

adoc

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WRITTEN BY		December 8, 2024	

REVISION HISTORY

NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NAME

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Chapter 1

adoc

1.1 adoc.guide

Warning: The ADOC project and this documentation are far from complete!
Please report bugs and direct comments to

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This document describes 'ADOC' version 1.01, which extracts Autodocs or Texinfo from source code.

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Overview & Legal stuff

Copying	Your rights
Contributors	People who have contributed to 'ADOC'
Introduction	The name of the game

Controlling 'ADOC'

Options	Running 'ADOC'
Style Guide	How to write autodocs

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1.2 adoc.guide/Copying

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```
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```

```
SIGNATURE OF TY COON, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.3 adoc.guide/Contributors

Contributors

- * Tobias Ferber, '<ukjg@rz.uni-karlsruhe.de>' wrote 'ADOC' and this documentation.
- * Harald Kunze, '<kunze@rpk.mach.uni-karlsruhe.de>' contributed most of the ideas and forced the project to come into life.

1.4 adoc.guide/Introduction

Introduction

The 'ADOC' scanner creates Autodocs or Texinfo source from source code. It is an enhanced version of Bill Koesters 'Autodoc' program as of 21-Aug-89 which is part of Commodore's Native Developer Kit (NDK).

'ADOC' scans the input files for a special kind of comments: the autodoc comments. Autodoc comments start at the begining of a line with a string of the form

```
?***??* lib/fun ...
```

The '?' stands for characters which are ignored, they must however be "black", i.e. they must not be tabs or spaces. The '*' ist ment literally, so in these places there must be an asterisk. 'lib/fun' is the identifier which specifies the library and the name of the function described in the following comment. 'lib' and 'fun' consist of upper- and/or lower case letters, decimal digits, a dash '-' and/or the underscore '_'. The rest of the line is ignored.

E.g.: A standard C language autodoc comment begins like this:

```
/****** mylib/myfun *****/
```

The following lines make up the function description, a sequence of one or more sections. A section begins with the section heading, a line with only -- and at least two -- capital letters. Some common section headings are

