## Introduction Welcome to VisiTrax!

# Note: To completely view this and other Help topics, you may need to scroll down by moving the vertical scroll bar on the right margin, or by pressing scroll keys such as down-arrow and up-arrow.

Piles and piles of CDs..records...tapes. Including titles like "Billboard Top Rock'n'Roll Hits..." by nobody in particular.

"Hey, where was that one we had by *Status Quo*? I know we had it on one of these CDs around here *somewhere...*"

Objective: Spend less time looking for music and more time enjoying it.

#### Solution: VisiTrax<sup>™</sup>

Whether you make a living as a DJ or just want the fastest possible way to find music, VisiTrax is designed for you.

VisiTrax has the following key features:

- Simple browsing and data entry including automatic CD title lookups via <u>CDDB</u>.
- Fast, convenient <u>track</u>-oriented data lookup. You'll see all your tracks, sorted the way you want, right from the start!
- Virtually instantaneous filtering by track characteristics (artist, title, category, time, year, media format, etc.).
- Intuitive volume-oriented data entry, with track-specific artists, years, and categories.
- No preset lists of categories or media formats use any names you want.
- Efficient relational database engine built in, with fully automatic list management.
- Flexible, professional-appearing data printouts, with **print preview**.
- Printable <u>playlists</u> can be extracted from your library quickly and easily, complete with elapsed time information.
- Supports use of <u>SureThing CD Labeler</u> for printing CD labels and jewel case inserts.
- Supports quick data export to **DJIntelligence.com** and **WeDJ.com** on-line services.
- Multi-level <u>undelete</u>. Easily recover accidentally deleted track or volume records.
- Convenient on-line Help. If you need specific help on any VisiTrax feature, just press the F1 key.

If you're just getting started with VisiTrax, please see Library Concepts and Overview.

See also: <u>Compatibility</u> <u>VisiTrax Registration</u> <u>Installed Files</u> <u>End-User License Agreement</u> <u>Uninstalling VisiTrax</u>

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# Compatibility

VisiTrax provides the key capabilities found in its DOS-based predecessor, *Playlist 4.03*, including support for existing *Playlist* library database files.

To facilitate exchanging data with other recording library database applications, VisiTrax can exchange data with common spreadsheet applications via <u>copy and paste</u>, and also can import/export data as <u>text</u> <u>files</u>.

If you require assistance migrating your existing music library data to VisiTrax, please contact us via email at <u>support@synapsa.com</u>.

#### See also: Supported File Formats

### Installation and Configuration Installed Files

The following files are placed in your VisiTrax directory during installation:

VISITRAX.EXE	The VisiTrax program itself
VISITRAX.HLP	This on-line Help file
VISITRAX.CNT	Contents for on-line Help
VISITRAX.XML	Portable Application Description (PAD) file
EXAMPLE.TRX	An example music library
CDLABELS.STD	A sample design file for printed CD labels
README.TXT	Text file containing general product description

#### **User Preference Settings**

Most day-to-day VisiTrax user settings, such as sizing, font, and color preferences, are automatically maintained in each user's desktop profile.

#### **Internet and Proxy Settings**

Selecting Internet Settings... from the View menu will present the following dialog:

ľ	nternet Settings	×					
	Proxy Settings	1					
	C Automatic Configuration						
	Use Specified Proxy Server						
	C No Proxy						
	Address: proxyservername Port: 8080						
	Use HTTP 1.1 protocol (recommended)						
	Cancel						

In the **Proxy Settings** section, you can select one of the following:

Automatic Configuration	This option is recommended for most situations. VisiTrax will try to use the same HTTP proxy settings as your browser.
Use Specified Proxy Server	If your browser uses a proxy configuration script, or if VisiTrax is otherwise unable to determine your browser's settings automatically, you can use this option to specify the proxy address and port.
No Proxy	If you don't want VisiTrax to use a proxy server, regardless of your browser's proxy settings, select this option. If you use a cable modem or DSL and your ISP recommends using their (optional) proxy server for your browser, selecting <b>No Proxy</b> here may provide better results – as CDDB could mistakenly interpret a large number of users sharing a single proxy server as a single, very busy individual, and limit daily accesses accordingly.

The **Use HTTP 1.1 protocol** checkbox specifies whether to use the HTTP 1.1 protocol when accessing CDDB sites. Because HTTP 1.1 is intrinsically more reliable than the older HTTP 1.0 protocol, you should always try to use HTTP 1.1 if possible, by leaving this checkbox checked.

However, while CDDB's own servers support HTTP 1.1 quite nicely, you may need to clear this checkbox (for HTTP 1.0) if your network connection to CDDB passes through an intermediate proxy server that still uses HTTP 1.0 – this can sometimes be the case notwithstanding your own proxy settings.

#### **Dial-Up Networking**

**Caution:** Never attempt to make direct changes to the Windows Registry unless you're certain you know what you're doing!

VisiTrax uses the following common registry settings to determine whether your system uses dial-up networking (and whether an active dial-up session exists):

#### HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\ EnableAutodial

Internet Explorer uses this 32-bit binary value to determine whether you use a modem to access the Internet. The value is 1 if a dial-up connection is used, otherwise 0.

#### 

Windows 95/98 DUN sets this 32-bit flag to indicate whether an active dial-up connection exists. This flag is not created or used under Windows NT.

# **VisiTrax Registration**

VisiTrax is available in two versions, both of which operate with the same, easy-to-use look and feel:

- VisiTrax Lite, our freeware version, is ideal for anyone with a fairly modest media library. If your library eventually grows beyond 100 volumes or 1000 tracks, you'll start seeing reminders to upgrade to the Standard Edition, but the library itself can continue to grow as needed so you can realistically evaluate how well our commercial version will work for you by using VisiTrax Lite.
- VisiTrax Standard Edition, the registered version of VisiTrax, is designed to support large media libraries (1000's of CDs for example).

#### Benefits of Registration (Upgrading to VisiTrax Standard Edition)

- Large library support And no upgrade reminders (duh).
- Printout "branding" removed The VisiTrax Lite legend is removed from printouts.
- Free updates As we post version updates on our web page from time to time, your activation key will continue to apply.
- **Our gratitude** Your registration fee will help us continue to add new features and other improvements to VisiTrax.

#### **Telephone and On-Line Registrations**

To register VisiTrax by telephone or on line, visit our web site at <u>www.synapsa.com</u> for a direct link to a trusted third-party registration service. Major credit cards are accepted, and a secure server is used for your protection.

For fastest results, your <u>activation key</u> can be sent to you at the e-mail address you provide, as soon as your order is processed. We will keep your e-mail address in confidence.

#### **Registrations by Mail**

To register by mail, be sure to include:

- a check or money order for \$20.00 US, payable to "Synapsa Productions"
- your name to be used for registration
- your e-mail address or a small self-addressed, stamped envelope

Send the above items to

Synapsa Productions / VT 217 Victory Lane St. Charles, MO 63303-8432 USA

Upon receipt of payment we will send your <u>activation key</u> to you. For fastest results, this will be sent to your e-mail address if you provide one. We will keep your e-mail address in confidence.

#### **Registered Playlist Users**

Your existing Playlist 4.03 activation key also works with VisiTrax, as will your existing Playlist library database files.

# **Entering Your Registration Data**

Upon <u>registration</u> with Synapsa Productions or its designated representative, you will be assigned a registered name and activation key, which you can use to upgrade from VisiTrax Lite to VisiTrax Standard Edition.

#### To Upgrade to VisiTrax Standard Edition:

- Start up VisiTrax.
- Select Register Now! from the Help menu.
- Enter the required information.
- Click Upgrade.

### To remove an existing registration (activation) key:

- Start up VisiTrax.
- Select **Remove Registration Key** from the **Help** menu.

# Backup and Migration Backing Up Your Data

Just as it's a good idea to frequently save your work while working in VisiTrax, you'll want to be sure all your long-term work is not lost if you have an equipment failure or other disaster. At a minimum, here is the VisiTrax data you'll want to keep backed up and saved in a safe location:

- Our web site address (www.synapsa.com) this is your VisiTrax program backup!
- Your registration information (registered name, activation key) for re-installing VisiTrax.
- Your VisiTrax library data and any playlists (\*.trx, \*.vxp, and possibly \*.txt).

#### **Migrating VisiTrax to a New Computer**

Migrating VisiTrax to a new computer is much like migrating other software. Here's the recommended procedure:

- 1) Download the latest version of VisiTrax from our web site (<u>www.synapsa.com</u>) and install it on the new computer.
- 2) Transfer your VisiTrax library files and any playlists (\*.trx, \*.vxp, and possibly \*.txt) to the new computer.
- 2) Register the program. If you will be running VisiTrax on two or more computers at the same time, you need to purchase a license and registration key for each such computer. If you will simply be switching from one computer to another, a single license and registration key will suffice.
- 4) Open your transferred library file (.trx).
- *Note:* If you are using a CD-ROM to transfer your backed up data, remember that anything you copy from a CD-ROM will be read-only by default. Be sure change the properties of your transferred data files so they are not "read only", or VisiTrax will not be able to update them.

See also: <u>Supported File Formats</u> <u>Saving Your Changes</u>

Uninstalling VisiTrax To remove VisiTrax from your computer, run Control Panel | Add/Remove Programs, then select VisiTrax from the list and click the **OK** button.

VisiTrax will attempt to use your original configuration settings if you subsequently install the program again.

- **Note 1:** Before installing an **updated version** of VisiTrax, you may wish to remove (uninstall) the older version first; however, this is not usually required.
- **Note 2:** Before **permanently** removing VisiTrax from a computer, first be sure to <u>remove your</u> registered activation key.

**Product Support** For the latest information about VisiTrax, please visit our web site at <u>www.synapsa.com</u>.

Comments, questions, and suggestions are welcomed, and can be sent via e-mail to <u>support@synapsa.com</u>. A comment form also is available on our web site's feedback page.

# Library Concepts and Overview Basic Library Model

VisiTrax supports a consistent and straightforward library model, in which any recording library is treated as a set of identifiable <u>volumes</u>, each containing one or more individual <u>tracks</u>. Both volumes and tracks can be assigned numbers for quick reference.

#### Volume Numbering (Locator Indexing)

The volume numbering method used by VisiTrax is simple, yet very effective for keeping a growing library physically organized. Each volume can be assigned a unique locator index, displayed primarily in the form *AANNNN*, where *AA* denotes a pair of letters you assign for each media format, and *NNNN* denotes four digits, as in "CD0234".

To support multi-volume sets, such as a CD jewel case containing a set of 3 CDs, you can use the extended form *AANNN.D*, where *D* is a single digit from 1 to 9. By using this numbering method, you can assign numbers such as CD0230.1, CD0230.2, and CD0230.3 to the individual discs, labeling the case containing them as CD0230.

The easiest way to use volume numbers is simply to assign them in sequence (regardless of title or artist), keep things physically arranged by assigned volume number, and let VisiTrax take care of alphabetization. To look things up alphabetically without your computer, just keep an alphabetized VisiTrax printout handy.

Since VisiTrax automatically keeps track of all unused index numbers, it's also easy to assign distinct index numbers even when they're not strictly in sequence. For example, if you wish to divide your index numbers into special groupings (e.g. CD0001-CD1999, CD2000-CD4999, etc.), you'll be able to select the next available index in each such range, without having to type it in. This is explained in our topic on adding a new volume.

Note that VisiTrax has a handy feature that lets you resequence a range of volume index numbers. This also can be used to automatically assign index numbers to a group of non-numbered volumes. (See <u>Volumes View</u>.)

Although assigning locator indexes is optional, we strongly recommend that you do assign them, because they are used in many of the listings produced by VisiTrax, and they are essential for using the <u>playlist</u> feature.

#### **Track Indexing**

Within each volume, each track can be assigned a track number. This of course is quite natural for media such as CDs and album sides, for which sequential track numbering is standard.

By combining track indexing with volume locator indexing, you have a very concise and consistent way to represent any track in your library. For example, "CD0532-2" would indicate track 2 on the volume identified as CD0532. In a box of singles or a set of videos, you might want the index number to refer to an individual single or video, so that, for example, "SG0032-46" would be the single in box 32, slot 46. (Alternatively, for videos, you might wish to assign a volume number to each one, and use tracks to contain detailed information such as producer, director, cast members, and so on.)

For two-sided media, such as phonograph records, you can use the letter A or B before or after the index number to denote side A or B. For example, you might have an LP album with tracks indexed as A1-A8 and B1-B12, or a box of single 45 RPM records indexed as 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B, and so on. For a multi-disc album, a given track might then be fully identified, for example, as "LP0123.1-A2" – meaning disc 1, side A, second track, of the album identified as "LP0123".

