```

- \* Load workspace
- \* Get day of week byte
- \* Day of week now in Most Significant Byte of R0.
- \* There may be garbage bits in the first four bits
- \* of R0, so we need to clear those.

```
ANDI R0,>0F00
```

- \* Strip all but relevant bits
- \* Now add 1 to the value. If doing this results
- \* in a 8, then we need to reset to 1.

```
AB @H01,R0
```

```
CB R0,@H07
```

```
JLE NOT8
```

```
MOVB @H01,R0
```

- \* Subtract one
- \* Less than or equal to 7?
- \* Yes - no problem
- \* Wrap back to 1
- \* All fixed. Reset the value and return to MDOS.

```
NOT8 MOVB R0,>F13E
```

```
BLWP @>0000
```

\*

```
H01 BYTE >01
```

```
H07 BYTE >07
```

\*

```
END
```

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## Software schedule announced

# Myarc releases 512K Geneve card

Owners of the Myarc Geneve computer can now add 512K of RAM with Myarc's new 512K memory card. Coupled with the Geneve's 640K of memory, users will have more than one megabyte of memory. The card is priced in the \$300 range.

Owners who ship their existing Myarc 512K cards configured for use with the TI99/4A can have the cards modified for use with the Geneve, according to Myarc spokesman Jack Riley. However, after the modification, the card will no longer be compatible with the TI. The cost of the modification is \$50.

Myarc also recently released its long-awaited Hard and Floppy Disk Controller card for use with the TI and the Geneve. Those who use it with the Geneve, however, are required to use MDOS Ver. 1.06 and GPL Ver. 1.01. Myarc Disk Manager 5 Ver. 1.21 is required for use with either computer.

Riley says that several programs will be released for the Geneve in coming months, including Advanced BASIC, Pascal, GEME, a utility package and MY-Pro-Art, a completely modified version of MY-Art.

Advanced BASIC and Pascal are scheduled for release in September.

GEME is expected to be released in Oc-

tober with a price of about \$175. GEME is a multi-tasking, windowing environment that allows users to run up to four programs simultaneously. GEME will support 512 x 424 resolution with the Myarc 512K card. Without the additional memory, the display will be 512 x 212.

The utility package, priced at about \$100, will offer users an array of functions. Scheduled for release by October, the package will include several versions of GPL (one will load software without stopping at a loader screen, another will load a user-configured menu); a GRAM Kracker-like utility that will allow users to manipulate software in RAMdisk; and a sector editor for hard and floppy drives that will allow users to recover corrupted or deleted files and some programs.

The utility package will be the first program released with Myarc's utility/protection card containing a read once EPROM. As announced last spring, Myarc will protect all of its software releases and won't release anything priced at less than \$100. "This leaves the field clear" for third-party vendors, Riley says. Myarc will burn EPROMs for third-party vendors who wish to incorporate Myarc's protection scheme into software. Each utility card has

the capability of reading protection EPROMs for numerous programs.

The protection/utility card also allows the user to plug in a TI speech synthesizer board. It also provides support for an as yet unspecified math coprocessor chip. A MIDI port is also possible, according to Riley. While the card will be bundled with the utility package, it may become available to those who want it for its support of the speech synthesizer.

MY-Pro-Art is "completely different from MY-Art Version 1.4," according to Riley. Like GEME, it will support 512 x 424 screen resolution with a 512K memory expansion. MY-Pro-Art reads and writes in GIF and RLE formats and can import files created by TI-Artist and GRAPHX. It also supports multiple fonts, clipboard functions, color printing, and features a grid function for perspective. Riley said that the final version isn't finished and that Myarc would be receptive to suggestions about what features users would like the finished product to have.

MY-Pro-Art, which requires a mouse, will be available with or without the Myarc mouse. Scheduled for release in October or November, it will be protected

## Print-Screen enabled

# Improvements made to MDOS, GPL

MDOS Ver. 1.06 has recently been completed and it features a number of improvements over the most widely released MDOS, Version 1.01.

Most noticeable to users will be the fact that it automatically boots in 80-column mode instead of 40 columns. The Print Screen function also works. When a user presses CTRL Print Screen data that cross the screen will be outputted to a printer until CTRL Print Screen is toggled to turn it off.

Beyond this, in conjunction with Version 1.02 of the GPL interpreter, users can use AUTOEXEC files to load GPL as well as program files. For example, the following AUTOEXEC file will load GPL and the Editor/Assembler automatically:

```
TIMODE  
GPL A:EA
```

Using this AUTOEXEC file, the Editor/Assembler is loaded from drive A. It may also be written as GPL DSK1.EA.

After loading GPL, the user can return to the MDOS A > prompt by pressing CTRL-ALT-DELETE at the GPL selection screen. In previous versions, this command would reboot the system.

Version 1.06 of MDOS provides limited hard disk support. Full hard disk support will be available with Ver. 1.10H. Ver. 1.10H will be identical to Ver. 1.10, with the addition of hard disk support.

The only modification to commands in Ver. 1.06 is with the attribute command. In Ver. 1.06 it is implemented like this: ATTRIB (- or +)P. In earlier versions of MDOS, the command operated in this way: ATTRIB (- or +)R.

GPL Ver. 1.02 differs slightly from Ver. 1.01. According to Myarc, the only difference between these two versions is that Ver. 1.02 boots up with the sound chip turned off while Ver. 1.01 boots with the sound chip on.

## MacFlix: Use Macintosh Graphics on your TI

Finally - access to Macintosh™ MacPaint™ graphics using your TI-99/4A or MYARC 9640 Computer! With MacFlix by J. Peter Hoddie you can view, print, and save industry standard MacPaint graphics with your computer. The Macintosh has the most extensive library of graphics ever created for a personal computer, and now you can utilize this vast resource.

Using MacFlix you can load and view MacPaint images. These images are a full 8 by 10 inches so MacFlix gives you the power to easily move around the picture. If you have an Epson compatible or ProWriter printer the image may be printed.

But graphics are useless unless you can use them in your own designs. With a keystroke MacFlix saves your image as a TI-Artist screen which can be manipulated with most TI graphics programs!

MacPaint pictures are available on all major telecommunications networks, many local BBS's, and through user groups.

If you have a 9640 computer, MacFlix is even more powerful. You can view the picture in high-res mode, with or without interlace. On a 9640 MacFlix, can actually display more than a standard Mac screen! MacFlix also saves images in both MY-Art formats.

MacFlix has the extras you've come to expect from Genial Computerware - the ability to invert a picture, and convenient Catalog and Delete File routines. If you own our PC-Transfer program, MacFlix comes with a custom conversion routine that lets you move MacPaint pictures to and from IBM disks, a great source of thousands of pictures.

Written in assembly language, MacFlix runs on a TI-99/4A computer with Extended BASIC or Editor Assembler, or Super-Cart; or a MYARC 9640 computer.

MacFlix is available for only \$15. Place your order before September 30, 1988 and receive a free bonus disk of Macintosh pictures to start your collection!

## Graphics Expander

Created by J. Peter Hoddie, Graphics Expander is the most versatile graphics utility ever available for users of TI-Artist, CSGD, Font Writer II, and other popular graphics software. Here's a list of the main benefits:

- Handles TI-Artist Fonts and Instances, and CSGD Fonts and Small Graphics.
- Can be used to convert between TI-Artist and CSGD formats
- Can stretch and shrink graphics by user selectable factors from -9 to 9
- Graphic display of all conversions to eliminate guess work
- Provides Upside-down, Invert, Mirror and Rotate features
- Built in Catalog and Delete file options
- Written in 100% assembly language for blazing speed
- Complete printed documentation by Walt Howe

Because we know that TI-Artist can't handle the really big fonts you want to use, we include a copy of our **BIG-TYPE** program free of charge. This useful program allows you to load any TI-Artist font (can handle fonts over 200 sectors in size) and type it onto any TI-Artist picture you have. As an added feature, you can even type in color!

You've heard about similar products from the competition that only contain some of the features of Graphics Expander, run slower, or make you work in the dark. Now get the one reviewers are calling "clear," "concise," and "quick." Graphics Expander is available for only \$10.

### **Genial Computerware**

P.O. Box 183, Grafton, MA 01519

- To place an order, please send check or money order plus \$1 for shipping and handling.
- Credit Card orders (Visa, MC, AmEx) may be placed through Disk Only Software at 1-800-456-9272.
- For a complete catalog of Genial Computerware products for the TI-99/4A and 9640, send a self addressed stamped envelope to the address above.
- Graphics Expander is in Version 2.0. Owners of previous versions may upgrade by returning their original disk and \$3.

## The Gramulator

**GRAM Kracker's successor**

By J. PETER HODDIE

Finding a place to start a review of the Gramulator from CaDD Electronics is a difficult task. The Gramulator is the 1988 incarnation of the GRAM emulator, one of the most exciting peripherals developed for the TI99/4A. The Gramulator is the successor to MG's popular GRAM Kracker (reviewed in March 1986 MICROpendium). This review will attempt to cover all the details of the Gramulator while also offering some comparisons to the GRAM Kracker, which is the standard that many will judge it upon.

**THE BASIC IDEA**

GRAM emulators such as the Gramulator, GRAM Kracker and GRAM Karte allow for a cartridge to be saved on disk and then loaded back into the device for use without the cartridge. Once the cartridge is residing in the emulator it can be modified because it is now contained in RAM memory. Thus a GRAM emulator allows for customization of cartridges. Further, TI BASIC and a large portion of the "operating system" of the 99/4A are contained in GROM memory in the console, which the Gramulator is able to emulate. This allows for changes in the actual behavior of the 99/4A from the moment it is powered up.

GRAM devices allow for a complete backup of a cartridge library to be made to disk. This can provide some degree of security against damage to cartridges. While some might argue that a GRAM emulator encourages piracy of cartridges by allowing them to be freely copied, this is hardly realistic. Most TI users now own every cartridge they are likely to ever want, and the cost of cartridges is generally no more than \$10, and often less. With GRAM devices selling for over \$150, buying such a device for piracy purposes hardly seems economical.

A GRAM device also reduces the wear on your the console cartridge port. Once placed in the cartridge port, there is usually no reason to remove the device, and thus one of the most frequent causes of problems with the 99/4A (ever had Extended BASIC lock up for no good reason?) is essentially eliminated.

Using a GRAM device a programmer

**Review****Report Card**

Performance.....	A
Ease of Use.....	B+
Documentation.....	A-
Value.....	A
Final Grade.....	A

**Cost: \$185****Manufacturer: CaDD Electronics, 52 Audubon Road, Haverhill, MA 01830****Requirements: 32K expansion, disk system**

can write programs in GPL (TI's proprietary Graphics Programming Language), which is nearly impossible without a GRAM emulator (although using Monty Schmidt's clever GPL Linker it is possible). There are several GPL assemblers and disassemblers available for those who wish to program the 99/4A in the language that most TI users chose for most of their cartridges.