```
NAME, SYNOPSIS, FUNCTION, INPUTS, RESULT, ...
```

Each line in the function description must be prefixed with a black character followed by at least one white space or the end of the line. An autodoc comment ends with a line beginning with a black character followed by at least two asterisks '*'. An example template comment can be found at the end of this document. See Style Guide, for further details.

1.5 adoc.guide/Options

Options

'ADOC' reads the command line from left to right and collects filenames and options before it starts processing your input. The filenames are queued and processed in the same order as they appear in the command line. The list-file option '@' is replaced by the contents of the list file read in top-down order. If no input files are specified 'ADOC' will read from the standard input stream.

Autodoc Options	'Autodoc' output only
IO Options	both 'Autodoc' and 'Texinfo' output
Texinfo Options	'Texinfo' output only
Warning Options	influencing 'ADOC''s pedanticness
Miscellaneous Options	everything else

1.6 adoc.guide/Autodoc Options

Options for the 'Autodoc' output

=====

'--autodoc'

'ADOC' creates an autodoc file. (This is the default)

'--no-form-feeds'

Usually the functions in 'ADOC's autodoc output are separated by form feeds ('\^L'). With this switch 'ADOC' omits them. (This switch is a no-op in '--texinfo' mode).

'--table-of-contents'

A table of contents is written to the output followed by the autodoc functions. Functions and toc-entries are always in the same order, so '--preserve-order' also affects the table of contents. (This switch is a no-op in '--texinfo' mode).

'--preserve-order'

With this option 'ADOC' does not sort the functions before writing the autodoc output. (This switch is ignored in '--texinfo' mode).

1.7 adoc.guide/IO Options

Options for 'Autodoc' and 'Texinfo' output

'--stdin'

This switch behaves like a filename for the standard input stream. Using it does not only force reading from stdin but you can also specify the files to read before and after the standard input.

'--output-file FILENAME'

This option allows you to specify a filename for 'ADOC''s output. If this option is omitted 'ADOC' will write to the standard output stream.

'--error-file FILENAME'

Like '--output-file' this option allows you to redirect 'ADOC''s output. The difference between the two is that this option redirects warnings and error messages from stderr into the file FILENAME.

'--flip-slashes'

This option converts '*' to '/*' and '*\' to '*/'. This allows C language comments in the autodocs without nesting comments in the source code.

The name of the option might give you the idea of a general conversion of backslashes into slashes. This is however incorrect. The character on the left or right of the '\' must be an asterisk ('*'). Please note that '**' is transformed into '*/*'.

'--tabs-to-spaces'

Tabs in the input are turned into spaces with a default tab size of 8. This is the default in '--texinfo' mode.

'--tabsize NUMBER'

The tab size is changed to NUMBER. (default is '--tabsize 8'). This option implies '--tabs-to-spaces'.

'--line-length NUMBER'

Function headers in the autodoc output will be NUMBER columns wide. (default is '--line-length 80'). (This option has no influence on 'ADOC''s Texinfo output).

`--internal'`

'ADOC' will only read comments with an 'i' in column 5 or 6.
(same as `--yank-type "i"`).

`--yank-type TYPE'`

'ADOC' will only read comments which have in column 5 or 6 one of the characters in the TYPE string.

`--indented-comments'`

The autodoc comments normally have to start at column 1, i.e.: they must not be indented. This option allows indented comments, but it does not check whether or not the indentation of all comment lines is equal or not.

Additionally, if the indentation is not a multiple of 'ADOC''s tab size, the conversion of TAB characters into spaces might lead to wrong results. This is due to the fact that 'ADOC' does not remember the columnar position of each body text line but silently assumes that they all start at a tab stop column.

In general it is *not* recommended to make use of TABs in indented comments. If you really insist on them you can pipe these files through 'expand' and 'ADOC''s output through 'unexpand':

```
$ cat *.c | expand -t8 | adoc -I | unexpand -t8 -a > adoc.out
```

`--reindent-bodytext NUMBER'`

This option changes the indentation of lines in the body text of all functions to NUMBER spaces. If NUMBER is 0 then the current indentation is removed which is default in `--texinfo` mode.

In order to remove the current indentation 'ADOC' cuts a columnar block beginning at column 1 from the function body. The width of this block is the maximum width without hurting any text.

There is one more thing to mention: This option automatically converts all TAB characters into the appropriate number of spaces. You want this because the new indentation might destroy your textual layout otherwise. The conversion is performed before the removal of the indentation.

If you want to change the body text indentation via `--reindent-bodytext` but insist on having TAB characters instead of spaces then you have to pipe the 'ADOC' output through 'unexpand':

```
$ adoc -I *.c | unexpand -t8 -a > adoc.out
```

`--preserve-indentation'`

This option avoids reindentation of the body text (e.g.: in `--texinfo` mode where `--reindent-bodytext 0` is 'ADOC''s default).

`--sort-entries'`

This option forces sorting of the functions which is default in both `--autodoc` and `--texinfo` mode.

`-MMACRO VALUE'

Defines a value VALUE for a macro MACRO which is expanded when writing the body text of a function. (e.g.: the above mentioned conversions of for `'--flip-slashes'` and `'--texinfo'` are implemented in this manner).

Note that there must *not* be a space between `'-M'` and the name (i.e. the source string) of the macro.

`-U MACRO'

Undefines a macro MACRO no matter whether MACRO had been defined with `'-D'` or `'-M'` or not at all.

1.8 adoc.guide/Texinfo Options

Options for `'Texinfo'` output

=====

`--texinfo'

Write texinfo source instead of autodocs. This switch implies `'--tabs-to-spaces'`. `'--preserve-order'` and `'--no-form-feeds'` are ignored. The functions in the texinfo output are always sorted, tabs are always expanded and there will be no form feeds.

Some conversions will be performed on your autodoc body text, especially:

```
@  -> @@
{  -> @\{
}  -> @}
```

`--project'**`--revision'****`--edition'****`--copyright'****`--author'**

'ADOC''s texinfo header reserves these four macros. Their value defaults to their name. `'--project'` is not only used on the title page but also as the name for the `'.info'` or `'.guide'` file.

These options actually define the macros `'PROJECT'`, `'EDITION'`, `'REVISION'`, `'COPYRIGHT'` and `'AUTHOR'` as if they had been defined via `'-D'`.

`--no-references'

In `'--texinfo'` mode, 'ADOC' tries to find matching nodes for the identifiers in the `'SEE ALSO'` section. You can however force 'ADOC' to write this section as it is by giving this switch.

Best results can be obtained by writing one reference per line in the same `'lib/fun'` format as in the header line of the referenced function. 'ADOC' will however try to prepend the current functions library name to the identifiers and removes parens, commata, white spaces and newline characters in order to find the

referenced `'lib/fun'` header.

`'--parse-references'`

This option prints one "See ..." sentence containing all references from the `'SEE ALSO'` section. No itemization is used.

The name of this option might insinuate the necessity of passing it together with other options which need to analyze the `'SEE ALSO'` section. This is however incorrect. The name of this option is somehow an archaic requilict from those times where `'ADOC'` learned to look closer at it's input. It could also be called `'--make-one-sentence-of-references'` or something similar.

`'--itemize-references'`

`'ADOC'` puts the parsed references as an `'@item'` into an `'@itemize'` environment. (This is default in `'--texinfo'` mode).

Parsing the references is done automatically, even if you guess that you need the `'--parse-references'` option. This not a good guess. Perhaps you should better look at the above description of this option.

`'--no-grouping'`

`'ADOC'` will not make use of texinfo's grouping feature. (This is the default).

`'--group-sections'`

The section body (following the title keyword) will be grouped into a `'@group'` ... `'@end group'` environment in order to prevent TeX from breaking the page inside a section. The current implementation of `'texinfo'` does not allow placing the section keyword into the `'@group'` as well:

```
! @group invalid in context where filling is enabled.
```

`'--body-environment STRING'`

This option allows you to specify the texinfo environment into which the section body text will be placed. The internal default is `'--body-environment smallexample'` and so each section body is placed into an environment of the form

```
@smallexample
  <body text>
@end smallexample
```

If `'--group-sections'` is specified, then this `'@group'` is placed into the given environment like this:

```
@smallexample
@group
  <body text>
@end group
@end smallexample
```

Please note that this environment is not used within parsed references in the `'SEE ALSO'` section.

'--texi-funtable'

This switch tells the texinfo code generator to place a function into a '@table' environment with each section keyword as a '@b{}'old '@item'. This might however look ugly and lead to an immense amount of overfull '\hbox{}'es because TeX will then indent the following body text twice (for the '@item' and for the '@example') and so 'ADOC''s default is to write a section keyword like an ordinary, indented, '@b{}'old paragraph.

'--form-feeds'

With this option a page break is forced by inserting a '@page' command in front of each function description. An exception is the first function of a library which always begins on the same page as the library '@chapter'.

'--texi-header-file FILENAME'

'ADOC' comes up with a minimal header and titlepage when writing texinfo output. This option allows you to replace 'ADOC''s internal header with the contents of FILENAME.

Note that a macro expansion of macros defined via '-D' will be performed on the contents of FILENAME.

'--no-texi-header'

This option forces 'ADOC' to omit writing a texinfo header and a title page. Texinfo output begins with the (Top) '@menu'.

'--no-texi-index'

No function index and no table of contents is used in the texinfo file.

'-DMACRO VALUE'

Defines a value VALUE for a macro MACRO which is expanded when writing the texinfo header. These definitions are *not* performed on the body text of a function description like those defined via '-M'.

Note that there must *not* be a space between '-D' and the name of the macro.

1.9 adoc.guide/Miscellaneous Options

Miscellaneous Options

=====

'--no-output'**'--dry-run'**

'ADOC' only reads your input (and eventually prints warnings). No output will be written.

'--silent'

'ADOC' will behave more briefly with this option.

'--help'

A list of options and a short description will be printed to the standard output stream.

If your terminal is limited to 80 columns then you can use

```
'-h0'
    To print only the 'usage:...' line

'-h1'
    To print only the "short" options (those with one dash '-').