VisiTrax allows two or more track entries to share the same index number. This might be useful, for example, if you have a track commonly attributed to two or more different "artist" names: just make two entries for the same track, each with its own artist name. [Index number "0", by the way, means "no assigned index" (same as blank).]

Track index numbers can be up to 3 characters long: 1-999, A1-A99, B1-B99, or 1A-99B.

#### Viewing Your Library

VisiTrax provides three distinct types of views into your library:

- The <u>Tracks View</u> lists every track contained in the library, in a single listing that can be sorted by any set
  of columns, or filtered to quickly locate tracks of interest.
- The <u>Volumes View</u> lists every volume contained in the library (or as filtered via the Tracks view), sortable by any set of columns.
- The <u>Volume Contents View</u> lists the tracks belonging to a particular volume, sorted primarily by index number.

These views are easily accessible via multi-sheet tabs, as shown below. To access any of these views, simply click on its tab (or use the corresponding **View** menu option, **Ctrl-Tab**, or left/right-arrow keys).

Jaernio Tui							
Tracks	Volumes	Volume Contents					

#### Playlists

When you're <u>building a playlist</u>, an additional tab is available, as shown below, for accessing a <u>Playlist</u>. <u>View</u>, which lists the contents of your playlist, sorted by playing sequence.

Jethro Tu	ll	Crest of a Knave				
Tracks	Volumes	Volume Contents	Playlist			

#### An Example Library

To help you get started, we've included an example library database containing several dozen volumes (and several hundred tracks). When you install VisiTrax for the first time, this example library is opened for you automatically. To access it later on, simply **<u>open it</u>** and you'll be greeted with a view listing its contents.

#### **NOTE**

#### Be sure to save your own library data to its own file, not to the example library file!

#### Entering and Changing Library Data

To enter new data into your library, you start with an existing library file, or you can **<u>start a new library</u> <u>file</u>** from scratch, then create a <u>**new volume**</u> entry for each CD, album, etc. As each new volume entry is created, you can populate it with one or more <u>**new track**</u> entries. If you have a CD-ROM drive and an Internet connection, you can quickly add CDs to your library database using the <u>**CD Player View**</u>.

In addition, you can <u>update an existing volume</u> or <u>update an existing track</u> at any time, <u>undelete</u> volumes or tracks you've just deleted by accident, and maintain <u>playlists</u>.

# **Tracks View**

The **Tracks View** lists all of the <u>tracks</u> contained in the library, as shown below. This is likely to be the view you will use most often, as it's the one you use to locate one or more tracks of interest.

📸 VisiTrax - N:\Synapsa Productions\VisiTrax\Music.trx 📃 🗆 🔯								
File Edit View Sorting Extras Help								
<mark>한 &amp; 문   볼   X:   집 집 등</mark> 중 🗸   ㅋ r>								
Media Format: Compact Disc 💽 Artist: Fany:								
Category: Rock		-	Title: any				•	
Composer: any		-	Notes: any				•	
Year	Artist		Track Title	Time	Year	Location		
any:	B-52's	Is That You Mo-Dean?		5:32	1992	CD0241-6		
	B-52's	Junebug		5:04	1989	CD0006-5		
BPM	B-52's	Private Idaho		3:35		CD0322-4		
rany 📮 ±	B-52's	Revolution Earth		5:48	1992	CD0241-4		
	B-52's	Roam	loam 🖌	4:54	1989	CD0006-6		
Max Time	B-52's	Tell It Like It T-I-Is Topaz		5:13	1992	CD0241-1		
rany: 🚔	B-52's			4:20	1989	CD 0006-9		
	B-52's	Vision o	of a Kiss	5:57	1992	CD0241-8		
Max - Min	Bangles	Walk L	ike An Egyptian	3:25	3:25 1986 CD027	CD0279-9		
:15 🔶	Bauhaus	Ziggy S	Stardust	3:15	1982	CD0334-15		
	Beach Boys	All Sum	imer Long	2:08	1963	CD0007-20		
<b>1</b>	Beach Boys	Be Tru	e to Your School	2:07	1963	CD0007-6		
Show All	Beach Boys	Californ	nia Girls	2:41	1963	CD0007-16	~	
Show All								
Tracks Volume	es Volume Conte	ents F	Playlist CD Pla	yer				
CD0006-9 (Rock)			Playlist tot	al = 1:17:2	20 Trac	oks: 1379 / 65	98 //	

Tracks normally are sorted by artist, then title. To select alternative sorting, click on the corresponding column header, or make a selection via the **Sorting** menu. Sorting is based on the most recent set of columns selected for sorting, with precedence given to the most recently selected columns.

To quickly reset sorting precedence based on column ordering, click the 🗱 button (sort across).

By default, all tracks in the library are listed. However, through the use of filter controls (described below), you can limit the listing to a desired subset, as depicted in the example view above. (Filtering is discussed at length further down in this topic.)

#### Navigating the List

You can scroll through the list of tracks as you would with any standard Windows listbox. If you click on a particular track (or use the up- or down-arrow keys to do the same thing), it becomes highlighted, as shown above, and additional information for that track is displayed on the status bar at the bottom left. As you can see in the example, this reveals the complete location index of the track, its category, and tempo in beats per minute (bpm).

The right-hand section of the status bar indicates the number of tracks in the list, followed by the total number of tracks in the library, as shown in the example.

If you double-click on a selected track, or press the space bar, VisiTrax will switch to the corresponding

<u>Volume Contents View</u> for the volume in which the selected track resides.

A **checkmark** symbol denotes a track that has been entered into a <u>playlist</u>, in the current session. Since there is an active playlist, the **Playlist** view tab is shown, and the middle status bar section indicates the total playlist time.

#### Additional Data Columns

The **Tracks** view includes many additional data columns that you don't normally see – including all of the columns available in the **Volumes** view. To access these additional columns, simply scroll to the right using the horizontal scroll bar at the bottom of the listing. These additional columns are always available, and you are free to move any columns in or out of the main set. For more information on how to do this, see **Changing Which Columns You See**.

Note that some columns contain data for which there are no manual data entry fields, either because the data is automatically computed (e.g. **Disc ID** and **Vol Time**), or because it's simply an alternate data representation (e.g. **Location**).

#### Shortcuts:

- While in the listing, typing the first part of the track's artist name or title will scroll the list to the first matching entry (depending on current column sort precedence). A one-second pause in typing starts a new sequence.
- Function key F2 returns focus to the list in the current view.
- Function key **F3** will clear all filters.
- Function key F4 will activate a filter field's menu (as applicable).
- Function keys F5 F11 (some with shift) provide shortcuts to each of the primary filter fields.

#### Track Filtering (and Locating Tracks)

The **Tracks** view provides an assortment of filtering controls for constraining the list of tracks to just the ones you are interested in viewing. This is a powerful mechanism for quickly locating material.

The filtering controls described below can be hidden or restored via the r

**General** (1) Note that both the Tracks view and Volumes view contain their own subset of filtering controls. The combined filters from both views are applied in concert, and thus filters set in the Volumes view can affect the contents of the Tracks view listing, just as filters set in the Tracks view can affect the contents of the Volumes view listing.

(2) As shown in the example above, **-any-** is simply a placeholder hint indicating that no filter is specified. Any time you clear any of these controls, this placeholder is substituted. When you enter the control, the **-any-** will disappear so you can make your entry.

(3) A down-pointing arrow button on the right side of a filter field indicates a drop-down list, from which you can select as an alternative to typing something in.

(4) You can remove any individual filter by double-clicking on it.

(5) You can remove all filters by clicking the 🔛 toolbar button.

(6) If you are working with a **playlist**, you can click the **v** toolbar button to set (or clear) a filter

for viewing only those items contained in the current playlist.

(7) You can use one or more *wildcards* in a filter, using either an equal sign ("=") or a pair of dots (".."). Here are some examples:

В	or	B=	Anything beginning with a "B"
D	or	=D	Anything ending with a "D"
BD	or	B=D	Anything beginning with "B" and ending with "D"
day	or	=day=	Anything containing "day" in it somewhere
	or	=	Anything (same as no filter at all)

(8) You can specify a combination of two or more logical OR filter alternatives using a pair of vertical bars ("||"), as in these examples:

Folk    Celtic Yardbirds    Clapton=	Select both "Folk" and "Celtic" categories Select both "Yardbirds" and anything beginning with
"Clapton"	
red =  = red =  = red	Select only those items containing the whole word "red"

(9) Similarly, you can specify a required combination (logical AND) using a pair of ampersands ("**&&**"); for example:

**=blue= && =sky=** Select all items containing both "blue" and "sky"

(10) A logical NOT operator ("^") also is available. For example:

**=green=&&^=grass=** Select all items containing "green" but not "grass"

- (11) All filters are case-insensitive.
- (12) The listing updates automatically as you make any filtering changes.
- Media Format Use this to view only those tracks residing on volumes of a particular media format. (Note: This is functionally identical to the Media Format filter in the Volumes view. We include it in the Tracks view for convenience, even though media format is actually a volume attribute.)
- Category Use this to view a particular subset of categories (music types etc.). If you have, say, several flavors of "Rock" categories, note that you can select all of them by using wildcards (e.g. "..rock.." or "=rock=").
- Artist Use this to view a particular track artist or subset of artist names.
- **Composer** Use this to view tracks by a particular composer or subset of composer names.
- **Title** Use this to view a particular track title or subset of titles. The wildcard feature is particularly useful here if you're not certain of a title, or if you want some theme (e.g. "..**sun**.." or "**=sun=**").
- **Notes** Use this to view tracks based on the content of their notes.

Year If you're looking for tracks from a specific year, just type it in here. If you want to view anything in a specific range of years, use the form "1960-1967" – also equivalent here are "1960-67" and "1960-7". If you want to view anything at or after a given year, use the form "1990-". If you want anything at or before a given year, use the form "-1990".

	If you want to view just the non-dated tracks, enter "0". [Since dates aren't always readily available, you might want to add tracks from time to time without the year, returning later when you have more time to dig up the information. This particular filter entry could come in handy at such times.]
	Conversely, if you want to view all the dated tracks, you can enter "1-" or just "-".
	For convenience, a drop-down list of decades (starting with 1900-1910) also is provided.
BPM	Use this to view only those tracks at a particular beat rate, or range of rates, in beats per minute (bpm). Desired BPM can be entered in one of two ways:
	<ul> <li>To specify a particular BPM rate, or a range of rates, type it in the same way as for Year, above.</li> <li>To specify a nominal BPM plus or minus some tolerance value, e.g. 110 ± 5, click the ± button. This will activate an additional tolerance value field.</li> </ul>
Max Time	The most common use for this filter is in a situation where you have a limited amount of playing time to deal with, such as the remaining time in a program, on a tape side, or on a recordable CD. Thus, the maximum available time is of primary interest.
	Playing time selection is handled as two fields. Enter the maximum time of interest in the Max Time field. The Max - Min field specifies how much slack is acceptable; the default entry here is 15 seconds. So, for example, if the first field contained <b>4:00</b> and the second field contained <b>:15</b> , the range of times viewed would be 3:45 to 4:00.
Show All	To show all available tracks, click on this button. This will clear all of the filters at once.

Several additional filters are available in the <u>Volumes view</u>. These additional filters also affect the **Tracks** view listing content.

See also: <u>View Options and Customization</u> <u>Copying to the Clipboard</u> <u>Printing and Print Preview</u> <u>Volumes View</u> <u>Exporting Data</u>

# **Volumes View**

The **Volumes View** lists the <u>volumes</u> contained in the library (subject to any viewing filters you might have set), as shown below. This is the view you would use for adding, deleting, or updating volume entries.