**THE HARDWARE**

The Gramulator is a small black metal case, that slides into the cartridge port of the 99/4A console, and extends to fill the entire length and width of the cartridge port. There are two rubber "feet" to hold it level. In front of the cartridge port there is a connector to plug in a cartridge, and the battery which backs up the RAM memory when the console is turned off. The placement of the battery outside the case is a major improvement over the GRAM Kracker in terms of changing the battery. With the GRAM Kracker, this involves completely disassembling the case, as often as every six months. By locating the battery out of the case, even a technoklutz can easily replace the battery in just a few seconds.

The Gramulator contains 96K of RAM configured to emulate the 64K of GROM/GRAM in the console and cartridges, 2 banks of 8K RAM/ROM that may also reside in a cartridge, and 2 extra banks of 8K for later expansion. There is also 8K of ROM which contains the Gramulator software. On the front are 7

two position switches which control the devices operation. These switches control similar functions to those on the GRAM Kracker, with further operational details below.

With instructions available from CaDD, the Gramulator may be modified by the addition of a few chips to utilize the two extra 8K RAM banks to emulate the Milton Bradley MBX cartridges. The Gramulator is the first product available for modifying these unique cartridges.

The Gramulator comes with a three-month warranty on parts and labor.

**THE SOFTWARE**

Built into the Gramulator is 8K of software which allows for loading and saving cartridges, TI BASIC, and the operating system, in addition to setting many of the device characteristics that are also controlled by the switches. There are also options to save specific ROMs and GRAMs, not necessarily as part of a cartridge. In a cartridge, a GROM contains 6K of data, although it occupies an 8K block of memory. This extra 2K is extremely useful for programmers when modifying or enhancing cartridges, because it is never used in existing cartridges. When saving a complete cartridge the software saves "small GROMs" which take up 8 fewer sectors on disk than "large GROMs" which are saved when the option to save specific memory banks is used. In this way, the casual user doesn't have to waste disk space on unused areas of memory, while a programmer has the ability to save these areas if necessary. The GRAM Kracker software saved in 8K banks to be safe.

The built in software also contains a catalog routine (which handles floppy, RAM, and hard disks) to help locate files. Using the Gramulator system software, a memory editor may be loaded from disk. The memory editor features editing of both GRAM and CPU memory, editing and display in both ASCII and hexadecimal, string search, printer/disk dumps, and the ability to fill blocks of memory with a particular byte value.

Taken together, the system software and memory editor allow for nearly all the capabilities of the GRAM Kracker inter-

(See Page 41)



# GRAMULATOR—

(Continued from Page 40)

nal software with some welcome improvements, such as selective memory bank save, disk catalog and small GROM size. The software is not as "pretty" as the GRAM Kracker's and the memory editor resides on disk as opposed to memory, which is not as convenient.

For those who wish to modify the system software or the memory editor, the source code is available for a nominal fee from CaDD. The code is well written, and carefully commented.

Providing the source code for systems software is becoming a popular option within the TI community (witness the success of the Horizon RAMdisk) and CaDD is to be commended for choosing this open policy.

## DOCUMENTATION

The manual provided with the Gramulator is entirely adequate. It clearly describes the functions of all the hardware switches, how to operate the system software and memory editor, some specific examples of modifying cartridges, some useful advice on using the device, and an excellent table of contents to make finding information fast. The manual is typeset, printed on 8½ x 11 paper, and contains 36 pages.

Nothing is wrong with the Gramulator manual; unfortunately, it must be compared to the GRAM Kracker manual.

If there was one thing MG did better than anyone else, it was to write outstanding documentation. The GRAM Kracker manual, no exception, is packed with examples, hints, cartridge modifications, and technical and programming information. The GRAM Kracker manual (\$2.50 including shipping) is still available from MG, 1475 W. Cypress Ave., San Dimas CA 91773. This manual makes a worthwhile addition to a Gramulator owner's reference library.

## SO WHAT DOES IT DO FOR ME?

The Gramulator moves any cartridge from ROM where it can not be edited, into RAM. This allows anyone to make changes in a cartridge. Changes can be simple — such as changing screen colors — to the more complex — such as adding new CALLs to Extended BASIC, or modifying the TI title screen to include your name. Using the supplied memory editor

it is easy to make simple modifications.

With the proliferation of large RAMdisks and now hard drives, the ability to store large numbers of cartridges on-line becomes a reality. With these devices, a cartridge may be loaded in just a few seconds. No longer do you have to search for cartridges on your desk. The Gramulator sits in the cartridge port and you simply load the cartridge you need. Unlike the GRAM Kracker, loading a cartridge often requires no manipulation of switches on the device, which can save considerable time.

For those using an external keyboard (such as produced by Rave 99), the Gramulator allows placement of the console completely out of the way since you no longer need to access the cartridge port. For most operations there is no need to manipulate the switches, so the console can be conveniently placed to one side.

## SUPPORT

Because of the popularity of the GRAM Kracker, particularly in the programming community, a large number of articles were written explaining how to make changes to cartridges and the operating system. An excellent collection of these is Kracker Facts, edited by Mike Dodd, and available from the L.A. 99'ers. The vast majority of the material in this book is directly applicable to the Gramulator.

Programs are also available in the public domain and fairware circles which take advantage of the Gramulator. There are some particularly good articles written by Marty Kroll available on CompuServe and from several software libraries, including the Boston Computer Society.

A program I wrote called GRAM Packer, available from Genial Computerware, will work with the Gramulator, though at this time not all features are functional. For details see the review in the December 1986 MICROpendium.

## CONCLUSION

Most people who purchased a GRAM Kracker wondered how they ever did without it. The Gramulator is a worthy successor to this legacy.

