

# **MathScript**

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# Chapter 1

## MathScript

### 1.1 MathScript Help

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Guide for MathScript

1. Introduction

1.1 [Description](#) 1.2 [System requirements](#)

2. Using the program

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### 1.2 Introduction

MathScript is a formula editor, which is used to integrate mathematical formulas into word processors. In principle this is nothing new but untill now it was a deficit for the Amiga. Although it is possible to create such formulas with TeX, it is not very convenient.

That is why MathScript was created.

With this program it is very easy to create complex formulas. Use of vector fonts guarantees high quality. To insert the formulas into word processors or DTP programs they are saved as graphics files.

These are the features of version 2.0:

- extensive amount of mathematical and physical symbols
  - Control codes for formatting (super-, subscript, fractions, roots)
  - easy input with [MUI](#)
  - Export in the following formats: EPS Binary EPS (EPS with TIFF preview IFF\_ILBM TIFF
  - Import of exported files
  - Preview of the formula in any resolution
-

- ARexx port
- ARexx scripts on function keys
- support for the locale.library (beginning with OS 2.1). Available languages: english,deutsch,français,svenska,suomi. You may also create your own languages (see Catalogs/readme).
- AppWindow/AppIcon support

### 1.3 System requirements

MathScript needs at least version 2.0 of the Amiga operating system. Beginning with OS 2.1 it supports localization. To display the vector font the post.library is needed. It is included in the software package. Furthermore **MUI** version 2.2 or higher is needed.

### 1.4 Starting the program

Starting MathScript ...

from the Workbench:

To start MathScript from the Workbench enter the directory where the program is installed and double click its icon. Alternatively you can click on an icon of a previously saved formula to start MathScript loading this formula automatically.

from the Shell:

To launch MathScript from the Shell type in "MathScript:MathScript". The following arguments are accepted: FILE

FILE : name of a formula which shall be loaded immediately

### 1.5 First Steps

This chapter offers you a short introduction to MathScript. If you are not familiar with it, read this chapter page by page. While reading about a topic it is the best to practice it with the program at once. Therefore start MathScript.

Let's go!

### 1.6 The main window

The main window

After you have started MathScript the **main window** will appear. It is subdivided into three parts: 1. The **Selection gadgets** 2. The **Input gadget** 3. The **Preview area**

We will first concentrate on the input gadget.

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### 1.7 Writing the formula

Writing the formula

For writing the formulas into MathScript the **input gadget** is used. The input is made with the keyboard or with the **selection gadgets**. Formatting functions are specified by special **control codes**, thus without WYSIWYG representation.

To enter standard ASCII letters the keyboard is used while the input gadget is active.

We will now create our first formula. Type the following string into the input gadget: "x=1/2" (without quotation marks!)

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## 1.8 Preview of the formula

Preview of the formula

Now we want to show the formula. We use the **Preview area** for that purpose. Click into the big empty area. By that the preview is activated. Until the formula is shown, you may have to wait some seconds. The first time you show the preview, it will take more time because the PostScript font has to be loaded first.

In our example the following should appear in the preview area:  $1 \times -2$

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## 1.9 Formatting the formula

Formatting the formula

In order to format a formula, which means to change the size and position of certain parts, **Control codes** are used. In our first example we already have used such a control code: the character `'/'`. It causes a fraction.

Its Syntax is:

Fraction: syntax: `<Obj1>/<Obj2>` function: Creates a fraction. input: `<Obj1>` - nominator `<Obj2>` - denominator

Each control codes needs **objects**. Following the syntax above, this control code needs two objects, namely a nominator and a denominator. Thus in our example `<Obj1>` was `'1'` and `<Obj2>` was `'2'`.

A complete overview of all supported control codes together with their syntax can be found in **control codes**.

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## 1.10 objects

The **control codes** need objects. Such an object is in the simplest case a single character.

So writing `"1/2x"` results in the following illustration:  $1 - x^2$  But if you wish the denominator to be  $2x$ , thus using more than one character, you have to group it to a single object. This is done by surrounding the concerning characters by brackets. So `1/[2x]` causes the following term:  $1 - 2x$  Of course it is possible to create a grouped object inside of another grouped object. To create a double fraction simply write `[1/x]/3` which results in the following:  $1 - x - - 3$

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## 1.11 The Selection Gadgets

The Selection Gadgets

Although one can use all **control codes** with the keyboard, it is not very convenient to have all of them in mind. Moreover MathScript has a variety of special mathematical and physical symbols, which are not available by the keyboard. To use such symbols and control codes in an easy way, the **Selection Gadgets** are used.