🖄 VisiTrax - N: \Synapsa Productions \VisiTrax\Music.trx 📃 🗖 🔀								
File Edit View Sorting Extras Help								
<mark>6 6 🗔 🖹 💥 🖓 🖓 🔂 🗸 🗠 다 다</mark>								
Media Format: Compact Disc   Artist: Pany:								
Category: rany	•	Title: ar	γ.			•		
Index: Tany	ear: rany 🗸	Notes:	any.			•		
Volume Artist	Volume T	itle	Volume Category	Vol Yr	Index			
Aerosmith	Get A Grip		Rock	1994	CD0242			
Aerosmith	Pump		Rock ,	/ 1989	CD 0002			
Alan Parsons Project	Best of the Alan Pa	rsons Project	Rock	1983	CD 0003			
Alan Parsons Project	Gaudi		Rock	1987	CD 0004			
Alice Cooper	Alice Cooper's Grea	itest Hits	Rock	1973	CD 0005			
B-52's	Cosmic Thing		Rock ,	/ 1989	CD 0006			
B-52's	Good Stuff		Rock	1992	CD0241			
Beach Boys	Endless Summer		Rock	1965	CD0007			
Beatles	Abbey Road		Rock	1969	CD0010			
Beatles	Anthology 1 - Disc 1	1	Rock	1995	CD0020.1			
Beatles	Anthology 1 - Disc 2	2	Rock	1995	CD0020.2			
Beatles	Help!		Rock and Roll	1965	CD0012			
Beatles	ur	Rock	1967	CD0013	~			
<					>			
Tracks Volumes Volume Contents Playlist CD Player								
Compact Disc (47:12) [D24	(A30)	F	laylist total = 1:22:5	3 Volume	s: 202 / 637	1		

Volumes in this view normally are sorted by artist and title. To select alternative sorting, click on the corresponding column header, or make a selection via the **Sorting** menu. As with the **<u>Tracks View</u>**, sorting is based on the most recent set of columns selected for sorting, with precedence given to the most recently selected columns.

#### Volume Filtering (and Locating Volumes)

The set of volumes listed here depends in part on the filtering controls you have set in the <u>**Tracks View**</u>. Volume filtering logic is based on a combination of volume attributes and track attributes:

- Volume attributes apply to the volume as a whole: media format, volume artist and title, notes, etc. in other words, things you can enter via the <u>Add New Volume</u> dialog.
- **Track attributes** apply to individual tracks, not the volume as a whole. However, it's often useful to list only those volumes containing tracks with some particular set of attributes; for example, volumes containing anything by Jethro Tull (even if just one song).

Filters in the Volumes view generally behave and can be used just like the filters in the Tracks view. The available volume-specific filtering controls are summarized as follows:

**Media Format** Use this to view only those volumes of a particular media format.

Index	Use this to view only those volumes with a specific index number, or range of index numbers.
Category	Use this to view a particular volume category or subset of categories.
Artist	Use this to view a particular volume artist or subset of artist names.
Title	Use this to view a particular volume title or subset of titles.
Notes	Use this to view volumes based on the content of their notes.
Year	Use this to view a particular volume year or range of years.

The is toolbar button, if enabled, indicates that the listed set of volumes is being constrained by one or more track-specific filtering attributes. Clicking this button will remove all track-specific filtering in one step, without having to switch views. (The button is not enabled unless one or more volumes is being filtered out solely due to track filtering.)

*Note:* In addition to the filter controls described above, you can use column sorting to quickly identify volumes based on other volume attributes, such as **Vol Time**.

#### Navigating the List

You can scroll through the list of volumes as you would with any standard Windows listbox. If you click on a particular volume (or use the up- or down-arrow keys to do the same thing), it becomes highlighted, as shown above, and the media format for that volume is displayed on the status bar at the bottom left.

The right-hand section of the status bar indicates the number of volumes in the list, and the total number of volumes in the library. In the example shown, no filters have been applied, so the list contains all 512 of the library's volumes.

If you double-click on a selected volume, VisiTrax will switch to the corresponding <u>Volume Contents</u> <u>View</u> so you can view its tracks.

Also in the example, note that the highlighted volume happens to contain a checkmark, indicating that one or more tracks have been entered into a <u>playlist</u>, in the current session. Since there is an active playlist, the **Playlist** view tab is shown, and the middle status bar section indicates the total playlist time.

To access details for a selected volume (i.e. the volume as a whole, not its tracks), press the space bar, or choose **Update Details** from the **Edit** or right-click menu.

#### **Additional Data Columns**

The **Volumes** view includes many additional data columns that you don't normally see. To access these additional columns, simply scroll to the right using the horizontal scroll bar at the bottom of the listing. These additional columns are always available, and you are free to move any columns in or out of the main set. For more information on how to do this, see **Changing Which Columns You See**.

Note that some columns contain data for which there are no manual data entry fields, either because the data is automatically computed (e.g. **Disc ID** and **Vol Time**), or because it's simply an alternate representation (e.g. **Location**).

#### Shortcuts:

- While in the listing, typing the first part of the volume's artist name or title will scroll the list to the first matching entry (depending on current column sort precedence). A one-second pause in typing starts a new sequence.
- Function key F2 returns focus to the list.
- Function key F3 will clear all filters.
- Function key F4 will activate a filter field's menu (as applicable).
- Function keys F5 F11 provide shortcuts to each of the filter fields.

#### Volume Index Resequencing

On occasion you may wish to resequence some of your volume index numbers. To do this, apply appropriate filters to list only those volumes whose index numbers you wish to resequence, apply the desired sort order, then select **Re-index Volumes** from the **Edit** menu.

*Example:* To resequence Compact Discs in the range CD8000-8999, select **Compact Disc** (or equivalent) in the **Media Format** filter field, and enter **8000-999** in the **Index** filter field. Next, ensure the volumes are listed in the order you want, then select **Edit** > **Re-index Volumes**.

#### See also: <u>View Options and Customization</u>

Copying to the Clipboard Adding a New Volume Updating a Volume Delete and Undelete Cross-References Printing and Print Preview Tracks View

# **Volume Contents View**

The **Volume Contents View** lists tall of the tracks contained in a selected volume, as shown below. This is the view you would use for adding, deleting, or updating track entries. Tracks in this view are sorted primarily by index number.

🖄 Vis	📸 VisiTrax - N:\Synapsa Productions\VisiTrax\Music.trx 🛛 🗐 🖾										
File Edit View Extras Help											
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C											
	B-52's: Cosmic Thing										
No.	Track Titl	e	Category		bpm	Time	Intro	Year			
1.	Cosmic Thing	Rock		4	102	3:50		1989			
2.	Dry Country	Rock			116	4:54	:34	1989			
3.	Deadbeat Club	Rock			126	4:45	:27	1989			
4.	Love Shack	Pop			134	5:21	:07	1989			
5.	Junebug	Rock			98	5:04	:58	1989			
6.	Roam	Rock		$\checkmark$	134	4:54	:21	1989			
7.	Bushfire	Rock			150	4:58	:23	1989			
8.	Channel Z	Rock			132	4:49	:18	1989			
9.	Topaz	Rock			120	4:20	:04	1989			
10.	Follow Your Bliss	Instru	mental		100	4:08	4:08	1989			
								>			
Track	s Volumes Volume	e Contents Playli	st CD Play	er							
Rock		Playlist total = 1:28	:43 CD 0006	- Con	npact Di	isc (47:12	) [D24A	.30] //			

#### Navigating the List

You can scroll through the list of tracks as you would with any standard Windows listbox. If you click on a particular track (or use the up- or down-arrow keys to do the same thing), it becomes highlighted, as shown above, and the category for that track is displayed on the status bar at the bottom left.

The right-hand section of the status bar indicates the current volume's location index, as well as its media format.

If you double-click on a selected volume, VisiTrax will switch to the <u>Tracks View</u>, automatically scolling as necessary to the selected track.

A **checkmark** symbol denotes a track that has been selected into the current <u>playlist</u>. Since there is an active playlist, the **Playlist** view tab is shown, and the middle status bar section indicates the total playlist time.

To access details for a selected track, press the space bar, or choose **Update Details** from the **Edit** or right-click menu. (Note that this function is not available for any tracks selected into the current playlist.)

#### **Additional Data Columns**

The **Volume Contents** view includes many additional data columns that you don't normally see. To access these additional columns, simply scroll to the right using the horizontal scroll bar at the bottom of the listing. These additional columns are always available, and you are free to move any columns in or out of the main set. For more information on how to do this, see **Changing Which Columns You See**.

#### **Renumbering Tracks**

To automatically number or renumber all the tracks sequentially, select **Renumber Tracks** from the **Edit** menu.

#### Volume-to-Volume Browsing

To browse from one volume's contents to those of the previous or next volume, click the **1** or **1** toolbar button. Volume sequencing will automatically wrap around from the last volume back to the first, and vice versa, sounding an "OK" tone when a limit wrap occurs.

See also: View Options and Customization <u>Copying to the Clipboard</u> <u>Adding New Tracks</u> <u>Updating a Track</u> <u>Delete and Undelete</u> <u>Printing and Print Preview</u> <u>Printing CD Labels</u> <u>Volumes View</u>

# **Playlists**

To create a <u>playlist</u>, just tag the tracks you want from either the <u>**Tracks View**</u> or <u>**Volume Contents View**</u>. You can tag (or add) any currently-highlighted track by doing <u>**any**</u> of the following...

- Press the "+" (plus) key.
- Right-click and select Add to Playlist from the pop-up menu.
- Easiest yet, swipe to the right on the currently-highlighted track line.

Each time you add a track to the playlist, a checkmark will be added on that line (up to a maximum of 3 checkmarks are shown per track), and a checkmark is also placed on the corresponding volume's line (so you know that one or more of its tracks are in the playlist).

Any time at least one track is tagged as above, a <u>**Playlist View</u>** tab will be visible, and the status bar will display the total playlist time. (To keep the Playlist tab visible at all times, uncheck **Hide Playlist when Empty** in the **View > Options** menu.)</u>

You also can add an entire volume's tracks to the playlist, in a single operation, when in the **Volumes** view. Simply highlight the volume you want, then select **Add to Playlist** from the right-click menu.

To remove a track from the playlist, do any of the following...

- Press the "-" (minus) key.
- Right-click and select Remove from Playlist from the pop-up menu.
- Swipe to the left on the currently-highlighted track line.

Checkmarks are removed accordingly.

Note that a track or volume cannot be deleted from the library if it's currently included in the playlist. This limitation also applies to track modifications.

# **Playlist View**

The <u>Playlist</u> view lists the contents of the current playlist, ordered by relative start time, as in this example:

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Fil	File Edit View Extras Help								
C	<u>Ŭ</u> > □ ▲   ※   웹 <mark>웹</mark> ci ၛ ✓   ୩ m								
Γ	Playlist Contents								
	St	tart	Location	Track Title	Artist	bpm	Time	Year	
	1. :	00	CC0001-26	I'm Mandy Fly Me	10cc	499	5:22	1976	
	2. 5:	22	CD0285-1	Lies (Through The 80's)	Mann, Manfred		4:35	1980	
	3. 9:	57	SG0007-24	Mighty Quinn	Mann, Manfred		2:51		
	4. 12:	48	CD0285-8	No Guarantee	Mann, Manfred		3:52	1980	
ļ	5. 16:	40	CD0285-2	On the Run	Mann, Manfred		3:53	1980	
	6. 20:	33	CD 0006-6	Roam	B-52's	134	4:54	1989	
	7. 25:	27	CD0285-6	Stranded	Mann, Manfred		5:49	1980	
	3. 31:	16	CD 0002-5	Water Song / Janie's	Aerosmith		5:33	1989	
	9. 36:	49	CD 0006-1	Cosmic Thing	B-52's	102	3:50	1989	
10	). 40:	39	CD0138-16	Monster	Steppenwolf		3:57	1970	
1	1. 44:	36	CD0322-9	Desert Rose	Sting		4:46		~
Gap time: 🔲 🛨 Nominal duration: 🚺 🧐 Remove 🚀 Clear List Move 🛨									
Tracks Volumes Volume Contents Playlist CD Player									
Rock (:21), 134 bpm Playlist total = 59:44 Tracks: 13									

*Note:* If the View > Options menu's Hide Playlist when Empty option is checked, the Playlist tab will appear only if one or more tracks have been tagged for playlist inclusion.

Each track's location index is listed as shown for quick manual access, along with its relative start time. The first entry always has a start time of ":00".

You can add (i.e. duplicate) or remove tracks in this view the same way you can elsewhere (see <u>Playlists</u>). The **Remove** button also will remove the currently highlighted track, and the **Clear List** button will clear the entire playlist.

Any duplicate track will be annotated with one or more "replay" arrows to the left of the time, with the status bar showing the scheduled time interval since the previous play of that track, as shown here:

18. 1.	16:25	CD0248-1	Dream On	Aerosm	ith 😘	4:24	
						>	
Gap time:		Nominal du	ration:	🔇 Remove	e 🛛 🚀 Clear	List Move	-
Tracks	Volur	nes Volume	Contents F	Playlist CD Pla	ayer		
Rock (1:12	2:01 sind	ce previous)			Playlist total = 1:	20:49 Tracks: 18	

You can rearrange tracks in your playlist by:

- dragging rows up or down by their leftmost "button" cells,
- clicking on the Move arrows, or
- holding down the Alt key and pressing the up-arrow or down-arrow key.

