

reference

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Chapter 1

reference

1.1 reference

EPISTISM - SIMULATOR DOCUMENTATION.
Version 1.5, March 15,1996.

The program Epi - Sim is copyright 1996 by T. Baumeister.
It is freely distributable as long as this documentation
is included.

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1.2 EPI-SIM Documentation: Introduction

Introduction:

In the beginning there was nothing. In fact there was less than nothing: even the idea 'nothing' couldn't exist. But suddenly, in only one little moment, the nothing had an awful anomalie and it exploded. - it created time and space -
This ball consisting of unbelievable energy expanded and parts of it changed to matter. Everything was in movement.
Finally, the matter began to built connections: Small dust-clouds, stars or simply planets.
This was the time, when far out in the uncharted backwaters of the unfashionable end of the western spiral arm of the galaxy, a small

unregarded world began to exist.

On this stony vehicle drifting through the endlessness, small molecules grew in the very resourceful oceans. This happened by accident and a very lucky coincidence suddenly created a molecule that could reproduce itself. This was a turning-point in history: 'Life' had begun. The reproduceable molecule, perhaps similar to our DNA, had a big advantage against the others. Its production was now less dependant on accident. Or better: The degree of probabilities increased. So it easily spread all over the oceans. But its reproduction was not perfect, small errors, called mutations, happened permanently. After some time there was a huge mass of reproduceable molecules that competed for the decreasing resources. Now accident created a second revolution. One molecule had some mutations that enabled it to 'break' others and to use them for reproduction. This was the first time when earth saw a predacious 'lifeform'. Since that point, time has changed a bit and evolution has done its task. Life seems not longer to be bound to small reproduceable molecules. But in fact they only have built large survival machines that hang around, collect pieces of green paper and that use their nights to write documentations noone is interested in. These molecules are still in us.

And with them the disposition how to get resources:

- heterotroph lifeforms: Plants use CO₂ and sunlight to grow.
- herbivore lifeforms : Herbivore Animals eat plants to extract the resources of them.
- carnivore lifeforms : Many animals and so man (except vegetarians) (epitax) hunt others and eat them.

The program EPI-SIM implements animals that use the last two strategies. My idea was to show how different attributes of the individuals (now short: indies) can influence the type and the stability of the ecosystem >Eat and to be eaten<.

The biological background are the Laws of Volterra

1.3 EPI-SIM Documentation: Laws of Volterra

Laws of Volterra

In 1930 the bio-mathematician Volterra analyzed fluctuations of the population density of robber-prey-relations and combined his discoveries to the following model:

```

----> Increase of prey      ----> Increase of epitax ----
|
---- Decrease of epitax <---- Decrease of prey <----

```

After further investigations Volterra formulated 3 laws:

*First law of Volterra:

In food relations between two sorts the number of Indies of each type varies periodically, even if the circumstances are constant.

The maxima of the epitax and prey follow each other with some delay.

*Second law of Volterra:

Though the density of the populations varies steadily the average number remains stable.

*Third law of Volterra:

Homogenous external influences on both sides affect the
episit population more intense than the prey.

The third law has been confirmed by experiences with pest control
in the USA. After the DDT-treatment of *Icerya purchasi*, a vermin
that damages lemons, the population increased.

The reason was the nearly elimination of the ladybug a natural
enemy of *Icerya purchasi*, caused by the same DDT.

1.4 EPI-SIM Documentation: System requirements

EPI-SIM requires...

Amiga operating system 2.04 or higher.

1.5 EPI-SIM Documentation: How to install

Installation:

The programm uses `gadtools.library` and `reqtools.library`.

I guess you already have them, so they are not included here.

Sorry for the icon. It will look awfull under MWB, but that is
my revenge on those persons who only include MWB icons.

1.6 EPI-SIM Documentation: How to start

To start...

simply doubleclick the WB-Icon or type `epi` from CLI.

The program accepts some command-line options

Here they are:

- `'FILEREQ'` : A File-requester will pop up before start
So you can use own parameters from the early
begin
- `'FILE' <filename>`: Same as above but instead of requesting a
file, `<filename>` will be used.
- `'NOVIEW'` : This option disables the Animation-field
with the result that the programm will
run up to 5 times faster.
- `'SLIDER'` : Instead of the numeral display on the right, two sliders
will indicate the population density.
- `'LOG'` : A Log-File will be opened (Ram:EPI.log).
The absolut numbers of both populations will be
written every round to this file.
- `'X' <size>`: Defines the width of the animation-field ($0 < \text{size} < 10$).
- `'Y' <size>`: The same with the height ($0 < \text{size} < 40$).

Sorry, Epi-Sim doesn't support Tool-Types.

1.7 EPI-SIM Documentation: The main window

The main window...

builds the graphical interface of the program
Here you can get all information that confer to the condition
of the ecosystem:

- The Animation-field : The 'black-box' is the world that can be inhabited by indies.
- The statistics: It shows the absolute population-density of both sorts. Here you can see if the simulation really confirms the Laws of Volterra .
- The numeral/slider box: It simply shows the current numbers of indies that inhabit the field.