There are 13 such gadgets. If you click on one of them, a window will pop up below, which is divided into single fields. These fields are covered with different symbols. If you keep the mouse button pressed you can select one of them. When you release the button the corresponding symbol will be inserted into the **input gadget**. If you do not want to select one, simply release the button if no one is selected. Furthermore you can control these gadgets with the keyboard. Use the tab key to select the active gadget, press return and use the cursor keys to highlight the desired symbol, then press return again to insert it, press space to close the menu without insertion. You can also use the keys `<right Amiga>` `<1>` - `<6>` to pop up the lower gadgets and `<right Amiga>` `<shift>` `<1>` - `<7>` to pop up the gadgets above.



Beside simple characters **control codes** can be inserted, too. They are shown in a symbolic representation and not in the way they are written. The **objects** belonging to them are symbolized in the following manner:  $\square$  stands for a grouped object, # for a single character.

Example: The symbol # means superscript. It inserts the following text into the **input gadget**:  $x^{\square}$ . Lets's suppose there is a single  $x$  standing behind the cursor. After clicking on the symbol the contents of the input gadget becomes like this:  $x^{\square}$ . The cursor is placed automatically behind the first grouped **object**, so behind the ' $\square$ '. By pressing the key '2' the text is " $x^{\square}2$ ", which leads to this "picture":  $x^2$ . But if the first object is a grouped one, you have to select its gadget first and type in its text afterwards in order to be placed between the brackets (see **objects**).

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## 1.12 Load, Save, Export

Load, Save, Export

You should be able to create rather complex formulas now. If you have created one and it looks in the preview like you have imagined, you should save it now. Therefore select the menu item **Save as...** in the "Project" menu. If you have already saved or loaded a formula, you can save the current under the same name by selecting the menu item **Save**. With the menu item **Load...** you can load a previously saved formula. The same is possible by dragging an icon of a formula over the **main window**.

So called FML files are used by Load/Save. These are only useable with MathScript and contain only the formula description which is written in the **input gadget**. In order to use the formulas in other applications, they have to be exported in a **graphic format**. Therefore use the menu item **Export....** It contains additional submenu items with which you can choose the **graphic format**.

Well, that's it! You should have acquired the basic skills to use MathScript. The following chapters go more into details.

Back to the [Contents](#).

## 1.13 Main Window

The Main Window is subdivided into the following regions:

**Selection Gadgets**

**Input gadget**

**Preview area**

## 1.14 Selection Gadgets

There are the following selection gadgets:

**operators arrows logic brackets sum,prod,int greek chars GREEK CHARS**

**equations theory of sets symbols super-/subscript fraction,root derivatives**

## 1.15 Operators

Contains a collection of mathematical operators.

Keyboard shortcut: ' $\rightarrow$  Amiga' <shift> '1'

## 1.16 Arrows

There are 5 single and 5 double arrows.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> <shift> 2`'

## 1.17 Logic

Holds logical symbols.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> <shift> 3`'

## 1.18 Brackets

Includes **control codes** for making brackets of variable size. There are for each bracket type (`{`,`(`,`[`,`|`,`<`) left and right sided versions and brackets on both sides.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> <shift> 4`'

## 1.19 sum,product und integral

Three characters symbolizing a sum, product and an integral.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> <shift> 5`'

## 1.20 small greek characters

Contains all small greek characters.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> <shift> 6`'

## 1.21 big greek characters

Includes all greek characters.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> <shift> 7`'

## 1.22 Equations

Holds the most important equation and inequality symbols.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> 1`'

## 1.23 symbols of the theory of sets

A collection of symbols of the theory of sets.

Keyboard shortcut: '`<right Amiga> 2`'

---

## 1.24 Symbols

Includes symbols not belonging to other groups.

Keyboard shortcut: '<right Amiga> 3'

## 1.25 Super-/subscript

Contains all **control codes** for positioning **objects**.

Keyboard shortcut: '<right Amiga> 4'

## 1.26 Fraction and root

Holds **control codes** for making fractions and roots.

Keyboard shortcut: '<right Amiga> 5'

## 1.27 derivatives

Contains control codes for creating derivatives and vectors.