You can use the **Gap time** field to set the estimated nominal gap time in seconds between playlist tracks, so that (for example) the total time scheduled can include a two-second gap between tracks.

**Shortcut:** Pressing a digit key will change the gap time accordingly, from anywhere in this view except in the heading area.

The **Nominal duration** field is useful when scheduling a program of a specific duration. If you enter the nominal program duration into this field, the status bar will display **Playlist remaining** time instead of **Playlist total** time. For example, enter **"2:00**" for a two-hour program (you could also enter **"120**" minutes, which would be converted automatically to **"2:00**"). If the total playlist time exceeds the nominal duration, the status bar will display the excess time as **Playlist OVERTIME**.

Lastly, you can directly edit the playlist title (shown above as "**Playlist Contents**") to customize the title that appears on the <u>printed playlist</u>.

#### Additional Data Columns

The **Playlist** view includes many additional data columns that you don't normally see. To access these additional columns, simply scroll to the right using the horizontal scroll bar at the bottom of the listing. These additional columns are always available, and you are free to move any columns in or out of the main set. For more information on how to do this, see **Changing Which Columns You See**.

#### Saving and Recalling Playlists

To save a playlist for later use, select **Save Playlist...** from the **File** menu.

To recall a previously-saved playlist, select **Recall Playlist...** from the **File** menu.

#### Converting a Playlist into a New Volume

One use for playlists is for to facilitate recording custom tapes or CDs, which themselves may need to be entered into your library as new volumes. To quickly convert a playlist into a volume, ensure that the listed tracks are ordered the way they were recorded, then select **Convert Playlist to Volume...** from either the **Edit** menu or the right-click pop-up menu. At this point you will be presented with a **Convert Playlist to New Volume** dialog, which is used just like **Adding a New Volume**, except that the current playlist's tracks will be included automatically, numbered in sequence.

#### See also: <u>View Options and Customization</u> <u>Copying to the Clipboard</u> <u>Printing and Print Preview</u> <u>Printing CD Labels</u>

# **CD Player View**

With the **CD Player** view, you can audition Compact Discs (CDs), conveniently acquire a CD's name and track titles via an Internet-based <u>CDDB</u> server, and quickly import this information into your VisiTrax library by clicking the **Add** button. (Track times are read directly from the CD.)

The **CD Player** view provides two slightly different views for CD track information, depending on whether the CD is by a single artist or group (first example below), or by various artists (second example), as set by the **List Artists** checkbox control:

🧏 VisiTrax - N: \Synapsa Productions \VisiTrax \M	usic.trx			
File View CD Extras Help				
<mark>5 6 8 월</mark> ※ 월 6 명 4 6				
☑ Enable CDDB CD Data Servers: rc2.ca.us.cddb.com	(Redwood City, C 💌 👔	CDDB Ready		
E-Mail: support@synapsa.com Titles: Scorpions / Bad Fo	or Good: The Very I 💌	E Submit CD Data		
CD Title: Bad For Good: The Very Best Of Scorpions	Notes:			
CD Artist: Scorpions				
CD Category: Rock				
No. Track Title	Time 🔼	Track Notes		
1. Rock You Like A Hurricane	4:12	<u>^</u>		
2. Loving You Sunday Morning	5:36			
3. The Zoo	5:28			
4. No One Like You	3:56			
5. Blackout	3:47			
6. Still Loving You	4:48	~		
7. Big City Nights	4:08	stiata 🗖 Guern Astista 9. Titlaa		
8. Believe In Love	4:04 💌 📘 List A	.rtists 🔲 Swap Artists & Titles		
▶    ■ ▲ 3 02:46 ✓ Update ? Help				
Tracks Volumes Volume Contents Playlist CD Player				
Total CD time = 79:53		11		

Example Single Artist CD View

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File View CD Extras Help					
ڬ 👄 日 🔺 💥 🖓 ci 🧟	- EI	₿¢			
☑ Enable CDDB CD Data Servers:	rc2.ca.	us.cddb.com (Redwood	City,		Ready
E-Mail: support@synapsa.com Titles	< <lo< td=""><td>cal entry&gt;</td><td></td><td><b>▼</b></td><td>🖃 Submit CD Data</td></lo<>	cal entry>		<b>▼</b>	🖃 Submit CD Data
CD Title: Classic '60s - Blowin' Your Mind	1	Notes:	_		
CD Artist: Various					
CD Category: Rock		I			
No. Track Title	Time	Track Artist		Trac	k Notes
1. Five O'Clock World	2:10	Vogues			<u>~</u>
2. Red Rubber Ball	2:19	The Cyrkle			
3. Sunshine Superman	3:24	Donovan			
4. Kicks	2:24	Paul Revere and the R			
5. Hang On Sloopy		The McCoys			
6. Mr. Tambourine Man		Byrds			~
7. Everyday People	Sly and the Family Ston			Swap Artists & Titles	
8. Time Has Come Today 4:54 Chambers Brothers 🔽 🔽 List Artists 🔽 Swap Artists & Titles					
▶   [ □ ▲ 1 00:00 ✓ Update ? Help					
Tracks Volumes Volume Contents Playlist CD Player					
Total CD time = 37:16					

Example Various Artists CD View

If you have more than one CD-ROM drive, a drive selection drop-down list control (not shown above) will appear to the left of the player buttons. VisiTrax will remember the drive you select between sessions.

To have VisiTrax automatically detect CDs and activate the CD Player view whenever you insert a CD, select **Autodetect CDs** from the **View > Options** menu. Autodetection will commence the first time you enter the **CD Player** view in a given session.

VisiTrax will use the following search order to locate information about the currently-inserted CD:

- If the CD is already listed in your local VisiTrax database, this information will be used, and the **Titles** box will contain <Local entry>.
- Otherwise, if the CD is already listed in your PC's CDPLAYER.INI file (a data file commonly used by various CD player programs), information will be retrieved from this file, and the Titles box will contain <cdplayer.ini>.
- Otherwise, the CDDB feature described below can be used to look up the CD information automatically.

To view information from an alternate source, make a selection from the Titles box drop-down list.

*Note:* Some "Media Player" or "CD Player" programs might use a CD-ROM drive in an exclusive, nonshared mode. If one of these is running in this mode, no other CD player program will be able to access the drive. If the offending program has a configuration setting option for using the CD-ROM drive in shared mode, try that setting. Otherwise, you will need to stop the other player, before the VisiTrax CD player can start up or begin to detect CDs.

#### Playing CD Tracks

To begin playing a CD track, do any of the following:

- Click on the button.
- Click on one of the track number cells in the No. column.
- Select a track title and press Enter.
- Select **Play** from the **CD** menu.

### Editing CD Information

To edit CD information, click or tab into each field and edit as necessary. You can edit information for any track, regardless of the track being played (if any). Changes can be saved in any of the following ways:

- To save changes to your computer's shared CDPLAYER.INI file, select Write to CDPLAYER.INI from the CD menu.
- To save changes to your VisiTrax library database, click on the Add / Update button (this also updates CDPLAYER.INI).
- To save changes to the Internet-based CDDB service, click on the **Submit to CDDB** button (also see **CDDB Submittals**, below).

#### Using the CDDB Feature

To begin using CDDB, be sure you have an established Internet connection, then click on the **Enable CDDB** checkbox. (If you have an always-on Internet connection, you may wish to select **Enable CDDB Automatically** from the **View > Options** menu.)

*Note:* VisiTrax uses your <u>web browser's settings</u> to determine whether you use dial-up networking and/or a proxy server. If you use dial-up networking, you'll need to establish a dial-up connection before performing this operation.

As long the **Enable CDDB** checkbox is activated, CDDB lookups are initiated automatically, for each CD inserted. In some cases, VisiTrax might inform you that CDDB has multiple matches (exact or inexact) for the current CD's disc identifier. In other cases, CDDB might return what it thinks is an exact match, but the title shown is not the one for your CD. If this occurs, select the appropriate option from the **Titles** drop-down list. If a given CD is already in your local database, the local information will be selected by default.

The CDDB server receives submittals from thousands of users all over the world, so you can expect to find errors on occasion. Once a CD's information has been acquired from CDDB, look over the information for typographical errors or other inconsistencies. VisiTrax gives you a few distinct stages at which you can correct or modify this information:

- The first stage is in the **CD Player** view itself. This is most useful when you see errors in CDDB's data: simply correct the data in this view, submit the corrections to CDDB for posterity, then click on the **Add** button to import the data into your VisiTrax library.
- The second stage is in the <u>Add New CD</u> dialog that appears after clicking on Add in the CD Player view. While the CDDB community tends to list artists using the form "John Smith", or "The Beach Boys", you might prefer the catalog index format, such as "Smith, John" or "Beatles, The" (or just "Beatles"). You could do this in the CD Player dialog, of course, but you wouldn't necessarily submit such changes back to CDDB. Using the Add New CD dialog for this purpose also lets you take advantage of its "smart data entry" features. (Don't forget to assign a CD index here while you're at it.)
- Once you click the Add button in the Add New CD dialog, the CD's individual track records will be inserted, all at once. Editing these individual track entries would comprise the third, track-level stage.

One of the things you might want to do here is adjust the Category for each track, and perhaps enter additional information, such as the release year, not typically available via CDDB.

Even if you choose to do a fair amount of "tweaking" with the data CDDB gives you, using CDDB will save you a lot of data entry time.

*Note:* Once a CD has been added to your library, the **Add** button will be replaced with an **Update** button.

Hint: To quickly shift names around in an artist field, or shift words around in a title field, simply double click on that field. For example, this could be used to change "John Smith" to "Smith, John", or vice versa.

#### **Track Artists and CDDB**

The CDDB service never specified a standard method for entering track artists, and many CDDB player programs don't even provide a "track artist" field. As a result, the CDDB library is rather inconsistent with respect to track artist information. Here are some commonly-seen variations:

- Artist is entered in the "extra track information" field.
- Track titles have the form "artist / title" or "artist title".
- Track titles have the form "title / artist" or "title artist".
- Track titles have the form "title (artist)" or "artist (title)".
- No track artists specified at all.

VisiTrax uses the following "best guess" method for extracting track artists, in the order of precedence shown:

- 1. All track titles contain a "/" splitter [best guess: artist / title]
- 2. All tracks contain a single line of Extra data [best guess: these are track artists]
- 3. All track titles contain a "-" splitter [best guess: title artist]
- 4. All track titles contain parentheses [best guess: title (artist)]

VisiTrax will initially set the List Artists checkbox based on the foregoing best-guess logic.

In the case of 1, 3, and 4 above, since the artist and title could be transposed, VisiTrax will display a warning message and provide a **Swap Artists & Titles** checkbox for easily fixing this if necessary. This checkbox will normally be grayed out unless a possible transposition is detected.

#### What if my CD isn't listed at CDDB?

If you have a recently-released CD that you believe should have been listed on CDDB, but is not there, it might be that the CDDB service has not yet updated their library. If this becomes a significant problem, you might obtain better results at another service, such as freedb.org (simply type **freedb.org** into the **CDDB Servers** box and press **Enter**). Note, however, that while alternative free services such as this might be updated more frequently, they are not sanctioned or supported in any way by CDDB, Inc.

If you're working with a custom CD of your own or a published CD that just doesn't happen to be listed at CDDB, initiate a CDDB query as described above (CD is inserted and **Enable CDDB** is checked). Once the query has completed, ensure **<Local entry>** is selected from the **Titles** drop-down list.

If the currently-inserted CD is found to exist already in your VisiTrax database, the title and artist information you previously saved for this CD will be displayed automatically. Otherwise, most of the CD data entry fields will be empty. At this point you can fill in the data for this CD as needed. Once all of the essential information has been filled in ("Notes" fields can be left empty if desired), click the Add button to add the CD to your VisiTrax database, as described above.

For custom CDs, a preferred approach is to simply add them via the <u>Add New Volume</u> dialog. Normally, VisiTrax will take you here automatically for any unrecognized CD.

#### Updating an Existing CD Volume Entry

Once a CD has been added to your library, the Add button will be replaced with an Update button. Clicking Update will update the existing CD volume entry, and its corresponding track entries, using the data that appears in the CD Player view. This can be handy, for example, if you happen to catch a spelling error in one of the titles while in this view. (Note that Update will <u>not</u> disturb existing information not ordinarily seen in this view, such as volume locator index, or track category, year, lead-in time, etc.)

