\d

months
month
day
year

```
{GETNUMBER "Enter the number of months: ",months}
{GETNUMBER "Enter the initial month (1-12): ",month}
{GETNUMBER "Enter the day of the month (1-31): ",day}
{GETNUMBER "Enter the initial year (88=1988, etc.): ",year}
@DATE(year,month,day)
{DOWN}
@IF(@day({UP})>3,{UP}+28-@day({UP}+28),{UP}+31-@day({UP}+31))
+@IF(@month({UP})=1,@MIN(@IF(@MOD(@YEAR({UP}),4)=0,29,28),@day({UP}{ABS})),@IF(@month({UP})=3#or#@mon
/c~{DOWN}.{DOWN months-3}~
{UP}
/rfd4{END}{DOWN}~
/rv{END}{DOWN}~~
```

This macro will create a column of dates exactly one month
apart. You must supply the number of months, the starting
month, the day of the month you want to indicate and the
starting year. The macro will then fill in the column with
the same day each month starting with the year you specified,
for the number of months you specified.

To start the macro place the cursor where you want the column
of dates to begin and press and hold the macro key (Alt on
most computers) and press the "d" key.

If you combined this with another spreadsheet you will have to
name the column to the right of the \d. To do this place the
cursor on the \d and press slash (/), Range (R), Name (N),
Lables (L), Right (R), Page Down and Enter. This will name the
column to the right of the \d with the names in the column
with the names under the \d.