

Registration Information Order Form

Getting Custom Controls Written

Description

BarCod makes bar code display really easy. Just pick the orientation, set the size, and pick the bar code style. Then, set the caption to whatever you want the bars to be.

BarCod uses the Caption property to determine what to display. ForeColor is used for the color of the Bars. BackColor is used for the color of the background. If BarCod cannot fit the entire bar code in the control window, it will fill the entire control with the background color.

Under VB 3.0, BarCod will bind to a data control. It uses the <u>DataField</u>, <u>DataSource</u>, and <u>DataChanged</u> properties.

File Name

BARCOD1.VBX

Object Type

BarCode

Compatibility

VB1 and up

Distribution Note When you develop and distribute an application that uses BarCod, you should install the file BARCOD1.VBX into the users Windows SYSTEM directory. BarCod has version information built into it. So, during installation, you should ensure that you are not overwriting a newer version of BarCod.

Properties

All of the properties that apply to this control are in this table. Properties that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (*).

| <u>BackColor</u> | <u>HelpContextID</u> | *PrinterScaleMode |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| <u>*BarWidth</u> | <u>Height</u> | *PrinterTop |
| <u>Caption</u> | <u>hWnd</u> | *PrinterWidth |
| <u>DataChanged</u> | <u>Index</u> | <u>*Style</u> |
| <u>DataField</u> | <u>Left</u> | <u>Tag</u> |
| <u>DataSource</u> | <u>Name</u> | <u>Top</u> |
| *Direction | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Visible</u> |
| <u>*Displayed</u> | *PrinterHDC | <u>UPCNotches</u> |
| <u>Enabled</u> | *PrinterHeight | <u>Width</u> |
| <u>ForeColor</u> | *PrinterLeft | |

Caption is the default value for the control.

BarWidth Property

See Also Example

Description

Determines the width of the bars in the bar code.

Usage

[form.][control.]BarWidth[= integer]

Remarks

This represents the width of the "narrow" bar in the code selected (see \underline{Style}). If this is set to zero (0), BarCod expands the bar code to fit in the control.

Data Type

Integer

Properties:
Direction
Style



BarWidth Property Example

In this example, the program will vary the width of the bars. To try this example, paste the code into the Declarations section of a form that contains a horizontal scroll bar, a label (which shows the current <u>BarWidth</u> property), and a BarCod control (make this control wide). Press F5. Play with the scroll bar to see things change.

```
Sub Form Load ()
    HScroll1.Value = 0
    HScroll1.Min = 0
    HScroll1.Max = 10
    Label1.Caption = "0"
    BarCod1.Style = 3
    BarCod1.BarWidth = 0
    BarCod1.Caption = "SAMPLE"
End Sub
Sub HScroll1 Change ()
    BarCod1.BarWidth = HScroll1.Value
    Label1.Caption = Format$( HScroll1.Value )
End Sub
Sub HScroll1 Scroll ()
    Call HScroll Change
End Sub
```

Direction Property

See Also Example

Description

Determines the direction/orientation of the bar code.

Usage

[form.][control.]**Direction**[= integer]

Remarks

The value of this property determines what direction the bar code goes. This property can be one of following values:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------|--|
| 0 | Left-to-right | |
| 1 | Right-to-left | |
| 2 | Top-to-bottom | |
| 3 | Bottom-to-top | |

Data Type

Integer (enumerated)

Properties:

<u>BarWidth</u>
<u>Style</u>



Direction Property Example

In this example, the program will vary the direction the bar code is painted/printed. To try this example, paste the code into the Declarations section of a form that contains a horizontal scroll bar, a label (which shows the current <u>Direction</u> property), and a BarCod control (make this control tall and wide). Press F5. Play with the scroll bar to see things change.

```
Sub Form Load ()
    HScroll1.Value = 0
    HScroll1.Min = 0
    HScroll1.Max = 3
    Label1.Caption = "0"
    BarCod1.Style = 3
    BarCodl.BarWidth = 2
    BarCod1.Direction = 0
    BarCod1.Caption = "SAMPLE"
End Sub
Sub HScroll1 Change ()
    BarCod1.Direction = HScroll1.Value
    Labell.Caption = Format$( HScroll1.Value )
End Sub
Sub HScroll1 Scroll ()
    Call HScroll Change
End Sub
```

Displayed Property

See Also Example

Description

Returns the actual string displayed in the bar code.