If you have ever considered purchasing a GRAM emulator product, now is the time. The Gramulator is a powerful addition to the 99/4A environment that will change the face of your computer.

## Column Attack!

Once upon a time (all good stories begin this way) there was a planet named Flugal inhabited by (of course) Flugalins. The people of this species were known throughout the universe for their colorful spaceships, as well as their collectively nasty demeanor.

The Flugalins like to take things that really don't belong to them. Since Earth is well known as the Jewel of the Heavens, it didn't take them long before they set their sights on it. Their evil plan is to level everything in sight and construct fast-food restaurants, shopping malls, and concrete parking lots (evidently they are dissatisfied with the progress of the natives in doing this).

Unhappily, you have been chosen to control the planets only laser defense gun. You do have a few spares, but really not as many as everyone would like because the Defense Department spent most of its budget on computer security software. Your job, of course, is to destroy the attacking aliens before they can set up their laser stations, or if worse comes to worse, destroy the stations.

Welcome to *Column Attack!*, a new game by Chris Bobbitt. Written in the compiled language Fortran 99, *Column Attack!* is fast, joystick-bending action from start to finish. However, it loads like any Assembly or Extended BASIC program. If you like arcade games, you'll love *Column Attack!*.

Requires: TI Extended BASIC,  
Editor/Assembler or  
TI-Writer, 32K, one disk drive

**\$9.95 plus \$.75 S&H**

**Asgard Software  
P.O. Box 10306  
Rockville MD 20850**

Call 1-800-456-9272 to place credit card orders (Visa, MC, AmEx)

## Barrage

## Cannons against 'acid rain'

By KEITH BERGMAN

© 1988 by Keith Bergman

If a Hall of Fame existed for TI games, I would nominate DataBioTics' Barrage for entry immediately. The game is fast-paced, well-written and full of enough action to wear out a set of joysticks (not to mention hands — trust me, I know!)

Barrage opens up with a rather nondescript title screen, from which the player chooses one of three options — one player, two player cooperative and two player competitive. This is a nice feature if you, as I do, have a family full of people who like games and hate waiting to play. In both two player options, the two players play simultaneously.

After the options, the scene shifts to the main game screen. At the bottom in each corner sits a laser cannon, atop a platform. Beneath the platform, each cannon's ammunition is stacked up. Between the cannons, on the ground, lie eight objects — cars, planes, satellite dishes and the like — that the player(s) are to defend from the Draks. Who, you ask, are the Draks?

The Draks are the fiendish enemies of this game. However, unlike in most arcade games, we never see the Draks. We see only the acid balls they are raining down upon the planet. In Level 1, a slew of acid balls — actually dots — fall toward the objects below. The player(s) shoot them by positioning an on-screen target on them and firing. A laser beam shoots out from the laser cannon to the target and explodes, blowing up (you hope) the acid ball in the process. This method of shooting is similar to that in the arcade game "Missile Command."

In Level 2, we meet up with a new type of acid ball; a larger, red ball that seems to drift lazily to the bottom of the screen. However, when the red balls get close to an object or a laser cannon, they cluster together and move almost as one to destroy their objectives. After this, in Level 3, an even worse menace appears. I have christened these "fastballs" and they live up to their name! They look just like the first type of acid ball, but they shoot out from the top of the screen, zipping toward their targets. You'll usually get them only by shooting ahead of them and letting them

## Review

## Report Card

Performance.....	A
Ease of Use.....	A
Documentation.....	A
Value.....	A
Final Grade.....	A

Cost: \$19.95

Manufacturer: DataBioTics, P.O. Box 1194, Palos Verdes Estates, CA 90274

Requirements: Console, monitor, joysticks

run into your explosion.

When an acid ball comes into contact with a laser cannon or an object on the ground, the ball destroys it. Laser cannons that are destroyed are rebuilt at the end of each level, but objects stay destroyed.

Once all of the objects a player is guarding are destroyed, that player's game is over. A destroyed object is rebuilt at 50,000 points, 100,000 points and at every interval of 100,000 afterwards.

If only one person is playing (a rare occurrence around my house!), the player controls one target. Both laser cannons are at his or her disposal and when he or she shoots, the beam comes from the cannon closest to the target.

When two people play cooperatively, they each control one target and fire from one laser cannon. They work together, and there is one score kept. If two play competitively, the control is the same, but each has his or her own score. Each player defends only four of the eight objects, the four closest to the defender's cannon.

There are several bonuses in Barrage. If, during a level, you destroy three or more acid balls with one explosion, you will get a bonus that varies depending on what level you are on and how many were shot. At the end of each level, you get 10 points times the level number (10\*LEVEL in XB) for each shot left unfired below your laser cannon and 300\*LEVEL for each object left intact. At this time, between levels, is when objects are rebuilt if one's score is high enough. If all of your

objects have been destroyed but you have achieved a high enough score to get an object rebuilt, it will be rebuilt and your game will continue. Otherwise, it's GAME OVER.

Some things to note: never, NEVER, let the acid balls destroy your laser cannon. If two persons are playing competitively, each player controls only one, so if it's destroyed, your chances of making it to the next level are very slim.

Also, beware of Level 8. Fastball after fastball will whiz out of the top of the screen. For unexperienced players, this level is often doom. The fastballs are deceptive, too. On some levels, they will come down on one side of the screen, and, while you are trying to shoot them, some slow ones move in on the other side and take out a cannon or some objects.

This game's action is fast and furious. Two players playing simultaneously does not appear to slow the game down at all, even with a wave of acid balls falling as well. Once you get the hang of maneuvering the target, you'll be flying off the screen, shooting and heading for the next acid ball before the explosion goes off. The game is simple enough to dive into without reading the docs, but they're adequate.

Barrage can take its place among the great action games on the 99/4A. It's sure taken its place in Slot 3 of my Widget! I get less and less done all the time! (And I challenge anyone to beat my score of 488,010 on Level 15 — and that was with a pair of TI joysticks!