Keyboard shortcut: '<right Amiga> 6'

## 1.28 Input gadget

All formulas are typed into the input gadget. It is a standard string gadget and therefore accepts all key short cuts, which can be applied to other string gadgets.

Press <space> to activate it.

## 1.29 Preview area

In this area the preview of the current formula is displayed. In order to generate such a preview just click on this area.

It may happen that the full formula cannot be displayed. Use the scroller gadgets to adjust the visible area.

## 1.30 Settings Window

The settings window can be opened by selecting the menu item **Change settings**.

It is divided into four different "pages", namely:

**System**

**General**

**ARexx**

**Export**

Moreover there is a separate menu with the following items: **Reset to Defaults** **Last Saved** **Restore**

In order to leave the settings window, select "Ok" or "Cancel".

---

## 1.31 System Settings

On this page you can set some options regarding the (operating) system.

Path With the small filerequester gadget or the string gadget you can specify a path MathScript uses as a default for loading/saving.

No Icons If this option is not active MathScript will create suitable icons while saving/exporting. By replacing the icons in the drawer "icons" you can use your own icons.

## 1.32 General Settings

On this page you can set general preferences.

Font size You are able to specify the font size in pt (1/72 inch) here.

Preview resolution Both gadgets can be used to set the x and y resolution of the preview in dpi (dots per inch).

## 1.33 ARexx Settings

You can place some ARexx scripts on your function keys on this page.

Function keys For each function key Fn (n=1,2,...,10) you can specify an ARexx script in the string gadgets, which will be executed by pressing this key or selecting the corresponding menu item **Fn: ....** Pressing the PopUp gadgets on the right side will open an filerequester.

Only names You can specify wheter an ARexx script should appear in the "Arexx" menu only with its name or with the full path.

## 1.34 Export Settings

You can set some options for the different **graphic formats** on this page. It consists of some other pages which contain settings for a specific format, namely:

**EPS**

**Binary EPS**

**IFF**

**TIFF**

## 1.35 EPS Settings

There is only one option:

Include font If this option is activated the postscript description of the math font is embedded into the EPS files. This is necessary if the postscript interpreter is unable to load fonts from your harddisk. This applies of course to all postscript printers. But if a application with a software interpreter (Post, PostView, FinalWriter...) is used, it will look (with a suitable init.ps file) in the directory PSFonts: after available fonts. So in this case it is better not to include the font, so the size of your EPS files will not grow too much. If you want to use your formula on another computer you should activate this option, because the font will not be available on other systems.

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## 1.36 Binary EPS Settings

There are the following options regarding the "Binary EPS" format:

**Include font** If this option is activated the postscript description of the math font is embedded into the EPS files. This is necessary if the postscript interpreter is unable to load fonts from your harddisk. This applies of course to all postscript printers. But if a application with a software interpreter (Post, PostView, FinalWriter...) is used, it will look (with a suitable init.ps file) in the directory PSFonts: after available fonts. So in this case it is better not to include the font, so the size of your EPS files will not grow too much. If you want to use your formula on another computer you should activate this option, because the font will not be available on other systems.

**Preview resolution** Both gadgets are used to specify the resolution in dpi of the preview part of the EPS files.

## 1.37 IFF Settings

There is only one option available regarding the IFF format:

**Resolution** Both gadgets are used to specify the x and y resolution in dpi.

## 1.38 TIFF Settings

There is only one option available regarding the TIFF format:

**Resolution** Both gadgets are used to specify the x and y resolution in dpi.

## 1.39 Reset to Defaults

The default settings will be used.

## 1.40 Last Saved

The last saved settings will be loaded again.

## 1.41 Restore

The settings will be set to the state they had after opening the **Settings Window**.

## 1.42 menus

Overview of all menu items in the **Main Window**:

Project **New Load ... Save Save as ... Import... Export Graphic formats About ... Quit**

ARexx **Execute ARexx script ... F1: ... F2: ... . . . F10: ...**

Settings **Change settings... Load settings... Save settings Save as settings...**

---

## 1.43 new

Clears the **input gadget**.

Warning: This action cannot be made undone.

## 1.44 load

Opens a file requester in which a file can be chosen which should be loaded. Only files which have the suffix .fml are shown there. It is appended automatically by the **Save** function. If you wish to load an ASCII file without this suffix, just clear the gadget "Pattern".

You can also use MathScript's AppWindow/AppIcon support. Simply drag an icon of a formula over the **main window** or AppIcon (if iconified).