Usage

[form.][control.]Displayed

Remarks

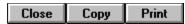
This property holds what was actually displayed. Bar codes dont have all the characters available. Some are purely numeric, some have numbers and letters, etc. This property lets your program know what was actually displayed.

This property is read-only.

Data Type

String

Properties:
Caption
Style



Displayed Property Example

In this example, the program will show what is displayed when various strings are attempted. To try this example, paste the code into the Declarations section of a form that contains a label (which shows the current <u>Displayedn</u> property), a text box, and a BarCod control. Press F5. Play with the edit box and see what appears in the label.

```
Sub Form_Load ()
    Label1.Caption = "0"
    Text1.Text = "SAMPLE"

BarCod1.Style = 3
    BarCod1.Direction = 0
    BarCod1.Direction = Text1.Text
End Sub

Sub Text1_Change ()
    BarCod1.Caption = Text1.Text
    Label1.Caption = BarCod1.Displayed
End Sub
```

PrinterHDC Property

See Also Example

Description

Causes the bar code to be painted in the device handle specified (usually the printer object).

Usage

[form.][control.]**PrinterHDC**[= integer]

Remarks

When this property is set, BarCod paints itself into the Windows device context specified. Normally, this is used to print the barcode. To do this, use the $\underline{\text{hDC}}$ property of VBs Printer Object.

To print a bar code, make sure the <u>Caption</u> property is set correctly. Then, set the <u>PrinterHeight</u>, <u>PrinterLeft</u>, <u>PrinterTop</u>, and <u>PrinterWidth</u> properties. Finally, set BarCod.PrinterHDC to <u>Printer.hDC</u>.

Data Type

Integer

Objects:

Printer Object

Properties:

<u>hDC</u>

<u>PrinterLeft, PrinterTop, PrinterRight, PrinterBottom</u>

<u>PrinterScaleMode</u>

<u>Style</u>

PrinterLeft, PrinterTop, PrinterWidth, and PrinterHeight Properties

See Also Example

Description

Describes the area in which to paint the barcode when printing.

Usage

```
[form.][control.]PrinterLeft[ = x ]
[form.][control.]PrinterTop[ = y ]
[form.][control.]PrinterWidth[ = xx ]
[form.][control.]PrinterHeight[ = ny ]
```

Remarks

These properties describe where to place the barcode when printing. The coordinates used should be in the units specified by the PrinterScaleMode property.

To print a bar code, make sure the <u>Caption</u> property is set correctly. Then, set the <u>PrinterHeight</u>, <u>PrinterLeft</u>, <u>PrinterTop</u>, and <u>PrinterWidth</u> properties. Finally, set BarCod.PrinterHDC to Printer.hDC.

Data Type

Integer (long)

Properties:

Caption

PrinterHDC

<u>PrinterScaleMode</u>

<u>Style</u>

PrinterScaleMode Property

See Also Example

Description

Determines the units of measurement used by the <u>PrinterLeft, PrinterTop, PrinterWidth, and PrinterHeight</u> properties.

Usage

[form.][control.]**PrinterScaleMode**[= integer]

Remarks

This property determines what units to use for the properties describing the area to print in. This property can be one of:

| Value | Description |
|-------|---|
| 0 | Pixel (default, smallest unit of printer resolution) |
| 1 | Twip (1440 twips per inch) |
| 2 | Point (72 points per inch) |
| 3 | Pixel (smallest unit of printer resolution) |
| 4 | Character (12 per inch horizontally, 6 per inch vertically) |
| 5 | Inch |
| 6 | Millimeter |
| 7 | Centimeter |

To print a bar code, make sure the <u>Caption</u> property is set correctly. Then, set the <u>PrinterHeight, PrinterLeft, PrinterTop, and PrinterWidth</u> properties. Finally, set BarCod.<u>PrinterHDC</u> to <u>Printer.hDC</u>.