#### What if I already entered my CD as a "New Volume"?

Each compact disc has a (relatively) unique media identifier code and CDDB-style disc identifier code. VisiTrax uses these numeric codes to associate a physical compact disc with its corresponding volume database record. Normally, this association takes place automatically when you click on the Add button from the CD Player view. However, the Add New Volume and Volume Details dialogs also let you perfom (or change) this association.

#### **CDDB Submittals**

The CDDB service is likely to find entries for most of your CDs. If your CD is not found (and it's a published CD, not some custom job) you can enter its data and submit it to the CDDB server via the **Submit to CDDB** button. You can also submit corrections to existing entries. Before you begin making submittals, though, look at a reasonable number of examples of existing CD entries, so you can become somewhat familiar with common practice (or at least preferred practice):

- Titles, artist names, etc., should use standard capitalization rules for mixed-case titles.
- If the CD contains tracks from various artists, the CD's Artist field should be "Various Artists", or something equivalent. For best results, be sure to use the key word "Various", at least.
- Titles and artist names should be of reasonable length.
- Careful spelling and punctuation is generally appreciated.
- "Special" characters beyond those used for ordinary narrative text, should be avoided.
- Avoid using the slash character ("/") in the CD's title and artist fields.

CDDB submittals require an e-mail reply address, so that you can be notified if there's a problem. Enter your e-mail reply address in the **E-Mail** field.

The **Submit to CDDB** button won't be enabled unless a certain set of minimal conditions have been met. This reduces the likelihood of accidentally sending an incomplete or useless submittal. Conditions include an e-mail address, no empty fields that shouln't be empty, and (in the case of changes) something changed from the existing entry. (If, for example, you change one word, enabling the button, then change it back to the original version, the button will become disabled again.)

Naturally, it makes no sense to submit a new CD without first confirming that it is, in fact, a new CD as far as CDDB is concerned. To ensure that this is the case, VisiTrax will disable all of the editing fields until a CDDB query has been made for a given CD, confirming that it isn't already in the server's database.

#### **Resolving CD Player or CDDB Performance Issues**

VisiTrax accesses CDDB's servers just like a web browser. Occasionally, you might encounter an error message or other performance problem while accessing a CDDB server. Unless the error message indicates something specific in this regard, usually the best course of action is to try the access at least one or two more times before concluding that there's a problem of any significance.

If errors tend to occur frequently, or if CDDB accesses appear to be too slow, try selecting a different site via the CDDB Servers drop-down list. (Sometimes the fastest-responding server is not the geographically closest one.)

**To re-acquire the list of CDDB server sites**, click inside the **CDDB Servers** editing box and press the **Enter** key. The list of servers will be (re-)acquired from the site shown. **To specify a different "CDDB home" site**, first select it from the drop-down list, or type in the URL (if this field is blank, the original standard address will be restored).

**To re-establish communications with a specific CDDB server**, reselect it from the **CDDB Servers** drop-down list. This also forces a fresh CD title query if you have a CD inserted.

**To repeat a CD title query from the current server**, either reselect the server from the **CDDB Servers** drop-down list, **or** eject and then reload the CD.

To re-read a specific CD's track information for a given CD title, reselect the CD title from the Titles drop-down list.

To force a re-read of data from the CD, select Refresh (read CD again) from the CD menu, or press Ctrl-F5.

If you continue to encounter problems with CDDB using VisiTrax, please send us an <u>e-mail</u> message with as much relevant detail as possible.

#### See also: Installation and Configuration View Options and Customization

# What is CDDB?

The term "CDDB" (CD database) is commonly used in three distinct senses: as a proper company name, as a type of CD database archive, and as a protocol for accessing such an archive on line.

Historically, CDDB began in 1993 as an informal endeavor by Ti Kan, Graham Toal, and Steve Scherf. By 1996, it had evolved into a company with an established web site and its own proprietary Disc Recognition Service (DRS), supporting fast CD lookups via the Internet. In 1998, CDDB, Inc. was acquired by Indiana-based Escient, Inc.

The "CDDB" information database contains artist, disc title, track titles, and other information for digital audio compact discs. Over time, this archive has grown to contain a substantial collection of CD information (over 300,000 album titles) and continues to grow at a rapid rate. Traditionally, individual end users have been permitted to access the public CDDB servers for free.

At least three distinct CDDB access protocols are in use today. The first two of these, CDDBP and CDDB via HTTP, are openly-published protocols that have become a de facto standard for Internet access of compact disc information, not only on CDDB's own servers (cddb.com), but also on alternative services such as freedb.org. The third CDDB access protocol, CDDB2, is proprietary in nature and not an open protocol, in the sense that it can only be used to access genuine CDDB servers.

The protocol used by the VisiTrax <u>CD Player</u> is CDDB via HTTP, which is the most universally compatible CDDB protocol – first, because HTTP is the same protocol used by web browsers, and second, because the protocol is not bound to just one CD information database service.



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# **Creating a New Library**

To create a new library database file from scratch, select New Library from the File menu (or click on the

toolbar button).

If another library file was already open and you made any changes, you'll be asked if you wish to <u>save it</u>, and then that file will be closed.

A newly-created library database contains no predefined media format types or track categories, since it contains no volumes or tracks. To add new volumes and their tracks to your library:

- You can add pre-recorded CDs via the Add button on the <u>CD Player view</u>.
- You can manually type in each new volume and its tracks via the **<u>Add New Volume</u>** dialog.
- You can <u>convert a playlist</u> you've created from one or more existing volumes, to a new volume. This can be handy when you're creating a new custom CD or tape.

#### See also: Opening an Existing Library

# **Opening an Existing Library**

To open an existing library database file, select **Open...** from the **File** menu (or click on the button).

If another library file was already open and you made any changes, you'll be asked if you wish to <u>save it</u>, and then that file will be closed.

To help you get familiarized with VisiTrax, we've provided an example library you can experiment with. Just open **Example.trx**, which you should find in your VisiTrax installation directory.

#### See also: Creating a New Library

# Adding a New Volume

To add a new volume to your library database, select **New Volume** from the **Edit** menu, or press **Ctrl-N**. (In the Volumes view, you can press **Insert** to do the same thing.) This will present a dialog box similar to the one here:

🔠 Add New Volume 🛛 🛛 🔀
itle: Best of the Alan Parsons Project
Artist: Alan Parsons Project
Category: Rock Year: 1983
Media Format: Compact Disc 💌 🥑 Location Index: CD0319 💌
Notes:
Add X Cancel ? Help

Similar dialogs also appear...

- after you select **Convert Playlist to Volume** from the **Edit** menu or right-click pop-up menu from the <u>Playlist</u> view (title bar will read **Convert Playlist to New Volume**).
- after you click the Add button in the <u>CD Player</u> view, except in that case the dialog looks like this:

📸 Add New CD	X
Title: Bad for Good: The Very Best of Scorpions	•
Artist: Scorpions	•
Category: Rock Year: 2001	÷
Media Format: Compact Disc 💿 Location Index: CD0323	•
Notes:	•
]	
T Auto-Eject 🖌 🖌 Cancel 📿 Hel	<b></b>

At a minimum, the **Title**, **Artist**, and **Media Format** fields (also **Category** field in the **Add New CD** dialog) need to be completed to create a valid volume record. You can enter anything you wish for these fields. Each of these fields also contains a drop-down list of entries you've made before.

Hint: To quickly shift names around in the Artist field, simply double click on that field. For example, this

could be used to change "John Smith" to "Smith, John", or vice versa. This feature also works in the **Title** field.

In the Add New CD dialog, the contents of the Category and Year fields will be assigned to each of the CD's track records. If the tracks have various categories or years, just enter the predominant category and year here, then revise individual track records later on as necessary.

Just to the right of the Media Format field is a button, which can be used to associate this volume with the currently-loaded CD, or to change or remove a CD association. Clicking on this button will present a short menu of available options. Naturally, a given physical CD should be associated with no more than one volume in your database. Unless you are entering custom CDs, you probably have no need to use this button.

The two optional **Notes** fields support text of arbitrary length. Both fields show the same information, but merely in different formats. The single-line **Notes** field lets you select from a drop-down list of all existing volume notes entries, and also can also be useful for entering very brief notes. Typically, these fields are used for miscellaneous information about the volume itself, including physical location or lending information, value, etc. For CDs, these fields map to the CD's **Notes** field in the <u>CD Player</u> view.

The **Location Index** field is optional, but strongly encouraged, especially if you use <u>playlists</u>. This provides a concise way to quickly identify each volume. If you've just entered a new media format, assign a two-letter prefix for this field. The prefix you assign here will be applied to all volumes of that same media format. The only limitation is that the prefix can't the same as one used by another media format.

As for the rest of the location code, you can use any number from 1 (or "0001") to 9999, as long as it hasn't already been used for this particular media format. You might want to assign different ranges of numbers to different genres or other discriminators; for example, you might number your CDs as follows:

CD0001 - 0999	Classical music CDs
CD1000 - 1999	Folk music
CD2000 - 2999	Rock music
CD3000 - 3999	Country/western music
CD4000 - 4499	Pan Flute music
CD4500 - 4999	Fred's stuff

...and so on. (Note that this is only an <u>example</u> – you can use number ranges any way you want, or not at all.)

If the media format is one you've already been using, VisiTrax will fill in the location index field for you with the first available index number. If want to assign a different index number, just change it.

If you click on the arrow on the right of this field, a drop-down list of available ranges will appear. For example, let's say you've already entered five CD volumes under each of the above example ranges; i.e. 1-5, 1000-1004, 2000-2004, 3000-3004, 4000-4004, and 4500-4504. In that case, the following available ranges would be listed (in this example we're using only whole-numbered locator index values in our library):

CD0006 - 0999 CD1005 - 1999 CD2005 - 2999 CD3005 - 3999 CD4005 - 4499 CD4505 - 4999 CD5000 - 9999 Initially, the data field in this example would contain **CD0006**. Let's say you just bought another *Zamfir* and *His Pan Flute* CD, so to select the next available **Pan Flute music** index, you could pick the fifth entry from the list (**CD4005** - 4499). The first index in this range, **CD4005**, would be transferred to the data field for you.

If the Add New CD dialog's Auto-Eject box is checked, the CD will be ejected upon addition of the new CD entry into the library. When this is used together with the Auto-Detect CDs option (set via the View > Options menu), you can avoid having to manually switch back to the CD Player view for each CD to be added.

Once the needed fields have been filled in, click the **Add** button to add this new volume entry to the database and begin <u>adding tracks</u>. (If this was an **Add New CD** dialog, all of the tracks will be added for you at this point.)

Note 1: If the Add button's caption is colored dark red, it means at least one data field is incomplete or contains invalid information. Yellow data entry fields mean the same thing. More specific information will be displayed if you click Add in this situation.

Note 2: Don't forget to save your changes periodically.

See also: <u>Updating a Volume</u> <u>Delete and Undelete</u> <u>Cross-References</u> <u>Creating a New Library</u>

### **Adding New Tracks**

To begin adding new tracks to your library database, do either of the following:

- From the <u>Volumes View</u>, double-click on an existing volume entry to enter the corresponding <u>Volume</u> <u>Contents View</u> for that volume, then press the **Insert** key (or select **New Track** from either the **Edit** menu or the right-click menu).
- From any of the list views, add a new volume by selecting **New Volume** from either the **Edit** menu or the right-click menu. Adding a new volume entry automatically leads into adding its track entries.

🖹 Add New Track 🛛 🛛 🔀
Title: Eye in the Sky
Subtitle:
Artist: Alan Parsons Project
Composer:
Category: Rock
Notes:
File Name: Browse
Trac <u>k</u> No.: 2 → Year: 1982 → Tim <u>e</u> : 4:29 Intro: :18 BP <u>M</u> : 112 🥝
🖌 Add 🛛 🗶 Cancel 🧳 Help

You will be presented with a dialog box similar to this:

At a minimum, you'll need to fill in the **Title**, **Artist**, and **Category** fields to create a valid track record. You can enter anything you wish for these fields. Each of these fields also contains a drop-down list of entries you've made before (useful primarily for category and artist).

The optional **Subtitle** and **Composer** fields can be especially useful for classical music or similarly organized material. For example, use the **Subtitle** field where you have a group of tracks comprising a single symphony (title), with each track containing a movement (subtitle). [Hint: When printing classical music listings, you may prefer listing the **Track Title** field without the **Subtitle** field, and the **Grp Time** field rather than the **Time** field. **Grp Time** is an automatically calculated total of times for all tracks having both subtitles and identical titles; for tracks with no subtitles, it is the same as **Time**.]