## Reader to Reader

"I have been hunting for a CALL PEEK address for over TWO YEARS, and I still haven't found it! (It's beginning to make me crazy!) Can ANYBODY tell me the address (and "values" concerned) to CALL PEEK from within a running XB program, (AND WITHOUT PRESSING ANY KEYS) to check if the ALPHA LOCK is up or down?! I KNOW it CAN be done, but HOW?! (Mucho thanks!)" writes Ray Kazmer, 13225 Azores Ave., Sylmar, CA 91342

Eunice Spooner, Box 3720 Webb Rd., Waterville, ME 04901, would like to know how to get TI Logo II designs printed on an Epson-compatible printer.

Jim Lohmeyer, 801 East Center, LeRoy, IL 61752, says he loves to program but needs ideas for programs, subroutines, modifications or projects. Any person who submits an idea he uses will be the first to receive a copy of his fairware programs.

# Newsbytes

## Nova Scotia fair set

TI of Nova Scotia Users Group will hold its first TI Atlantic Fair Oct. 1 in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada.

Russ Portolesi, TINS secretary, said group members hope the fair will become an annual event.

For further information, contact TINS, 2846 Gottingen St., Halifax, N.S., Canada B4C 1V5; TEXTNET BBS at (902) 455-2076; or voice at DATA\*PORT (902) 454-0232.

## RSTS to distribute Myarc products in UK

Richard Sierakowski Technical Services International has become the sole distributor of Myarc products in the United Kingdom.

The firm also provides services to TI99/4A users.

For further information, write RSTS, Old School Buildings, Herd St., Marlborough, Wiltsire, SN8 1DG, England.

## Asgard releases new products

Asgard Software has released two new games, Column Attack! and Oliver's Twist; a graphics package, Disk of Dinosaurs; an Extended BASIC utility, Quick-Run; and a RAMdisk manager, RAM\*Boot.

Column Attack!, an arcade-type game, is an attack on earth by the Flugalins of the planet Flugal, who plan to level everything in sight and construct fast-food restaurants, shopping malls and concrete parking lots. The game user control's earth's only laser defense gun and tries to destroy the attacking aliens before they can set up their laser stations or, barring that, destroy the stations.

Column Attack! by Chris Bobbitt is written in Fortran 99. It requires TI Extended BASIC, Editor/Assembler or TI-Writer, 32K and one disk drive. Suggested retail is \$9.95.

Oliver's Twist is an adventure game in which the user will inherit the castle of his recently deceased Uncle Oliver (King Oliver IV) on condition that the user mollifies his ancestral spirits by returning 15

treasures to their rightful places. The user also has to figure out where the rightful places are without disturbing Oliver's ghost.

The game was written by Mickey Schmitt and Lynn Gardner and was tested by members of the Pittsburgh Users Group. It requires the Adventure module. Suggested retail is \$9.95.

Disk of Dinosaurs, by Ken Gilliland, is a two-disk package of dinosaur graphics stored in TI-Artist Instance format, including dinosaur pictures; a complete dinosaur alphabet designed to let the user "dinosaurize" letters, reports and signs; background scenes; a "dinosaur hunting license"; and four dinosaur cartoon shorts.

It requires TI-Artist or a program that can use TI-Artist work, 32K memory expansion and a disk system (either a Cor-Comp or TI controller to view the cartoons). A printer is recommended. Suggested retail is \$12.95.

Quick-Run is said to allow the user to shave minutes off the start-up time of any Extended BASIC program, including those with assembly language, by taking a "snapshot" of a running XBASIC program and saving it to disk with the screen setup and all variables. Later, according to the manufacturer, the user can run the saved copy and the program picks up where it left off, so the user does not have to wait for initialization, for instance.

Asgard says Quick-Run allows the user to chain programs together and store the variables in memory instead of writing them to disk and also lets the user run a program from any line number.

Quick-Run was written by Travis Watford and requires XBASIC, 32K and a disk system. Suggested retail is \$9.95.

RAM\*Boot is called the only RAMdisk manager designed specifically for the Myarc 128K and 512K cards.

The manufacturer says the user can have it set up, copy and number of disks to it and then run a program from the RAM-disk card. Once the RAMdisk is initialized, according to Asgard, it becomes a RAM-disk manager that allows the user to back it up to floppy disk, copy disks or run any program.

The program is by Watford. It requires XBASIC, 32K and one disk drive. Suggested retail is \$9.95.

For further information or to order, contact Asgard Software, P.O. Box 10306, Rockville, MD 20850.

## Comic Show Editor won't run on 9640

Ray Kazmer, who wrote an article on how to use the Comic Show Editor in the July 1988 MICROpendium, has notified us that the program will not run on the Geneve 9640.

## East Texas group to participate in fair

The Longview Computer Users Group will again have the use of a double booth at the Gregg County (Texas) Fair. This year's fair will run Sept. 12-18.

Leo DuBry of the group said the TI99/4A Sig will have approximately one-fourth of the booth.

## 99 BBS adds support for 9640 online

The 99BBS in Whittier, California, has recently added support for the Geneve 9640, according to Roger Davis, sysop.

The 24-hour, seven-day-a-week board operates at from 300 to 2400 baud and is PC Pursuit accessible (CALAN). Phone number for the board is (213) 947-7777.

This board has been in operation as versions 5.0 through 7.6 for more than three years, Davis says. He says there is no wait for verification for users, but full accessibility on the first call.

Minimum equipment requirements for the board are a TI console, Extended BASIC, RS232, monitor, memory expansion, disk drive and controller and a smart modem (preferably fully Hayes compatible). Davis says. He says he highly recommends multiple disk drives. Other optional equipment includes a clock card (setup is for Corcomp, but any may be used), a RAM disk and a printer.

The board is available by sending a DS/DD disk, or equivalent, return postage and a note requesting the board to Roger Davis, 11410 Grovedale, Whittier, CA 90604. Davis urges current 99BBS system sysops to send a disk for the update.

(See Page 44)

# User Notes

## Editor Aid helps XBASIC programmers

If you've ever wanted to save or delete a block of program lines in an Extended BASIC program without having to manually delete individual lines, then Editor Aid is for you. The program allows programmers to save or delete designated blocks of code. Users may also produce a cross-reference listing of line numbers that may be output to the screen or a designated device.

The program was written by Merv Kroll, a member of the Brisbane (Australia) TI User Group. It appeared in the group's newsletter.

To use Editor Aid, first save the program you wish to act on in MERGE format. Then follow on-screen instructions and prompts. After performing deletions or excisions, the program saves the result in MERGE format.

