

AIFF

Olaf `Olsen' Barthel

COLLABORATORS

	TITLE : AIFF		
ACTION	NAME	DATE	SIGNATURE
WRITTEN BY	Olaf `Olsen` Barthel	October 27, 2024	

REVISION HISTORY

NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NAME

Contents

1	AIFF	1
1.1	AIFF sound datatype	1
1.2	introduction	1
1.3	installation	2
1.4	features	2
1.5	author	2

Chapter 1

AIFF

1.1 AIFF sound datatype

AIFF Sound Data Type for Workbench 3.1
Written by Olaf 'Olsen' Barthel
Public Domain

- I. Introduction
- II. Installation
- III. Features
- IV. Author

1.2 introduction

"AIFF" is an acronym for "Audio Interchange File Format". This file format was devised by Apple Computer, Inc. and a number of third party developers and is mostly used on Apple Computers, such as the notorious Apple II, Apple IIGS and the Apple Macintosh. With the introduction of System 7 the Sound Manager was enhanced to support direct playback of "AIFF" and "AIFC" format files, thus making this file format an integral part of the Macintosh operating system. Most digital sound recording software on the Apple Macintosh supports "AIFF" as the native sound file format. Recently, "AIFF" was adopted for use with Kodak Portfolio CDs since the corresponding development software is largely Macintosh-based.

"AIFF" and its 'sister format' "AIFC" are in many ways similar to the "8SVX" IFF format which is commonly used on the Amiga. Both are stored in IFF format, can contain sampled sound data and offer means to store instrument data. Unlike "8SVX" provides additional services, such as MIDI support, data markers and audio recording information. Sampled sound data is stored interleaved for multiple channels, making it easy to replay stereo sound. Samples do not need to be eight bits wide, such as required by the "8SVX" format. In fact, they can be anything from 1-32 bits wide.

While both "AIFF" and "AIFC" share the IFF file structure and thus are designed as interchangeable file formats to be used on many computer platforms Apple Computer, Inc. added data compression support to "AIFC". As always, all the standard data compression methods are based upon

proprietary algorithms to which Apple Computer, Inc. probably holds patents and is unwilling to share. In essence, this restricts the portability of compressed "AIFC" files.

1.3 installation

The "AIFF" datatype distribution should consist of the following files:

- aiff.datatype
- AIFF
- AIFF.info
- AIFF.guide
- AIFF.guide.info
- Source code, in archived form

Copy the file "aiff.datatype" into the "SYS:Classes/DataTypes" drawer. The "AIFF" and "AIFF.info" files should be placed in the "DEVS:DataTypes" drawer. In order to use the datatype you will need to reboot the machine.

*** IMPORTANT! ***

MAKE SURE YOUR SOUND PLAYER PROGRAM (SUCH AS MULTIVIEW) HAS ENOUGH STACK SPACE ASSIGNED, OR THE AIFF.DATATYPE MAY CRASH YOUR MACHINE!

1.4 features

The "AIFF" datatype can read and process both "AIFF" and "AIFC" format files which include sampled sound data. In the case of "AIFC" files the sound data needs to be stored in uncompressed format.

Sound samples will be cropped to eight bits per sample, stereo and multichannel data will be added up to yield monophonic sound.

In order to compensate for memory shortages or sound replay rates the Amiga sound hardware would be unable to support the quality of the sound may get scaled down.

In order to make the sound use the full dynamic amplitude range the sound data is normalized after loading.

1.5 author

The "AIFF" datatype was written by Olaf 'Olsen' Barthel using SAS/C 6.51. In order to recompile it you will need the Includes Release 40.15 or later. The datatype, the documentation and the accompanying source code are placed in the public domain.

The author can be reached at:

Olaf Barthel
Brabeckstraße 35
D-30559 Hannover
Federal Republic of Germany

or via Internet:

`olsen@sourcery.han.de`