Data Type

Integer (enumerated)

Properties:

Caption

PrinterHDC

<u>PrinterLeft, PrinterTop, PrinterWidth,</u> <u>PrinterHeight</u>

<u>Style</u>

Printing Example

In this example, the program will print a bar code on your printer. The bar code and its style are determined by an edit box and a horizontal scroll bar. To try this example, paste the code into the Declarations section of a form that contains a text box, a command button, two labels, a horizontal scroll bar, and a BarCod control. Press F5. Then, set up the bar code using the horizontal scroll bar and the text box. Once you have a bar code you like, press the command button to print it.

```
Sub Form Load ()
    HScroll1.Min = 0
    HScroll1.Max = 3
    HScroll1.Value = 3
    Text1.Text = "SAMPLE"
    BarCod1.Style = 3
    BarCodl.BarWidth = 0
    BarCodl.Direction = 0
    BarCod1.Caption = Text1.Text
    Labell.Caption = BarCodl.Displayed
    Label2.Caption = "3"
End Sub
Sub Command1 Click ()
    Screen.MousePointer = 11
    Printer.ScaleMode = 1
    BarCod1.PrinterScaleMode = Printer.ScaleMode
    BarCod1.PrinterLeft = 1440
    BarCod1.PrinterTop = 1440
    BarCod1.PrinterWidth = 3 * 1440
    BarCod1.PrinterHeight = 720
    BarCod1.PrinterHDC = Printer.hDC
    Printer.CurrentX = BarCod1.PrinterLeft
    Printer.CurrentY = BarCod1.PrinterTop + BarCod1.PrinterHeight + 180
    Printer.Print BarCodl.Displayed
    Printer.NewPage
    Printer.EndDoc
    Screen.MousePointer = 0
End Sub
Sub Text1 Change ()
    BarCod1.Caption = Text1.Text
    Labell.Caption = BarCodl.Displayed
End Sub
Sub HScroll1 Change ()
    BarCod1.Style = HScroll1.Value
    Labell.Caption = BarCodl.Displayed
```

```
Label2.Caption = Format$( HScroll1.Value )
End Sub
Sub HScroll1_Scroll ()
    Call HScroll1_Change
End Sub
```

Style Property

See Also Example

Description

Determines what bar code style is used.

Usage

[form.][control.]**Style**[= integer]

Remarks

This property determines the style of bar code used. Each style has a different set of characters that it supports. The styles are:

| Value | Description |
|--------------|--|
| 0 | None |
| 1 | 2 of 5 - numbers only |
| 2 | <u>Interleaved 2 of 5</u> - numbers only |
| 3 | 3 of 9 - numbers, upper case, and * \$ / + % (default) |
| 4 | Codabar (rationalized) - numbers and A B C D - \$: / . + |
| 5 | Extended 3 of 9 - full ASCII character set |
| 6 | Code 128A - upper case, numbers, punctuation, and control characters |
| 7 | Code 128B - upper and lower case, numbers, and punctuation |
| 8 | Code 128C - numbers only |
| 9 | <u>UPC-A</u> - numbers only (11 numbers and a check digit) |
| 10 | MSI (Plessey) - numbers only |
| 11 | <u>Code 93</u> - numbers, upper case, and * \$ / + % |
| 12 | Extended Code 93 - full ASCII character set |
| 13 | EAN-13 - numbers only (12 numbers and a check digit) |
| 14 | EAN-8 - numbers only (7 numbers and a check digit) |
| 15 | <u>PostNet</u> - numbers only (with a check digit) Note: this style always |
| | displays as full size. The <u>BarWidth</u> property has no effect. |

Data Type

Integer (enumerated)

Properties:

<u>BarWidth</u>

Direction

<u>UPCNotches</u>





Extended Code 3 of 9



Extended Code 93

















Rationalized Codabar

PostNet ||.|..|.|.|...|||....|||.||...|||||



Style Property Example

In this example, the program will vary style of the bar code used. To try this example, paste the code into the Declarations section of a form that contains a horizontal scroll bar, two labels (the first shows the <u>Style</u> property and the second shows the current <u>Displayedn</u> property), a text box, and a BarCod control. Press F5. Play with the text box and the scroll bar and see what appears in the second label.

```
Sub Form Load ()
   HScroll1.Min = 0
    HScroll1.Max = 10
    HScroll1.Value = 3
    Text1.Text = "SAMPLE"
    BarCod1.Style = 3
    BarCod1.BarWidth = 2
    BarCod1.Direction = 0
    BarCod1.Caption = Text1.Text
    Labell.Caption = BarCodl.Displayed
    Label2.Caption = "3"
End Sub
Sub Text1 Change ()
    BarCod1.Caption = Text1.Text
    Labell.Caption = BarCodl.Displayed
End Sub
Sub HScroll1 Change ()
    BarCod1.Style = HScroll1.Value
    Label1.Caption = BarCod1.Displayed
    Label2.Caption = Format$( HScroll1.Value )
End Sub
Sub HScroll1_Scroll ()
   Call HScroll1 Change
End Sub
```

UPCNotches Property

See Also

Description

Determines where the notches are on a UPC barcode.

Usage

[form.][control.]**UPCNotches**[= integer]

Remarks

This property determines the where the notches are (if any) on a UPC barcode. The settings are:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------|--|
| 0 | None | |
| 1 | Above | |
| 2 | Below | |
| 3 | Both (default) | |

Data Type

Integer (enumerated)

Properties: <u>Style</u>

Events

All of the events that apply to this control are in this table. Events that have special meaning for this control or that only apply to this control are marked with an asterisk (*).

Click

DblClick

<u>DragDrop</u>

DragOver

<u>MouseDown</u>

MouseMove

MouseUp

Registration Information

Credits

BarCod was written by James Shields. Inquiries can be sent to 71231,2066 on CompuServe, or mabry@halcyon.com on Internet. Our mailing address is:

Mabry Software, Inc. Post Office Box 31926 Seattle, WA 98103-1926

Registration

You can register this program by sending \$15 (\$20 for international orders) and your address. You can register BarCod **and** its C source code by sending \$45 (\$50 for international orders). With your order, you will receive a copy of our manual documenting all of our controls.

For your convenience, an <u>order form</u> has been provided that you can print out directly from this help file.

E-mail Discount

You may take a \$5 discount for e-mail delivery of this package (CompuServe or Internet). If you choose this option, please note: a printed manual is not included. Be sure to include your full mailing address with your order. Sometimes (on the Internet) the package cannot be e-mailed. So, we are forced to send it through the normal mails.

CompuServe members may also take the \$5 e-mail discount by registering this package in the software registration forum (GO SWREG). BarCods SWREG ID number is 1314. The source code version's ID number is 1315.

Credit Card Orders

We accept VISA and Mastercard. If you e-mail your order to us, please be sure to include your card number, expiration date, complete mailing address, and your phone number (in case we have any questions about your order).

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BarCod Order Form

Use the Print Topic.. command from the File menu to print this order form.

Mail this Mabry Software, Inc. form to: Post Office Box 31926

Seattle, WA 98103-1926

Phone: 206-634-1443 Fax: 206-632-0272

BBS: WinDev BBS 206-634-0783 CompuServe: 71231,2066 Internet: mabry@halcyon.com

| Where did yo | | | | | | | |
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Getting Custom Controls Written

If you or your organization would like to have custom controls written, you can contact me at the following:

James Shields Mabry Software, Inc. Post Office Box 31926 Seattle, WA 98103-1926 Phone: 206-634-1443

Fax: 206-632-0272

BBS: WinDev BBS 206-634-0783

CompuServe: 71231,2066 Internet: mabry@halcyon.com

You can also contact Zane Thomas. He can be reached at:

Zane Thomas Post Office Box 300 Indianola, WA 98342 CompuServe: 72060,3327