**Hint:** To quickly shift names around in the **Artist** or **Composer** field, simply double click on that field. For example, this could be used to change "John Smith" to "Smith, John", or vice versa. This feature also works in the **Title** field.

The two optional **Notes** fields support text of arbitrary length. Both fields show the same information, but merely in different formats. The single-line **Notes** field lets you select from a drop-down list of all existing volume notes entries, and also can also be useful for entering very brief notes. Typically, these fields are used for miscellaneous information about the track. For CDs, these fields map to the **Track Notes** field

#### in the CD Player view.

The **File Name** field is used for computer-based tracks (MP3 files, for example). Click on the **Browse** button to locate the folder and file for the track of interest.

The **Index** (if not left blank) can be any value from 1 to 999, A1 to A99, B1 to B99, or 1A-99B. More than one track can use the same index, if necessary. A and B are useful for two-sided media such as phonograph records or DVDs. The "A1" form is for media containing multiple tracks on a side; the "1A" form is for boxes or trays of singles (e.g. 45 RPM records).

The **Year** field can be any valid non-zero year, or you can leave it blank. Entering "0" is equivalent to blank, or "no year defined".

The **Time** field is used for the track's elapsed playing time. Any value under 10 hours (10:00:00) can be used. As an alternative to a colon, you also can key in times using a semicolon, comma, or period (full stop).

The **Intro** field is used primarily by DJs to indicate how much talk-over time is available (in seconds) at the beginning of the track. (This is sometimes known as lead-in time.)

The **BPM** (beats per minute) field is used primarily by DJs to optimize continuity from track to track. To accurately determine a track's tempo, you can tap the "clock" button at the right of this field in time with the beat of the track as you listen to it. Continue tapping the button until the value shown settles to (or close to) a stable value, typically 8-12 taps.

Once the needed fields have been filled in, click the **Add** button to add this new track entry to the current volume and begin adding the next one. Once you have no more new tracks to add, click the **Cancel** button.

#### A couple of shortcuts:

- The "+" and "-" keys can be used to increment or decrement numeric fields.
- Typing "T" in the Year field will enter the current year ("This year").
- Note 1: If the Add button's caption is colored dark red, it means at least one data field is incomplete or contains invalid information. Yellow data entry fields mean the same thing. More specific information will be displayed if you click Add in this situation.

**Note 2:** Don't forget to **<u>save your changes</u>** periodically.

See also: <u>Updating a Track</u> <u>Adding a New Volume</u> <u>Delete and Undelete</u>

### **Updating a Volume**

To update (or just examine) the details for an existing volume record, first select the volume of interest in the **Volumes View**, then do any one of the following:

- press the **Space** bar, or
- select Update Details from the Edit menu, or
- select **Update Details** from the right-click menu.

VisiTrax will display a Volume Details dialog similar to the dialog used for adding a new volume.

A similar dialog likewise appears if you click the <u>CD Player</u> view's **Update** button.

See also: Updating a Track Delete and Undelete

### **Updating a Track**

To update (or just examine) an existing track, first select the track of interest in the <u>Volume Contents View</u>, then do any one of the following:

- press the **Space** bar, or
- select Update Details from the Edit menu, or
- select **Update Details** from the right-click menu.

You will be presented with a dialog box similar to the one here:

🖄 Track Details	×
Title: Eye in the Sky	•
Subtitle:	•
Artist: Alan Parsons Project	<b>1.1.1 🗆</b>
Composer:	<b>2000 🗆</b> 🗖
Category: Rock	<b>11.000 🗆</b> 🗆
Notes:	
	<
Eile Name:	<u>B</u> rowse
Trac <u>k</u> No.: 2	112 🕝

Usage of this dialog is identical to that used for <u>adding a new track</u>, with one additional feature: several of the data fields can be **duplicated** to all other tracks in the current volume, if the corresponding "paper doll" checkboxes are checked. If the **Artist**, **Category**, or **Year** is duplicated in this fashion, the corresponding information in the volume record also is updated.

See also: <u>Updating a Volume</u> Delete and Undelete

### **Delete and Undelete**

When you're in the <u>Volume Contents View</u>, you can delete the currently selected track by doing any of the following:

Select **Delete** from the **Edit** menu. Select **Delete** from the right-click menu. Press the **Delete** key.

When you're in the Volumes View, you can delete an entire volume in the same way.

You can restore a track or volume that you just deleted by doing any of the following:

Select **Undelete** from the **Edit** menu. Select **Undelete** from the right-click menu. Press **Ctrl-Z**.

While there's no fixed limit on the number of successive undelete operations that can be done, once the current library file has been closed, all deletions become permanent.

If you are concerned about accidental deletions, notwithstanding the undelete feature, a <u>Confirm on</u> <u>Delete</u> configuration option is available.

### **Saving Your Changes**

VisiTrax does not make any permanent updates to your library file until you explicitly tell it to save the changes you've made, by doing any of the following:

- Click on the 🖬 toolbar button. If this button is grayed out, your file is up to date (no changes are pending).
- Select Save from the File menu. If this menu option is grayed out, no changes are pending.

• If you attempt to close the current file, and the file is not up to date because you have changes pending, VisiTrax will ask if you wish to save your changes. This occurs if you select **New**, **Open**, or **Close**; or if you <u>exit the program</u>.

If you've just created a new library file and haven't named it yet, VisiTrax will query you for the filename when you do any of the above actions.

To explicitly save the current library with a new filename, select **Save As...** from the **File** menu. This can be useful for deriving a new library file from an existing one.

To reduce the risk of losing your work due to a system problem (e.g. sudden power failure), be sure to save your changes periodically, especially after making significant additions. (And of course it should go without saying that it's prudent to make system <u>backups</u> regularly.)

Each time your library file is saved, a backup of the preceding version will be saved in the same directory. The filename will be the same, except that the first character in the file extension will be a tilde ("~").

#### See also: <u>Supported File Formats</u>

### **Merging Library Files**

You can merge two or more VisiTrax library files into a single library file, using either of the procedures described below. Any number of VisiTrax library files can be merged together simply by repeating the process.

In either of these procedures, we will assume two library files name A.TRX and B.TRX (for fastest results, use the smaller file for B.TRX).

#### Merging with Copy / Paste

This easy procedure relies on the fact that the <u>**Tracks**</u> view contains every data field in the library (the other views only contain subsets of some sort).

- 1) Start VisiTrax and open B.TRX.
- 2) While in the Tracks view, copy the displayed tracks to the Windows clipboard by pressing Ctrl-C.
- 3) Now open file **A.TRX**.
- 4) Next, while in the Tracks view, paste the clipboard data by pressing Ctrl-V.
- 5) After the data merge completes, check the results, then save.

Pressing **Ctrl-C** is equivalent to selecting **Copy Every Column to Clipboard > Normal Text Format** from either the **Edit** menu or the right-click menu.

Pressing **Ctrl-V** is equivalent to selecting **Paste from Clipboard** from either the **Edit** menu or the rightclick menu.

#### Merging with a Text File

This procedure is not quite as convenient as the copy/paste method, but it does work just as well.

- 1) Start VisiTrax and open **B.TRX**.
- 2) Select Save As... from the File menu and save as a text file (B.TXT).
- 3) Now open file A.TRX.
- 4) Next, open file **B.TXT**. You'll be asked if you want to merge the data; choose Yes.
- 5) After the data merge completes, check the results, then save as a **.TRX** file.

#### See also: <u>Supported File Formats</u> <u>Saving Your Changes</u> <u>Copy and Paste</u>

### **Supported File Formats**

VisiTrax supports the following file formats:

#### Standard VisiTrax Library Files (.trx)

This is the recommended format for normal, everyday use. It was designed to contain all of the information supported by the VisiTrax user interface, plus a number of additional types of information envisioned for support in future versions of VisiTrax. It also was designed to be saved and loaded very quickly.

# CAUTION: This is a special binary format – do not try to edit one of these files with other software!

#### VisiTrax Text File Interchange (VTFI) Text Files (.txt)

This file format, described in more detail on our web site (<u>www.synapsa.com/vtfispec.htm</u>), facilitates exporting and importing data to or from other applications. You can create and edit files of this format with an ordinary text editor. (Note that if you have a spreadsheet program, <u>copy and paste</u> might be a simpler alternative to generating an importable text file.)

Text files generally take significantly more time to read than the .trx format; however, VisiTrax can merge formatted text files into an existing library. If you open a text file to be read in, and existing library data is already loaded, you will be asked if the text file data should be merged with the existing data. If you respond "Yes", the data will be merged; otherwise, any currently open library will first be closed. Note that the merged data is not saved to a file until you tell VisiTrax to do so.

Saving your data as a text file takes about the same amount of time as saving any other format – which is to say, almost no time at all.

#### Legacy Library Files (.ldb)

This format is essentially a very limited subset of the .trx format. It is provided primarily for backcompatibility with Playlist 4.0x, a DOS-based precursor to VisiTrax that has been in use since 1993. If you have an existing .ldb file created by Playlist 4.0x, you can import it into VisiTrax with no loss of data.

If you wish to export an existing VisiTrax library to the .ldb file format, only the subset of information supported by the .ldb format and Playlist 4.0x will be exported. Things to look out for in this regard include:

- Extended volume locators such as "CD0123.1" will be exported without the decimalized digits (e.g. "CD0123").
- Track numbers will be limited to 1-99 only. Side A/B information will not be included.
- Invisible CD disc identifiers used to associate CDs with their volumes will not be included.
- BPM, intro times, track filenames, and volume pathnames will not be included.
- Playlist-compatible .ldb files require generic ASCII (7-bit) text sorting. VisiTrax automatically ensures that .ldb file data is sorted this way whenever an existing .ldb file is opened. [Other file types are opened using a multinational form of ANSI (8-bit) sorting that depends on locale.]

#### Playlist Files (.vxp)

VisiTrax playlists are saved as ordinary text files, but using a ".vxp" filename extension. A playlist file contains the playlist's descriptive title on the first line, followed by a simple list of volume/track index identifiers (e.g. CD0123.1-4), one identifier per line.

#### **External File Formats**

VisiTrax also supports exporting data to some externally-defined file formats. For more information, see <u>Exporting Data</u>.

### **Copy and Paste**

With VisiTrax, it's very easy to copy complete listings to and from the Windows clipboard, using a common tabular form supported by Microsoft Excel and many other programs. While exporting data from VisiTrax to the clipboard is more or less foolproof, you should be aware that successfully importing data created by other applications, from the clipboard, requires that the data follows certain formatting conventions, as described herein.

### Copying Data to the Clipboard

To copy (export) the listed items in any of the listing views (<u>Tracks</u>, <u>Volumes</u>, <u>Volume Contents</u>, or <u>Playlist</u>) to the Windows clipboard, select one of the following from either the **Edit** menu or the right-click pop-up menu:

- Copy Main Columns to Clipboard
- Copy Every Column to Clipboard

Each of these has a submenu:

- Select Normal Text Format if you will be pasting into anything other than a spreadsheet (or into a spreadsheet whose cells have first been preformatted to Text).
- Select Spreadsheet Compatible if you will be pasting into a spreadsheet program such as Microsoft Excel This will ensure that times (e.g. "25:32") and hexadecimal values will appear correctly within the spreadsheet.

A complete export of the database can be obtained by copying every column to the clipboard from the **Tracks** view.

Shortcut: Pressing Ctrl-C is equivalent to selecting Copy Every Column to Clipboard > Normal Text Format. Pressing Ctrl-X is equivalent to selecting Copy Every Column to Clipboard > Spreadsheet Compatible.

#### Pasting Data from the Clipboard

Data copied to the Windows clipboard (as described above, or equivalent) can be pasted (imported) into the **Tracks**, **Volumes**, or **Volume Contents** view. Each such view requires a different core set of named columns; any non-relevant columns will be ignored.

Following is a set of rules that should be observed for successfully importing data into VisiTrax via paste:

- The order in which columns appear is not important, just the column <u>names</u>. To obtain an example of the format needed for pasting into a given VisiTrax view, simply press **Ctrl-C** to copy the data from that view to the clipboard, then examine it by pasting it into a spreadsheet program or text editor. You only need to see a few rows of data for this purpose, so you might first want to apply some filtering to obtain just a small sample.
- 2) When pasting into the Volumes view, each row must contain, at a minimum, data for VOLUME\_ARTIST, VOLUME\_TITLE, and MEDIA\_FORMAT, plus a distinct (and valid) INDEX. Any track-specific information will be ignored.
- 3) When pasting into the Tracks view, each row must contain, at a minimum, data for ARTIST, TRACK\_TITLE, and CATEGORY, plus sufficient information to identify the containing volume. This latter can be either the volume's INDEX, if a separate volume table was first pasted into the Volumes view, or otherwise the VOLUME\_ARTIST, VOLUME\_TITLE, and MEDIA\_FORMAT.

