

BGI: the Graphics Package

Points and distances are represented as pairs.
The X- and Y-components can be arbitrary numbers.

(set-world! upper-left-point lower-right-point)

Control System

(init-graph [driver [mode [BGI-path]]])
driver is 'DETECT, 'CGA, 'MCGA, 'EGA, 'EGA64, 'EGAMONO,
'IBM8514, 'HERCMONO, 'ATT400, 'VGA or 'PC3270
(set-write-mode wmode) wmode is 'COPY or 'XOR
(restore-crt-mode)
(set-graph-mode [mode])
(close-graph)
(graph-defaults)
(detect-graph)
(get-mode-range [driver])
(get-graph-mode)
(install-user-driver name) ==> a symbol (driver)
name is a string (filename without extension)
(install-user-font name) a symbol (font)

Drawing

(line start-point end-point)
(rectangle upper-left-point lower-right-point)
(draw-poly list-of-points)
(circle center-point radius)
(arc center-point start-angle end-angle radius)
(ellipse center-point start-angle end-angle distances)
(get-arc-coords) ==> (center-point start-point end-point)
(get-aspect-ratio)
(set-aspect-ratio factor) sets circles' and arcs' x-y aspect
factor is a fraction, passed as a pair
(get-line-settings)
(set-line-style line-style user-pattern thickness)
line-style is 'SOLID, 'CENTER, 'DOTTED, 'DASHED or 'USER-BIT
thickness is 'NORMAL (1), 'THICK (3) or an integer
(move-to point) (move-rel distances)
(line-to point) (line-rel distances)

Filling

(flood-fill start-point stop-color)
(bar upper-left-point lower-right-point)
(bar-3d upper-left-point lower-right-point depth draw-a-top?)
(fill-poly list-of-points)
(fill-ellipse center-point distances)
(pie-slice center-point start-angle end-angle radius)
(sector center-point start-angle end-angle distances)
(get-fill-settings) ==> (fill-style color)
(set-fill-style fill-style color)
fill-style is 'EMPTY, 'SOLID, 'LINE, '[LT][BK]SLASH, 'HATCH,
'XHATCH, 'INTERLEAVE, 'CLOSE-DOT or 'WIDE-DOT
(get-fill-pattern) ==> (fill-pattern color)
(set-fill-pattern fill-pattern color)
fill-pattern is a list of integers

Bitmapping

(get-pixel point) ==> color
(put-pixel point color)
(get-image upper-left-point lower-right-point) ==> a binary string
(put-image new-upper-left-point image-string put-mode)
put-mode is 'COPY, 'XOR, 'OR, 'AND, or 'NOT
(image-size upper-left-point lower-right-point)
(get-view-settings) ==> (ul-point lr-point clip?)
(set-viewport upper-left-point lower-right-point clip?)
(clear-viewport)
(clear-device)
(set-active-page page)
(set-visual-page page)

Writing Text

(out-text-xy start-point text-string)
(out-text text-string)
(get-text-settings) ==> (font direction size horiz-just vert-just)
(set-text-style font direction size)
font is 'DEFAULT, 'TRIPLEX, 'SMALL, 'SANS-SERIF, 'GOTHIC,
'SCRIPT, 'SIMPLEX, 'TRIPLEX-SCR, 'COMPLEX, 'EUROPEAN or
'BOLD
direction is 'HORIZ or 'VERT
size is an integer between 1 and 10, or 0 for default
(set-text-justify horiz-just vert-just)
horiz-just is 'LEFT, 'CENTER or 'RIGHT
vert-just is 'BOTTOM, 'CENTER or 'TOP
(set-user-char-size x-ratio y-ratio)
(text-size text-string) ==> a distance

Using Color

Predefined colors are:

'BLACK (0)	'BROWN (6)	'LIGHT-CYAN (11)
'BLUE (1)	'LIGHT-GRAY (7)	'LIGHT-RED (12)
'GREEN (2)	'DARK-GRAY (8)	'LIGHT-MAGENTA (13)
'CYAN (3)	'LIGHT-BLUE (9)	'YELLOW (14)
'RED (4)	'LIGHT-GREEN (10)	'WHITE (15)
'MAGENTA (5)		

(get-color) (get-bk-color)
(set-color color) (set-bk-color color)
(get-max-color)
(get-palette-size) (get-default-palette)
(set-palette entry color)
(set-rgb-palette entry red green blue)
(set-all-palette color-list)

Miscellaneous

(get-xy) (get-max-xy)
(get-driver-name) (get-mode-name mode)
(get-max-mode)
(graph-error-msg error-id)
(graph-result)

Hershey Fonts

This package is an enhanced alternative to out-text, providing various special symbols, types and alphabets as well as a subset of T_EX.