```

100 !*****
!031
110 !*      EDITOR AID      *
!204
120 !*****
!031
130 CALL CLEAR !209
140 DISPLAY AT(1,3):RPT$("*"
,22)!2,3,4 FOR PROGRAM NAME
!114
150 DISPLAY AT(3,3):"*
EDITOR AID";TAB(24);"*" !201
160 DISPLAY AT(5,3):RPT$("*"
,22):: DISPLAY AT(7,3):"AUTH
OR:" !066
170 DISPLAY AT(13,9):"MERV K
ROLL";TAB(7);"23 MUSGRAVE ST
";TAB(6);"KIPPA-RING 4020" !
000
180 DISPLAY AT(24,2):"MEMBER
BRISBANE USER GROUP" :: FOR
I=1 TO 500 :: NEXT I !030
190 CALL CLEAR :: PRINT "THI
S PROGRAM WILL ENABLE YOU":
TO SAVE A SECTION OF A ":"PR

```

```

OGRAM, DELETE A BLOCK" !101
200 PRINT "OF LINE NUMBERS W
ITH EASE, ":"OR PRINT A LINE
NUMBER CROSS": "REFERENCE." !
193
210 PRINT :: PRINT "FIRST, S
AVE THE PROGRAM AS A ":"MER
GED" FILE, THEN AS" !075
220 PRINT "ASKED, ENTER PROG
RAM NAME, ":"NAME YOU WISH TO
RE-SAVE AS, ":"AND BOTH LINE
NUMBERS." !159
230 PRINT :: PRINT "LINE NUM
BERS YOU ENTER ARE": "BOTH IN
CLUSIVE....." :: PRINT ::
PRINT :: PRINT !013
240 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> TO
CONTINUE.":ANS$ !073
250 CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT
(3,3):"DO YOU WISH TO:-" ::
DISPLAY AT(8,1):"(1) SAVE A
PROGRAM PORTION" !056
260 DISPLAY AT(10,1):"(2) DE
LETE A PORTION" :: DISPLAY A
(See Page 45)

```

# Newsbytes

(Continued from Page 43)

## Pennsylvania users set exhibition

The Central PA 99/4A Users Group is sponsoring its 1988 Computer Exposition from 7 a.m. to 2 p.m. Oct. 16 at the Carlisle Fair Grounds in Carlisle, Pennsylvania.

The exposition is in conjunction with the annual Hamfest of the Cumberland County Amateur Radio Society.

Admission to the event is free, according to Barry Long, secretary of the user group; however, there is a gate charge to the fairgrounds.

Tables are available to vendors and suppliers. An eight-foot table is \$40, and a 16-foot space (two tables) is \$50, Long said. A 23-inch color monitor will be available for demonstrations of products in a demonstration area. Reservation deadline for vendors is Sept. 23.

To reserve vendor space, write the Central PA 99/4A Users Group, P.O. Box 14126, Harrisburg, PA 17104-0126. For more information contact Long after 8 p.m. at (717) 564-2975 or contact the group's president, Dave Ratcliffe, at (717) 238-5414.

## 6th Chicago TI Faire is Nov. 12

The Chicago TI Users' Group's 6th Annual TI Faire will be held from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Nov. 12 at the Holiday Inn in Rolling Meadows, Illinois.

Admission is \$4. Optional events are a social mixer from 8 p.m. to midnight Nov. 11, for \$4, and a dinner at 7 p.m. Nov. 12 for \$10.

For further information contact the Chicago TI Users Group, P.O. Box 578341, Chicago, IL 60657 or call (312) 755-0051.

## Free Catalog Public Domain and Fairware Disks

The Boston Computer Society TI-99/4A User Group maintains one of the most extensive libraries of high quality public domain and fairware software disks. Our collection includes over 100 disks for the TI-99/4A and MYARC 9640 spanning the entire range of applications including: Games, Assembly Language, c99, Disk Utilities, Graphics, Music, UCSD Pascal, Forth, Telecommunications, and more! Until now, this collection has been available only to BCS members and at selected TI Faires. Now this acclaimed collection is being made available to the entire TI community.

Just send a self address stamped envelope to the address below and we'll send you our complete 20 page catalog. The catalog includes a description of every disk indexed by category to make finding the programs you're looking for easy! Best of all, our disks are only \$3 each, or 4 for \$10. That's half of what others charge.

If you're serious about getting the most out of your TI-99/4A or MYARC 9640, you're sure to find many new and useful disks in this collection.

The Boston Computer Society  
TI-99/4A User Group  
One Center Plaza  
Boston, MA 02108

# User Notes

(Continued from Page 44)