You can use following gadgets and menu-items:

Menue:

- Restart: With this option you can start the system again with the defined parameters.
- Quit: Why are you reading this???
- Colors: Pops up the reqtools color-requester. (Only because it's so easy)
- Size: Lets you determine the x- and y-size of the animation-field.
(2<x<41 ; 2<y<11)
After changing it the system will be restarted.
- Log-File: For scientific puposes you can activate a protocoll. All datas such as numbers of both populations, decrease and system-colloaps will be written to the file 'RAM:epi.log'. Usually the protocoll needs around 20Byte per round.
- Animation: Same as the command-line option NOVIEW. This enables/disables the animated field. The program will run much faster without it (4-5 times) but you won't see what happens.
- Slider: With this option you can change the numeral display in the box to the right to a slider-display.
- freq.Decrease: Lets you configure how often an automatic decrease will be initiated (time in rounds).

Gadgets:

- parameters: Opens window to configure attributes. See more at chapter The parameter window
- decrease: Let you influence the absolute number of indies. See more at The decrease window
- pause: Freezes simulation

1.8 EPI-SIM Documentation: The Animation-Field

The animation-field...

... lets you see what every single Indie does.

Their options are the following:

- Movement: Every animal can move a certain distance during one cycle, if the place it wants to move to is not yet inhabitet by another one.
The field has no borders - that means, if an indie tries to

- move over the right edge, it will appear to the left.
- Hunt and eat: If the episit meets a prey while moving, it will try to catch it. If it succeeds is dependent on the variable >possibility of refuge< and the random generator.
- Reproduction: The indies can reproduce themselves when they have reached the defined age. The prey can only do this if a field next to it is free. The episit can also bear offsprings to inhabited areas by killing the prey that lives there.
- Death: If the life expectancy is reached the animal will die. You can configure the height and the width of the field by choosing Field-Size from the menu. Usually, bigger areas mean a higher stability of the system.

1.9 EPI-SIM Documentation: The parameter window

In the parameter window...

you can change all attributes of the sorts and of the condition of the ecosystem:

- Natural life expectancy: This is the maximal age inidies can reach if they are not killed by hunger or by being eaten.
- First Reproduction: This flag indicates how long an animal needs until it can bear its first offspring. The number of decendants it can have under ideal conditions is defined by $(\text{life_expectancy} - \text{first_repro}) / \text{Repro_Time}$. It should be able to have at least more than 1 descendant - otherwise the sort will die out immeadiately.
- Number at beginning: This is only important when restarting the system. It determines the number of indis that are set into the ecosystem befor the first cycle.
- Maximum of hunger cycles: If the episit gets no food for this time it will starve. This is the most important flag for the ecosystem. It shouldn't be too high or the episit will wipe out the prey easily - but also not to low, or in times of low prey population it won't be able to survive.
- Posibillity of refuge: Dependant on the strenght-relation of the two sorts and the geographical condition of the terrain, the episit won't be able to catch the prey at every encounter. The flag defines how often(procentual) the prey can escape.
- Repro-Time: This flag determines how many cycles the reproduction of an animal takes. This means: An animal will bear an offspirng after the cycles defined by FIRST_REPRODUCTION. Then it will frequently have descendants after the time defined by repro-time. (e.g.: a female human has a first-reproduction-time of around 15 years. Her repro-time is 9 months).

After changing the parameter you have different options how to continue :

- Go on: The old system continues with the new attributes.
- Restart: A new system will be installed by seeting the defined number of indies(Number at beginning) into the field.
- Save: The parameters will be saved to a file. So you can store well running combinations.
- Load: A parameter-file will be loaded.

1.10 EPI-SIM Documentation: The decrease window

The decrease window:

With the decrease option you can lower the number of indis in the field. So you can investigate the consequences of the use of insecticides on the ecosystem. See the third law of voltaro for more infos.

To change the number simply choose the percentage of indis that you want to annihilate. (100 will kill the whole population of the sort). Then press the DECREASE button. With QUIT nothing will be changed.

1.11 EPI-SIM Documentation: Bibliography

Send me a note if you know something.

1.12 EPI-SIM Documentation: Future and end

End and Author:

If you are interesterd in changing the program I will send you the AmigaE-source-code with some remarks.

Please write me a mail.

If you have praise, critics, bug-reports or any other suggestions you can also write to:

Timm Baumeister
Ihmerter Str.77
D-58762 Altena
Germany
Tel.(Voice): IAC + (0)2352/77149
EMail: timm@thunder.art-line.de

That's all.

Don't send me money for this (I suppose you haven't thought of it ;-))

Stay alive! ***

1.13 EPI-SIM Documentation: History

V 1.2 (September 1995): First released version

-full of bugs concerning font sensitivity

V 1.5 (March 1996): -Epi-Sim now opens its own screen (I have given up writing a font sensitive program)

-some correction in the graphics

-Repro-time added

-bigger field

-rewriting of critical parts and usement

of registers make the program faster

(especially in NOANIM mode)

-hope I have not build in new bugs