(load (%system-file-name "HERSHEY.FSL"))
(out-hershey string [position])

position is a point

string is a sequence of any of:

- \small, \large, \horiz, \vert,
- \font or \font@{scale}, where font is:

small	light	bold	
RM10	RM2L	RM2B	Roman family
SL10	SL2L	SL2B	Slanted family
SS10	SS2L	SS2B	Sans-serif family
GR10	GR2L	GR2B	Γρєєκ family
AN20	G020	OE20	Antique, Gothic & Old English
SY10	SY20	CY20	Symbols & Cyrillic

and scale is integer or (integer_x, integer_y),

- plain text or symbols (e.g. “See note\ldagger”),
- grouping {} to save/restore settings and delimit items,
- ^(item) or _(item) for super- or sub-scripts



Beware that \'s in strings must be doubled!

Debugging Tools

In this section, proc is a procedure to debug.

(break[-entry,-exit,-both] proc) break ≡ break-entry
primes inspect; binds *ARGS*, *PROC* and *RESULT*
(unbreak[-entry,-exit] proc) unbreak kills both breakpoints
(trace[-entry,-exit,-both] proc) trace ≡ trace-entry
(untrace[-entry,-exit] proc)
(advise-entry proc spy) spy is λ(proc args env)
(advise-exit proc spy) spy is λ(proc args env retval)

The Inspector

(inspect) starts the inspector
?
! display the command summary
reset inspect
CTRL-A display all environment frame bindings
CTRL-B display prodecure call backtrace
CTRL-C display the current environment binding
CTRL-D move down to callee's stack frame
CTRL-E edit a variable's binding
CTRL-G go (resume execution)
CTRL-I evaluate an expression & inspect the result
CTRL-L list the current procedure
CTRL-M repeat the breakpoint message
CTRL-P move to the parent environment's frame
CTRL-Q quit (reset to top-level)
CTRL-R return from break with a value
CTRL-S move to son environment's frame
CTRL-U move up to the caller's stack frame
CTRL-V evaluate one expression in the current environment
CTRL-W where (display the current stack frame)

PCS/GENEVA REFERENCE

Version 4.02—©1993 Larry Bartholdi, Marc Vuilleumier
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Semantics

Binding Forms

(lambda *formals-list exp ...*)
(named-lambda (*name formals*) *exp ...*)
(rec *label exp*)
(let [***,rec] [*label*] ((*var value*) ...) *exp ...*)
(do ((*var [init [step]]*) ...) (*terminate? result-exp ...*)
 statement ...)

Fluid Environment

(fluid-bound? *var*)
(fluid *var*) \Rightarrow *var*'s fluid binding
(fluid-lambda *formals-list exp ...*)
(fluid-let ((*var value*) ...) *exp ...*)
(set-fluid! *var obj*) changes a fluid binding

Literals

(quote *pattern*) \equiv '(*pattern*)
(quasiquote *pattern*) \equiv ‘(*pattern*)
(unquote *expression*) \equiv ,(*exp*). Valid within quasiquote
(unquote-splicing *exp*) \equiv ,@(*exp*). Valid within quasiquote

Sequencing & Control

(if *predicate consequent [alternative]*)
(when *predicate exp ...*)
(apply-if *predicate* λ (*trigger*) *exp-false*)
(case *item (selector exp ...) ... [(else exp ...)]*)
 selector is *item-value* or (*item-value ...*)
(cond *clause ... [(else exp ...)]*)
 clause is (*predicate exp ...*) or (*predicate* \Rightarrow λ (*trigger*))
(and *exp ...*) \Rightarrow value of last true *exp*, or #F
(or *exp ...*) \Rightarrow value of first true *exp*, or #F
(not *exp*)
(begin *exp₁ ... exp_n*) \Rightarrow *exp_n*
(begin0 *exp₁ ... exp_n*) \Rightarrow *exp₁*