```
T(12,1): "(3) CROSS REF. LINE
NUMBERS" :: DISPLAY AT(14,5
): "YOUR CHOICE" !058
270 ACCEPT AT(14,17)BEEP VAL
IDATE("123"): A !196
280 ON A GOTO 290,520,740 !0
54
290 REM SAVE PORTION !052
300 CALL CLEAR !209
310 PRINT "READ FROM DSK1."
:: ACCEPT AT(23,14)SIZE(-12)
BEEP: READ$ !001
320 PRINT : "SAVE TO DSK2." :
: ACCEPT AT(23,12)SIZE(-12)B
EEP: WRITE$ !164
330 INPUT "LOWER LINE NUMBER
": LOWER !230
340 INPUT "UPPER LINE NUMBER
": UPPER !236
350 OPEN #1: "DSK"&READ$,DISP
LAY , INPUT , VARIABLE 163 !14
8
360 OPEN #2: "DSK"&WRITE$,DIS
PLAY , OUTPUT , VARIABLE 163 !1
05
370 EOF$=CHR$(255)&CHR$(255)
!200
380 LINUT #1: X$ !210
390 IF SEX$(X$,1,2)=EOF$ THE
N 480 !182
400 LINE1=ASC(SEG$(X$,1,1))!
123
410 LINE2=ASC(SEG$(X$,2,1))!
125
420 LINENUM=LINE1*256+LINE2
!117
430 IF LINENUM<LOWER THEN 47
0 !052
440 IF LINENUM>UPPER THEN 48
0 !066
450 PRINT #2: X$ !197
460 PRINT "LINE";LINENUM;"SA
VED" !078
470 GOTO 380 !204
480 PRINT #2: CHR$(255)&CHR$(
255)!085
490 CLOSE #1 !151
500 CLOSE #2 !152
510 STOP !152
520 REM DELETE SECTION !162
530 CALL CLEAR !209
540 PRINT "READ FROM DSK1."
:: ACCEPT AT(23,14)SIZE(-12)
BEEP: READ$ !001
550 PRINT : "SAVE TO DSK2." :
```

```
: ACCEPT AT(23,12)SIZE(-12)B
EEP: WRITE$ !164
560 INPUT "LOWER LINE NUMBER
": LOWER !164
570 INPUT "HIGHER LINE NUMBE
R ": UPPER !181
580 OPEN #1: "DSK"&READ$,DISP
LAY , INPUT , VARIABLE 163 !14
8
590 OPEN #2: "DSK"&WRITE$,DIS
PLAY , INPUT , VARIABLE 163 !0
04
600 EOF$=CHR$(255)&CHR$(255)
!200
610 LINUT #1: X$ !210
620 IF SEX$(X$,1,2)=EOF$ THE
N 700 !147
630 LINE 1=ASC(SEG$(X$,1,1))
!068
640 LINE 2=ASC(SEG$(X$,2,1))
!070
650 LINENUM=LIN1*256+LINE2 !
048
660 IF LINENUM<LOWER OR LINE
NUM>UPPER THEN 670 ELSE 680
!015
670 PRINT #2: X$ :: GOTO 690
!074
680 PRINT "LINE ";LINENUM;"D
LETED" !245
690 GOTO 610 !179
700 PRINT #2: CHR$(255)&CHR$(
255)!085
710 CLOSE #1 !151
720 CLOSE #2 !152
730 STOP !152
```

```
740 PRINT "READ FROM DSK1."
:: ACCEPT AT(23,14)SIZE(-12)
BEEP: READ$ !001
750 DISPLAY AT(8,1)ERASE ALL
: "PRINT TO (S)CREEN OR (O)TH
ER": " ?" :: ACCEPT
AT(9,12)BEEP VALIDATE("SO"):
ANS$ !063
760 IF ANS$="S" THEN 790 ELS
E DISPLAY AT(11,1): "DEVICE N
AME?" !006
770 ACCEPT AT(11,14)BEEP: ANS
$ !184
780 OPEN #2: ANS$,OUTPUT !252
790 IF ANS$<>"S" THEN ANS=2
ELSE ANS=0 !137
800 OPEN #1: "DSK"&READ$,DISP
LAY , INPUT , VARIABLE 163 !14
8
810 PRINT #ANS: "LINE CROSS R
EFERENCE OF ";PROG$: : !
247
820 EOF$=CHR$(255)&CHR$(255)
```

(See Page 46)

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# User Notes

(Continued from Page 45)