## 1.45 save

Does the same as **Save as ...**, except that if a file has been loaded or saved before no file requester will pop up and the current file will be used for saving.

The name of the current file is shown on the title bar.

## 1.46 Save as

This menu item saves the current contents of the **input gadget** as a Formula file, in order to reuse or modify the formula later on. A file requester will be opened, in which a file can be chosen, which should be used for saving.

All formulas saved with MathScript have the suffix .fml, in order to distinguish them from regular text files.

## 1.47 import

When a formula is **exported** its formula description is included into the graphics file. With this menu item it is possible to load it from a previously exported formula.

If an exported file was modified in any way by another program, the formula description may not be found. In this case you are able to search the whole file for it. For example a word processor may include an EPS file into an IFF file when copying it into the clipboard. With this feature you can search the clipboard file for the formula.

This feature is supported by all **graphics formats** except **EPS**.

## 1.48 export

This menu item saves the current formula as a graphic file which can be loaded into other applications (word processors,DTP programs,...).

MathScript supports different **graphics formats** which are selectable as submenu items.

## 1.49 Graphic formats

In the current version MathScript supports the following formats:

**EPS Binary EPS IFF TIFF**

---

## 1.50 eps

This format is the most popular vector graphic format. In opposition to bitmap formats like the IFF-ILBM they have an excellent printing quality.

EPS means Encapsulated PostScript. PostScript is a interpretative page describing language, which is known by several laser printers. If you do not have such a printer, you are dependent on the software, in which the formulas should be used. For example the word processor "FinalWriter" is able to convert EPS files to Bitmaps so they can be printed on regular printers..

This format contains only Ascii characters so it can be send directly to a PostScript printer or displayed by a software interpreter like "Post". If this is not necessary you should use the variation **Binary EPS**.

This format does not include the formula description, so the menu item **Import** does not work with these files.

## 1.51 Binary EPS

This format contains the regular **EPS** code and a bitmap in the **TIFF** format as a preview.

The advantage of this format against the pure Ascii **EPS** is that it can be easily shown on the monitor and printed out on non-PostScript printers.

## 1.52 iff

There is not much to say about the IFF-ILBM format, is it? ;)

Because it is a bitmap format you will not reach the printing quality of (Binary) **EPS** files. On the other side it should be loadable by all graphic supporting programs.

## 1.53 tiff

The TIFF format is bitmap based. It has not the importance on the Amiga like the **IFF** format, but it was needed for the **Binary EPS** format. Nevertheless it could be useful when using MathScript formulas on other computer systems because it is very widespread.

## 1.54 About

Opens a window, in which there are informations about the program and me.

## 1.55 quit

Quits the program.

## 1.56 Execute ARexx script

Opens a file requester in which an ARexx script can be chosen which should be executed. Detailed informations about the ARexx port of MathScript can be found under **ARexx**.

---

## 1.57 Function keys

In the **Settings Window** on the ARexx page there are the Function keys gadgets. If you have installed an ARexx scripts on a particular function key, you are able to execute that script by selecting the corresponding menu item, too.

## 1.58 Change settings

This menu item opens the **Settings Window** in which MathScript's settings can be changed.

## 1.59 Load settings

You can load the settings out of a previously saved prefs file with this menu item.

## 1.60 Save settings

This will save your settings to be used next time.

## 1.61 Save as settings

Selecting this menu item you are able to save the current settings into any file.

## 1.62 arexx

With its ARexx port MathScript can be controlled from "outside" what means without intervention of the user.

MathScript allocates for each running task ist own ARexx port. The name of the first one is "MATHSCRIPT.1", the second is called "MATHSCRIPT.2 and so on.

An ARexx script can be started by MathScript with the menu item **Execute ARexx script**.

Arguments follow the standard Amiga ReadArgs() conventions.

