

Default

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Chapter 1

Default

1.1 Benoit documentation

Benoit - a fractal image renderer for Amiga computers

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Written by André Osterhues

Introduction	What is Benoit?
Features	What is it able to do?
Requirements	Which Hard- and Software is required?
Installation	How to install Isis?
Usage	How to get started
The User Interface	Also called 'GUI'
Window control	Take control...
The Formula Editor	You can edit formulas here
History	History of versions
Thanks	Thanks to...
Author	The one who...

1.2 Introduction

Introduction
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Benoit is a fractal image renderer. It is able to calculate several types of fractal images, including the well-known Mandelbrot set and Julia sets. Furthermore, using Benoit's formula editor, one can easily explore other types of fractal images.

Benoit renders in 8bit or 24bit. It uses CyberGraphX for display.

Furthermore, Benoit fully supports phase5's PowerUP cards. It auto-detects the PowerPC processor and lets the user decide whether to use it or not. If a PPC is not present, Benoit switches back to M68k mode.

1.3 Features

Features

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- True color rendering on 15/16/24bit Screens, calculations are done in 24bit
- 256 color rendering on 8bit Screens
- Can be opened on any 8/15/16/24bit PubScreen
- Sizable window
- Auto-sensing of PowerUP cards
- CPU switchable (M68k / PPC)
- Six different fractal types provided
- Unlimited number of fractal types using the flexible formula editor
- Dual color system (even color / odd color)
- Three button mouse support
- Cursor key support
- Coordinates can be loaded from and saved to disk
- Many coord files provided
- Images can be saved as IFF files

1.4 Requirements

Requirements

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To run Benoit you need:

- an Amiga
- a 68020/030/040/060 processor
- some kind of FPU (68881/2 or 68040/060)
- CyberGraphX V2.0 or greater
- Kick 3.0 or greater (might run on Kick 2.0 - not tested)

1.5 Installation

Installation

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Just copy the file Benoit anywhere you like. If you want to use the PowerUP features, copy the file Benoit.elf into the same directory as Benoit (Benoit tries to load PROGDIR:Benoit.elf).

Copy the coordinate files directory into the same directory as Benoit (Benoit loads from PROGDIR:Coords as default).

Make sure that you have the following libraries in your LIBS: path:

- asl.library v38+
 - cybergraphics.library v40+ (or cgxsystem.library, as that one creates cybergraphics.library)
 - gadtools.library v38+ (should be in the ROM)
 - gtlayout.library v38+
 - ppc.library v44+ (only if you have a PowerUP card installed)
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1.6 Usage

Usage
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To start, simply click the icon or start it by typing Benoit in your shell. Benoit has the following options:

WIDTH the initial width of the display window

HEIGHT the initial height of the display window

SCREEN use an ASL screenmode requester to choose a screen to open Benoit on

PUBSCREEN name of a public screen Benoit should be opened on

1.7 The User Interface

The User Interface
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When started without arguments, Benoit opens its windows on the Workbench screen ←
,
using the default Workbench resolution.
If using an 8bit Workbench (or an 8bit PubScreen), it tries to obtain 253 pens. On most systems, not all pens can be obtained in that precision, so expect a slightly worse picture quality. This does not affect the IFF saver!

Two windows should be opened then, a display window and a user interface window. In the user interface window, the following elements should pop up:

CPU

The CPU to be used. Currently supported are M68k and PPC :^)

Fractal type

The fractal type to be calculated. This directly corresponds to the Formula and Style settings. Currently supported:

- Mandelbrot the well-known Mandelbrot set
- Julia the well known Julia sets
- Dragon \
- Salamander \ some less known fractals, each
- Meteors / having different characteristics
- Pearls /
- Formula a user-defined formula

Formula

The rendering formula. It shows the formula when using one of the predefined fractal types. If you edit the formula, fractal type is changed automatically to Formula. See below for details on how an expression has to look like.

Style

This sets one of the two possible styles: Mandelbrot or Julia.