```

!200
830 INPUT #1: X$ !210
840 IF SEG$(X$,1,2)=EOF$ THEN
  N CLOSE #1 :: STOP !189
850 LINE1=ASC(SEG$(X$,1,1))!
123
860 LINE2=ASC(SEG$(X$,2,1))!
125
870 LINENUM=LINE1*256+LINE2
!117
880 FOR I=3 TO LEN(X$)-3 ::
COUNT=I !206
890 B=ASC(SEG$(X$,I,1))!179
900 IF B=201 THEN GOSUB 930
!135
910 NEXT I !223
920 GOTO 830 !144
930 BYTE3=ASC(SEG$(X$,COUNT+
1,1))!211
940 BYTE4=ASC(SEG$(X$,COUNT+
2,1))!213
950 PRINT #ANS:LINE1*256+LIN
E2,BYTE3*256+BYTE4 !061
960 RETURN !136

```

## POKEV and Super Extended BASIC

Arthur Dubeau, of Woonsocket, Rhode Island, writes:

I may have something to contribute to others who had the same problem but haven't found a solution. It is limited to those who have Super Extended BASIC. If don't know if it will work with others versions of Extended BASIC, but I know it doesn't work with TI Extended BASIC.

You published two programs — VDPUTIL 2 & 3 — to change BASIC to XBASIC. With SXB the problem is in the CALL LINK("POKEV",VAR) statement. Everytime it came up my computer would either lock up or I'd get a "sub-program not found" error. Since SXB has a CALL POKEV(VAR) I use that in place but with the same variables in the parenthesis. Voila! It worked. In other words, I put the POKEV outside and eliminated "Link."

## Color selector

This comes from Edwin G. Donovan, of Monroe, Washington. He writes:

The attached program listing will display

all 512 color selections on the Geneve computer if Mike Dodd's program Color Selector (May, 1988) is on DSK1 with a filename of COLOR. Run this Extended BASIC program and follow display directions. The screen color will change with each key press of R, G or B.

```

!156
10 !Use with MIKE DODD'S Col
or Selector Program—May 1988
MICROpendium & TI-Ext BASIC
!156
20 CALL INIT :: CALL LOAD("D
SK1.COLOR"):: CALL CLEAR !24
9
30 CALL SCREEN(2):: DISPLAY
AT(12,11):"GENEVE'S" !216
40 DISPLAY AT(14,5):"COLOR D
EMONSTRATION" :: DISPLAY:"K
ey R-G-B for next color": "or
press Q to Quit program" !1
94
50 R,G,B=7 :: DISPLAY AT(4,3
):"R G B"," Diggin's" !
252
60 CALL LINK("COLOR",1,R,G,B
):: DISPLAY AT(2,2):R;G;B,"
Donovan's" :: CALL SCREEN
(1):: CALL KEY(0,K,S)!217
70 IF K=71 THEN 130 !29 !168
80 IF K=82 THEN 110 !July !2
07
90 IF K=66 THEN 150 !1988 !0
47
100 IF K=81 THEN END ELSE 60
!129
110 R=R+1 :: IF R=8 THEN R=0
!237
120 GOTO 60 !Donovan's !125
130 G=G+1 :: IF G=8 THEN G=0
!193
140 GOTO 60 !Diggin's !250
150 B=B+1 :: IF B=8 THEN B=0
!173
160 GOTO 60 !415 Ferry St.
Monroe, WA 98272 !005

```

## Slash zero for 80-col. Multiplan

Here's a fix from Myarc for those who use Multiplan. The following code permanently replaces the zero character with a slash zero. It is designed for the 80-column version of Multiplan that runs on the Geneve.

Using a sector editor on the MPCHAR

file, locate the following code: >0018 2424 2424 2418. Replace it with the following: >FFE7 DBDB DBDB D BE7.

This will change the standard zero character to a slash zero. Now for the inverse video zero. Locate the following code: >0030 4858 7868 4830. Replace it with the following: >FFC7 B7A7 8797 B7CF.

## Print-Trace outputs to printer

This routine comes from TISHUG in Australia. Written by Mike Slattery, the program is used to output a CALL TRACE readout to a printer. The routine should be merged into the program you want to trace prior to running.

```

9100 OPEN #1:"PIO" !253
9110 PR$="" !075
9120 FOR R=1 TO 24 :: FOR C=
3 TO 28 :: CALL GCHAR(R,C,X)
:: IF X=60 THEN 9140 :: IF X
=31 OR X=32 THEN 9150 :: IF
X=62 THEN X=32 !250
9130 PR$=PR$&CHR$(X):: CT=CT
+1 :: IF CT>75 AND(X=32 OR X
=31)THEN PRINT #1:PR$ :: PR$
="" :: CT=0 !031
9140 NEXT C !217
9150 NEXT R !232
9160 PRINT #1:PR$ :: PR$=""
:: CT=0 !171
9170 CLOSE #1 :: CALL CLEAR
!234
9180 RETURN !136

```

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