Here is the list of all supported commands:

**Clear GetContents**

**SetContents GetPosition**

**SetPosition Insert**

**Load Save**

**Import Export**

**ScreenToFront Requester**

**GetSystemPrefs SetSystemPrefs**

**GetGeneralPrefs SetGeneralPrefs**

**GetARexxPrefs SetARexxPrefs**

**GetExportPrefs SetExportPrefs**

**SavePrefs SavePrefsAs**

**LoadPrefs Preview**

**GetDimensions**

---



### 1.63 clear

Clear: syntax: Clear function: Clears the **input gadget** corresponding the menu item **New**. input: - result: -

### 1.64 getcontents

GetContents: syntax: GetContents function: Provides the current contents of the **input gadget**. input: - result: result - contents

### 1.65 setcontents

SetContents: syntax: SetContents CONTENTS/A/F function: Sets the new contents of the **input gadget**. input: CONTENTS - New contents of the input gadget result:

### 1.66 getposition

GetPosition: syntax: GetPosition function: Gets the position of the cursor in the **input gadget** input: result: result - position of the cursor

### 1.67 setposition

SetPosition: syntax: SetPosition POSITION/A/N function: Sets the cursor on a new position. input: POSITION/A/N - new position of the cursor result:

### 1.68 insert

Insert: syntax: Insert STRING/A/F function: Inserts a string behind the current cursor position into the input gadget. input: STRING - string that should be inserted result: -

### 1.69 Load

Load: syntax: Load FILE,FORCE/S function: Loads a text file as a formula. If FILE is not supplied a file requester will pop up. input: FILE - name of the file which should be loaded FORCE - surpresses any warnings result: -

### 1.70 Save

Save: syntax: Save FILE,FORCE/S function: Saves the current formula as a text file. If FILE is not supplied a file requester will pop up. input: FILE - name of the file which should be saved FORCE - surpresses any warnings result: -

### 1.71 Import

Import: syntax: Import FILE,FORCE/S function: Searches a file for a formula description. If FILE is not supplied a file requester will pop up. input: FILE - name of the file which should be loaded FORCE - surpresses any warnings result: -

---

## 1.72 Export

Export: syntax: Export FORMAT/A,FILE,FORCE/S function: Saves the current formula as a graphic file. If FILE is not supplied a file requester will pop up. input: FORMAT - Format of the file. Possible values: "EPS", "BINEPS", "IFF", "TIFF". FILE - name of the file which should be saved FORCE - surpresses any warnings result: -

## 1.73 screentofront

ScreenToFront: syntax: ScreenToFront function: Moves the screen where MathScript has opened its windows to the front. input: - result: -

## 1.74 requester

Requester: syntax: Requester TITLE/A,PATTERN/K function: Opens a file requester for loading files. input: TITLE - Titlebar of the requester PATTERN - Amiga-Dos pattern, which can be used for hiding files result: -

## 1.75 getsystemprefs

GetSystemPrefs: syntax: GetSystemPrefs ITEM/A function: Gets the current system settings input: ITEM - one of the following values: PATH - default path NOICONS - returns YES or NO result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.76 setsystemprefs

SetSystemPrefs: syntax: SetSystemPrefs PATH/K,NOICONS/K,PROMPT/S function: Sets the current system settings input: PATH - default path NOICONS - YES or NO PROMPT - If this argument is specified, all other arguments are ignored and the **Settings Window** will be opened result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.77 getgeneralprefs

GetGeneralPrefs: syntax: GetGeneralPrefs ITEM/A function: Gets the current general settings input: ITEM - one of the following values: FONTSIZE - Font size in pt PREVIEW\_DPI - returns x and y dpi of the preview seperated by a 'x' result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.78 setgeneralprefs

SetGeneralPrefs: syntax: SetGeneralPrefs FONTSIZE/K/N,PREVIEW\_DPI/K,PROMPT/S function: Gets the current general settings input: FONTSIZE - Font size in pt PREVIEW\_DPI - x and y dpi of the preview seperated by a 'x' PROMPT - If this argument is specified, all other arguments are ignored and the **Settings Window** will be opened result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.79 getarexxprefs

GetARexxPrefs: syntax: GetARexxPrefs ITEM/A function: Gets the current ARexx settings input: ITEM - one of the following values: F1,F2,...,F10 - name of the ARexx script on the function key ONLY\_NAMES - returns YES or NO result: value corresponding to ITEM

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## 1.80 setarexxprefs

SetARExxPrefs: syntax: SetARExxPrefs F1/K,F2/K,F3/K,F4/K,F5/K,F6/K,F7/K,F8/K,F9/K,F10/K, ONLY\_NAMES/K,PROMPT/S  
function: Sets the current ARExx settings input: F1,F2,...,F10 - name of the ARExx script for the function key ONLY\_NAMES  
- returns YES or NO PROMPT - If this argument is specified, all other arguments are ignored and the **Settings Window** will be  
opened result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.81 getexportprefs