- 4) When pasting a single, composite table into the Tracks view (i.e. no separate Volumes table), and a volume INDEX is provided, there is no need to repeat the remaining volume information after the first row for a given volume. If no INDEX is used, the other required volume fields must exactly match from track row to track row, for a given volume.
- 5) When pasting into the **Volume Contents** view, all pasted tracks will be assigned to the currently displayed volume. Any volume-specific information will be ignored
- 6) The **GRP\_TIME** and **VOL\_TIME** columns are ignored, as their data is automatically derived from track times.
- 7) A single LOCATION column can be used in lieu of the INDEX and NO. columns.
- 8) All other columns not specifically mentioned above are optional.

Shortcut: Pressing Ctrl-V is equivalent to selecting Paste from Clipboard.

See also: <u>Merging Library Files</u> <u>Printing CD Labels</u> <u>Exporting Data for Upload</u>

### **Exporting and Importing Data**

VisiTrax provides two distinct methods for porting data to or from other applications. Each method has its distinct advantages.

In most situations, the method of choice will be <u>copying and pasting data</u>, using the Windows clipboard as an intermediate holding buffer. Some advantages of this method are as follows:

- The data is represented as a simple table, compatible with Microsoft Excel and similar spreadsheet programs.
- Use of the clipboard is much simpler and more foolproof than saving to a file or reading from a file.

The second available method is saving and reading the library data as a <u>text file</u>. This method may be more advantageous in the following situations:

• Consolidating or renaming artists, media formats, categories, and the like

This entails saving your VisiTrax library as a text file, editing the file with a text editor, then reading the edited file back into VisiTrax. It's particularly efficient because text files saved from VisiTrax list distinct names of artists, et al, in sorted order. (Note that reading text files is much slower than reading .trx files, so you'll normally want to save your data in the standard .trx file form.)

• Developing special data conversion utilities

Sometimes the only practical way to port data from another application is by writing a special data conversion utility. In such cases, the data is often organized as two linked tables, one for albums (volumes) and one for songs (tracks), making generation of a VisiTrax-readable text file a very straightforward operation.

While the text file format provides a much more efficient data representation compared to the tabular form used by copy and paste, it's generally a more complex layout.

See also: <u>Merging Library Files</u> <u>Printing CD Labels</u> <u>Exporting Data for Upload</u>

## **Exporting Data for Upload**

VisiTrax supports exporting lists of tracks to ready-to-upload files for the following on-line services:

- DJ Intelligence (<u>www.DJIntelligence.com</u>)
- WeDJ (<u>www.WeDJ.com</u>)

Track listings can be exported from the <u>Tracks</u> view, <u>Volume Contents</u> view, or <u>Playlist</u> view. To export a tracks listing, do the following:

- 1) Establish the list of tracks to be exported by selecting the desired view and any applicable filters.
- 2) From the File menu, choose Export Track List.
- 3) From the submenu that appears, choose the type of export file desired.
- 4) From the **Export list to file** dialog, select the desired folder and file name.
- 5) Follow the on-line service's documented procedure for uploading the file.

DJ Intelligence files (default name DJI.csv) will contain data from the following columns:

- Artist
- Track Title
- Category
- Year (as 5-year ranges)
- Location

WeDJ files (default name WeDJ.txt) will contain data from the following columns:

- Artist
- Track Title
- Volume Title
- No. (track number)
- Year
- Time
- BPM
- Index
- Category
- Media Format
- Composer (or Track Notes if no composer)

See also: Exporting and Importing Data Merging Library Files Printing CD Labels

### **Creating Cross-References**

Sometimes you might want to establish a cross-reference between an individual artist and other artists or groups, so that you can more readily locate everything you have related to that artist. Here's how you can do this:

- For each individual artist needing a cross-reference, create a cross-reference volume record, entitled (*Related Groups*). For the media format, use *Cross Reference* (suggested location index prefix: *XR*).
- 2. Create one track entry in this volume for the individual artist, entitled \* See also... the Category field can be anything.
- Create one track entry in this volume for each related group, entitled \* See also <artist name> –
  for example, if the artist name is John Lennon, use \* See also Lennon, John for the track title for
  each related group.

The use of cross-reference entries as outlined above will result in a Tracks view similar to this:

邊 VisiTrax - N	:\Synapsa Pro	ductions	\VisiTra	x\Musi	c.trx			
File Edit View	Sorting Extras	Help						
<mark>B 🗠 🔒</mark> 🐣	👯   🕾 🕾	1 🛃 🔞	🖌   EI	F				
Media Format: 🔤	у <sup>.</sup>	•	Artist:	any <sup>.</sup>				▣
Category: rany		•	Title:	iny <sup>.</sup>				⊡
Composer: rany		•	Notes:	any:				▣
Year	Artist	T	rack Title		Time	Year	Location	
iany:	Beach Boys	You're So	Good to M	1e	2:14	1963	LP0018-B3	
	Beach Boys	You're So	Good to M	le	2:16	1963	CD0007-19	
BPM	Beastie Boys	Sabotage			2:55		AF 0001	
rany 🔤 🛨	Beatles	* See also	Harrison,	George			XR0005	
	Beatles	* See also	Lennon, J	lohn			XR0007	
Max Time	Beatles	* See also	McCartne	y, Paul			XR0008	
rany: 🖨	Beatles	* See also	Starr, Rin	go			XR0015	
	Beatles	A Day in th	ne Life		5:33	1967	CD0019-13	
Max - Min	Beatles	A Hard Da	y's Night		2:28	1964	LP0021.1-B1	
:15 📮	Beatles	A Hard Da	y's Night		2:32	1964	CD0009-1	
	Beatles	A Hard Da	y's Night		2:43	1995	CD0020.2-12	
<b>W</b>	Beatles	A Taste of	Honey		2:05	1963	CD0016-12	
Show All	Beatles	Across the	Universe		3:50	1969	CD0015-13	$\mathbf{\mathbf{v}}$
Tracks Volumes Volume Contents Playlist CD Player								
XR0007 (Rock and	Roll)			Playlist t	otal = 59:4	4 Trac	oks: 6580 / 6580	

Note how the use of asterisks keeps all of the *Beatles* cross-reference entries grouped together at the beginning.

If you double-click on the \* See also Lennon, John entry, you'll see a Volume Contents view similar to this:

👸 Vis	iTrax - N:\Synapsa P	roductions\VisiTr	ax\Music.trx			_	
File E	dit View Extras Help						
<u>D</u> e	• 🔒   📇   💥   🖄	1 G 😨 🗸 🖣	û <b>jî</b> ?				
	Len	non, John: (Rel	ated Group	os)			
No.	Track Title	Artist	Category	bpm	Time	Intro	Year
	* See also Lennon, John	Beatles	Rock and Roll				
	* See also	Lennon, John	Rock and Roll				
	* See also Lennon, John	Lennon, John & Yoko	Rock and Roll				
Track	s Volumes Volume	Contents Playlist	CD Player				
Rock a	nd Roll	Playlist	total = 59:44 🔀	0007 -	Cross-refe	rence (	:00) //

If you then double-click on the second track entry above, you'll be taken to a Tracks view similar to this:

🖄 VisiTrax - N:	\Synapsa Pro	ductions	\VisiTrax\Musi	c.trx		_	
File Edit View	Sorting Extras	Help					
🔥 🕞 🔒 🖄	👯   🚳 🗑	<b>6</b>	🖌   ti id				
Media Format: Tanj	P.	•	Artist: any				-
Category: any		•	Title: rany				-
Composer: any		•	Notes: any				-
Year	<u>Artist</u>	T	rack Title	Time	Year	Location	^
rany:	Left Banke	Pretty Balle	erina	2:34	1968	SG0003-14	
	Left Banke	Walk Awa	y Renee	2:41	1966	CD0175-8	
BPM	Lemon Drops	I Live in th	e Springtime	2:54	1967	CD0293-22	
rany: 🗘 🛨	Lemon Pipers	Green Tarr	nbourine	2:22	1967	SG0002-67	
	Lennon, John	* See also.				XR0007	
Max Time	Lennon, John	God		4:04		LP0085-B5	
rany: 🚔	Lennon, John	Mother		5:29		LP0085-A1	
	Lennon, John	Working C	lass Hero	3:44		LP0085-A4	
Max - Min	Lennon, John	* See also	Lennon, John			XR0007	
:15 🔶	Lennon, John	Instant Kar	ma	3:16		AF0001	
	Lennon, John	Instant Kar	ma	3:18		SG0005-31	
<b>S</b>	Lennon, John	Woman		3:30		SG0001-46	
Show All	Lenny Kravitz	Again		3:48	2000	CD0324-4	~
onow All	<						>
Tracks Volumes Volume Contents Playlist CD Player							
XR0007 (Rock and	Roll)		Playlist I	total = 59:4	44 Trac	oks: 6580 / 65	580

One final note here: **Cross Reference**, **(Related Groups)**, and **\* See also...** are merely <u>suggested</u> naming conventions. They have no special meaning to VisiTrax. The punctuation we've suggested makes it evident that these are cross-reference entries, as opposed to real volume entries.

### **Checking for Updates**

From time to time, new improved versions of VisiTrax will be made available to all registered users for free, for download from our <u>web site</u>. VisiTrax automatically checks for a new version update in the background, whenever you first access the <u>CDDB</u> service on a given day with the <u>CD Reader</u> dialog. If a new update is found, VisiTrax will notify you the next time you exit the program.

You can also verify whether you have the latest version at any time by selecting **Check for Updates...** from the VisiTrax **Help** menu.

*Note:* Check for Updates... may require connecting to our server via the Internet, to obtain timely (same-day) information. If you use dial-up networking, you'll need to establish a dial-up connection before performing this operation. VisiTrax uses your web browser's settings to determine whether you use dial-up networking.

## **Exiting from VisiTrax**

If you have library file changes pending when you exit VisiTrax, you will be asked if you want the changes saved, and given three options:

- Yes Update the file and then quit.
- No Quit without updating the file (discards any changes you made).
- Cancel Don't quit (cancel your exit request).

See also: <u>Saving Your Changes</u>

### **View Options and Customization**

To customize the appearance and general user interface features of VisiTrax:

- You can **resize** the main VisiTrax window and certain controls.
- You can select and reorder which data columns you normally see.
- From the right-click pop-up menu, you can configure **<u>fonts, colors, and grid lines</u>** in the listing views.
- From the View > Starting View menu, you can select your preferred starting view.
- Lastly, from the View > Options menu, you can select various general preferences, including automatic CD recognition, pop-up hints, confirmation before deleting volumes or tracks.

### **Resizing** General Resizing Features

The entire VisiTrax window can be resized, using any of the standard Windows resizing methods.

#### **Listing View Resizing Features**

In any of the list grids, any columns containing non-formatted data, such as the **Artist** or **Title** columns, can be resized by by dragging their divider on the heading bar. Double-clicking this divider automatically sets the column's width based on the widest data it contains. To reset the column proportions back to their initial defaults, choose **Reset Column Widths** from the **View** menu.

Above the list grid in the <u>Tracks</u> and <u>Volumes</u> views, you can drag the vertical divider to adjust relative widths of the left and right sets of filter fields (handy if you have some unusually long category descriptions, for example).

#### **CD Player View Resizing Features**

On occasion, you might want to adjust the relative sizing of sections within the **CD Player** view. To temporarily adjust relative widths, you can "grab" any of the three vertical resizing bars (shown above) with your mouse and move them left or right as desired.

You also can "grab" the top edge of the lower panel containing the track-specific information, and move it up or down to temporarily adjust relative heights.

#### See also: Fonts, Colors, and Grid Lines

### **Changing Which Columns You See**

The columns in each library listing view are divided into two sets:

- The **main columns** are automatically kept sized as a group to match the listing window's width, by scaling variable-width columns proportionally as needed.
- Any columns you can access by scrolling to the right are **extra columns**. Extra columns have a grayed-out appearance along with dark blue heading text, so they can be distinguished readily from the main columns.

To change the relative position of any column, simply drag it by its header to the left or right. To "hide" one of the main columns, drag it to the right into the set of extra columns. To "show" one of the extra columns, drag it to the left into the set of main columns.

Column positions and relative proportions are retained when you exit VisiTrax. Each time VisiTrax starts up, the initial sorting order for both the **Tracks** and **Volumes** views is set in descending column precedence from left to right.