- Mandelbrot means that *c* is set according to the current position in the window. *x seed* and *y seed* are ignored.
- Julia means that *c* is set to the value specified in *x seed* and *y seed*. Set these variables to a value other than 0.0 if you want to see more than a filled black circle.

Exponent

This corresponds to the "*n*" value in some of the formulas. It is currently restricted to the range from 2 to 16. Though normally used as the exponent in the formulas, it might be used as a multiplier as well.

Max iter

The maximal number of iterations, which is proportional to the calculation time. So don't exaggerate :o)

Even color

Color offset for the even iterations (0, 2, 4, 6, ...).

0 = red	1 = yellow	2 = green
3 = cyan	4 = blue	5 = purple

Odd color

Color offset for the odd iterations (1, 3, 5, 7, ...).

Color repeat

This value defines the number of colors. Normally, this should be the same as *Max iter*. But as *Max iter* increases, the color difference between two iteration levels decreases. When it gets too smooth, the user might want to adjust it by setting this value to somewhat lower than *Max iter*.

Coordinates (right side of the GUI)

The point given by (*xmin*, *ymin*) specifies the top left point of the image, the point given by (*xmax*, *ymax*) specifies the bottom right one. If values are exchanged (for example, if *xmax* < *xmin*), they are corrected automatically. Note that *x* always corresponds to the real part of the complex number while *y* always corresponds to the imaginary part.

Calculate

Start the fun!

Load coords

Load a coordinate file from disk. The default path is *PROGDIR:Coords*. Note that coordinate file names should always end with *.coords*.

Save coords

Save the current coordinates to disk. All values except for CPU type and window

size are stored.

Save as IFF

Save the current image to an IFF file. If the resolution is 8bit, a 256 color IFF file is written, if resolution is 24bit, an IFF24 file is written.

Reset

Resets x min, y min, x max and y max to their default values. Note that x seed and y seed don't get touched.

Quit

Just quit, no requesters.

1.8 Window control

Window control

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Mouse control:

- Use the left mouse button to zoom in
- Use the right mouse button to zoom out
- Use the middle mouse button to pick x seed and y seed

Key control:

- Use the cursor keys to move
(Note: not optimized, the image is completely recalculated)
- Use '.' to zoom in
- Use ',' to zoom out
- Use 'q' to quit

1.9 The Formula Editor

The Formula Editor

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Each expression has to look like this:

(a#b)

where a and b are expressions or variables and # is an arithmetic operator.

Operators provided:

+, -, *, /, ^

Variables provided:

z the complex number z (iterator)

c the complex number c (constant)

i the imaginary constant i
 n the natural number n (taken from Exponent)
 x the real part of z
 y the imaginary part of z
 a the real part of c
 b the imaginary part of c
 any positive number, real or natural

negative numbers have to be created by subtracting from 0.0:
 (0.0-1.0)

Examples

Ok:

(a+b)
 (a+(b+c))
 ((a+b)+c)
 ((z^2)+c)
 (5*(z+2))

Wrong:

a+b no parenthesis
 (a) variables must not be in parenthesis
 ((a+b)) missing parenthesis

1.10 History

History

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06.08.1998	V2.6	- Run-length encoder in the IFF saver now checks for too long run length (caused errors with wide IFFs) - Requesters now keep their properties - IFF files written by Benoit can be loaded in again using "Load coords"
09.01.1998	V2.3	- CTRL-C support
09.12.1997	V2.0	- IFF saver implemented - 8bit support implemented - some minor bugfiexs
20.08.1997	V1.9	official release

1.11 Thanks

Thanks to

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- Frank Mariak, for so much invaluable advice
- Robert Reiswig, for the CyberGraphX, Benoit, Isis, Osiris support pages

and for the installer script

1.12 Author

Author
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Check out the official CyberGraphX support page at:
<http://www.vgr.com/>

... or the official Benoit Support pages at:
<http://www.vgr.com/benoit/>