GetExportPrefs: syntax: GetExportPrefs ITEM/A function: Gets the current export settings input: ITEM - one of the following  
values: PS\_FONT - Include font into EPS file? Returns YES or NO BINEPS\_FONT - Include font into Binary EPS file? Returns  
YES or NO BINEPS\_DPI - Returns x and y dpi of the preview seperated by a 'x' IFF\_DPI - Returns x and y dpi seperated by a  
'x' TIFF\_DPI - Returns x and y dpi seperated by a 'x' result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.82 setexportprefs

SetExportPrefs: syntax: SetExportPrefs PS\_FONT/K,BINEPS\_FONT/K,BINEPS\_DPI/K,IFF\_DPI/K, TIFF\_DPI/K,PROMPT/S  
function: Sets the current export settings input: PS\_FONT - Include font into EPS file? YES or NO BINEPS\_FONT - Include  
font into Binary EPS file? YES or NO BINEPS\_DPI - x and y dpi of the preview seperated by a 'x' IFF\_DPI - x and y dpi  
seperated by a 'x' TIFF\_DPI - x and y dpi seperated by a 'x' PROMPT - If this argument is specified, all other arguments are  
ignored and the **Settings Window** will be opened result: value corresponding to ITEM

## 1.83 SavePrefs

SavePrefs: syntax: SavePrefs function: Saves the current settings. input: - result: -

## 1.84 SavePrefsAs

SavePrefsAs: syntax: SavePrefsAs FILE,FORCE/S function: Saves the current settings into any file. If File is not specified, a  
filerequester will be opened input: - FILE - Name of the file FORCE - surpresses any warnings result: -

## 1.85 LoadPrefs

LoadPrefs: syntax: LoadPrefs FILE function: Loads a prefs file. If FILE is not specified, a filerequester will be opened. input:  
FILE - name of the file result: -

## 1.86 previewprefs

Preview: syntax: Preview function: Shows the preview of the current file input: - result: -

## 1.87 GetDimensions

GetDimensions: syntax: GetDimensions function: Returns the size of the formula input: - result: - size in format "<width>  
<height>"

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## 1.90 Registration

If you register for MathScript you will obtain the latest version of it and a keyfile. With this keyfile you are able and allowed to use future releases of MathScript. Moreover these annoying requesters will disappear.

The shareware fee is 15\$ or 20DM.

To become a registered user print out the **registration form** (or write a similar form) and fill it out.

Send it to:

Simon Ihmig Beim Rauhen Hause 30 22111 Hamburg Germany

## 1.91 Registration form

I want to register for the shareware program MathScript. I will get a keyfile which allows me to use the program regularly. I guarantee that it is only for my personal use and that I do not distribute it.

Kind of payment:

☐ The fee of 15\$ or 20DM is enclosed

☐ The fee of 15\$ or 20DM is transfered to the following account: No: 1077/782033 BLZ: 200 505 50 (Germany) Hamburger Sparkasse Simon Ihmig

My address:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Christian name: \_\_\_\_\_

Street: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Country: \_\_\_\_\_

e-mail: \_\_\_\_\_

City,Date: \_\_\_\_\_ signature: \_\_\_\_\_

## 1.92 Future

For future versions of MathScript the following features are planed: (no guarantee for realization!)

- More control codes (matrix,underline...)
- More symbols
- Formulas with more than one line
- better Online Help
- use a custom font (?)
- coloured formulas

In order to be able to fulfill other wishes, to give suggestions or to indicate errors, PLEASE write !!! You can find my address below the table of contents.

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## 1.93 credits

Thanks go to:

- Stefan Stuntz for his MagicUserInterface **MUI**
- Adrian Aylward for his post.library
- David Ekholm for his swedish translation - Osma Ahvenlampi for his finnish translation
- and last but not least all registered users!

## 1.94 mui

This application uses

MUI - MagicUserInterface

(c) Copyright 1993/94 by Stefan Stuntz

MUI is a system to generate and maintain graphical user interfaces. With the aid of a preferences program, the user of an application has the ability to customize the outfit according to his personal taste.

MUI is distributed as shareware. To obtain a complete package containing lots of examples and more information about registration please look for a file called "muiXXusr.lha" (XX means the latest version number) on your local bulletin boards or on public domain disks.

If you want to register directly, feel free to send

DM 30.- or US\$ 20.-

to

Stefan Stuntz Eduard-Spranger-Straße 7 80935 München GERMANY