See also: <u>Resizing</u>

### Fonts, Colors, and Grid Lines

The following portions of the VisiTrax display can be tailored for fonts, background color, and grid lines:

- The <u>Tracks View</u> listbox
- The <u>Volumes View</u> listbox
- The Volume Contents View listbox, as well as its heading bar above the listbox
- The <u>Playlist View</u> listbox, as well as its heading bar above the listbox

To change the display characteristics for any of the above, place the mouse cursor over the area of interest and click the right-hand button for a "right-click" list of options. (For listbox characteristics, this menu can also be accessed via **Alt-P**).

The view selection tab fonts can be changed by selecting **Tabs Font** from the main listing area's rightclick menu.

In addition, the **View > Options** menu contains a **Light Dialog Fonts** option, which switches between a lighter or heavier default font style for VisiTrax dialogs. This affects, for example, the font style used for the status bar, filter controls in the **Tracks** and **Volumes** views, and the volume and track editing dialogs.

#### See also: Printing Options

### **Starting View**

Normally, VisiTrax starts up in the **Tracks** view. However, you can change this by selecting one of the following options in the **View > Starting View** menu:

- Tracks The <u>Tracks</u> view is selected by default
- Volumes The <u>Volumes</u> view is selected by default
- CD Player The <u>CD Player</u> view is selected by default
- Most Recent One of the above, based on the view you were in when you previously used VisiTrax.

**General Preferences** The View > Options menu offers the following preference settings:

Data Entry Box Colors	This contains a short submenu ( <b>Custom</b> vs. <b>Standard</b> ). Selecting <b>Custom</b> permits you to select a single custom background color for most data entry boxes. Selecting <b>Standard</b> will apply the default Window background color (as defined in your general Windows display settings).
Hint Popups	When checked (default), enables the display of pop-up hints. These can come in handy when you're first starting out, but some experienced users may prefer to disable them.
Light Dialog Fonts	Determines the font style used within most VisiTrax dialogs. (The CD Player dialog always uses a light, or non-bold, dialog font, because it presents so much information.)
Confirm on Delete	When checked, causes a confirmation dialog to appear prior to deleting a track or volume. Since VisiTrax also has an <u>Undelete</u> feature, you may find it more productive to work without delete confirmation.
Hide Playlist when Empty	When checked, the Playlist tab is hidden unless you have one or more tracks selected into a playlist. If you frequently use and save playlists, you probably want this unchecked.
Enable Print Preview	Enables or disables display of the Print Preview dialog prior to printing. If disabled, a simple pop-up dialog will be displayed instead.
Autodetect CDs	When checked, will cause VisiTrax to switch to the <b>CD Player</b> view automatically when an audio CD is inserted.
Enable CDDB Automatically	When checked, will cause VisiTrax to automatically enable access to CDDB whenever the <b>CD Player</b> view is used. This is most useful if you have a continuous Internet connection.

### **Printing and Print Preview**

VisiTrax can print <u>lists of tracks</u>, <u>lists of volumes</u>, <u>tracks in a selected volume</u>, and <u>playlists</u>. You can initiate printing in any of the following ways:

- Click on the 💾 toolbar button
- Select Print Listing... from the File menu
- Type Ctrl-P

#### Print Preview and Page Selection

Whenever you initiate printing using one of the above methods, a **Print Preview** dialog will appear (unless you have disabled this feature; see the **Note**, below). From this dialog, you can preview on the screen how each printed page will appear, and select page layout, orientation, and the range of pages to print.

The **Print Preview** dialog provides a scrollable page preview panel, plus the following controls:

Page layout	There are two primary layout modes. In <b>Automatic</b> mode, a fixed set of commonly-used data fields will be printed using an efficient presentation style. The set of fields chosen and their layout are tailored for each type of view.
	The <b>Columns as shown</b> mode (the default) is more flexible. In this mode, the printout will correspond to the main set of columns you have selected for the current view, as well as their ordering and relative width proportions. For still more flexibility, the <b>Duplicate suppression</b> and <b>Indented subheadings</b> controls are also available in this mode.
Orientation	This provides convenient switching between <b>Portrait</b> and <b>Landscape</b> page orientation.
Page range	This lets you select the page or range of pages to be printed.
Duplicate suppression	This control is only available for the <b>Columns as shown</b> page layout, which normally will suppress any row that duplicates data in the all columns of the preceding row. Use this control to reduce the number of leftmost columns compared to the preceding row. For example, if the printout contains 5 columns and this control is set to 4, any row in which columns 1 through 4 are the same as in the preceding row will be suppressed, even if column 5 contains different data.
Indented subheadings	This set of controls is only available for the <b>Columns as shown</b> page layout, in which, by default, all data is printed in tabular columns, with headings that name each column.
	To print the first one or more columns of data as indented subheading levels, set <b>Subhead levels</b> to the number of subheading levels you want. Headings will appear only above any remaining columns.
	Ordinarily, each subheading level will use the data from each of the first columns, in left-to-right order. However, if the first $n$ data columns are fixed-width fields (e.g. track number, index, year), you can combine up to the first $n+1$ data columns into the first subheading level, via the Join columns control.

	Despite consuming a bit more paper, subheadings are invaluable for reducing or eliminating data truncation, and the resulting printouts tend to be more aesthetically appealing.
Additional lines	This control is only available for the <b>Columns as shown</b> page layout, in which, by default, all data is printed in tabular columns, with headings that name each column. However, some columns may be empty much of the time, or they may contain notes or other lengthy material. To print such data as one or more additional lines of text, first arrange the corresponding columns so they appear last, then set the <b>Notes columns</b> control to the number of columns you want printed as additional lines.
	For example, to print Track Notes as additional lines, arrange your main columns so that <b>Track Notes</b> appears last, then set <b>Notes columns</b> to <b>1</b> .
Print	This button prints the page or range of pages indicated in the Page range control.
Setup	This button is used to access a menu of font setting and printer setup options.
Done	Click this button when you are done with the <b>Print Preview</b> dialog.

**Note:** To enable or disable **Print Preview**, select **Options** > **Enable Print Preview** from the **View** menu. When **Print Preview** is disabled, a simple pop-up dialog will appear instead. (However, note that some advanced features, such as indented subheadings, are available only via the **Print Preview** dialog.)

#### Printer Selection and Page Orientation

Before printing, you can change printer settings or page orientation by selecting **Printer Setup...** from the **File** menu, or by selecting **Setup > Printer Setup** from the **Print Preview** dialog. This brings up a standard printer setup dialog for your particular model of printer. The settings you make here will apply to all printouts. (Page orientation can also be changed via the **Print Preview** dialog's **Orientation** control.)

### **Print Font Selection**

To change the fonts used by VisiTrax to print your listings, select **Printer Fonts** from the **File** menu, or select **Setup** from the **Print Preview** dialog. From the submenu, you can select any of the following:

- Page Title Font
- Column Heading Font
- Subheading 1 Font (first-level subheadings)
- Subheading 2 Font (second-level subheadings)
- Subheading 3 Font (third-level subheadings and any beyond that)
- List Items Font
- Notes Font (additional lines of text)

If you use a color printer, you may wish to assign colors to some of these fonts.

**Reminder:** When printing from the <u>Playlist View</u>, the page title is taken from that view's playlist title, which can be directly edited.

### **Printing CD Labels**

**VisiTrax** supports use of **SureThing CD Labeler** (version 3 or later), a design and printing tool for CD labels, jewel case inserts, and related matter. Two alternative methods are available:

- Print to CD Labeler This option, selected from the File menu, activates the CD Labeler program and
  opens a new design window, with an active playlist containing a track listing selected from VisiTrax.
- Copy as CD Labeler Playlist This option, selected from either the Edit menu or the right-click menu, copies a selected VisiTrax track listing to the Windows clipboard as an Audio CD playlist, then activates CD Labeler without creating a new design window. If you are using SureThing CD Labeler Deluxe, which supports playlist copy and paste, you can then paste the track listing into the current design's active playlist.
- Note 1: These two menu options are available only if CD Labeler is installed on your computer.
- **Note 2:** CD Labeler uses the term "playlist" to denote a list of titles, artists, etc. for a single CD. This should not be confused with "playlist" as generally used within **VisiTrax**.

#### Selecting a Track Listing Source from VisiTrax

For either transfer method described herein, you first need to select the track listing source:

- From the Volumes view: tracks will be taken from the selected volume.
- From the **Tracks** view: tracks will be taken from the selected track's volume.
- From the Volume Contents view: all listed tracks will be taken.
- From the **Playlist** view: all listed tracks will be taken (the CD title will be taken from the first listed track's volume).

#### Using "Print to CD Labeler"

To use this option, perform the following steps:

- (1) Select the track listing source from VisiTrax, as described above.
- (2) Select **Print to CD Labeler** from the **File** menu. If you are in the **Tracks** or **Volumes** view, **VisiTrax** automatically switches to the **Volume Contents** view.
- (3) A file selection dialog will appear. Select the label design set file to be used, then click Open.
- (4) **CD Labeler** automatically activates, opening a new design window using the selected label design set and track listing.
- (5) Refer to **CD Labeler**'s documentation for help on making any necessary layout adjustments and printing.
- (6) You can switch back and forth between **VisiTrax** and **CD Labeler** as often as you like; there is no need to close either program until you are all done with it.

#### Using "Copy as CD Labeler Playlist"

This option takes advantage of the "playlist paste" feature available in **SureThing CD Labeler Deluxe**. It is not intended for use with more limited versions of CD Labeler that don't have this feature. The main

advantage of this option is that it avoids opening a separate design window for each track playlist imported from VisiTrax, since it's basically a copy/paste operation.

To use this option, perform the following steps:

- (1) Select the track listing source from VisiTrax, as described above.
- (2) Select Copy as CD Labeler Playlist from either the Edit menu or the right-click pop-up menu (or press Ctrl-L). This does the following things:
  - If in the Tracks or Volumes view, VisiTrax automatically switches to the Volume Contents view.
  - Data is <u>copied</u> to the clipboard as a **CD Labeler** Audio CD playlist.
  - The **CD Labeler** program is activated automatically.
  - If a label design form is open, the Edit Active Playlist dialog is activated (from CD Labeler's Playlists menu).
- (3) Click the button at the bottom of the Edit Active Playlist dialog, to <u>paste</u> the clipboard data into **CD Labeler**'s currently active playlist.

(4) Within **CD Labeler**, select the label format, style, and playlist fields you wish to use. (To include playlist fields on a label, select **Insert Playlist Fields** from the **Playlists** menu.) You can do this either before or after steps (1) and (2).

(5) You can switch back and forth between **VisiTrax** and **CD Labeler** as often as you like; there is no need to close either program until you are all done with it.

Refer to CD Labeler's documentation for additional help.

*Tip:* With **SureThing CD Labeler Deluxe**, you can quickly create a ready-to-use "starter" set of CD labels, complete with playlist fields, using the **New CD Wizard**. Select the "Audio CD" **SmartDesigns** option.

For additional information on using playlists within **CD Labeler Deluxe**, please refer to their tutorial entitled "Working with Playlists", and in particular their tutorial subtopic entitled "Adding Playlist Fields to an Existing Design".

### **Definitions**

The terms appearing below have special meaning when used in conjunction with VisiTrax:

**Playlist** A **playlist** is a playing schedule for selected tracks residing in any arbitrary set of volumes in the library.

Typical uses for a playlist might include scheduling of a program for use by a DJ, or defining material to be transcribed onto a tape or CD.

**Swiping** This is a lot like drag and drop, except you don't have to move the mouse pointer very far at all.

To perform a swipe action, move the mouse cursor to the right or left a short distance while holding down the left mouse button, then release the button, all while remaining within the currently-highlighted line.

**Track** A **track** is any discrete selection, song, tune, cut, video, etc. VisiTrax is designed to instantly locate individual tracks in your music library, regardless of their associated media.

At a minimum, each track has a defined artist name, title, and category (e.g. Classical, Folk Music, Rock, or any other description you might wish to use). Optionally, a track can have an index number, playing time, year, etc. File names can be specified for computer-based tracks (e.g. MIDI or WAV files).

**Volume** A **volume** is any logical grouping of tracks sharing a common container, such as an album, tape, compact disc, box or tray, etc.

At a minimum, each volume has attributes of artist, title, and media format (e.g. 33 RPM Album, Compact Disc, DVD, or any other description you might wish to use). For computer-based tracks, such as MIDI and WAV files, a single directory pathname can be specified for a given volume.

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