Syntax & Errors

(alias *new-name old-name*)
(syntax *pattern expansion*) *pattern* is a list structure
(define-integrable *name value*) *name* will be expanded inline
(macro *name expander*) *expander* is λ (*exp*)
 if *expander* is '(), *name* is unaliased

(assert *predicate message ...*)
(bkpt *message irritant-exp*)
(error *message irritant-exp ...*)

Operators

Booleans

#T #F '() is currently evaluated to #F
(boolean? *obj*)

Equivalence Predicates

(eq? *obj₁ obj₂*) tests physical equality
(eqv? *obj₁ obj₂*) tests numbers, strings & characters
(equal? *obj₁ obj₂*) tests visual appearances

Pairs & Lists

'() the empty list
(pair? *obj*)
(null? *obj*) \equiv (not (pair? *obj*))
(atom? *obj*) \Rightarrow #T if *obj* is '() or (*obj* . *list*)
(list? *obj*)
(list->stream *list*)
(list->string *list*)
(list->vector *list*)
(implode *list*) \Rightarrow a symbol (built of *list*'s elements)
(append [!] *list ...*) append! alters all lists but the last
(apply λ (*arg ...*) *argument-list*)
([assoc,assq,assv] *obj pair-list*)
(c[[a,d] ...]r *pair*) up to 4 levels of “a” and “d”
(cons *obj₁ obj₂*)
(copy *list*)
([delete!,delq!] *obj list*)
(last-pair *list*)
(length *list*)
(list *obj ...*)
(list* *obj ...*) creates a dotted list
(list-ref *list index*) *index* starts at 0
(list-tail *list index*)
([member,memq,memv] *obj list*) \Rightarrow list-tail starting with *obj* or #F
(reverse [!] *list*) reverse! destroys its argument
(set-c[a,d]r! *pairobj*)

(for-each λ (*arg ...*) *list ...*) calls *proc* with an item of each list
(map λ (*arg ...*) *list ...*) \Rightarrow list of resulting values

Streams: Lists Evaluating on Demand

THE-EMPTY-STREAM
(stream? *obj*)
(empty-stream? *stream*)
(stream->list *stream*)
(cons-stream *obj₁ obj₂*)
(head *stream*)
(tail *stream*)
(delayed-object? *obj*)
(delay *exp*) freezes and memoises *exp*
(force *delayed-object*)
(freeze *exp*)
(thaw *frozen-object*)

Numbers

Current release uses IEEE 64-bit floating point and precise integer computations in range $\approx \pm 10^{40000}$. Exact floating point, rational and complex numbers are currently not implemented.

(number? *obj*)
(complex? *obj*) currently \equiv number?
(real? *obj*) currently \equiv number?
(rational? *obj*) currently \equiv integer?
(integer? *obj*) whether *obj* results from exact integer computations
(float? *obj*) \equiv (and (number? *obj*) (not (integer? *obj*)))

(exact? *number*) \Rightarrow currently \equiv integer?
(inexact? *number*) \Rightarrow currently \equiv float?
(negative? *number*)
(zero? *number*)
(positive? *number*)
(number->string *number [radix]*) *radix* is 2, 8, 10 or 16
(float *number*) \Rightarrow IEEE 64-bit representation
(truncate *number*) \Rightarrow *number* rounded to zero
(round *number*) \Rightarrow nearest integer, tie breaks even
(floor *number*) \Rightarrow integer \in [*number* - 1; *number*]
(ceiling *number*) \Rightarrow integer \in [*number*; *number* + 1]
(1+ *number*) \equiv ADD1
(-1+ *number*) \equiv SUB1
([minus,-] *number*) unary minus
(/ *number*) inverse
(abs *number*)
(+ [*number*] ...) (- [*number₁ number₂*] ...)
(* [*number*] ...) (/ [*number₁ number₂*] ...)
(< [*number*] ...) (>= [*number*] ...)
(> [*number*] ...) (<= [*number*] ...)
(= [*number*] ...) (<> [*number*] ...)
(min [*number*] ...) (max [*number*] ...)
(sqrt *number*)
(exp [*base*] *exponent*) \equiv expt
(log *number* [*base*])
(sin *number*) (asin *number*)
(cos *number*) (acos *number*)
(tan *number*) (atan *number* [*divisor*])