'-h2'
    To print only the "long" options (those with two dashes '--').

'--version'
    Author and version information will be printed.
```

1.10 adoc.guide/Warning Options

Influencing 'ADOC''s pedanticness
=====

```
'--no-warnings'
    'ADOC' will not print *any* warnings.

'--check-keywords'
    'ADOC' will complain about section title keywords which are not in
    the example below.

'--check-presence'
    'ADOC' will complain if one of the keywords in the example below
    is missing in a function description.

'--pedantic'
    'ADOC' will complain about almost everything.
```

1.11 adoc.guide/Style Guide

Style Guide

This chapter is under development.

How 'ADOC' reads your input
=====

'ADOC' scans your input for autodoc comments. These comments begin on the leftmost column in a new line which most likely looks like one of those:

```

'/****** mylib/myfun *****'
    This is the beginning of a standard C or Rexx Language autodoc
    comment for the function 'myfun' in the library or module 'mylib'.

';***** mylib/myfun *****'
'***** mylib/myfun *****'
    Most assemblers use a semicolon (';') or an asterisk ('*') to
    begin a remark.

'#***** mylib/myfun *****'
    This type is known in Makefiles and shell scripts.

'%***** mylib/myfun *****'
    For autodoc comments in TeX or 'METAFONT' we need the percent sign
    ('%').

```

When 'ADOC' encounters the beginning of an autodoc comment it starts collecting section headings and body text lines and saves them for later use in the code generator.

The lines inside autodoc comments must be prefixed by a black character. This character is made invisible in the output. To be more precise: 'ADOC' removes the black character in column 1 if the following character is a TAB or a newline character but it replaces it by a space if the following character is a space character.

Each line which contains entirely capitalized letters is assumed to be a section heading unless it contains only one single upper case character.

The indentation of section headings and body text lines does not matter. You should however use an indentation of 3 spaces for a section heading and 7 spaces for body text lines. Note that 'ADOC' allows you to adjust the indentation for the output via the '--reindent-bodytext' option.

Example comment

=====

Here is a sample "correct" autodoc comment taken from the 'autodoc.style' which is part of Commodore's Native Developer Kit (NDK):

```

/***** financial.library/StealMoney *****/
*
*  NAME
*      StealMoney -- Steal money from the Federal Reserve Bank. (V77)
*
*  SYNOPSIS
*      error = StealMoney( userName,amount,destAccount,falseTrail )
*      D0,Z          D0          D1.W      A0          [A1]
*
*      BYTE StealMoney
*          ( STRPTR,UWORD,struct AccountSpec *,struct falseTrail *);
*
*  FUNCTION
*      Transfer money from the Federal Reserve Bank into the specified
*      interest-earning checking account. No records of the transaction

```