(even? *integer*)
(odd? *integer*)
(integer->string *integer radix*) *radix* is any arbitrary integer
(integer->char *integer*) \Rightarrow *n*th character from ASCII code
(ascii->symbol *integer*) \Rightarrow a one-char symbol
(quotient *dividend divisor*) rounds to zero
(remainder *dividend divisor*) same sign as *dividend* }
(divide *dividend divisor*) rounds to $-\infty$ }
(modulo *dividend divisor*) same sign as *divisor* }
(gcd *integer ...*) greatest common divisor
(lcm *integer ...*) least common multiple

(bitwise-and *integer ...*)
(bitwise-or *integer ...*)
(bitwise-xor *integer ...*)
(random *range*) \Rightarrow a non-negative integer < *range*
(randomize [*integer*]) random seed; defaults to time-of-day

Ports & Windows

`'CONSOLE`
`MAX-CONSOLE`
`PCS-STATUS-WINDOW`
`STANDARD-[INPUT,OUTPUT]`
`[INPUT,OUTPUT]-PORT`
`(port? obj)`
`(window? obj`
`(input-string? obj)`
`(input-port? port)`
`(output-port? port)`
`(char-ready? port)`
`(eof-object? obj)`
`(open[-binary]-[input,output]-file filename)`
`(open-extend-file filename)`
`(open-input-string string)`
`(close-[input,output]-port port)`
`(current-[input,output]-port)` \Rightarrow a port
`(line-length [port])`
`(current-column [port])`
`(flush-input [port])`
`(read [port])`
`(read-atom [port])`
`(read-char [port])`
`(read-line [port])`
`(display obj [port])`
`(write obj [port])`
`(write-char char [port])`
`(writeln obj1 ...)`
`(pp obj [port [width]])`
`(newline [port])`
`(fresh-line [port])`
`(print-length obj)`
`(set-line-length! length [port])`
`(get-file-position port)`
`(set-file-position! port num-bytes whence)`
whence is 'SET (0), 'CUR (1) or 'END (2)
`(call-with-[input,output]-file filename λ (port))`

`(make-window [label [border?]])`
`(window-clear window)`
`(window-scroll-[up,down] window [start-line [end-line]])`
`(window-delete window)`
`(window-popup[-delete] window)`
`(window-get-attribute window name)`
name is ' [BORDER,TEXT]-ATTRIBUTES or 'WINDOW-FLAGS
`(window-set-attribute! window name value)`
`(window-reverse-text! window)`
`(window-get-cursor window)` \Rightarrow a pair: (*line . column*)
`(window-set-cursor! window cursor-line cursor-column)`
`(window-get-position window)` \Rightarrow a pair. The top is at (0 . 0)
`(window-set-position! window ul-line ul-column)`
`(window-get-size window)` \Rightarrow a pair
`(window-set-size! window #lines #columns)`
`(window-save-contents window)` \Rightarrow contents: binary string
`(window-restore-contents window contents)`

Vectors

Vectors are enclosed in `#(...)`
`(vector? vector)`
`(vector->list vector)`
`(make-vector length [init-value])`
`(vector obj ...)` \Rightarrow a new vector
`(vector-fill! vector obj)`
`(vector-length vector)` \Rightarrow an integer
`(vector-ref vector index)` *index* starts at 0
`(vector-set! vector index obj)`

Environments

`USER-GLOBAL-ENVIRONMENT` parent of `USER-INITIAL-ENVIRONMENT`
`USER-INITIAL-ENVIRONMENT` top-level environment
`(environment? obj)`
`(unbound? symbol1 ... env)`
`(access symbol1 ... env)` looks up *symbol*₁ in (... in *env*)
`(define ident [exp])` *ident* is a name or a formals-list
`(make-environment scheme_definition_or_exp ...)` \Rightarrow an env
`(the-environment)` \Rightarrow the current lexical environment
`(procedure-environment procedure)` \Rightarrow *procedure*'s environment
`(environment-parent env)`
`(environment-son env)` \Rightarrow an (empty) child
`(environment-bindings env)` \Rightarrow a list of name-value pairs
`(set! ident exp)`
ident is *name*, (fluid *name*) or (access *name*₁ ... *env*)
`(unbind symbol env)`
`(eval exp [env])`