```

*      will be retained.
*
*  INPUTS
*      userName      - name to make the transaction under.
*                     Popular favorites include "Ronald Reagan"
*                     and "Mohamar Quadaffi".
*      amount        - Number of dollars to transfer (in thousands).
*      destAccount    - A filled-in AccountSpec structure detailing the
*                     destination account (see financial/accounts.h).
*                     If NULL, a second Great Depression will be triggered.
*      falseTrail     - If the DA_FALSETRAIL bit is set in the destAccount,
*                     a falseTrail structure must be provided.
*
*  RESULT
*      error - zero for success, else an error code is returned (see
*             financial/errors.h). The Z condition code is guaranteed.
*
*  EXAMPLE
*      Federal regulations prohibit a demonstration of this function.
*
*  NOTES
*      Do not run on Tuesdays!
*
*  BUGS
*      Before V88, this function would occasionally print the address and
*      home phone number of the caller on local police 976 terminals.
*      We are confident that this problem has been resolved.
*
*  SEE ALSO
*      CreateAccountSpec(), security.device/SCMD_DESTROY_EVIDENCE,
*      financial/misc.h
*
*****
*
*  Private notes:
*      A4=stringbean
*      A3=dogbreath
*      Must preserve A1 for taxshelter.library
*/

```

There are three spaces from the '*' to the start of each 'HEADING'.
 There is one tab after the '*' before the start of the body text. No
 other tabs are used.

Note that 'ADOC' also allows the use of spaces to indent body text
 lines. You can even mix tabs and spaces! (We recommend to avoid TAB
 characters.)

General style notes

=====

- * It is critical that changes be noted in a sane manner.
- * When referring to a function, the standard format is
 'FunctionName()'.
- * Capitalization should be correct. Here are some guidelines:

1. Trademarks, **must** be capitalized.

2. Names of "things" are as defined. For example, 'OpenWindow()', and "a 'Window' structure". "fiddles with your window" does not refer to the structure, and should not be capitalized.

* Lines terminate at column 79, so the autodocs are readable from within an 80 column window.

For further guidelines refer to 'autodoc.style' -- Commodore's autodoc style guide which is part of the Native Developer Kit (NDK).

1.12 adoc.guide/Bugs

Bugs

- Most of 'ADOC''s "short" options are compatible with Bill Koester's 'Autodoc' Program. '-C', '-s', '-a', '-F', '-r' and '-w' are ignored for compatibility.
- This documentation is far from being complete
- Most of the options are not tested
- The '-M' option actually does not affect the 'SEE ALSO' section in texinfo source if parsing is enabled. This might change in the future when using 'funexpand()'.
- TeX will not break a page inside of indented paragraphs in '@example' or '@smallexample' blocks. The result might look ugly. Here is a hacky workaround for this problem:
adoc --texinfo | sed "s/^ / /" > outfile.texi

1.13 adoc.guide/Index

Index

The index is under development.

--author	Texinfo Options
--autodoc	Autodoc Options
--body-environment	Texinfo Options
--check-keywords	Warning Options
--check-presence	Warning Options

--copyright	Texinfo Options
--dry-run	Miscellaneous Options
--edition	Texinfo Options
--error-file	IO Options
--flip-slashes	IO Options
--form-feeds	Texinfo Options
--group-sections	Texinfo Options
--help	Miscellaneous Options
--indented-comments	IO Options
--internal	IO Options
--itemize-references	Texinfo Options
--line-length	IO Options
--no-form-feeds	Autodoc Options
--no-grouping	Texinfo Options
--no-output	Miscellaneous Options
--no-references	Texinfo Options
--no-texi-header	Texinfo Options
--no-texi-index	Texinfo Options
--no-warnings	Warning Options
--output-file	IO Options
--parse-references	Texinfo Options
--pedantic	Warning Options
--preserve-indentation	IO Options
--preserve-order	Autodoc Options
--project	Texinfo Options
--reindent-bodytext	IO Options
--revision	Texinfo Options
--silent	Miscellaneous Options
--sort-entries	IO Options
--stdin	IO Options
--table-of-contents	Autodoc Options
--tabs-to-spaces	IO Options
--tabsize	IO Options
--texi-funtable	Texinfo Options
--texi-header-file	Texinfo Options
--texinfo	Texinfo Options
--version	Miscellaneous Options
--yank-type	IO Options
-D	Texinfo Options
-M	IO Options
-U	IO Options
Author	Contributors
Autodoc comments	Introduction
Autodocs	Introduction
Bugs	Bugs
Command line	Options
Compatibility	Bugs
Contributors	Contributors
Example	Style Guide
Options	Options
Problems	Bugs
Style Guide	Style Guide
Switchs	Options
Template comment	Style Guide