Procedures, Continuations & Engines

`(procedure? obj)` **#T** for procedures and continuations
`(continuation? obj)`
`(call/cc λ (continue))` \equiv call-with-current-continuation
`(make-engine thunk)` *thunk* is λ (*ticks success failure*)
`(engine-return value)` returns *value* to the engine's caller

Operating System

`(dos-call progrname parameters [memory-to-free [restore-screen?]])`
`(dos-chdir directory-string)` \Rightarrow previous directory
`(dos-change-drive drive-string)`
`(dos-delete filename)` \equiv delete-file
`(dos-get-dir [drive-string])` \Rightarrow a string: the current directory
`(dos-dir mask-string)` \Rightarrow a list of filenames
`(dos-get-env env-variable-name)`
`(dos-put-env string)` doesn't change parent's environment
`(dos-search-file filespec)` searches upon PATH
`(dos-file-copy source-filename dest-filename)`
`(dos-rename current-filename new-filename)` can move files
`(dos-file-size filename)`
`(%system-file-name filename)` prepends PCS files' path
`(filename-split filename)` \Rightarrow (*drive path name ext*)
`(filename-merge (drive path name ext))` \Rightarrow *filename*

Command line

`SCHEME-TOP-LEVEL` fluidly bound to the interpreter's loop
`(reset)` resets the current interpreter loop
`(reset-scheme-top-level)` binds the top-level to its default
`(scheme-reset)`
`(%c n)` \Rightarrow query of *n*th command-line entry
`(%d n)` \Rightarrow result of *n*th command-line entry

`(get-history)` \Rightarrow a list of strings: previous input lines
`(push-history string[-list])`
`(clear-history)`
`(pcs-learn-symbols symbol-list)`
`(pcs-recognize-symbol symbol [len])` \Rightarrow completion of *symbol*
`(pcs-macro-keys ((key . replacement) ...))`
key is an ASCII code or a scan-code:#x100
replacement is a [dotted-]list of strings

Miscellaneous

`PCS-DEBUG-MODE` whether debug information is generated
`PCS-INTEGRATE-PRIMITIVES`
whether primitives are inline-expanded
`PCS-INTEGRATE-INTEGRABLES`
whether define-integrable's are inline-expanded
THE-NON-PRINTING-OBJECT
never printed, even by write
`PCS-GC-MESSAGE`
string displayed during garbage collecting
`PCS-GC-RESET`
string normally displayed in the status window. Contains up to 2 “%lu”: free scheme memory and kernel memory (in bytes)

`CLOCK-TICK` number of ticks per second
`(clock)` \Rightarrow number of ticks since start of PCS
there are 2¹⁶ ticks per hour, i.e. \approx 18.2 per second
`(time ['UNIX |'GM |'LOCAL] [language] [source-time])`
 \Rightarrow *converted-time*
languages supported are 'ENGLISH and 'FRENCH
a time is an integer (UNIX-time) or a prefix of the list:
(sec min hour month-day month year week-day year-day)
source-time's fields default to current time values

`(text-mode BIOS-mode)` -1 for previous mode, #x40 for 50 lines
`(full-screen)` makes the console port as big as possible
`(split-screen height)` shrinks the console to the bottom lines
`(gc-screen)` positions `PCS-STATUS-WINDOW`

`(load filename)` *filename* can be scheme, web or FSL code
`(fast-load FSL-filename)`
`(fast-save-file source-file[-list] [dest-file])`
`(autoload-from-file filename list-of-variables [environment])`
`(transcript-on filename)`
`(transcript-off)`
`(edit pair)` the yukky list editor
`(gc [compact?])` invokes the garbage collector
`(freesp)` \Rightarrow amount of free Scheme memory
`(exit [DOS-return-value])`